



## Coding Challenge - Order Management System Submitted by Sankar Roy

## Instructions

- Project submissions should be done through the partcipants' Github repository, and the link should be shared with trainers and Hexavarsity.
- Each section builds upon the previous one, and by the end, you will have a comprehensive **Order**Management System implemented with a strong focus on SQL, control flow statements, loops, arrays, collections, exception handling, database interaction.
- Follow **object-oriented principles** throughout the project. Use classes and objects to model real-world entities, **encapsulate data and behavior**, and **ensure code reusability**.
- Throw user defined exceptions from corresponding methods and handled.
- The following **Directory structure** is to be followed in the application.
  - entity/model
    - Create entity classes in this package. All entity class should not have any business logic.
  - dao
- Create Service Provider interface to showcase functionalities.
- Create the implementation class for the above interface with db interaction.
- exception
  - Create user defined exceptions in this package and handle exceptions whenever needed.
- util
- Create a **DBPropertyUtil** class with a static function which takes property file name as parameter and returns connection string.
- Create a DBConnUtil class which holds static method which takes connection string as parameter file and returns connection object(Use method defined in DBPropertyUtil class to get the connection String).

main

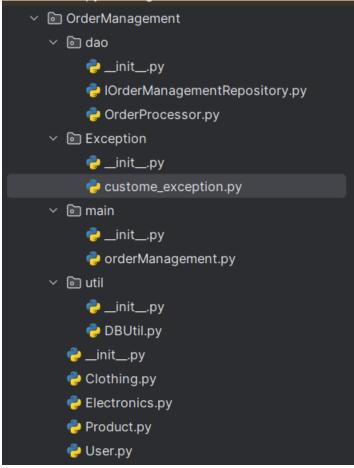
 Create a class MainModule and demonstrate the functionalities in a menu driven application.

© Hexaware Technologies Limited. All rights

www.hexaware.com







## **Problem Statement:**

Create SQL Schema from the product and user class, use the class attributes for table column names.

- 1. Create a base class called **Product** with the following attributes:
  - productId (int)
  - productName (String)
  - **description** (String)
  - **price** (double)
  - quantityInStock (int)
  - type (String) [Electronics/Clothing]





```
class Product:
   def __init__(self, productId, productName, description, price, quantityInStock, type):
       self.productId = productId
       self.productName = productName
       self.description = description
       self.price = price
       self.quantityInStock = quantityInStock
       self.setType(type)
   @property
   def getProductId(self):
       return self.productId
   @property
   def getProductName(self):
       return self.productName
   @property
   def getDescription(self):
       return self.description
   @property
       return self.price
```

```
@property
def getQuantityInStock(self):
    return self.quantityInStock

@property
def getType(self):
    return self.type

def setProductId(self, productId):
    self.productId = productId

def setProductName(self, productName):
    self.productName = productName

def setDescription(self, description):
    self.description = description

def setPrice(self, price):
    self.price = price

def setQuantityInStock(self, quantityInStock):
    self.quantityInStock = quantityInStock

lusage

def setType(self, type):
    if type not in ['Electronics', 'Clothing']:
        raise Exception("You have entered wrong type: please choose between Electronics and Clothing")
    self.type = type
```

2. Implement constructors, getters, and setters for the **Product** class.





3. Create a subclass **Electronics** that inherits from **Product**. Add attributes specific to electronics products, such as:

```
from OrderManagement.Product import Product

lusage
  class Electronics(Product):
    def __init__(self, productId, productName, description, price, quantityInStock, type, brand, warrantyPeriod):
        super().__init__(productId, productName, description, price, quantityInStock, type)
        self.brand = brand
        self.warrantyPeriod = warrantyPeriod

@property
    def getBrand(self):
        return self.brand

def setBrand(self, brand):
        self.brand = brand

lusage
        property
    def getWarrantyPeriod(self):
        return self.warrantyPeriod

def setWarrantyPeriod(self, warrantyPeriod):
        self.warrantyPeriod = warrantyPeriod
```





- brand (String)
- warrantyPeriod (int)
- 4. Create a subclass **Clothing** that also inherits from **Product**. Add attributes specific to clothing products, such as:
  - size (String)
  - color (String)

```
lusage
class Clothing(Product):
    def __init__(self, productId, productName, description, price, quantityInStock, type, size, color):
        super().__init__(productId, productName, description, price, quantityInStock, type)
        self.size = size
        self.color = color

lusage
    @property
    def getSize(self):
        return self.size

@qetSize.setter
    def setSize(self, size):
        self.size = size

2 usages
    @property
    def getColor(self):
        return self.color

@getColor.setter

def setSize(self, color):
        self.color = color
```

- 5. Create a **User** class with attributes:
  - userId (int)
  - username (String)
  - password (String)
  - role (String) // "Admin" or "User"





```
class User:
   def __init__(self, userId, username, password, role):
       self.userId = userId
        self.username = username
       self.password = password
       self.setRole(role)
   @property
   def getUserId(self):
        return self.userId
   @property
   def getUsername(self):
        return self.username
   @property
   def getPassword(self):
       return self.password
   @property
   def getRole(self):
       return self.role
    def setUserId(self, userId):
       self.userId = userId
  def setUsername(self, username):
      self.username = username
  def setPassword(self, password):
      self.password = password
  def setRole(self, role):
      if role not in ['Admin', 'User']:
          raise Exception("The role should be Admin or User")
      self.role = role
```

6. Define an interface/abstract class named IOrderManagementRepository with methods for:





- **createOrder(User user, list of products):** check the user as already present in database to create order or create user (store in database) and create order.
- cancelOrder(int userId, int orderId): check the userid and orderId already present in
  database and cancel the order. if any userId or orderId not present in database throw
  exception corresponding UserNotFound or OrderNotFound exception
- **createProduct(User user, Product product):** check the admin user as already present in database and create product and store in database.
- createUser(User user): create user and store in database for further development.
- getAllProducts(): return all product list from the database.
- getOrderByUser(User user): return all product ordered by specific user from database.

```
from abc import ABC, abstractmethod
class IOrderManagementRepository(ABC):
   @abstractmethod
   def createOrder(self):
   @abstractmethod
   def cancelOrder(self, userId, orderId):
        pass
   @abstractmethod
   def createProduct(self, user, product):
        pass
   @abstractmethod
   def createUser(self, user):
        pass
   @abstractmethod
   def getAllProducts(self):
   @abstractmethod
   def getOrderByUser(self, userID):
```

7. Implement the IOrderManagementRepository interface/abstractclass in a class called OrderProcessor. This class will be responsible for managing orders.





```
def createOrder(self):
   global conn
       conn = self.dbutil.getDBConnection()
       cursor = conn.cursor()
       orderId = int(input("Enter the order ID: "))
       productId = int(input("Enter the product ID: "))
       userId = int(input("Enter the user ID: "))
       cursor.execute("INSERT INTO orders (orderId, productId, userId) VALUES (%s, %s, %s) "
                       "RETURNING orderId", (orderId, productId, userId))
       order_id = cursor.fetchone()[0]
       conn.commit()
       cursor.close()
       conn.close()
       return order_id
       print("Error creating order:", e)
       conn.rollback()
       return None
```

```
lusage(Idynamic)
def cancelOrder(self, orderId, userId):
    try:
        conn = self.dbutil.getDBConnection()
        cursor = conn.cursor()

        cursor.execute("SELECT orderId FROM orders WHERE orderId = %s AND userId = %s", (orderId, userId))
    if not cursor.fetchone():
        raise OrderNotFound(f"Order with ID {orderId} not found for user with ID {userId}")

        cursor.execute("DELETE FROM orders WHERE orderId = %s AND userId = %s", (orderId, userId))
        conn.commit()

        cursor.close()
        conn.close()

        print("Order successfully cancelled.")
        except OrderNotFound as e:
        print(e)
        except Exception as e:
        print("Error cancelling order:", e)
        conn.rollback()
```





```
A 2 A 23
def createProduct(self, user, product):
      cursor = conn.cursor()
      cursor.execute("SELECT role FROM users WHERE userId = %s", (user.userId,))
      user_role = cursor.fetchone()
         raise UserNotFound("User is not an admin.")
      cursor.execute(
         (product.productId, product.productName, product.description, product.price, product.quantityInStock,
          product.type))
      cursor.close()
   except UserNotFound as e:
      print("Error creating product:", e)
      conn.rollback()
   def getAllProducts(self):
         try:
              conn = self.dbutil.getDBConnection()
              cursor = conn.cursor()
              cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM products")
              products = cursor.fetchall()
              cursor.close()
              conn.close()
              print("All products retrieved successfully.")
              return products
         except Exception as e:
              print("Error retrieving products:", e)
              return None
```





```
def getOrderByUser(self, user):
    try:
        conn = self.dbutil.getDBConnection()
        cursor = conn.cursor()

        cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM orders WHERE userId = %s", (user.userId,))
        orders = cursor.fetchall()

        cursor.close()
        conn.close()

        print(f"All orders for user {user.username} retrieved successfully.")
        return orders
        except Exception as e:
        print("Error retrieving orders:", e)

        return None
```

- 8. Create **DBUtil** class and add the following method.
  - **static getDBConn():Connection** Establish a connection to the database and return database Connection

- 9. Create **OrderManagement** main class and perform following operation:
  - main method to simulate the loan management system. Allow the user to interact with the system by entering choice from menu such as "createUser", "createProduct",





"cancelOrder", "getAllProducts", "getOrderbyUser", "exit".





```
def run(self):
     while True:
         self.display_menu()
         choice = input("Enter your choice: ")
         if choice == "1":
             self.OrderProcessor.create_user(User)
         elif choice =="2":
             self.createUser(User)
         elif choice == "3":
             userID = int(input("enter the userID : "))
             orderID = int(input("enter the order id : "))
             self.OrderProcessor.cancelOrder(orderID,userID)
         elif choice =="4":
             self.createProduct(User_, Product)
         elif choice =="5":
             self.getAllProducts()
         elif choice =="6":
             self.getOrderByUser(User)
         elif choice == "7":
             print("exiting from menu" )
             break
         else :
             print("enter correct choice")
if __name__ == "__main__":
    main_module = MainModule()
    main_module.run()
```