pter 6

Find the indicated real nth root(s) of a.

1.
$$n = 4$$
, $a = 81 \pm 3$

2.
$$n = 3$$
, $a = 512$

3.
$$n = 5, a = -243$$
 -3

Evaluate the expression without using a calculator.

6.
$$(\sqrt[3]{216})^{-2}$$

7.
$$(\sqrt[5]{-32})^4$$
 16

Solve the equation. Round the result to two decimal places when appropriate.

8.
$$x^3 = -8$$

$$q r^4 + q = q0 +$$

10.
$$(x-3)^5 = 60$$
 5.2

9.
$$x^4 + 9 = 90 \pm 3$$
 10. $(x - 3)^5 = 60$ 5.27 11. $-4x^6 = -400 \pm 2.15$

Simplify the expression.

12.
$$4^{5/2} \cdot 4^{-1/2}$$

13.
$$\frac{17^{3/7}}{17^{4/7}} \frac{1}{17^{1/7}}$$
 14. $(\sqrt[4]{5} \cdot \sqrt{5})^4$ 15. $\frac{\sqrt[3]{135}}{\sqrt[3]{5}}$ 3

15.
$$\frac{\sqrt[3]{135}}{\sqrt[3]{5}}$$

16.
$$5\sqrt[5]{7} - 7\sqrt[5]{7}$$
 -2 $\sqrt[5]{7}$ **17.** $\sqrt[3]{2} + 2\sqrt[3]{128}$ **9** $\sqrt[3]{2}$ **18.** $\frac{324^{1/4}}{4^{-1/4}}$

17.
$$\sqrt[3]{2} + 2\sqrt[3]{128}$$
 9 $\sqrt[3]{2}$

18.
$$\frac{324^{1/4}}{4^{-1/4}}$$

19.
$$4\sqrt[3]{108} \cdot 2\sqrt[3]{4}$$
 48 $\sqrt[3]{2}$

Write the expression in simplest form. Assume all variables are positive.

20.
$$\sqrt{20x^6y^7}$$
 2 $x^3y^3\sqrt{5y}$ **21.** $\sqrt[5]{18x^3y^{14}z^{20}}$

21.
$$\sqrt[5]{18x^3y^{14}z^{20}}$$

 $v^2z^4\sqrt[5]{18x^3v^4}$

22.
$$\sqrt[4]{\frac{x^5}{y^{16}}} \frac{x}{y^4} \sqrt[4]{x}$$

23.
$$\sqrt[3]{16x^7y^2} \cdot \sqrt[3]{6xy^5}$$

 $2x^2y^2 \sqrt[3]{12x^2y}$

Let f(x) = -x + 4, $g(x) = x^3$, and $h(x) = \frac{x}{4}$. Perform the indicated operation and state the domain. 24-31. See margin.

24.
$$f(x) + g(x)$$

25.
$$g(x) - f(x)$$

26.
$$g(x) \cdot h(x)$$

27.
$$\frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$$

28.
$$f(g(x))$$

29.
$$g(h(x))$$

30.
$$h(f(x))$$

31.
$$f(f(x))$$

Verify that f and g are inverse functions. 32-33. See margin.

32.
$$f(x) = 2x - 4$$
, $g(x) = \frac{1}{2}x + 2$

33.
$$f(x) = 3x^2 + 1, x \ge 0; g(x) = \left(\frac{x-1}{3}\right)^{1/2}$$

Find the inverse of the function.

34.
$$f(x) = 5x - 3$$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+3}{5}$

35.
$$f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x + 2$$

 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{3}{5}x$

36.
$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2, x \ge 0$$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{2x}$

37.
$$f(x) = -x^6 + 2, x \le 0$$

34.
$$f(x) = 5x - 3$$
 $f^{-1}(x) = \frac{x+3}{5}$ 35. $f(x) = \frac{4}{3}x + 2$ 36. $f(x) = \frac{1}{2}x^2, x \ge 0$ $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{2x}$ 37. $f(x) = -x^6 + 2, x \le 0$ 38. $f(x) = \frac{4x^4 - 1}{18}, x \ge 0$ $f^{-1}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{18x + 1}{4}}$ 39. $f(x) = 32x^5 + 4$

$$39. \ f(x) = 32x^5 + 4$$

Graph the function. Then state the domain and range. 40-47. See margin for art.

40.
$$y = -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x}$$

41.
$$v = \frac{2}{3}\sqrt{x}$$

42.
$$y = \frac{5}{6} \sqrt{x}$$

43.
$$y = \sqrt{x+2} -$$

40. $y = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{x}$ 41. $y = \frac{2}{5}\sqrt[3]{x}$ domain: $x \ge 0$, range: $y \le 0$ See margin.

42. $y = \frac{5}{6}\sqrt{x}$ **43.** $y = \sqrt{x+2} - 3$ domain: $x \ge 0$, range: $y \ge 0$ domain: $x \ge -2$, range: $y \ge -3$

44. $v = -2\sqrt[3]{x-1} + 2$ **45.** $f(x) = 3\sqrt[3]{x}$ See margin. See margin.

46. $g(x) = -\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{x-2}$ **47.** $h(x) = -\sqrt{x+3} + 4$ domain: $x \ge 2$, range: $y \le 0$ domain: $x \ge -3$, range: $y \le 4$

Solve the equation. Check your solution.

48.
$$\sqrt{2x+3}=7$$

49.
$$-5\sqrt{x+1} + 12 = 2$$
 3 50. $\sqrt[3]{5x-1} + 6 = 10$

50.
$$\sqrt[3]{5x-1}+6=10$$

51.
$$2\sqrt[3]{8x} + 9 = 5$$
 -1

52.
$$7x^{4/3} = 175 \pm 5\sqrt{5}$$
 53. $(x-2)^{3/4} = 1$

53.
$$(x-2)^{3/4}=1$$

54.
$$x - 8 = \sqrt{18x}$$

55.
$$x = \sqrt{4x - 3}$$
 1.3

56.
$$\sqrt{2x+1} + 5 = \sqrt{x+12} - 8$$

Extra Practice 1015

 $x^3 - x + 4$, all real numbers

 $\frac{x^4}{a}$, all real numbers

27.

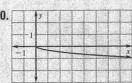
except x = 0

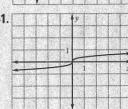
28. $-x^3 + 4$, all real numbers

29.

32. 33. See Additional Answers beginning on p. AA1.

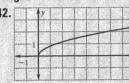
30. $-\frac{x}{4}$ + 1, all real numbers

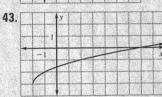


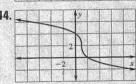


domain: all real numbers, range: all real numbers

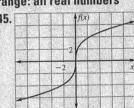
EXTRA PRACTICE







domain: all real numbers, range: all real numbers



domain: all real numbers, range: all real numbers

