Exam 1

Tuesday, February 22, 2022 10:22 AM

midterm1

ECE 466 Midterm 1

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- Don't forget to write your name.
- Open textbook.
- Read carefully and write legibly. For the problems with partial credit, show your work.
- For those of you who are remotely solving the exam:
  - You can solve your exam in a-4 sheets or on your tablet.
  - You need to send a scanned pdf or image until 11:45 AM, Tuesday 22nd, to sofuoglu@msu.edu. Otherwise, your exam will not be accepted.
  - Make sure your answers are legible from pdf or scanned image.

1. No partial points for the following.

   (a) [15 Points] Check if the following systems fits the classifications on the columns.

System Equation	Linear	Time Invariant	Static	Causal	Stable
$y[n] = x[-n]$	✓	✓	✓		✓
$y[n] = 2n^2x[n] + nx[n+1]$	✓			✓	✓
$y[n] = cos(2\pi x[n])$					

   (b) [5 Points] The sequence $x[n] = \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2}n\right)$ was obtained by sampling an analog signal $x(t) = \cos(\Omega t)$ at a sampling rate of $F_s = 100$ Hz. What are two possible values of Ω?

   $2\pi \cdot \frac{2}{\pi} = 4K$ $\quad \frac{100Hz}{4} = 25Hz$ $\quad \Omega = \frac{\pi}{2}$ $\quad N = \frac{2\pi}{\pi/2} = 4K$ $\quad K = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$

   $4 \cdot 2 \to \frac{100Hz}{8} = 12.5Hz$

   (c) [5 Points] What is the ideal sampling frequency of $x(t) = u(t)$?

   $f_s = \frac{1}{T}$ not possible?

   (d) [5 Points] The causal sequence $x[n] = \{\underline{3}, 1\}$ is input to a system with impulse response $h[n]$, producing the zero-state response $y[n] = \{\underline{6}, -1, 2, 1\}$. Determine $h[n]$.

   $h[n] = \{2, 0,$ ran out of time

   0 1 2 3
   3 1 0 0
   6 ~~X~~ 2 1

   $h(0) = 2$
   $h(1) = 0$
   $h(2)$

   (e) The impulse response of a DT (Discrete Time)-LTI system is given by $h[n] = A(0.7)^n u[n]$. Suppose $x[n] = B\cos(0.2\pi n)u[n]$ is input to the system. Which of the following could be the output signal $y[n] = h[n] * x[n]$?

   i. $K_1(0.7)^n \cos(0.2\pi n + \theta)u[n]$.
   ii. $K_1(0.14)^n u[n] + K_1 \cos(0.14\pi n\theta)u[n]$. (circled)
   iii. $K_1(0.7)^n u[n] + K_2 \cos(0.2\pi n + \theta)u[n]$.
   iv. $K_1(0.7)^n u[-n] + K_2 \cos(0.2\pi n + \theta)u[n]$.

2. [30 Points] Consider a causal LTI system described by the difference equation $y[n] = \frac{2}{15}y[n-1] + \frac{1}{15}y[n-2] + x[n]$ with $y[-1] = 1$, $y[-2] = -1$.

   (a) [6] Find the impulse response $h[n]$.
   (b) [4] Determine if the system is (1) FIR or IIR, and (2) stable.
   (c) [8] Find the zero state response for $x[n] = u[n]$. (*Decide on particular response's K first.*)
   (d) [8] Find the zero input response.
   (e) [4] Find the total response for $x[n] = u[n]$. Identify the steady state and transient responses.

   $\frac{y(n)}{x(n)} = h(n) = 1, \frac{2}{15}^n u(n) + \frac{\left(\frac{2}{15}\right)^{-1}\,^{3}}{1 - (2^{-1}/15)}$

   a)

   b) FIR, ſ

Extra page for Question 2

3. [30 points] A causal LTI system has a system function $H(z) = \frac{1+z^{-1}}{1-\frac{3}{5}z^{-1}+\frac{2}{25}z^{-2}}$.

   (a) [5] Determine the difference equation that this system function describes.
   (b) [2] What is the gain of the system?
   (c) [5] Plot the pole-zero map.
   (d) [5] Determine the region of convergence (ROC).
   (e) [5] Is the system stable? Why?
   (f) [8] Find the input signal $x[n]$ that will produce the output $y[n] = 2\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)^n u[n] - \left(\frac{1}{5}\right)^n u[n]$.

   b) gain is 2

   d) ROC $= z > 3/5$ $\quad z > \frac{2}{5}$

   $|z| > 3/5$

   c)

   e) yes system is stable

   a) $n\ 2/5^n\ u[n]$

   f)

Extra page for Question 3