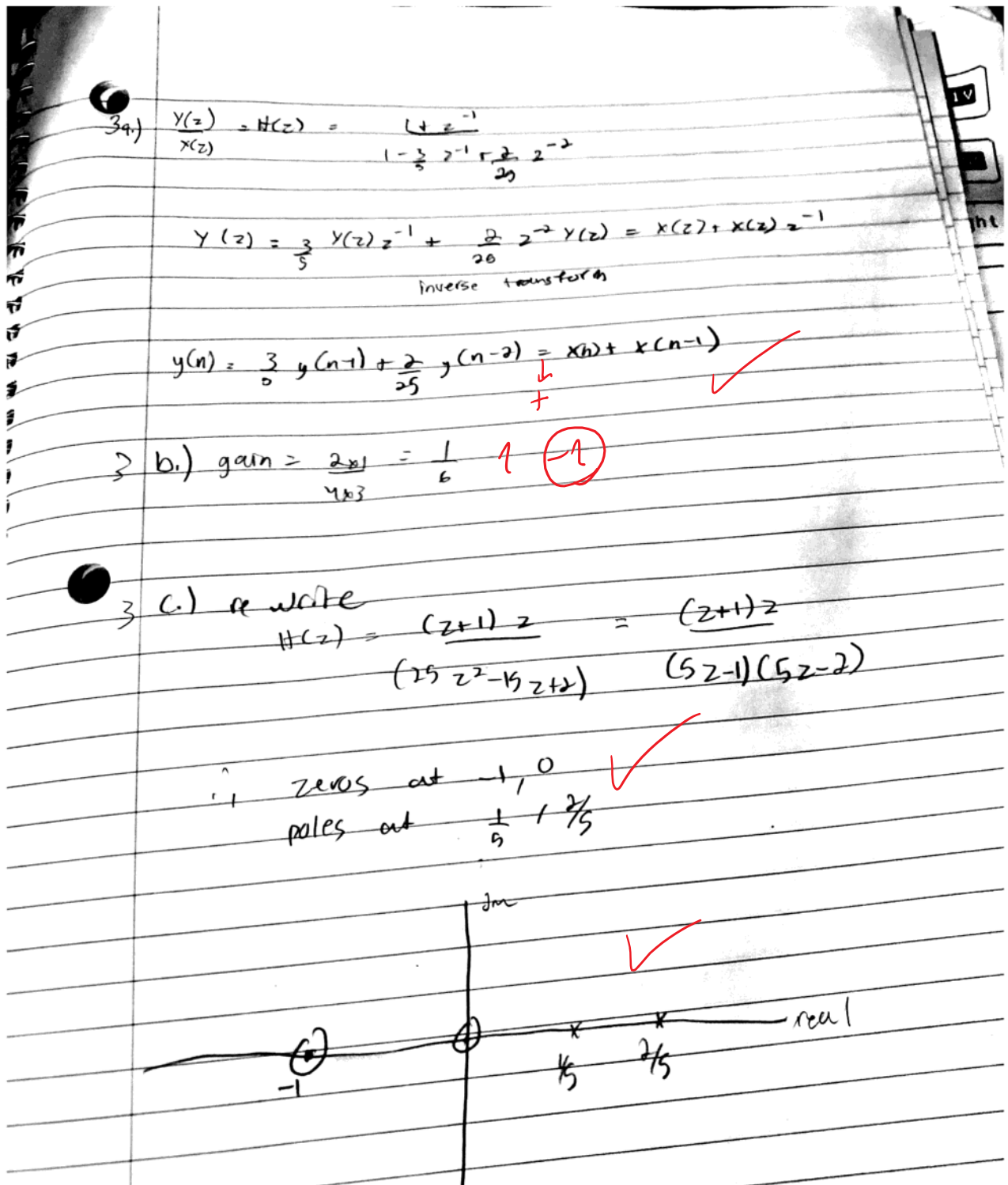


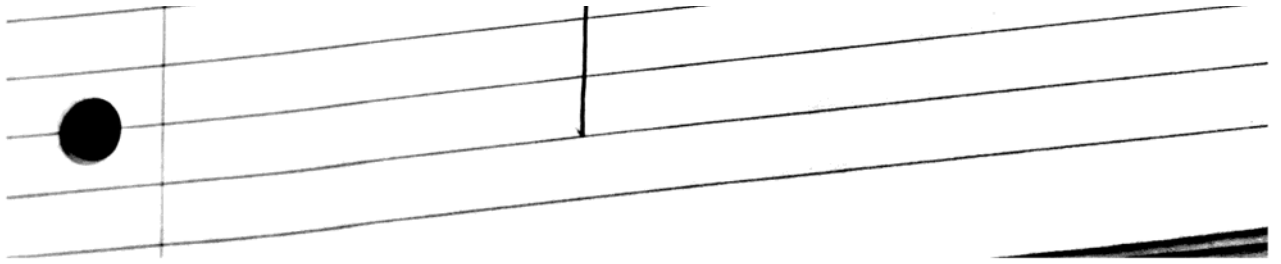
I am really sorry about what happened.

You have near perfect score for the third question.

Don't lose courage
Make up with the next exam.

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Scanned with CamScanner

$$3d.) H(z) = \frac{1+z^{-1}}{1-\frac{5}{9}z^{-1} + \frac{2}{29}z^{-2}}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{z^2(z+1)}{z^2 \left[\frac{5}{9}z - \frac{2}{29} \right]}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{z^2 + z}{z^2 - \frac{5}{9}z + \frac{2}{29}} = \frac{z^2 + z}{z^2 - .62z + .08}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{(z^2 - .62z + .08)z^2 + z(1.32 - .62z + .08)}{z^2 - .62z + .08}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 1.62z - .4}{z^2 - .62z + .08}$$

$$H(z) = \frac{1 + 1.62z - .4}{(z^2 - .4)(z - .2)} \rightarrow \frac{1.62z - .4}{(z - .4)(z - .2)}$$

Roc is $|z| > .2$

$-.4$ $-.2$

3 e) $H(z) = \frac{1-.5}{z-.4} + \frac{2.4}{z-.2}$ inverse z transform

$$h(n) = .8(n) - .8(.4)^{n-1} u(n-1) + 2.4(.2)^{n-1} u(n-1)$$

$$h(n) = \frac{1+.8}{(1-.4)} + 2.4 \left[\frac{1}{1-.2} \right] + 1.32 - .48$$

$$= 1 - \frac{.8}{.6} + \frac{2.4}{.6} + .32 - .44$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{96}{25} - \frac{4}{5}$$

$$h(n) = 2.606 < a \quad \therefore \text{stable} \quad \checkmark$$

$$3f.) \quad y(n) = 2\left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^n u(n) - \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^n u(n)$$

$$y(z) = \frac{2z}{z-.4} - \frac{z}{z-.2}$$

$$z \left[\frac{2z-.4}{z-.4} - \frac{z-.2}{z-.2} \right]$$

$$= z \left[\frac{2}{z-.4} - \frac{1}{z-.2} \right]$$

$$= z \left[\frac{2z-.4}{(z-.4)(z-.2)} - \frac{z-.2}{(z-.4)(z-.2)} \right]$$

$$y(z) = \frac{z(z)}{(z-.4)(z-.2)} \quad \rightarrow y(z) = H(z) \times X(z)$$

$$\frac{z^2}{(z-.4)(z-.2)} = \frac{z^2+z}{(z-.4)(z-.2)} \quad \checkmark \quad \lambda(z)$$

$$x(z) = \frac{z^2}{z^2+z}$$

$$x(z) = \frac{z}{z+1}$$

\rightarrow z-transform

$$x(n) \cdot (-1)^n u(n)$$

Great job.