# EMR on AWS

Elastic MapReduce on Amazon Web Services

**Cosmin Stamate** 



### **Hadoop Streaming**

- Streaming application reads input from *standard input* and then runs a script or executable (called a mapper) against each input.
- ☐ The result from each of the inputs is saved locally, typically on a Hadoop Distributed File System (HDFS) partition.
- After the input is processed by the mapper, a second script, called a reducer processes the mapper results.
- The results from the reducer are sent to *standard output*. You can chain together a series of Streaming steps, where the output of one step becomes the input of another step.

### **Hadoop Streaming**

- Easier to implement, allows you to focus more on algorithm design and less on re-creating boilerplate code.
- Allows for easy local testing of MapReduce applications
- On AWS EMR we can write MapReduce applications in many languages if we use the streaming program interface.
- We can code mappers, reducers and combiners, not only Java, but also in other languages like Python, Perl, Ruby, PHP, or Bash.
- The only essential thing to remember is that we are using *standard input* and *standard output* to feed our MapReduce streaming functions.

### **Datasets**

Please download the following books in plain text format, which have been sourced from the Gutenberg Project

- http://www.dcs.bbk.ac.uk/~cosmin/cc/data/pg27827.txt
- http://www.dcs.bbk.ac.uk/~cosmin/cc/data/pg3207.txt
- http://www.dcs.bbk.ac.uk/~cosmin/cc/data/pg5200.txt

And the following google 1-grams which have been sourced from the <u>Google</u> <u>Books Ngram Viewer</u>

http://www.dcs.bbk.ac.uk/~cosmin/cc/data/ngrams.txt

### Mappers and reducers

We will be doing a word count on the books downloaded from the gutenberg project. We will use only a mapper and the **aggregate** function (*If you look in the wordcount-map.py file you will see that we are using the LongValueSum aggregate function*) instead of a actual reducer:

http://www.dcs.bbk.ac.uk/~cosmin/cc/wordcount-map.py

We are going to use google ngrams (1-gram) to look for words which were coined in the year 1999

- http://www.dcs.bbk.ac.uk/~cosmin/cc/ngram-map.py
- http://www.dcs.bbk.ac.uk/~cosmin/cc/ngram-reduce.pd

### NOTE: python mapper and reducer

Please note that if you are using the Streaming API and are writing python mappers and reducers you have to add #!/usr/bin/python at the top of your python scripts as this is the path to the executable python. This needs to be there for all the scripts you have. The same applies for all other languages, for example if you will use ruby please add #!/usr/bin/ruby at the top of your script.

You can also use #!/usr/bin/env python depending on your environment setup.

### Create a free AWS account



Apply for the Academic discount







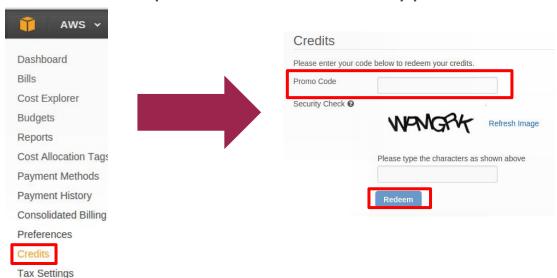
## Fill in the form and use your university email

You can get your **AWS account ID** (12 digit number) by loggin in to your AWS console and going to **My Account**, under your name.



# After you receive the **AWS Educate** Application Approved email

- ☐ Go to My Account > Credits
- Paste the promo-code from the approval email and redeem the credits



# Congratulations, you now have \$100 credits!

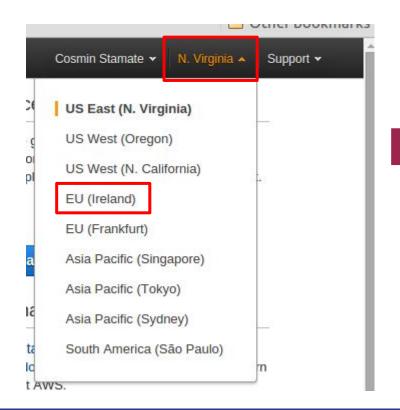
<b>Expiration Date</b>	Credit Name	Credits Used	Credits Remaining
2016-09-30	ENG_FY2015_Q4_100USD	\$0.00	\$100.00

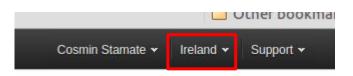
Total Amount of Credits Remaining: \$100.00

### Sign in to the AWS Console



### Chose EU (Ireland) region





#### e Groups

group is a collection of resources that r more tags. Create a group for each lication, or environment in your account.

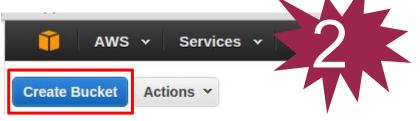


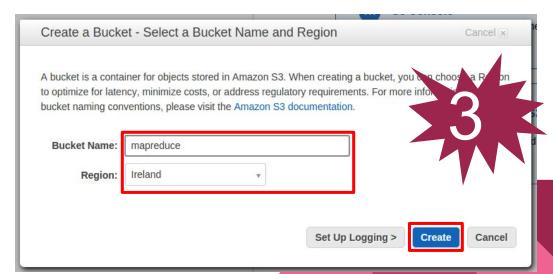
al Resources

- start CB

Create a **bucket** under **Storage > S3** 





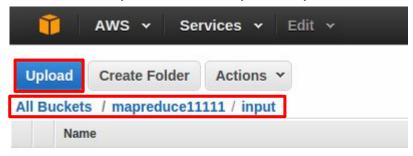


### Add folders to the newly created **S3 bucket**

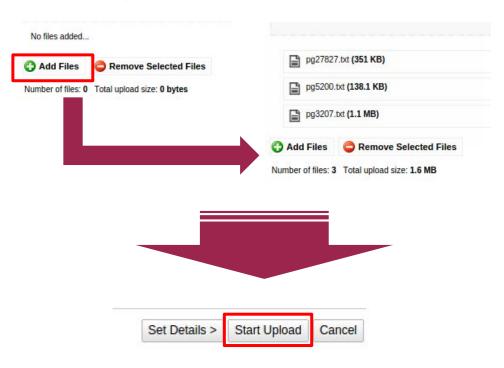


# Upload wordcount books into their **S3 bucket** folder

Select the input folder and press Upload

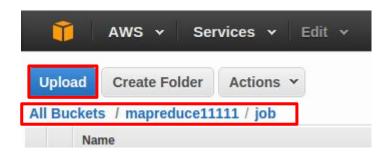


Add all your input files and upload

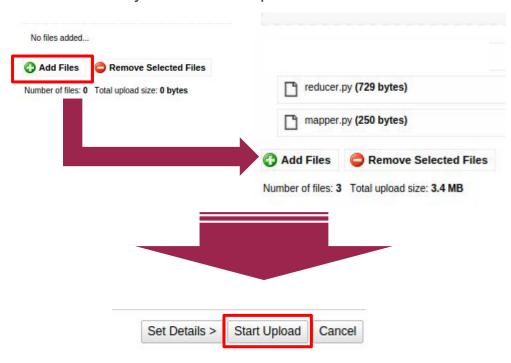


### Upload your wordcount MapReduce files

Go to your **job** folder and press upload

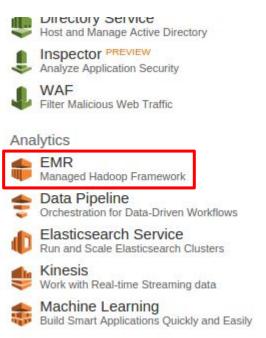


Select your files and upload them

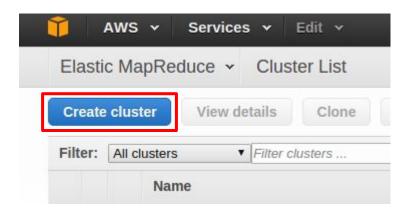


### Create an **EMR cluster**

#### Under Analytics, press on EMR



#### On the next page, press Create cluster



### Create Cluster - Quick Options

- Choose a unique cluster name
- Enable logging and select the logs/ S3 folder that you created earlier
- ☐ Choose step execution under **Launch mode**

#### Create Cluster - Quick Options Go to advanced options



## Streaming step: Ruby, Perl, Python, PHP, or Bash

Chose **Streaming program** from the **Step type** dropdown

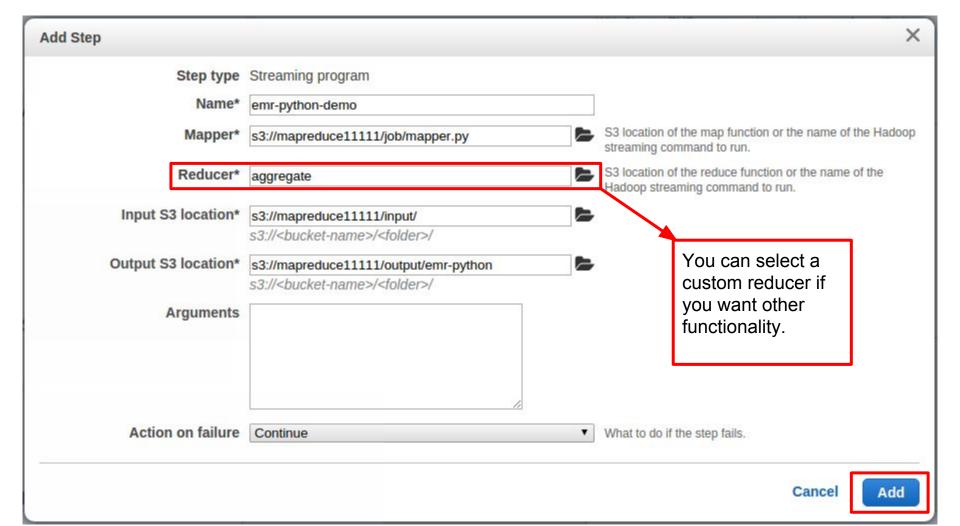
#### Add steps

A step is a unit of work submitted to an application running on your EMR cluster. EMR programmatically installs the applications needed to execute the added steps. Learn more



### Streaming step: Ruby, Perl, Python, PHP, or Bash

- Chose a unique name
- Select the mapper program from your job folder, the one that you just uploaded
- Select your reducer from the same location, or you can use the keyword **aggregate**. Amazon EMR supports the special aggregate keyword. For more information, go to the Aggregate library supplied by Hadoop.
- ☐ Next choose your input S3 location, which is the **input** folder from your bucket
- The output location is the **output** folder from your bucket followed by a **unique name** that you have to type in. In this case you can use **erm-python** after the output folder: **s3://MapReduce11111/output/emr-python**
- Press Add



### Software configuration

Depending on how you chose to develop your MapReduce application, choose the appropriate **Vendor** and **Release**. For more info, please visit:

http://docs.aws.amazon.com/ElasticMapReduce/latest/DeveloperGuide/emr

-plan-hadoop-differences.html

■ If you don't know what to choose, leave the default.

Software configuration

Vendor Amazon MapR

emr-4.1.0

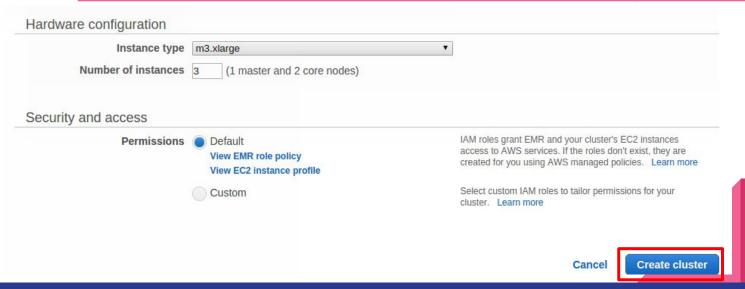
Applications Hadoop 2.6.0

You can use the default (latest) version here, thus you do not need to change it with the version on this slide.

### Hardware configuration and Security

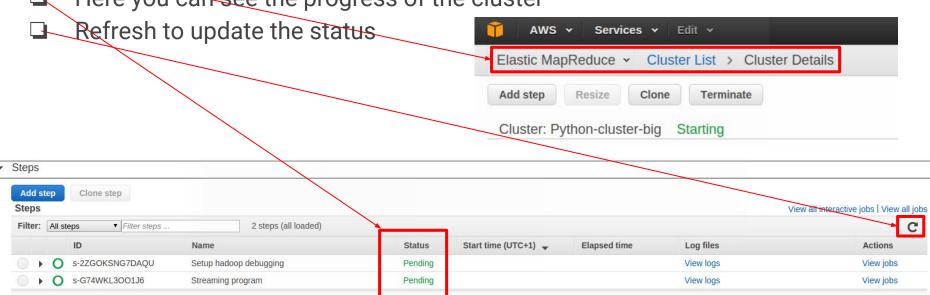
- Choose your instance types, depending on your application requirements.
- Here is some information on the new instance types introduced in EMR:

https://aws.amazon.com/blogs/aws/new-instance-types-for-amazon...

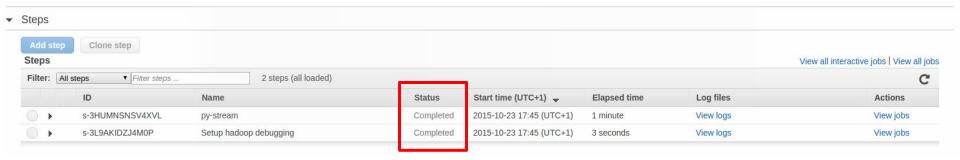


### Check status and wait for completion

- Go to **Steps** under **Cluster details**, for the cluster that you just created
- Here you can see the progress of the cluster

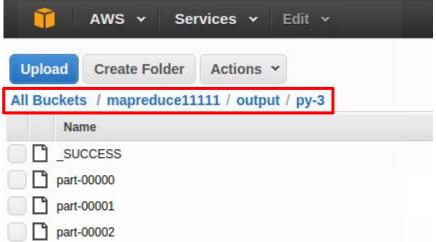


## Wait until status changes to Completed



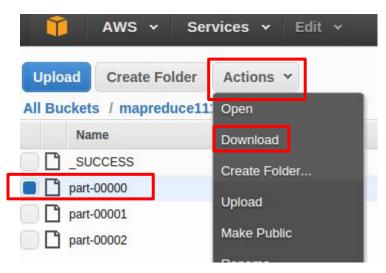
### SUCCESS !!!

- □ Go back to the Storage and Content Delivery > S3
- Select your **S3 bucket**, the output folder and the unique name you chose when you created the cluster
- You should see here all output files



## Download or process further

- You can now select the file that you want, press on Actions and choose Download
- Or you can reuse these in a new MapReduce program



# Congratulations, you have just successfully executed your first EMR program on AWS

Now please do the same for the google ngrams dataset, using the provided mapper and reducer.

# Java local development (your machine) in Eclipse

- For Java lovers, the following tutorial can help you get started:
  - http://docs.aws.amazon.com/ElasticMapReduce/latest/DeveloperGuide/emr-common-programming-sample.html
  - Please follow exactly all the steps to have the desired outcome.
- □ To carry out JUnit testing for your MapReduce code, please have a look at: https://cwiki.apache.org/confluence/display/MRUNIT/MRUnit+Tutorial which is a handy tip given by a fellow student Pavel Reich.

### **Useful links**

- https://pythonhosted.org/mrjob/
- https://boto3.readthedocs.io/en/latest/
- http://hortonworks.com/products/sandbox/#downloads
- https://www.javacodegeeks.com/2015/03/running-pagerank-hadoop-job-on-aws-elastic-mapreduce.html