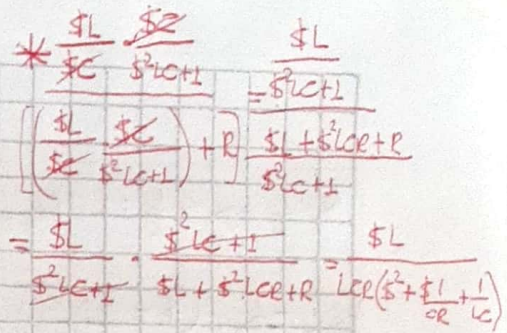


Therapy manual 2:



① $Z_x = \frac{V_x}{I_x} = \$L \rightarrow$ objetivo; \Rightarrow del análisis en clave = $Z_{in} = \frac{Z_1 \cdot Z_3 \cdot Z_5}{Z_2 \cdot Z_4} = \L
 $V_x = V_1$ ($Z_1 // Z_3$) V_1 ($1/k // \$L$) $\frac{\$L/5C}{2}$ $\frac{\$L/5C}{2} *$

1) $V_x = V_1 \cdot \frac{Z_c \parallel Z_L}{Z_c + Z_R} = V_1 \cdot \frac{(1/j\omega) \parallel 1}{(1/j\omega) + 1} = V_1 \cdot \frac{1/j\omega}{1/j\omega + 1} = V_1 \cdot \frac{1}{1 + j\omega} \Rightarrow V_x = V_1 \cdot \frac{1}{1 + j\omega}$

2) Si quiero que $Z_{in} = 1 \Rightarrow Z_1 \cdot Z_3 \cdot R_5 \Rightarrow R_5 = R_4 = 1 \Rightarrow Z_2 = 1 \Rightarrow V_2 = 1$

② si quiero que $z_{in} = \$ \cdot 1 = \frac{z_1 \cdot z_3 \cdot R_5}{z_2 \cdot R_4}$

Y1, Y3 Reinturas ;

③ $Y_2 \rightarrow \text{capacitor}$;

$$\frac{V_2}{V_L} = \frac{V_x}{V_L} \cdot \frac{V_2}{V_x} \quad |$$

$$\textcircled{6} \frac{V_2}{V_x} : V_2 = V_{R4} + V_x ; V_x = V_{R5} ; I_{R4} = I_{R5} ; \frac{V_{R4}}{R_4} = \frac{V_x}{R_5} \Rightarrow V_{R4} = V_x \cdot \frac{R_4}{R_5} \quad \frac{V_2}{V_x} = \frac{R_4}{R_5} \left(\frac{1}{R_5} + \frac{1}{R_4} \right)$$

$$\hookrightarrow V_2 = V_x \cdot \frac{R_4}{R_5} + V_x = V_x \left(\frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1 \right) ; \frac{V_2}{V_x} = \frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1 ; = \frac{R_4 + R_5}{R_5} = \frac{R_4 + R_5}{R_4 + R_5} = 1$$

$$\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{V_x}{V_1} \cdot \frac{V_2}{V_x} = \frac{1}{1 + \frac{R_4}{R_5}} \cdot \left(\frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1 \right) = \frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1 \Rightarrow \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1$$

$$\frac{V_2}{V_1} = \left(\frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1 \right) \cdot \frac{w_p \cdot \$}{\$ + \$ \cdot \frac{w_p}{Q} + w_p^2} \Rightarrow \text{Normalise } w = w_p = \frac{V_2}{V_1} = \left(\frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1 \right) \cdot \frac{w_p \cdot \$}{\$ + \$ \cdot \frac{w_p}{Q} + w_p^2} = \left(\frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1 \right) \cdot \frac{1}{\$ + \$ \cdot \frac{w_p}{Q} + w_p^2}$$

$$W_p^* = 1 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{C \cdot R}} \Rightarrow R = \frac{1}{C} \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{R} \Rightarrow \frac{R}{R_2} = \left(\frac{Q}{C \cdot W_p} \right)^2 \Rightarrow L = \frac{1}{L_0} \Rightarrow L = \frac{1}{C} \Rightarrow \frac{C_2 \cdot R_1 \cdot R_3 \cdot R_5}{R_4} = \frac{1}{C}$$

$\hookrightarrow \omega_p = 2\pi f_p \Rightarrow C = \frac{1}{R_2 \cdot 2\pi f_p} = \frac{1}{R_2 \cdot \omega_p} \Rightarrow$ Norma impedancia: R_2 R_5
 1 1 1 Frecuencia: ω_p

$$\frac{R_4}{R_2} + \frac{R_5}{R_2} \cdot \frac{Z_1}{R_3} \cdot \frac{Z_3}{R_2} \cdot \frac{Z_2}{R_2} \rightarrow Z_2 = \frac{1}{sC} \Rightarrow Z_2 = \frac{1}{sC R_2} \Rightarrow C_2 = \frac{1}{\omega_p \cdot C_2 \cdot R_2}$$

si quiero $f_p = 10 \text{ kHz} \Rightarrow \omega_p = 2\pi \cdot 10 \text{ k} \Rightarrow Q = 20 \rightarrow \frac{\omega_p}{Q} = \frac{2\pi \cdot 10 \text{ k}}{20} = \pi \cdot 1 \text{ k} = ? = \frac{1}{RC}$

$$C: [LnF - \ln nF]; \rightarrow \text{elije } \ln nF = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\ln F} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{\ln F} = 31930 \text{ s}$$

$$EG = 31.830 = P \quad w_p^* = \frac{1}{P_C} = 1 \Rightarrow Z_2 = \frac{1}{5C} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{w_p^*}{\omega}} = \frac{1}{P_C} = \frac{20 \cdot 10^6}{30} = \frac{1}{\tan F} \cdot \frac{1}{L}$$

Behaver $\left[\frac{V_x}{V_L} \right] \rightarrow 2 \text{ poles}$

$$\frac{V_P}{Q} = \frac{1}{C_C} \Rightarrow \frac{20 \cdot 10^6}{20} = \frac{1}{10^9} \cdot \frac{1}{R}$$

No creep! $R = \frac{1}{10^9} \cdot 20 \cdot \frac{1}{2 \cdot 10^6} = 3/930$

$$\frac{R_4}{R_5} + 1 = K \Rightarrow K - 1 = R_4^* ; R_1 = R_3 = R_5 = R_2 ; \omega_p^2 = \frac{1}{LC} = 1 = \frac{R_4}{C_2 R_1 R_5 C} \Rightarrow 1 \rightarrow \frac{R_4}{C_2 \cdot C} \Rightarrow C_2 = C ;$$

$$C^2 = R_4^* ; C^* = \sqrt{R_4^*} ; \frac{\omega p}{Q} = \frac{1}{R_C} = \frac{1}{Q} = \frac{1}{L^* C^*} ; R^* = \frac{Q}{\sqrt{K-1}} ; R_1^* = R_3^* = R_5^* = 1$$

Compara: $Q=20$; $K=10$; $\Rightarrow L^* = \frac{20}{\sqrt{9}} = \frac{20}{3}$; $C^* = \sqrt{9} = 3$; $RK^* = 9$; $T(s^*) = \frac{K \cdot s^*}{Q \cdot s^* + \frac{1}{Q} + 1} = \frac{10 \cdot s^*}{20 \cdot s^* + \frac{1}{20} + 1}$