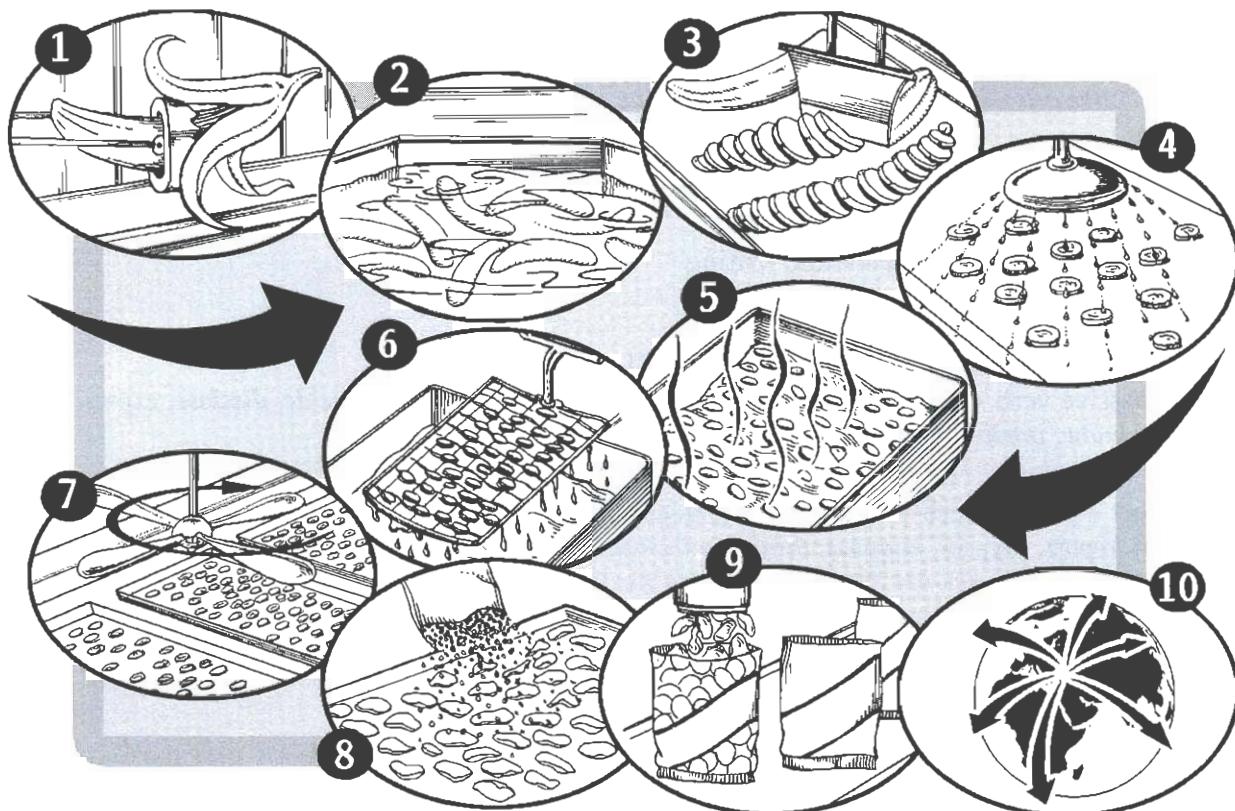


C Grammar exercises

- 1** Read the test task. Fill in the gaps in the model answer with the verbs in the box in the passive.

The flowchart below shows how banana chips are made.

Summarise the information by selecting and reporting the main features and make comparisons where relevant.



add distribute fry leave make peel put remove rinse sell slice soak

The flowchart shows how banana chips 1 *are made* First, the bananas 2 by a special machine and then they 3 in water. Next the clean bananas 4 into a chipping machine where they 5 into thin chips. After this they 6 Once they are dry, the banana chips 7 in hot oil in large deep fat fryers. The cooked banana chips 8 from the fryers using a special sieve which allows all of the oil to drain off. The banana chips 9 (then) to cool. When they have reached the right temperature, spices 10 for extra taste. Finally the banana chips are packaged ready to 11 around the world and 12

2 There are 12 mistakes with active or passive verbs in this conversation. Find and correct the mistakes.

Teacher: People are said that the increase in travel will lead to a loss of different cultures around the world. Do you agree?

Student: Well, yes, I suppose that is a possibility. I'm sure the way of life of many people around the world has changed by contact with tourists. But the change might have been happened anyway, I suppose.

Teacher: Yes, maybe. So, do you think we should try to stop the disappearance of native cultures?

Student: Oh, yes. I think it will be very sad if we lose different cultures. They enrich our world, don't they? But it is also argued that many people from poor countries have given opportunities that they wouldn't have had if there wasn't any tourism. Their cultures may have changed, but they have been benefited from improvements in education and health as well as their standard of living.

Teacher: So do you think that improvements like this inevitably bring about a loss of culture, as some people have been suggested?

Student: I suppose I do think that, yes. As we are continued to be provided with better and better education and we have more and more contact with the world outside our own countries, we are being become more and more the same!

Teacher: Can you give some examples of what you mean?

Student: Well, in my country we now have American restaurants and we watch American movies on TV. American culture feels to be too dominant by many people in my country. And English words have been come into my language too.

Teacher: Oh, that's interesting. And do you think that there will one day be only one language in the world?

Student: Well, the way we live has affected in a big way by things like the Internet, email and cheap travel. All countries are using English for these things, and so we all know a little bit of English already. But I am not sure it will use by all countries instead of their own language. That seems unlikely to me.

Teacher: You've made some very interesting points. Thank you.

1	<u>say</u>	4	7	10
2		5	8	11
3		6	9	12

3 Fill in the gaps with an appropriate form of the verb in brackets.

- 1 For a long time people thought (*think*) the giant panda was a type of raccoon.
- 2 At the beginning of the experiment, the chemicals placed (*place*) in the beaker.
- 3 In medieval times the earth believed (*believe*) to be flat.
- 4 Up until now students allowed (*allow*) to wear what they want, but the new head-teacher has decided to introduce a uniform.
- 5 I can't drive you to the airport because my car serviced (*service*) tomorrow.
- 6 Next year the new theatre opened (*open*) by some of Britain's biggest acting stars.
- 7 It expected (*expect*) that the President will resign due to the recent revelations.
- 8 Chocolate made (*make*) from the bean of the cacao tree.
- 9 This report claimed (*claim*) that there is corruption throughout the company.
- 10 Several students knew (*know*) to have cheated in their exams.
- 11 People need encouraged (*encourage*) to use public transport if we want to reduce our carbon emissions.
- 12 I went on holiday because I really needed taking (*take*) a break.

4 Underline the correct words.

Air pollution in cities is growing at an alarming rate. What measures could be taken to address this problem?

Air pollution can 1 define / be defined as the addition of something harmful to the air at a faster rate than it can 2 absorb / be absorbed. Everyone should be concerned about air pollution. It 3 affects / is affected us all, and as it 4 continues / is continued to worsen, so the environmental impact increases.

One of the major causes of air pollution in cities is car use. Cars 5 use / are used for even the shortest of journeys, and all efforts by governments to encourage people 6 to use / to be used public transport seem to be failing. Industry is another major cause of pollution in our cities, but fortunately, new industrial sites 7 are building / are being built away from large urban centres.

It 8 says / is said that there are too many contributing factors for us to 9 to decide / to be decided exactly which one is the main problem, but I believe that one of the most serious problems that needs 10 to tackle / tackling is the use of the car. In some cities laws 11 have passed / have been passed concerning car use. Athens, for example, only 12 allows / is allowed a certain number of cars into the city centre each day. In my opinion, this is a good idea. With this kind of law, people have no choice and 13 force / are forced to use buses and trains. This ensures governments 14 know / is known that public transport 15 will use / will be used, and can therefore justify the investment and expense of ensuring the system works properly.

Another thing governments could do is to force people to 16 have their cars checked / check their cars for carbon emissions and fine people with cars that produce high levels of harmful gases.