

Ramp-up Mathematics — Analysis

Homework Sheet 1

Exercise 1.1 For $x \in \mathbb{R}^d$, let $\|x\|_p := \left(\sum_{k=1}^d |x_k|^p \right)^{1/p}$ if $1 \leq p < \infty$ and $\|x\|_\infty := \max_{k=1,\dots,d} |x_k|$.

- Show that for a sequence $x_n \in \mathbb{R}^d$ it holds that $x_n \rightarrow x^*$ (with respect to the norm $\|\cdot\|_p$) if and only if for any $k = 1, \dots, d$ it holds that $(x_n)_k \rightarrow x_k^*$. (In other words: Convergence with respect to $\|\cdot\|_p$ is equivalent to convergence of the components.)
- How about the case $p = \infty$?

Exercise 1.2

Show that if $\|\cdot\|$ is a norm on a vector space V , then $d(x, y) := \|x - y\|$ is a metric on V .

Exercise 1.3

1. Consider the set

$$M = \left\{ \frac{n}{m+n} \mid m, n = 1, 2, \dots \right\}.$$

Calculate $\inf M$ and $\sup M$. Are infimum and supremum in fact minimum and maximum, respectively?

2. Calculate

$$\inf_{x>0} e^{-x}, \quad \sup_{x>0} e^x, \quad \inf_{x>0} e^x, \quad \sup_{x>0} e^x.$$

Exercise 1.4

Are the following maps inner products on \mathbb{R}^2 ?

- a) $\langle x, y \rangle_a := x_1y_1 - x_2y_2$
- b) $\langle x, y \rangle_b := x_1y_2 + x_2y_1$

Exercise 1.5

1. Give an example of a set which is neither open nor closed.
2. Show that the set $[0, \infty[$ is closed.
3. Show that the so-called *open balls* $B_\varepsilon(x) := \{y \in X \mid d(x, y) < \varepsilon\}$ in any metric space (X, d) are indeed open sets.