

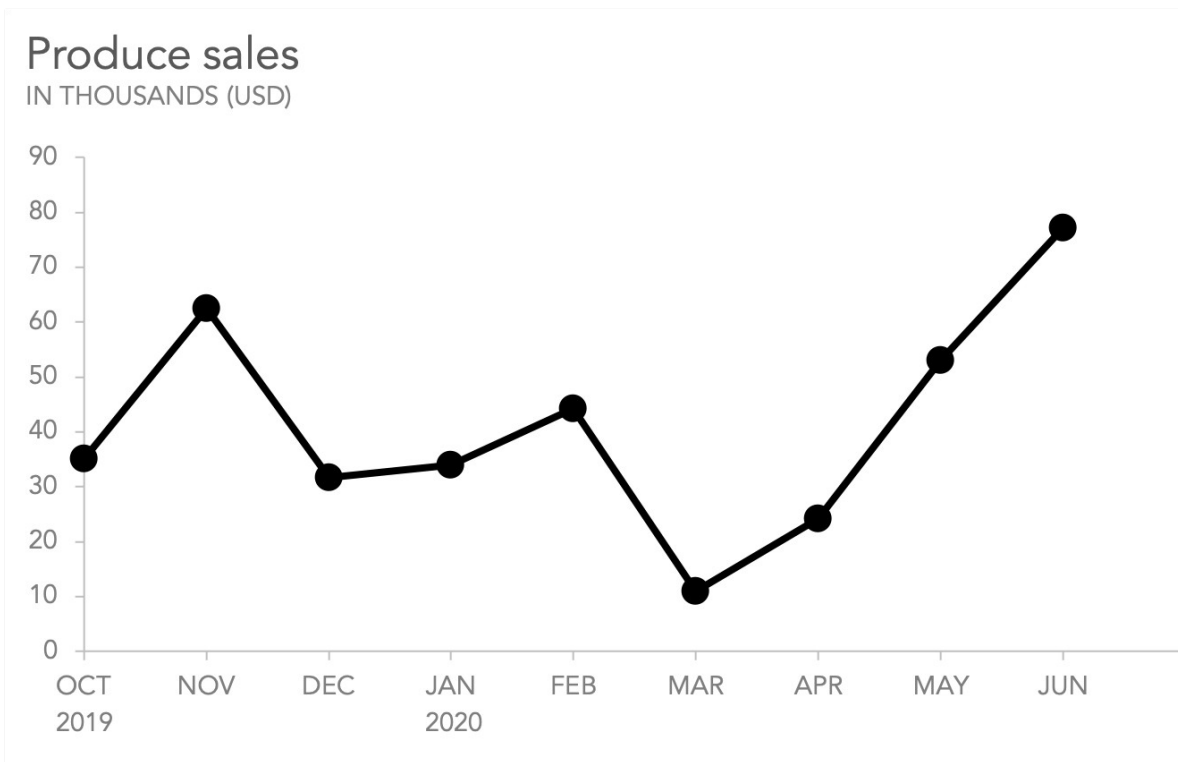
Matplotlib

Matplotlib is one of the most popular Python packages used for data visualization. Matplotlib was originally written by John D. Hunter in 2003

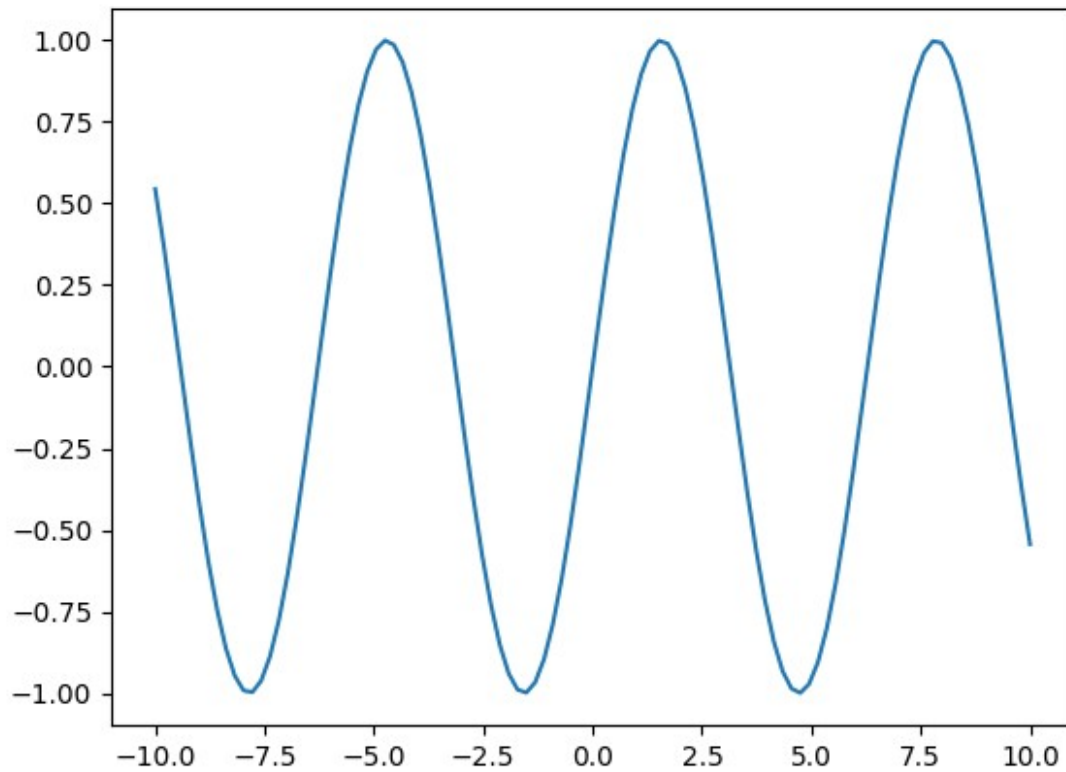
```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

2D Line plot

- Bivariate Analysis
- categorical - numerical and numerical - numerical
- Use case - Time series data



```
x = np.linspace(-10, 10, 100)
y = np.sin(x)
plt.plot(x, y)
plt.show()
```

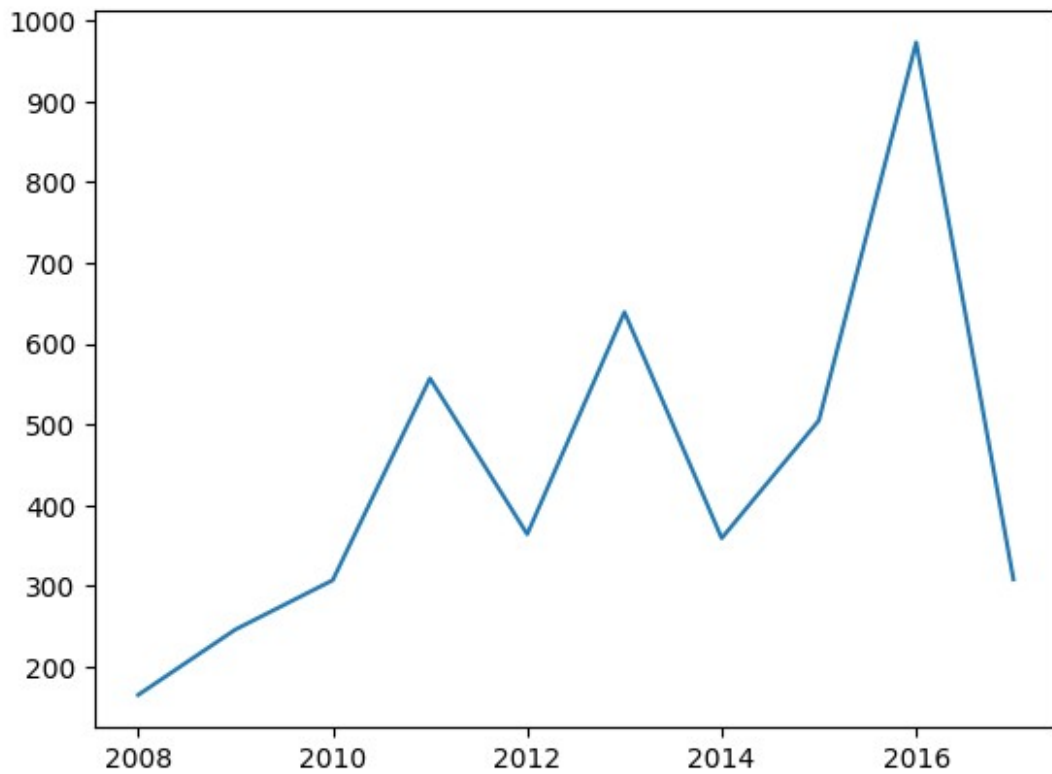


```
batsman = pd.read_csv('Datasets/sharma-kohli.csv')  
batsman.head(2)
```

	index	RG Sharma	V Kohli
0	2008	404	165
1	2009	362	246

```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'])
```

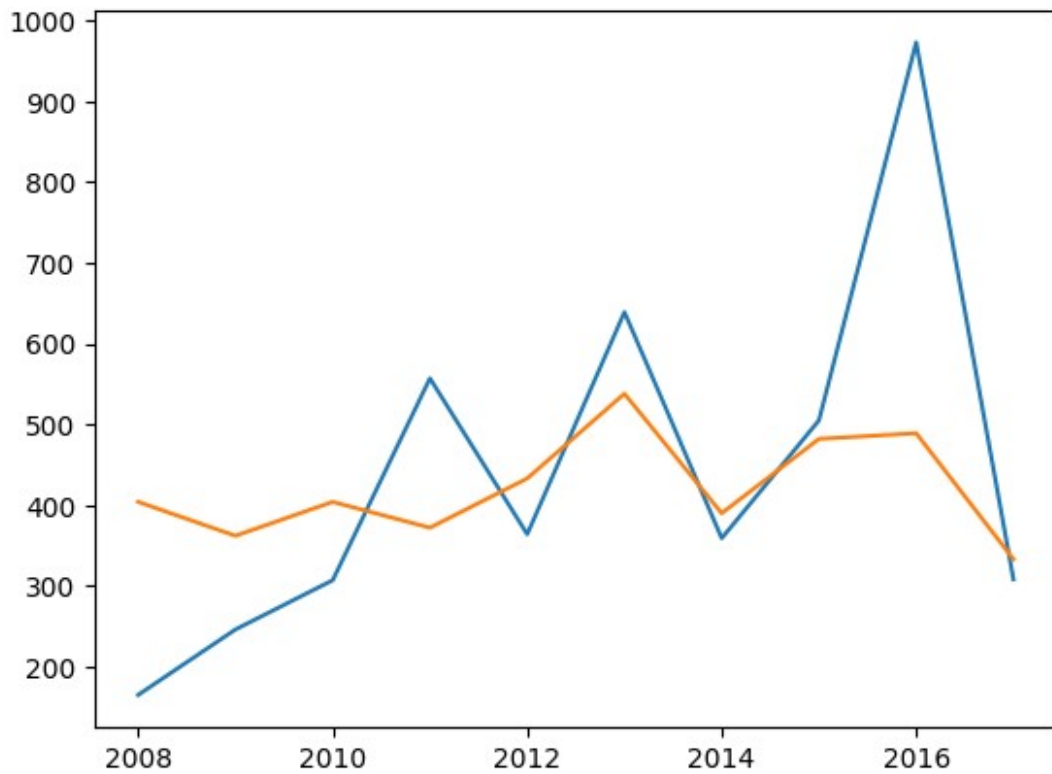
```
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x18dbd90d610>]
```



Plotting multiple plots

```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'])  
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['RG Sharma'])
```

```
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1ab0330cbc0>]
```

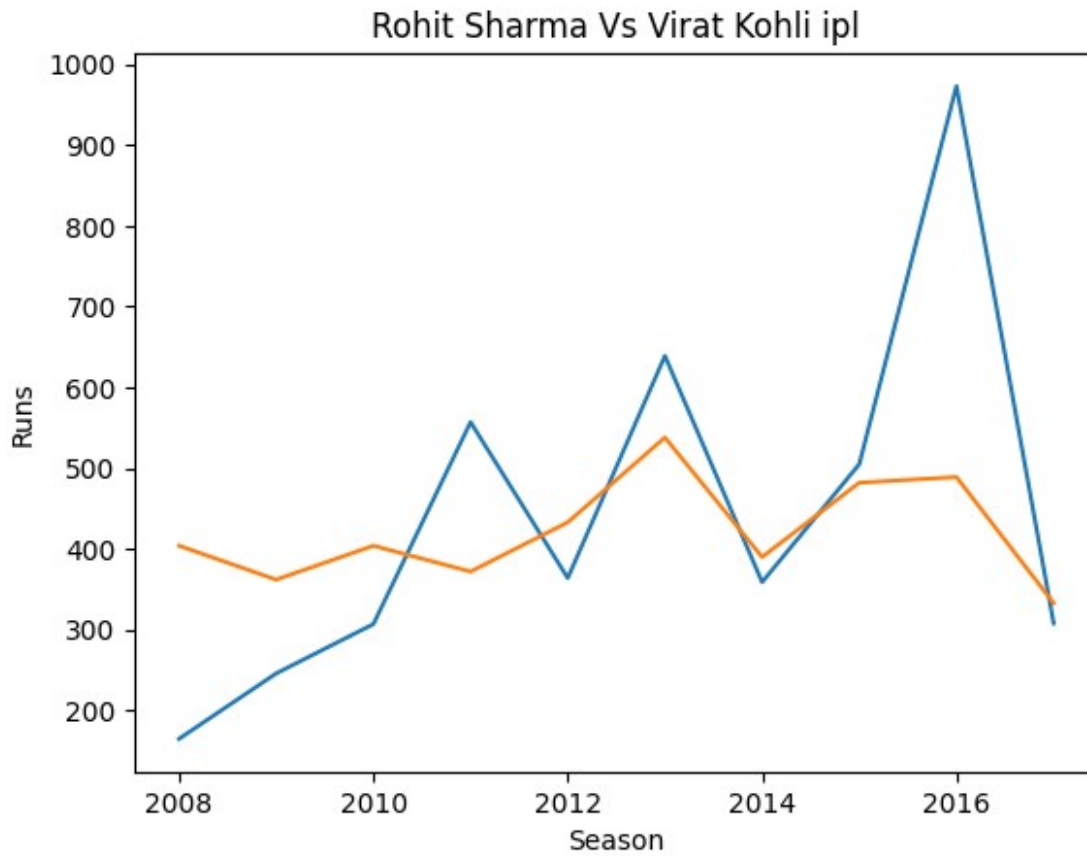


Labels and Title

```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'])
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['RG Sharma'])

plt.title('Rohit Sharma Vs Virat Kohli ipl')
plt.xlabel('Season')
plt.ylabel('Runs')

Text(0, 0.5, 'Runs')
```



Colors(hex) and line(width and style)

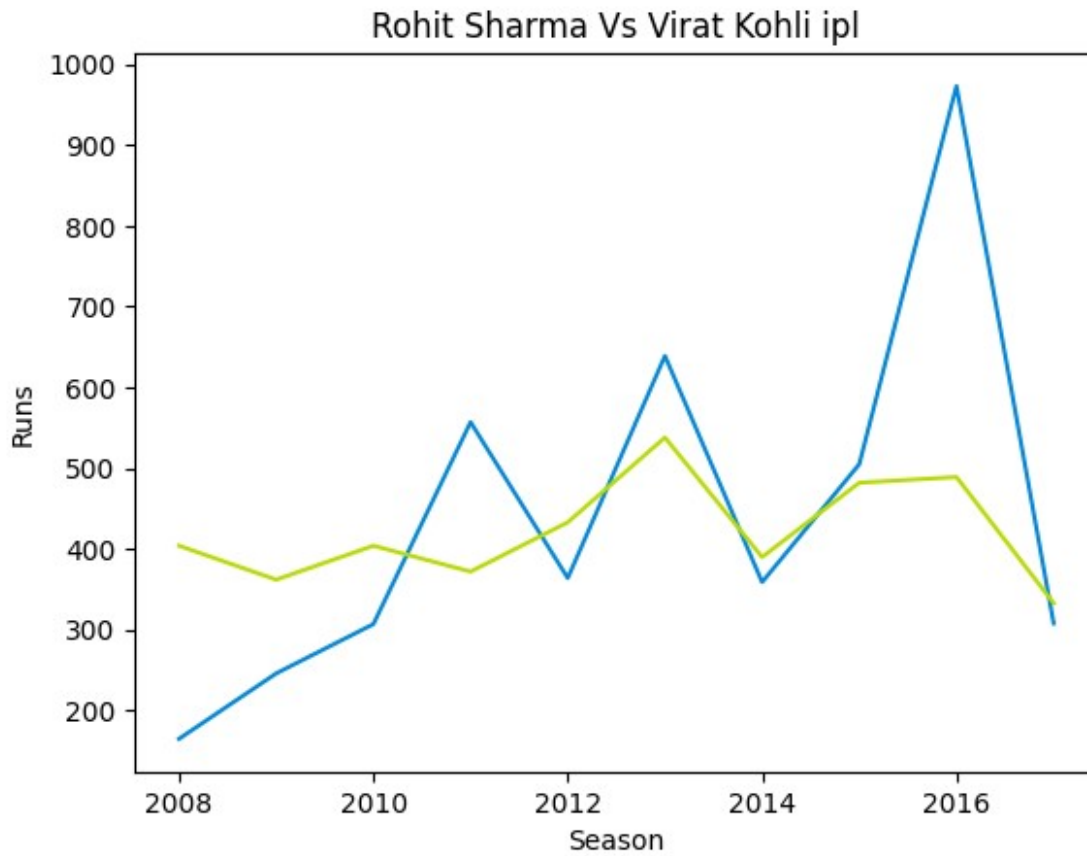
- `linewidth` - specified in pixels.

Character	Colour
b	blue
g	green
r	red
c	cyan
m	magenta
y	yellow
k	black
w	white

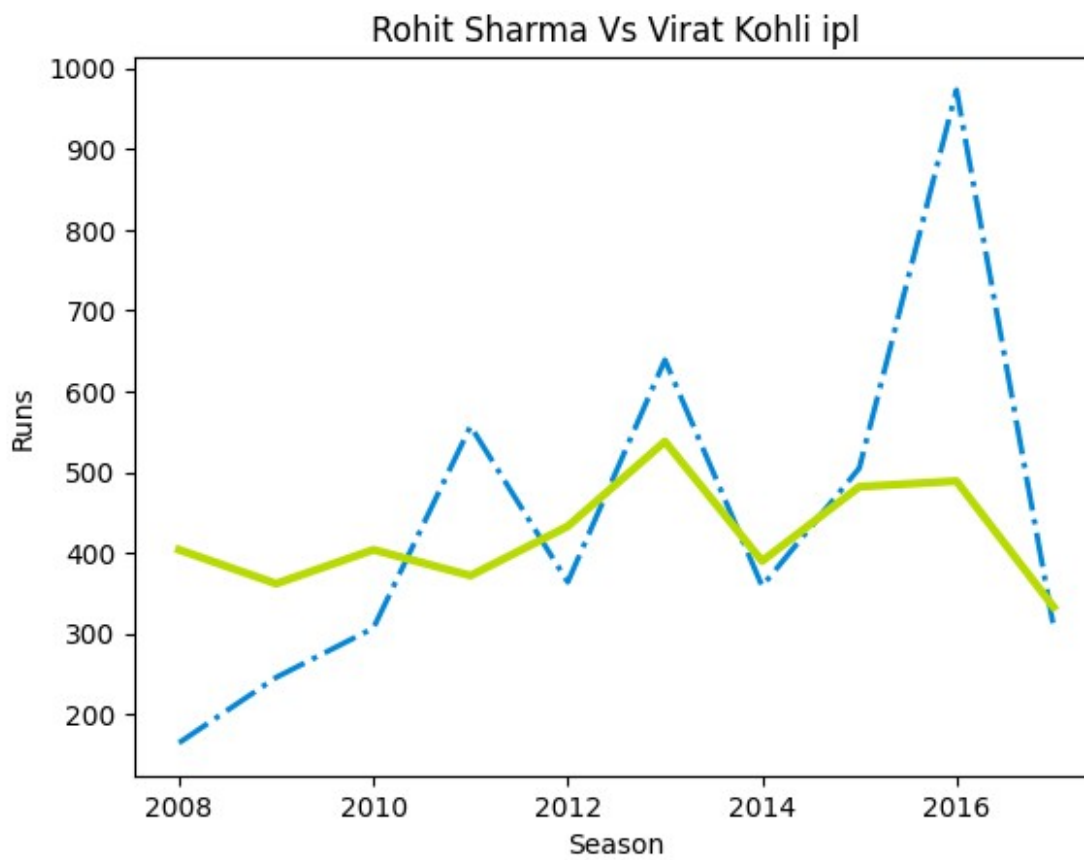
```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'], color='#0087db')
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['RG Sharma'], color='#badb00')

plt.title('Rohit Sharma Vs Virat Kohli ipl')
plt.xlabel('Season')
plt.ylabel('Runs')























Text(0, 0.5, 'Runs')
```



```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'], color='#0087db',  
linestyle='dashdot', linewidth=2)  
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['RG Sharma'], color='#badb00',  
linestyle='solid', linewidth=3)  
  
plt.title('Rohit Sharma Vs Virat Kohli ipl')  
plt.xlabel('Season')  
plt.ylabel('Runs')  
  
Text(0, 0.5, 'Runs')
```



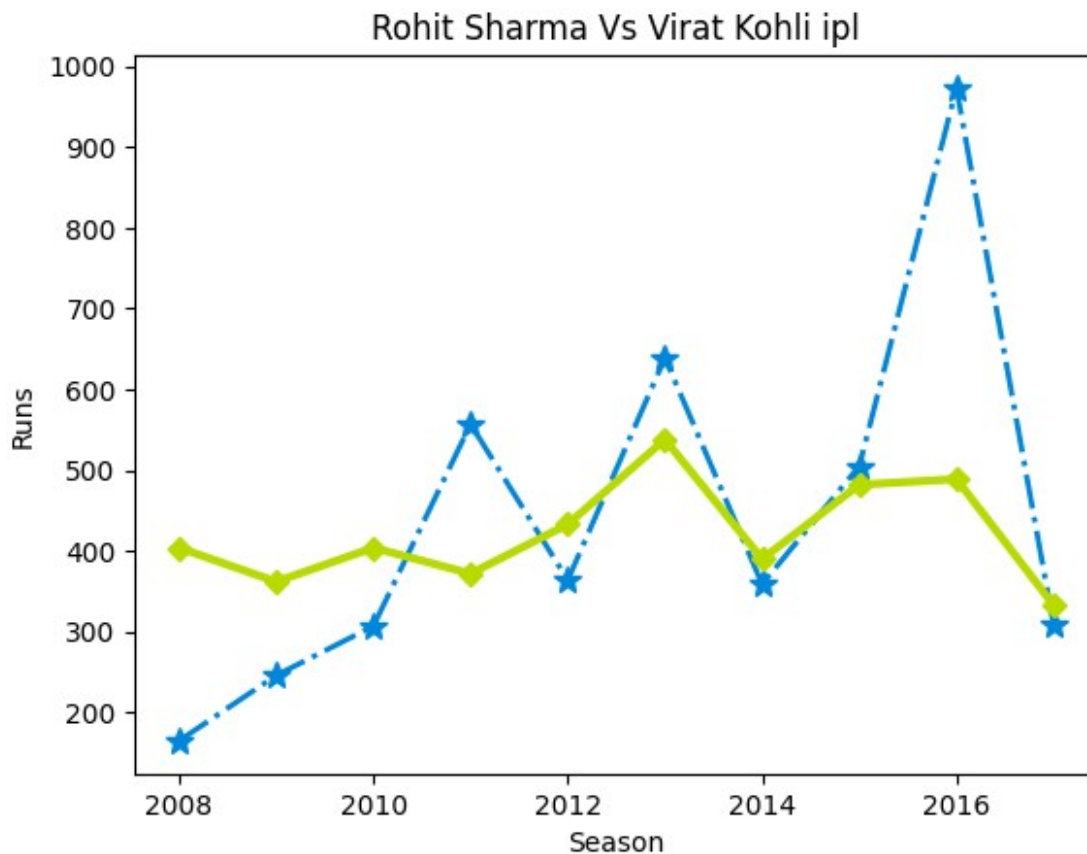
Markers

Marker	Symbol	Description	Marker	Symbol	Description
.		Point	8		Octagon
,		Pixel	s		Square
o		Circle	p		Pentagon
v		Triangle Down	P		Plus (filled)
^		Triangle Up	*		Star
<		Triangle Left	h		Hexagon1
>		Triangle Right	H		Hexagon2
1		Tri Down	+		Plus
2		Tri Up	x		X
3		Tri Left	X		X (filled)
4		Tri Right	D		Diamond

```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'], color='#0087db',
linestyle='dashdot', linewidth=2, marker='*', markersize=10)
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['RG Sharma'], color='#badb00',
linestyle='solid', linewidth=3, marker='D')
```

```
plt.title('Rohit Sharma Vs Virat Kohli ipl')
plt.xlabel('Season')
plt.ylabel('Runs')
```

```
Text(0, 0.5, 'Runs')
```



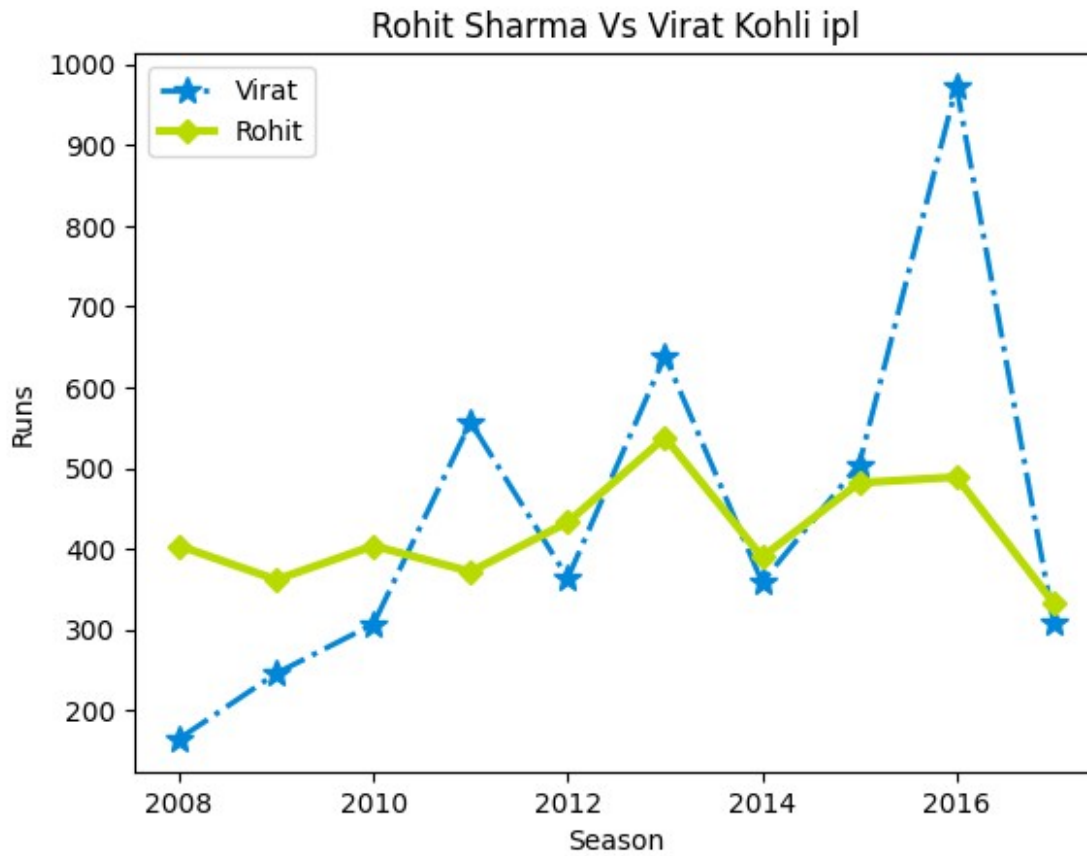
Legend and Location

```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'], color='#0087db',
linestyle='dashdot', linewidth=2, marker='*', markersize=10,
label='Virat')
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['RG Sharma'], color='#badb00',
linestyle='solid', linewidth=3, marker='D', label='Rohit')
```

```
plt.title('Rohit Sharma Vs Virat Kohli ipl')
plt.xlabel('Season')
plt.ylabel('Runs')
```

```
plt.legend(loc='upper left')
```

```
<matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x1ab03657a10>
```

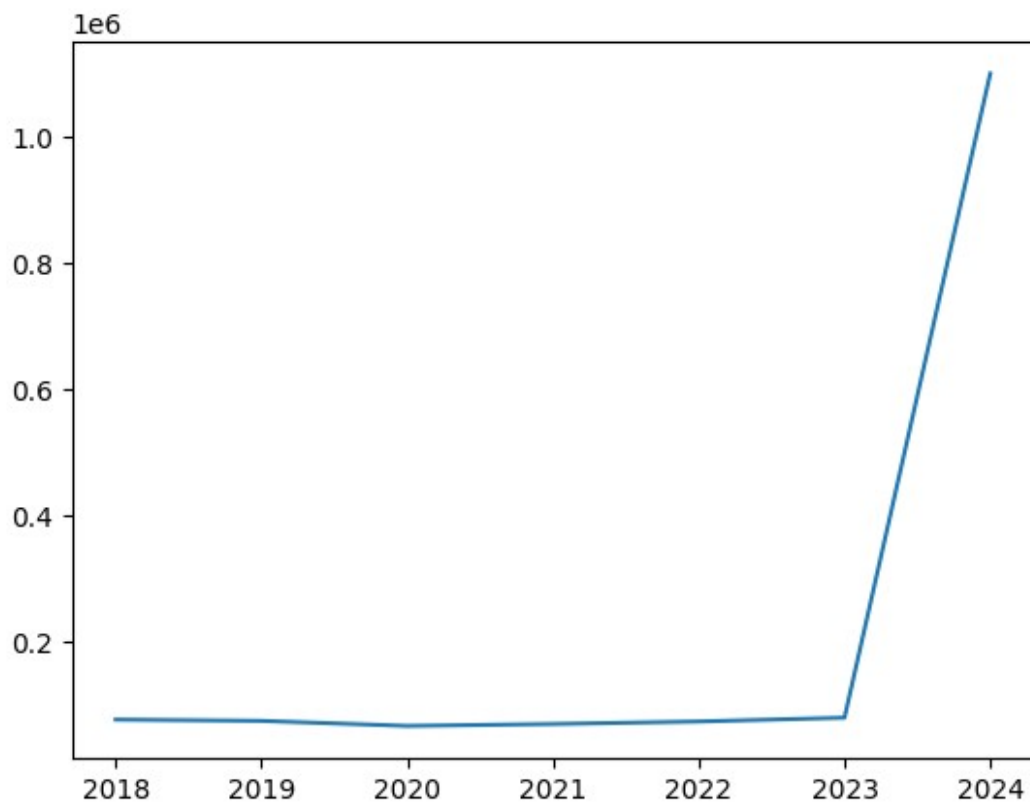
Limiting axes

- Sometime any outlier or unexpected value comes into data which on plotting ruins the appearance of graph and lost the imp info
- In such cases limiting axes is used.

```
price = [75000, 73000, 65000, 68000, 72000, 78000, 1100000]
year = [2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024]

plt.plot(year, price)

[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1ab03654f50>]
```

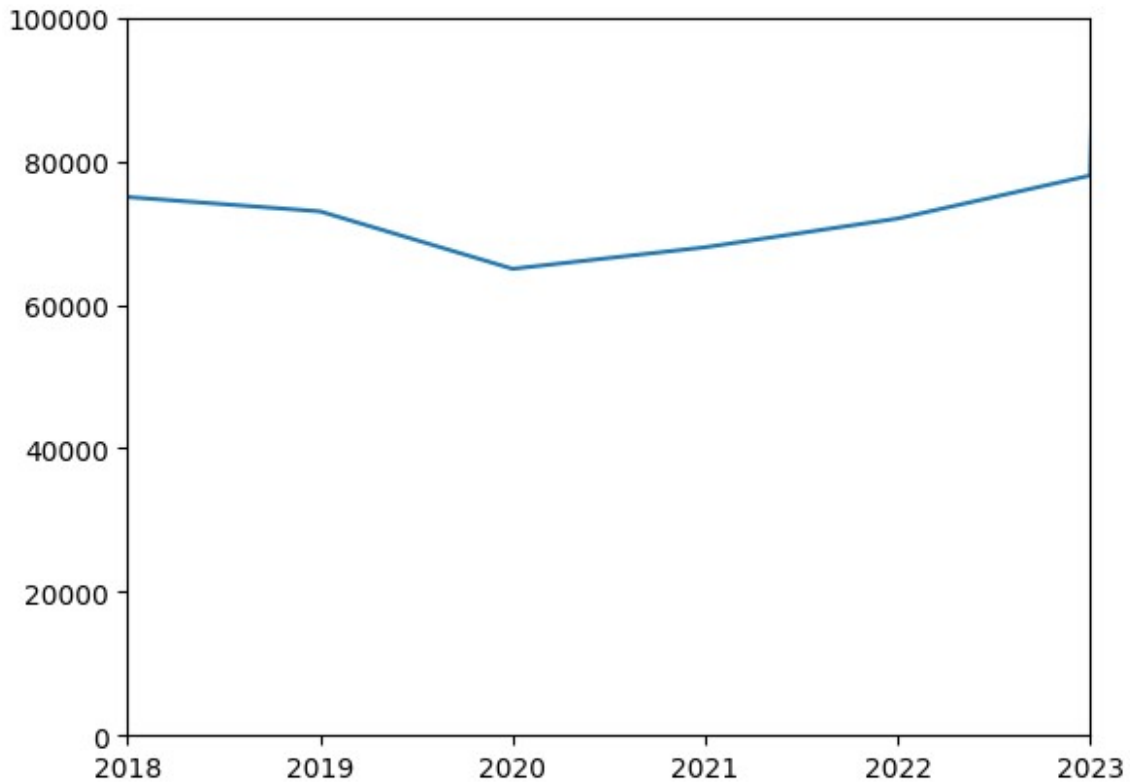


```
price = [75000, 73000, 65000, 68000, 72000, 78000, 1100000]
year = [2018, 2019, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023, 2024]

plt.plot(year, price)

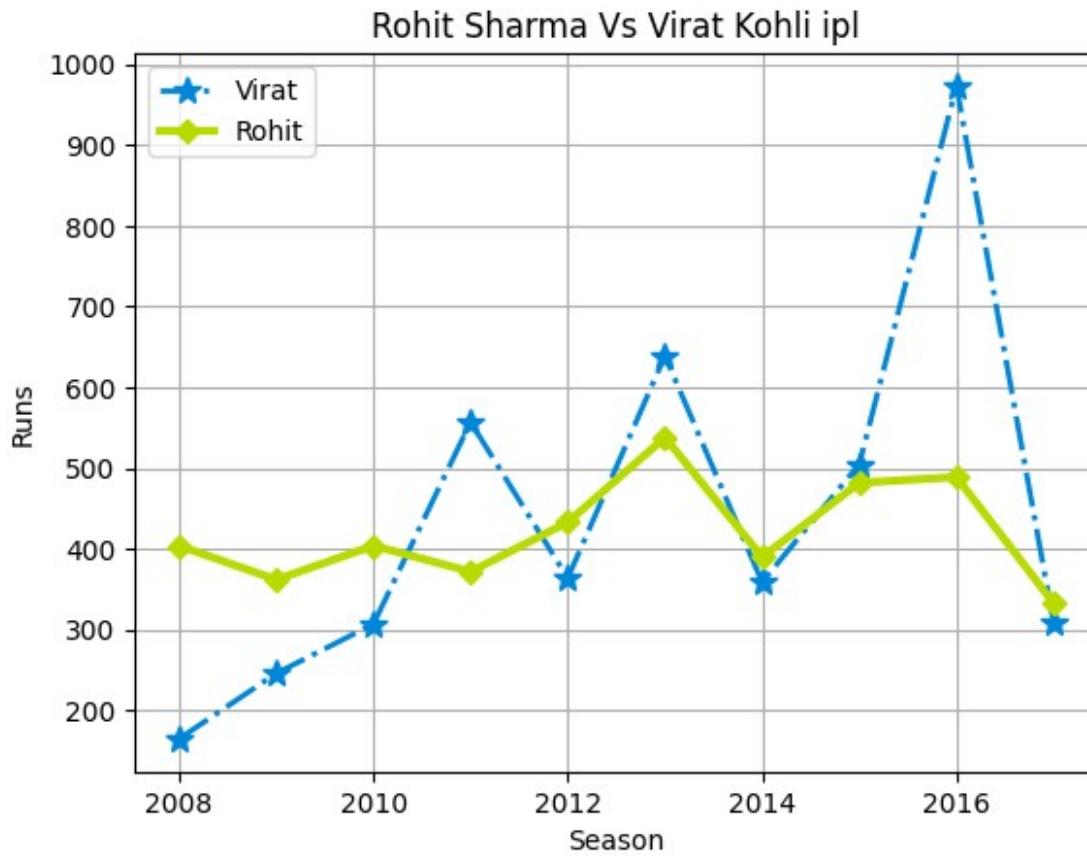
plt.ylim(0, 100000)
plt.xlim(2018, 2023)

(2018.0, 2023.0)
```



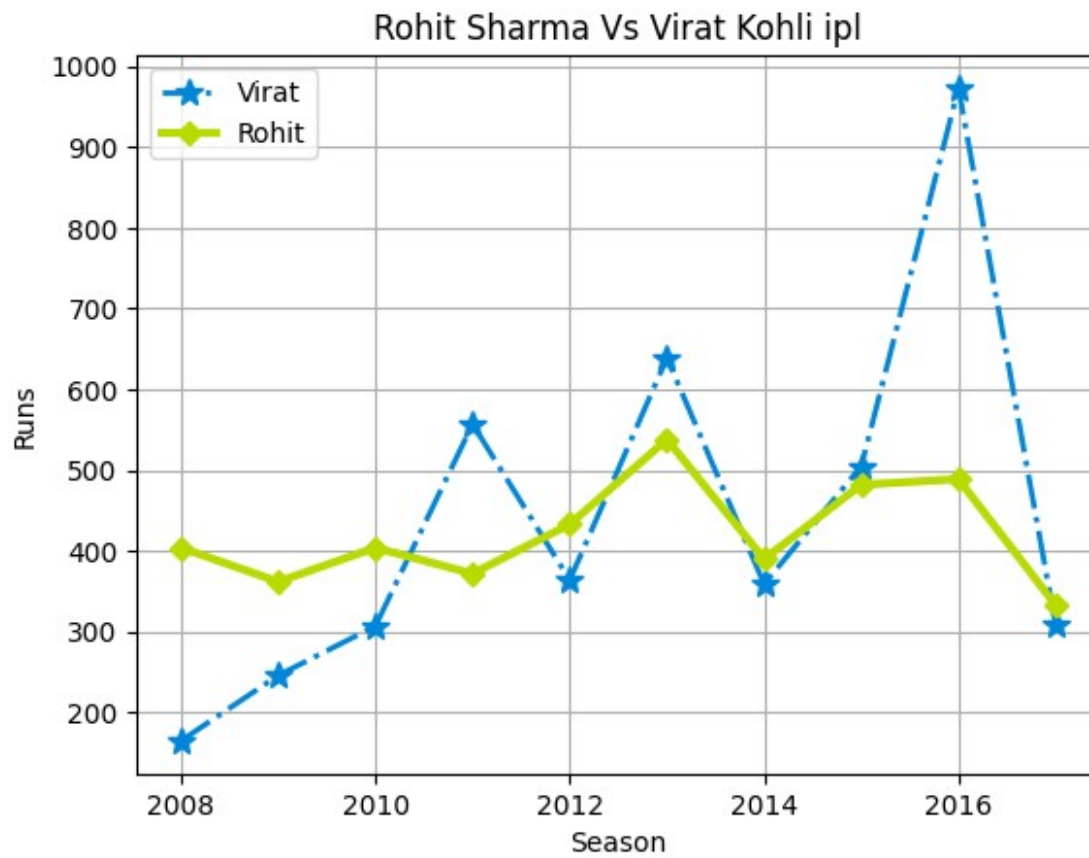
Grid

```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'], color='#0087db',  
linestyle='dashdot', linewidth=2, marker='*', markersize=10,  
label='Virat')  
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['RG Sharma'], color='#badb00',  
linestyle='solid', linewidth=3, marker='D', label='Rohit')  
  
plt.title('Rohit Sharma Vs Virat Kohli ipl')  
plt.xlabel('Season')  
plt.ylabel('Runs')  
  
plt.legend(loc='upper left')  
  
plt.grid()
```



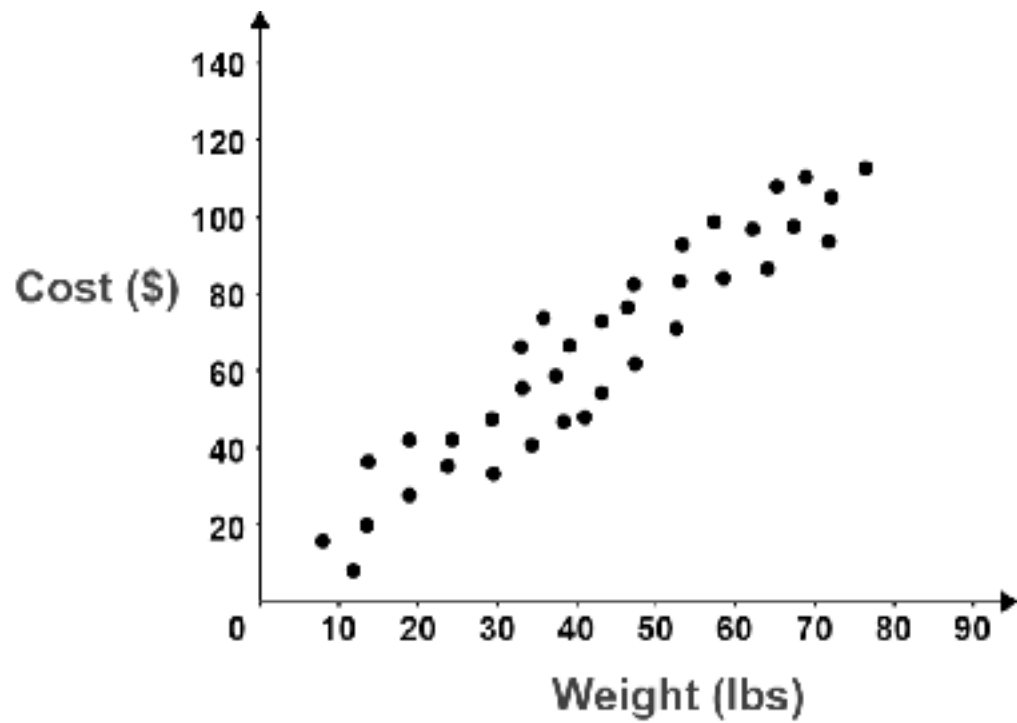
Show

```
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['V Kohli'], color='#0087db',  
linestyle='dashdot', linewidth=2, marker='*', markersize=10,  
label='Virat')  
plt.plot(batsman['index'], batsman['RG Sharma'], color='#badb00',  
linestyle='solid', linewidth=3, marker='D', label='Rohit')  
  
plt.title('Rohit Sharma Vs Virat Kohli ipl')  
plt.xlabel('Season')  
plt.ylabel('Runs')  
  
plt.legend(loc='upper left')  
  
plt.grid()  
  
plt.show()
```



Scatter Plots

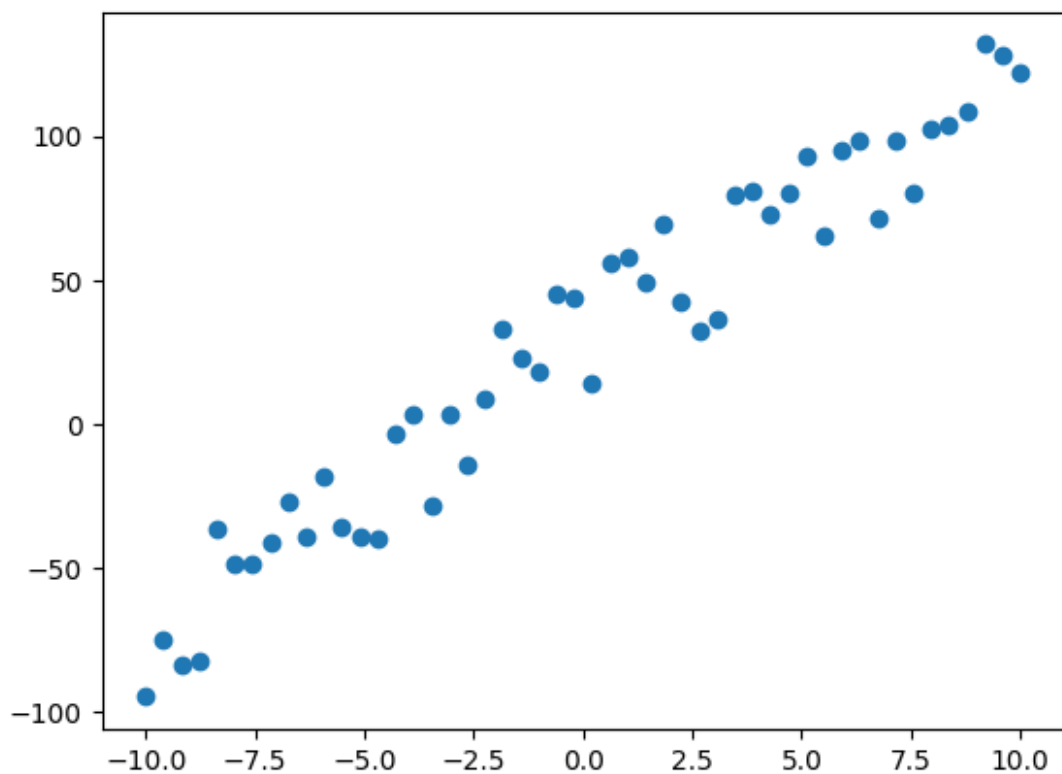
- Bivariate Analysis
- numerical vs numerical
- Use case - Finding Correlation



```
x = np.linspace(-10, 10, 50)
y = x*10 + 3 + np.random.randint(1,50,50)

plt.scatter(x, y)

<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1ab03c78da0>
```



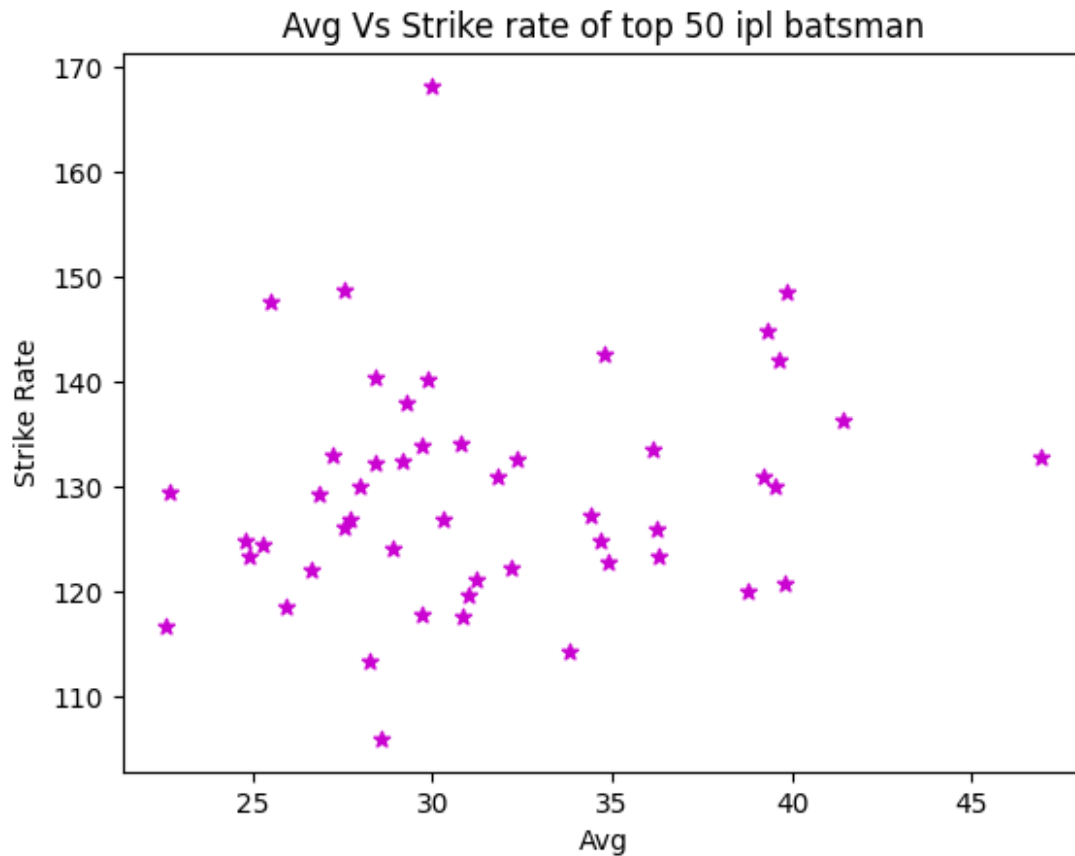
```
df = pd.read_csv('Datasets/batter.csv')
df = df.head(50)
df
```

	batter	runs	avg	strike_rate
0	V Kohli	6634	36.251366	125.977972
1	S Dhawan	6244	34.882682	122.840842
2	DA Warner	5883	41.429577	136.401577
3	RG Sharma	5881	30.314433	126.964594
4	SK Raina	5536	32.374269	132.535312
5	AB de Villiers	5181	39.853846	148.580442
6	CH Gayle	4997	39.658730	142.121729
7	MS Dhoni	4978	39.196850	130.931089
8	RV Uthappa	4954	27.522222	126.152279
9	KD Karthik	4377	26.852761	129.267572
10	G Gambhir	4217	31.007353	119.665153
11	AT Rayudu	4190	28.896552	124.148148
12	AM Rahane	4074	30.863636	117.575758
13	KL Rahul	3895	46.927711	132.799182
14	SR Watson	3880	30.793651	134.163209
15	MK Pandey	3657	29.731707	117.739858
16	SV Samson	3526	29.140496	132.407060
17	KA Pollard	3437	28.404959	140.457703
18	F du Plessis	3403	34.373737	127.167414
19	YK Pathan	3222	29.290909	138.046272

20	BB McCullum	2882	27.711538	126.848592
21	RR Pant	2851	34.768293	142.550000
22	PA Patel	2848	22.603175	116.625717
23	JC Buttler	2832	39.333333	144.859335
24	SS Iyer	2780	31.235955	121.132898
25	Q de Kock	2767	31.804598	130.951254
26	Yuvraj Singh	2754	24.810811	124.784776
27	V Sehwag	2728	27.555556	148.827059
28	SA Yadav	2644	29.707865	134.009123
29	M Vijay	2619	25.930693	118.614130
30	RA Jadeja	2502	26.617021	122.108346
31	SPD Smith	2495	34.652778	124.812406
32	SE Marsh	2489	39.507937	130.109775
33	DA Miller	2455	36.102941	133.569097
34	JH Kallis	2427	28.552941	105.936272
35	WP Saha	2427	25.281250	124.397745
36	DR Smith	2385	28.392857	132.279534
37	MA Agarwal	2335	22.669903	129.506378
38	SR Tendulkar	2334	33.826087	114.187867
39	GJ Maxwell	2320	25.494505	147.676639
40	N Rana	2181	27.961538	130.053667
41	R Dravid	2174	28.233766	113.347237
42	KS Williamson	2105	36.293103	123.315759
43	AJ Finch	2092	24.904762	123.349057
44	AC Gilchrist	2069	27.223684	133.054662
45	AD Russell	2039	29.985294	168.234323
46	JP Duminy	2029	39.784314	120.773810
47	MEK Hussey	1977	38.764706	119.963592
48	HH Pandya	1972	29.878788	140.256046
49	Shubman Gill	1900	32.203390	122.186495

```
plt.scatter(df['avg'], df['strike_rate'], color='#ca02d1', marker='*')

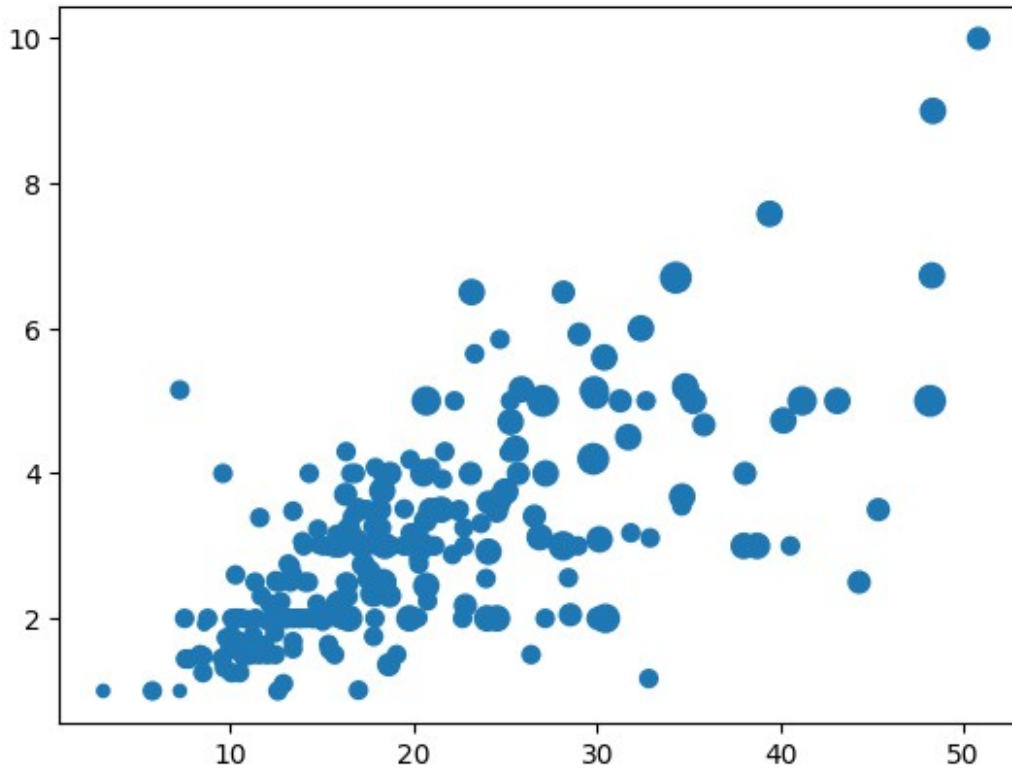
plt.title('Avg Vs Strike rate of top 50 ipl batsman')
plt.xlabel('Avg')
plt.ylabel('Strike Rate')
plt.show()
```

Size

- Size of marker based on values of third column from dataset
- 3D data

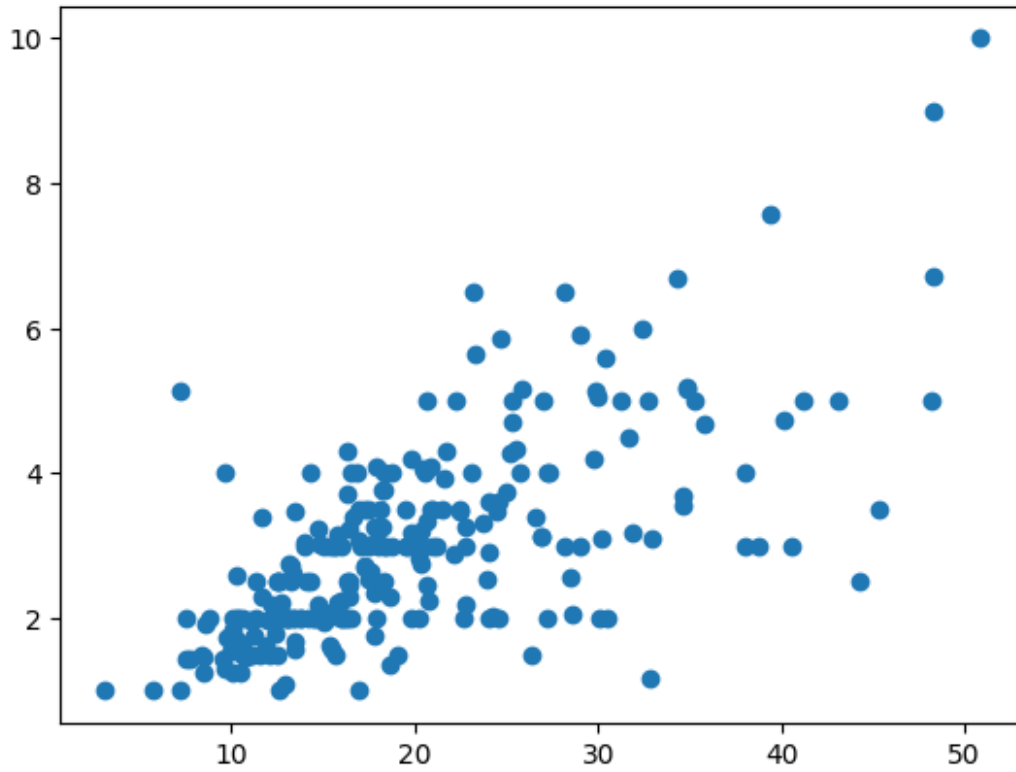
```
tips = sns.load_dataset('tips')  
plt.scatter(tips['total_bill'], tips['tip'], s=tips['size']*20)  
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1ab03bbe030>
```



Scatter plot using plt.plot

- Some limitations with customization but highly faster

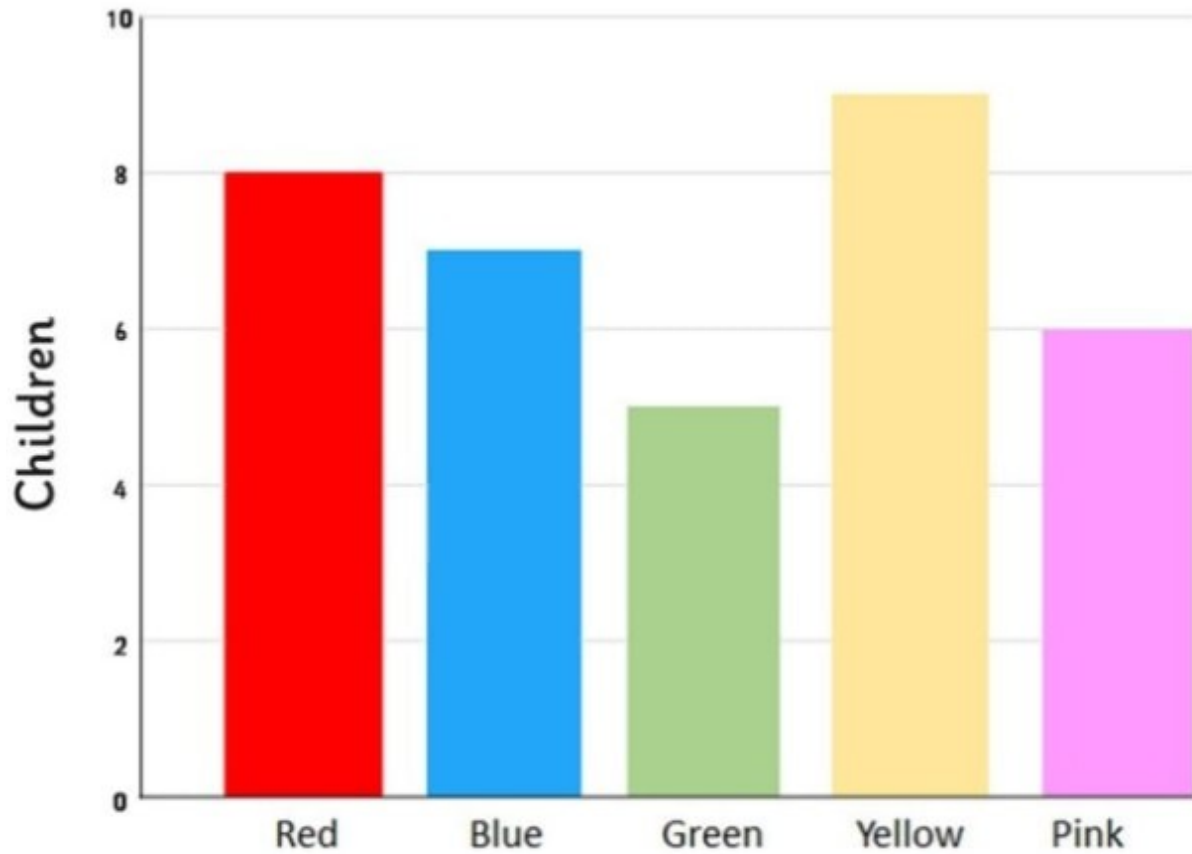
```
plt.plot(tips['total_bill'], tips['tip'], 'o')  
[<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x1ab03c49310>]
```



Bar Chart

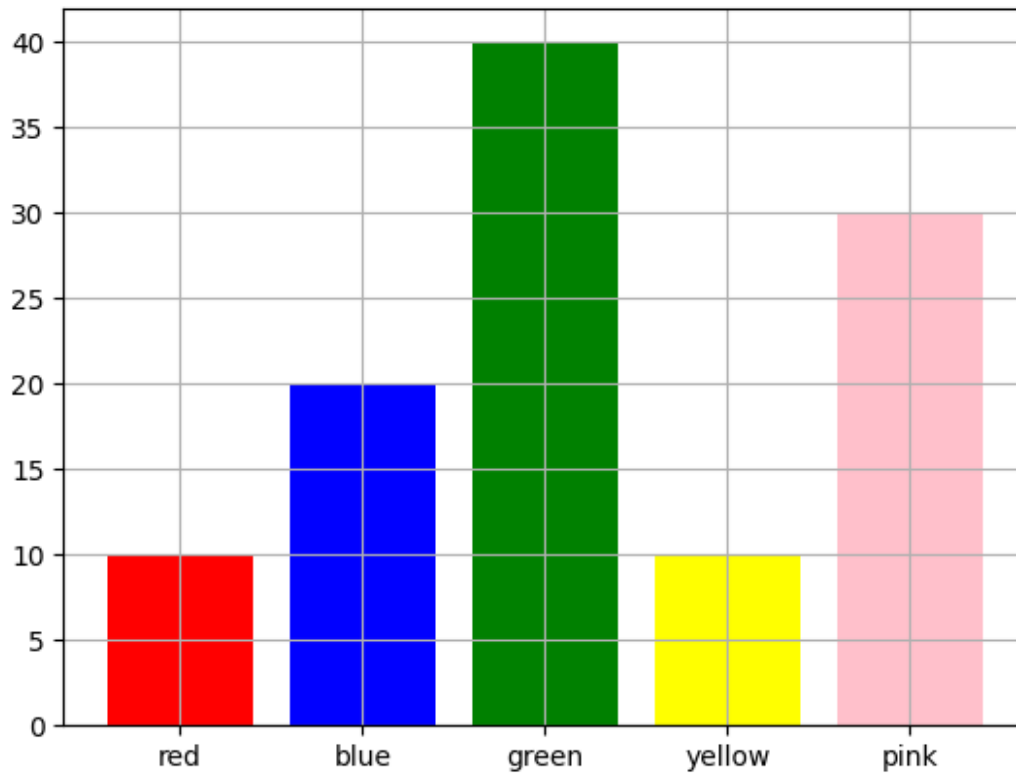
- Univariate/Bivariate Analysis
- numerical - categorical
- Use case - Aggregate analysis of groups

Favourite Colour



```
children = [10, 20, 40, 10, 30]
colors = ['red', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow', 'pink']

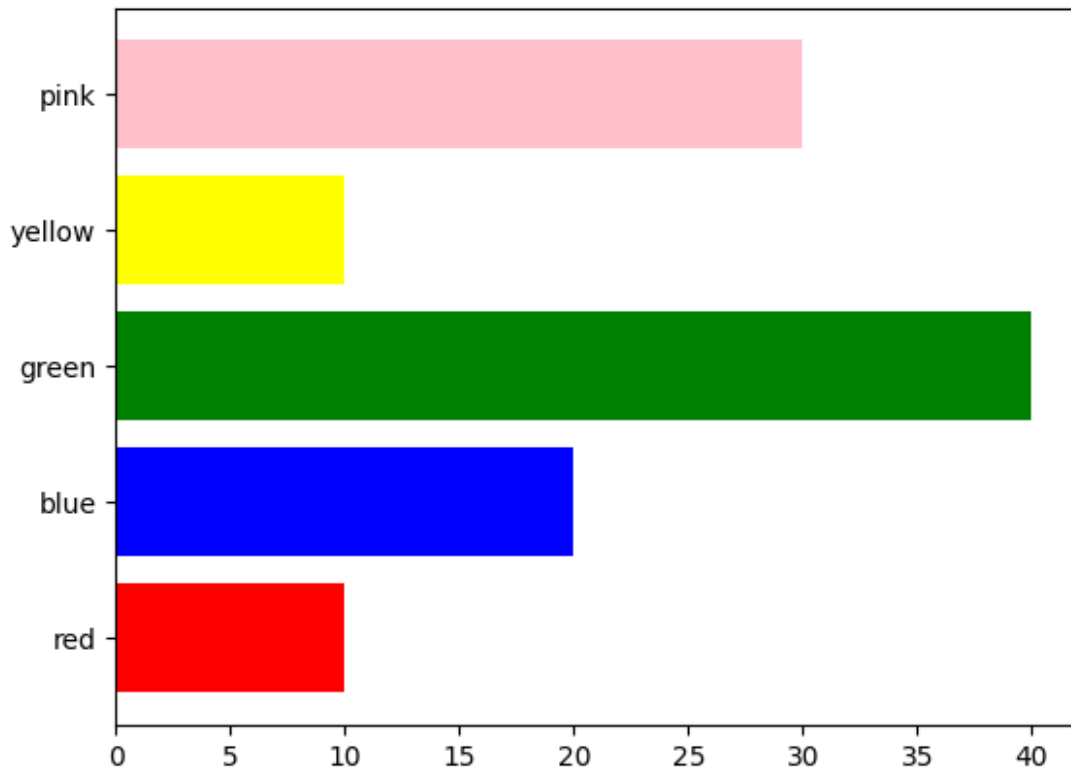
plt.bar(colors, children, color=['red', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow',
'pink'])
plt.grid()
```



Horizontal Bar Chart

```
plt.barh(colors, children, color=['red', 'blue', 'green', 'yellow',  
'pink'])
```

```
<BarContainer object of 5 artists>
```



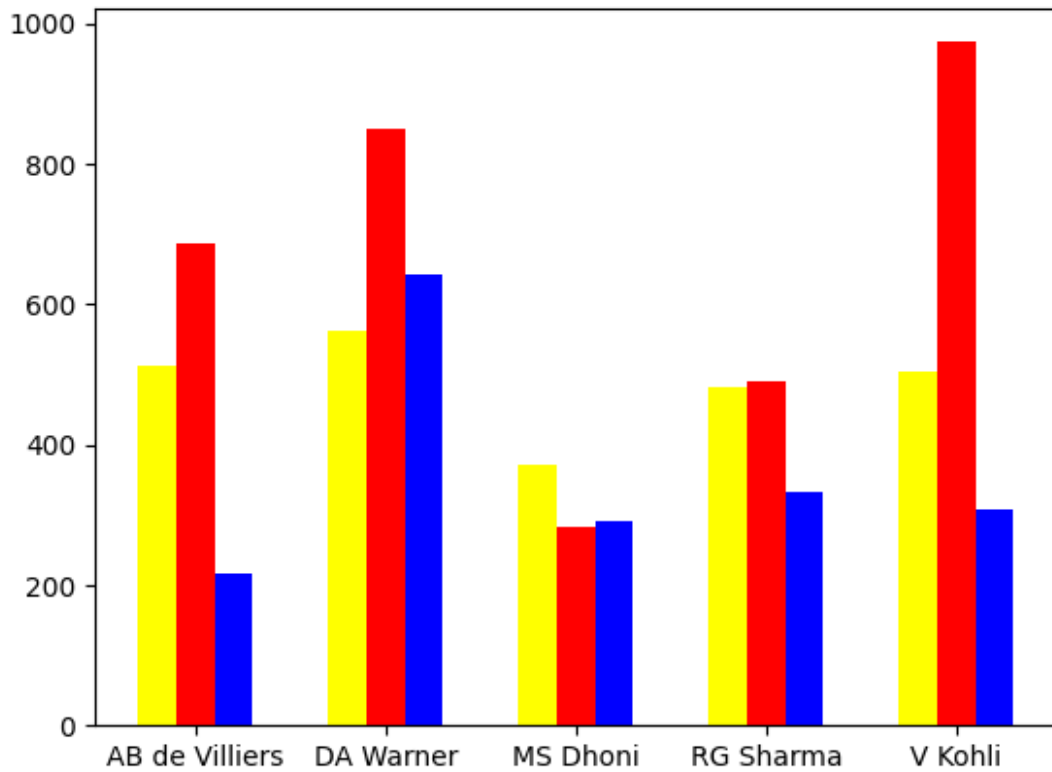
```
df = pd.read_csv('Datasets/batsman_season_record.csv')
df
```

	batsman	2015	2016	2017
0	AB de Villiers	513	687	216
1	DA Warner	562	848	641
2	MS Dhoni	372	284	290
3	RG Sharma	482	489	333
4	V Kohli	505	973	308

```
plt.bar(np.arange(df.shape[0])-0.2, df['2015'], width=0.2,
color='yellow')
plt.bar(np.arange(df.shape[0]), df['2016'], width=0.2, color='red')
plt.bar(np.arange(df.shape[0])+0.2, df['2017'], width=0.2,
color='blue')

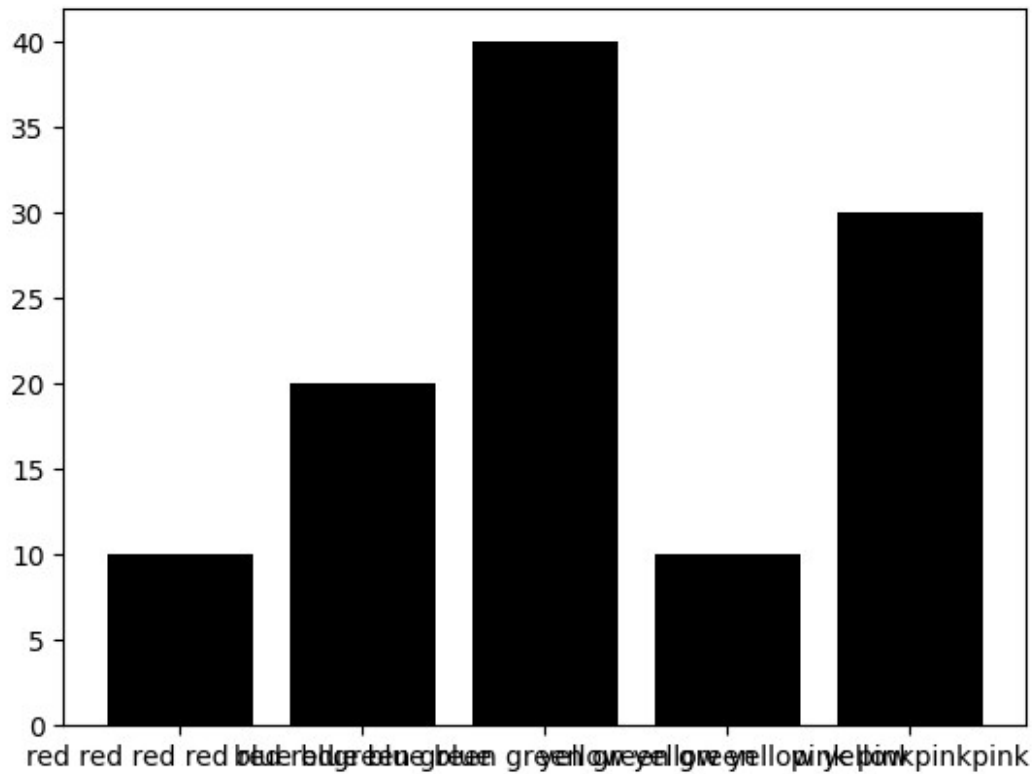
plt.xticks(np.arange(df.shape[0]), df['batsman'])

plt.show()
```



The Problem of longer category name

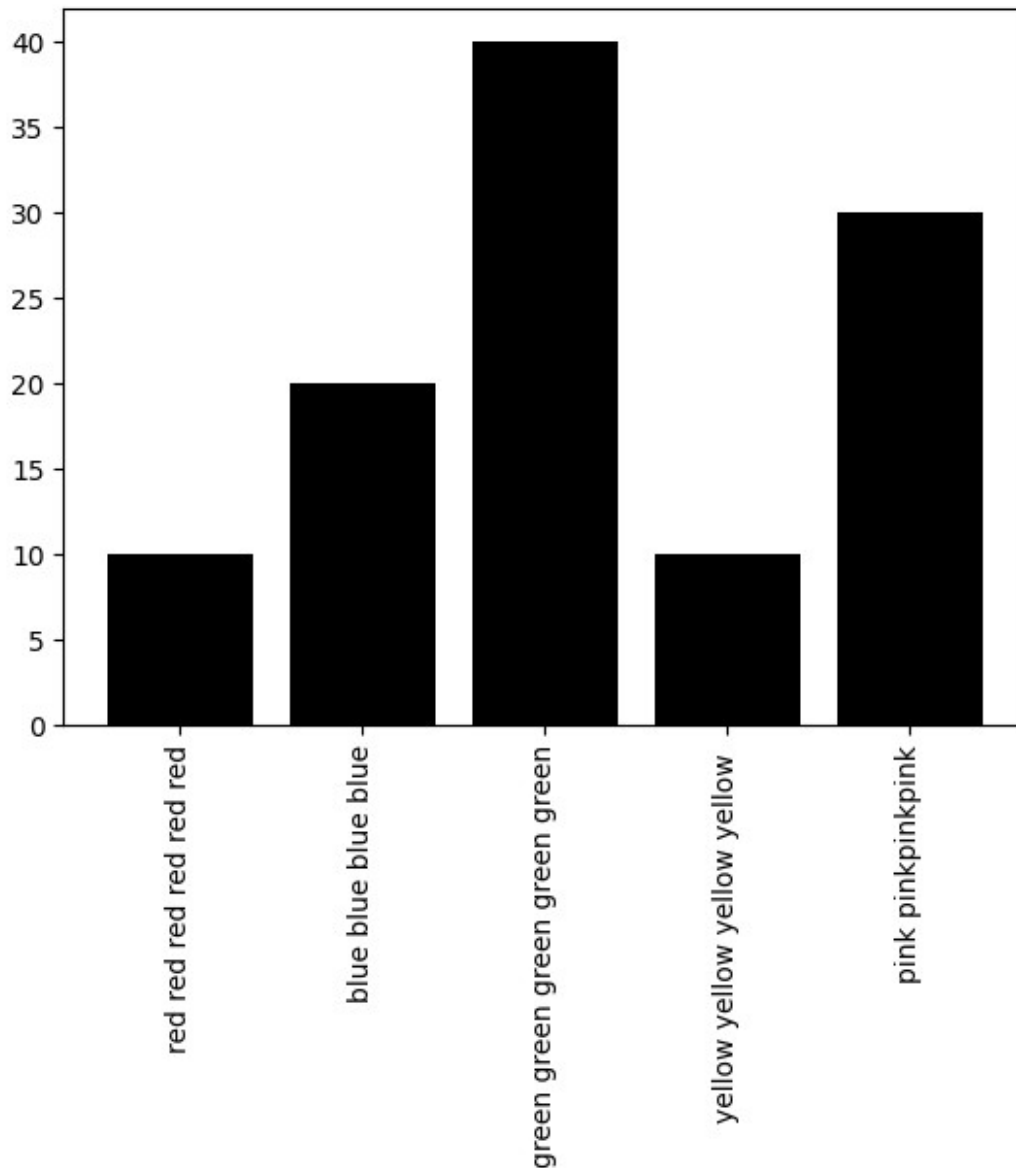
```
children = [10,20,40,10,30]
colors = ['red red red red red red', 'blue blue blue blue', 'green green green green green', 'yellow yellow yellow yellow ', 'pink pinkpinkpink']
plt.bar(colors, children, color='black')
plt.show()
```



```
children = [10,20,40,10,30]
colors = ['red red red red red red','blue blue blue blue','green green
green green green','yellow yellow yellow yellow ','pink pinkpinkpink']

plt.bar(colors,children,color='black')
plt.xticks(rotation='vertical')

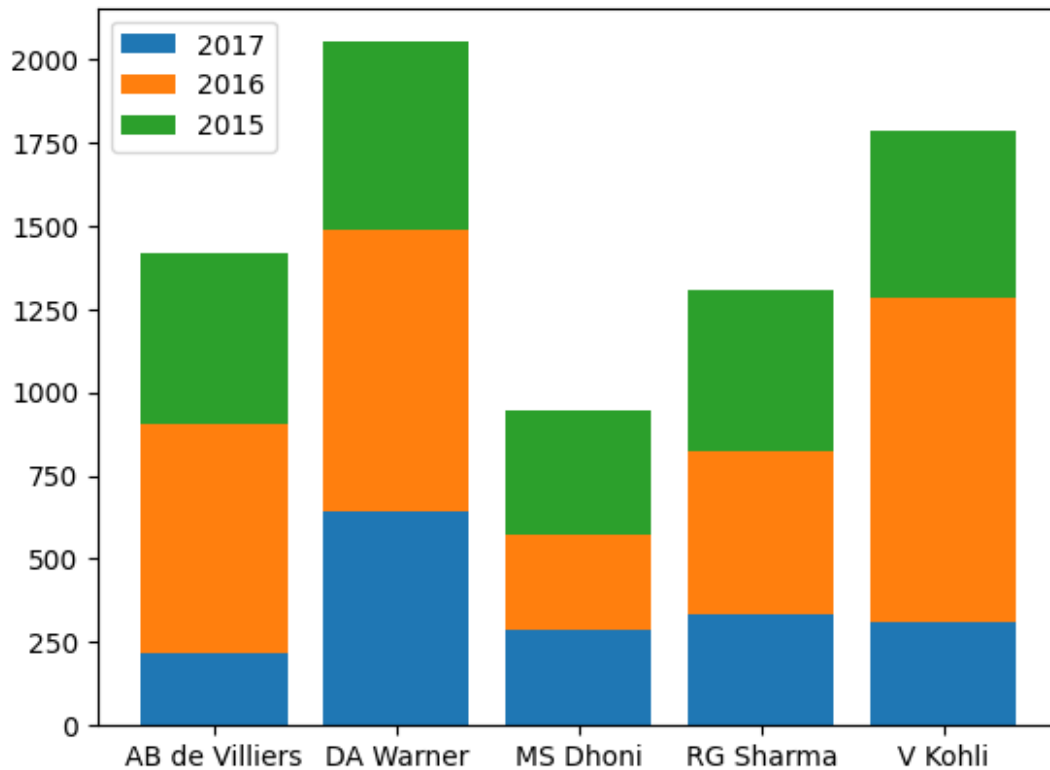
plt.show()
```

Stacked Bar Chart

```
plt.bar(df['batsman'],df['2017'],label='2017')
plt.bar(df['batsman'],df['2016'],bottom=df['2017'],label='2016')
plt.bar(df['batsman'],df['2015'],bottom=(df['2016'] +
df['2017']),label='2015')

plt.legend()
plt.show()
```

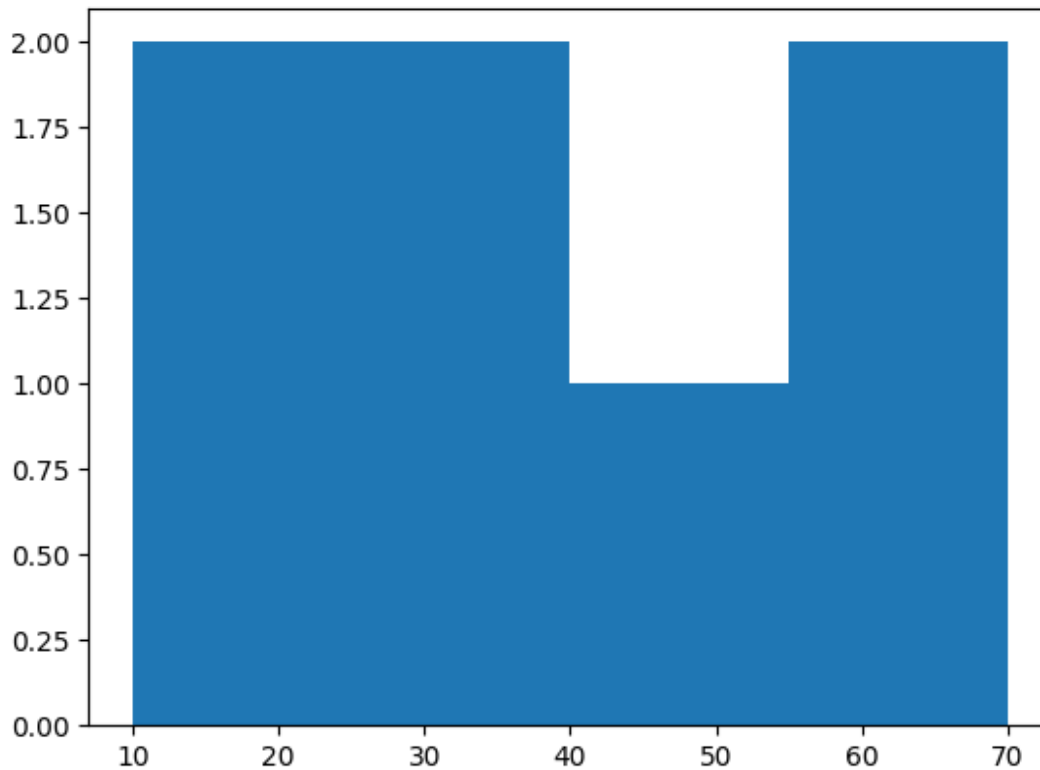


Histogram

- Univariate Analysis
- numerical col
- Use case - Frequency count

```
data = [32, 45, 56, 10, 15, 27, 61]
plt.hist(data, bins=[10, 25, 40, 55, 70])

(array([2., 2., 1., 2.]),
 array([10., 25., 40., 55., 70.]),
 <BarContainer object of 4 artists>)
```



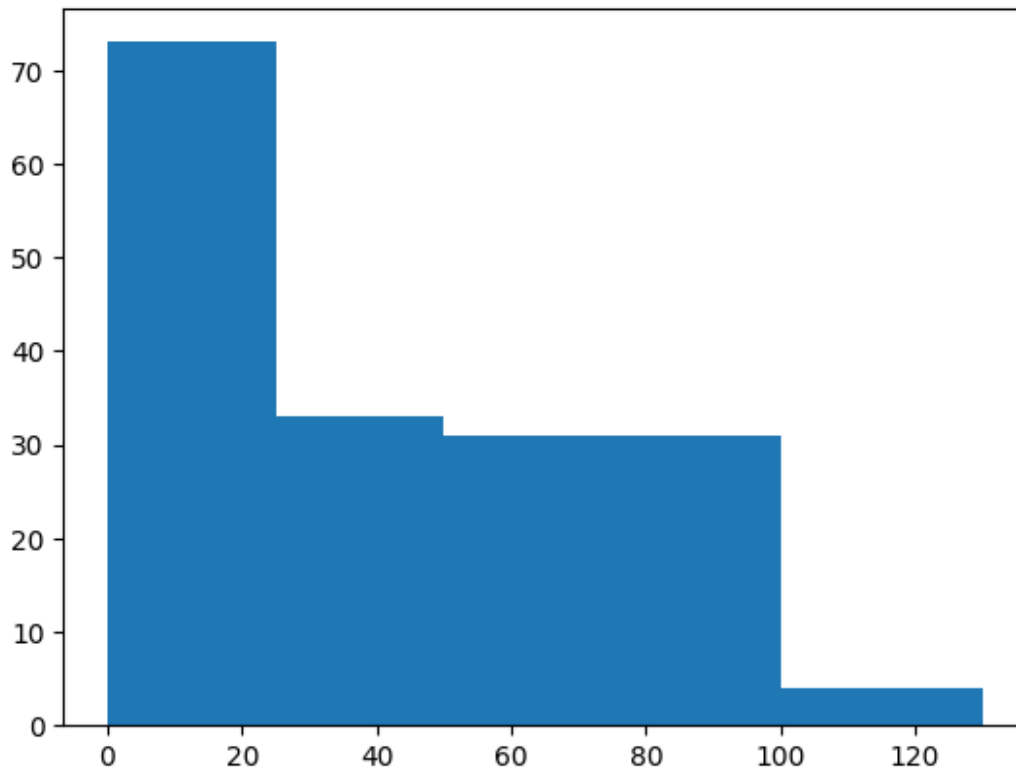
```
df = pd.read_csv('Datasets/vk.csv')
df
```

	match_id	batsman_runs
0	12	62
1	17	28
2	20	64
3	27	0
4	30	10
...
136	624	75
137	626	113
138	632	54
139	633	0
140	636	54

```
[141 rows x 2 columns]
```

```
plt.hist(df['batsman_runs'], bins=[0,25,50,100,130])
```

```
(array([73., 33., 31., 4.]),
 array([ 0., 25., 50., 100., 130.]),
 <BarContainer object of 4 artists>)
```

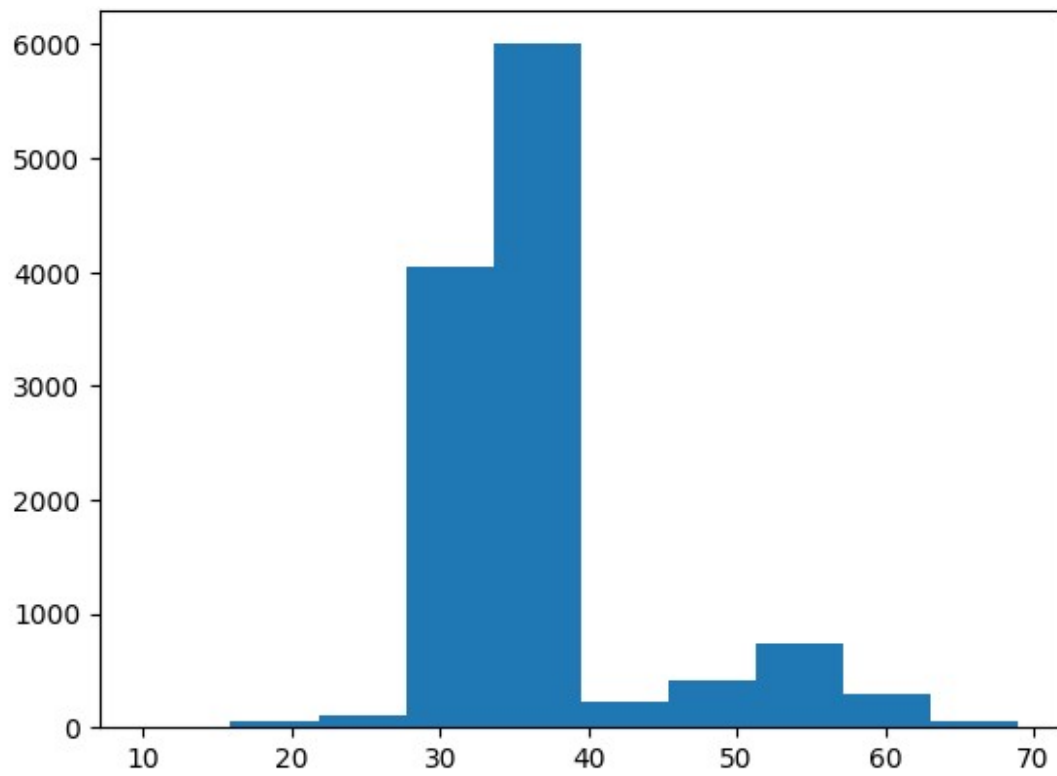


The Problem

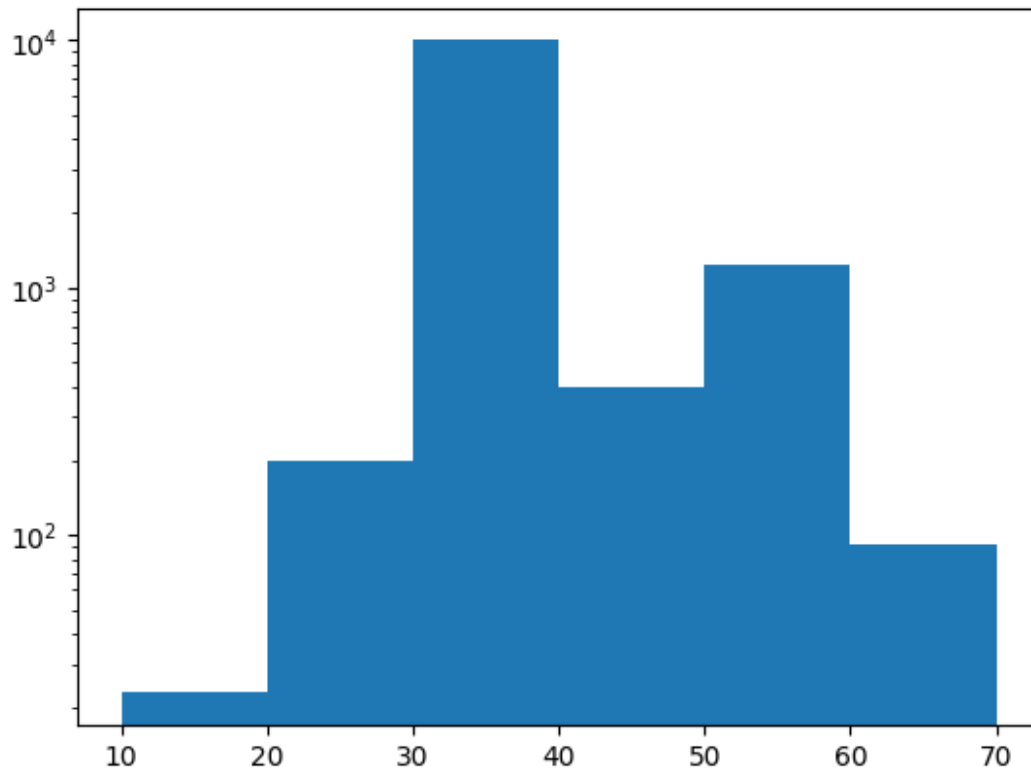
- When values in a range is too much in comparison with another range values.
- then information loss occur
- It can be solved using logarithmic function in which 0-10 is equal as 10-100 and 100-1000 and so on

```
arr = np.load('big-array.npy')
plt.hist(arr)

(array([ 12.,  60., 109., 4039., 6003., 230., 410., 744., 291.,
        51.]),
 array([10. , 15.9, 21.8, 27.7, 33.6, 39.5, 45.4, 51.3, 57.2, 63.1,
        69. ]),
 <BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```

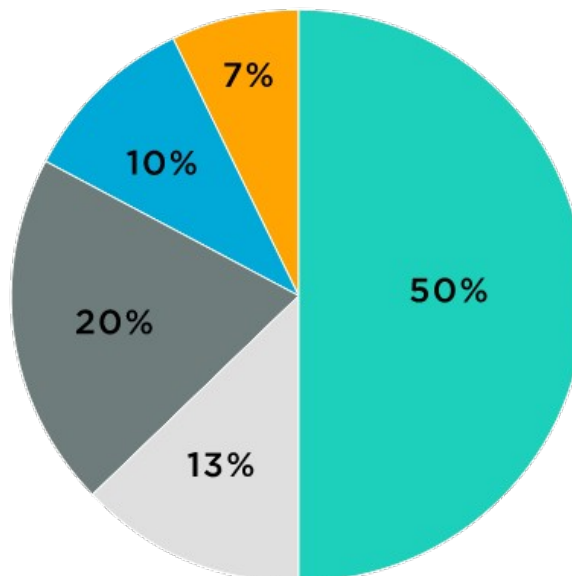


```
plt.hist(arr, bins=[10,20,30,40,50,60,70], log=True)  
plt.show()
```



Pie Chart

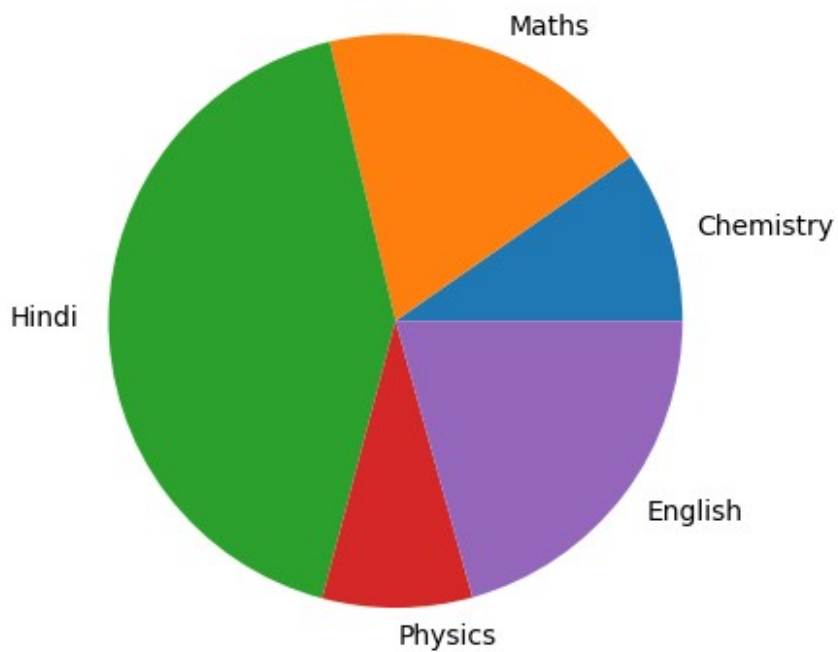
- Univariate/Bivariate Analysis
- categorical vs numerical
- Use case - to find contribution on a standard scale



```
data = [23, 45, 100, 20, 49]
subjects = ['Chemistry', 'Maths', 'Hindi', 'Physics', 'English']

plt.pie(data, labels=subjects)

plt.show()
```

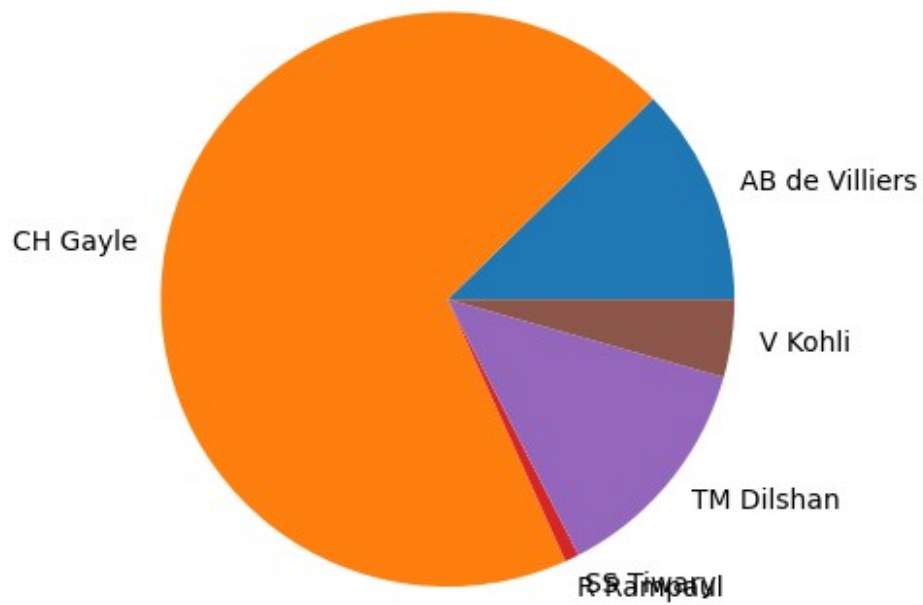


```
df = pd.read_csv('Datasets/gayle-175.csv')
df
```

	batsman	batsman_runs
0	AB de Villiers	31
1	CH Gayle	175
2	R Rampaul	0
3	SS Tiwary	2
4	TM Dilshan	33
5	V Kohli	11

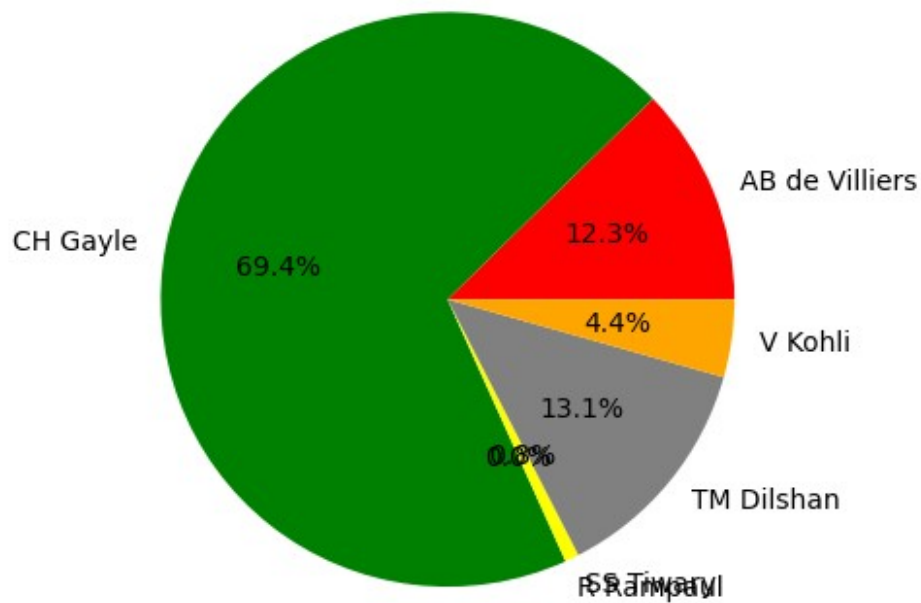
```
plt.pie(df['batsman_runs'], labels=df['batsman'])

plt.show()
```



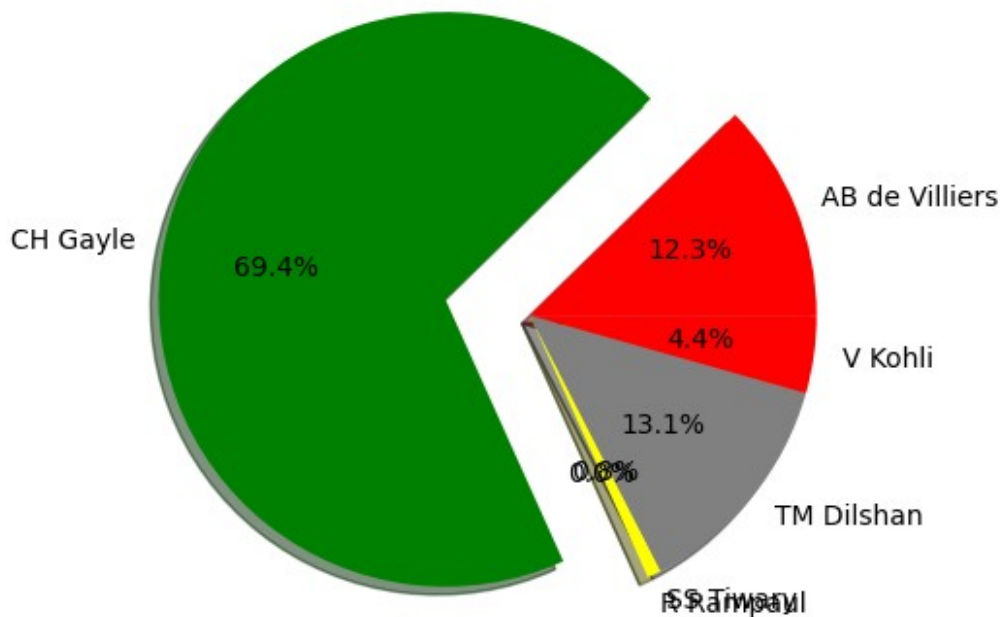
Percentage and Color

```
plt.pie(df['batsman_runs'], labels=df['batsman'], autopct='%0.1f%%',  
colors=['red', 'green', 'blue', 'yellow', 'gray', 'orange', 'white'])  
plt.show()
```

Explode and Shadow

```
plt.pie(df['batsman_runs'], labels=df['batsman'], autopct='%0.1f%%',  
        colors=['red', 'green', 'blue', 'yellow', 'gray'],  
        explode=[0,0.3,0,0,0,0], shadow=True)  
plt.show()
```



Changing Styles

```
plt.style.available
```

```
['Solarize_Light2',
 '_classic_test_patch',
 '_mpl-gallery',
 '_mpl-gallery-nogrid',
 'bmh',
 'classic',
 'dark_background',
 'fast',
 'fivethirtyeight',
 'ggplot',
 'grayscale',
 'seaborn-v0_8',
 'seaborn-v0_8-bright',
 'seaborn-v0_8-colorblind',
 'seaborn-v0_8-dark',
 'seaborn-v0_8-dark-palette',
 'seaborn-v0_8-darkgrid',
 'seaborn-v0_8-deep',
 'seaborn-v0_8-muted',
 'seaborn-v0_8-notebook',
 'seaborn-v0_8-paper',
 'seaborn-v0_8-pastel',
 'seaborn-v0_8-poster',
```

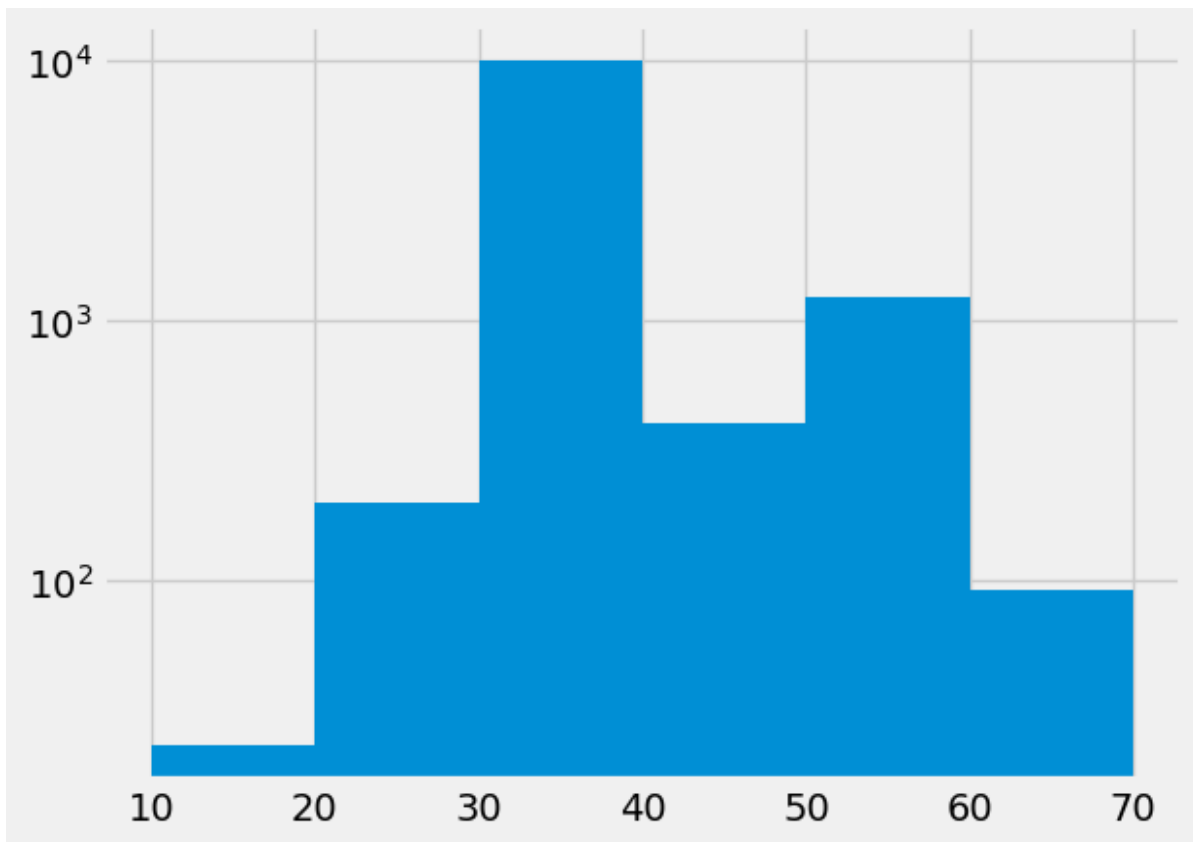
```

'seaborn-v0_8-talk',
'seaborn-v0_8-ticks',
'seaborn-v0_8-white',
'seaborn-v0_8-whitegrid',
'tableau-colorblind10']

plt.style.use('fivethirtyeight')

arr = np.load('Datasets/big-array.npy')
plt.hist(arr, bins=[10,20,30,40,50,60,70], log=True)
plt.show()

```

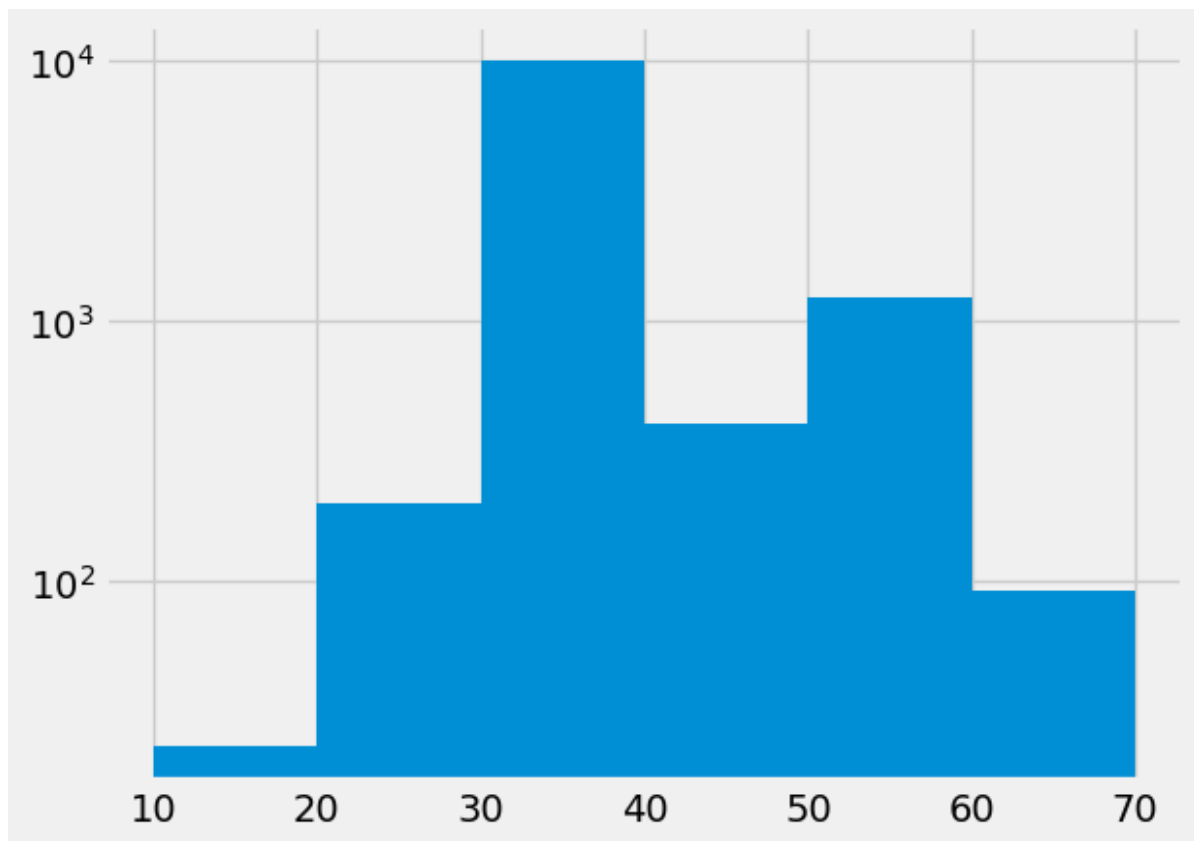


Saving Figure

```

arr = np.load('Datasets/big-array.npy')
plt.hist(arr, bins=[10,20,30,40,50,60,70], log=True)
plt.savefig('Datasets/sample.png')

```



```
plt.style.use('default')
```

Colored Scatterplots

```
iris = sns.load_dataset('iris')
iris.sample(5)
```

	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
46	5.1	3.8	1.6	0.2	setosa
125	7.2	3.2	6.0	1.8	virginica
26	5.0	3.4	1.6	0.4	setosa
6	4.6	3.4	1.4	0.3	setosa
145	6.7	3.0	5.2	2.3	virginica

```
iris['species'] = iris['species'].replace({'setosa': 0, 'versicolor':  
1, 'virginica': 2}).infer_objects(copy=False)  
iris.sample(5)
```

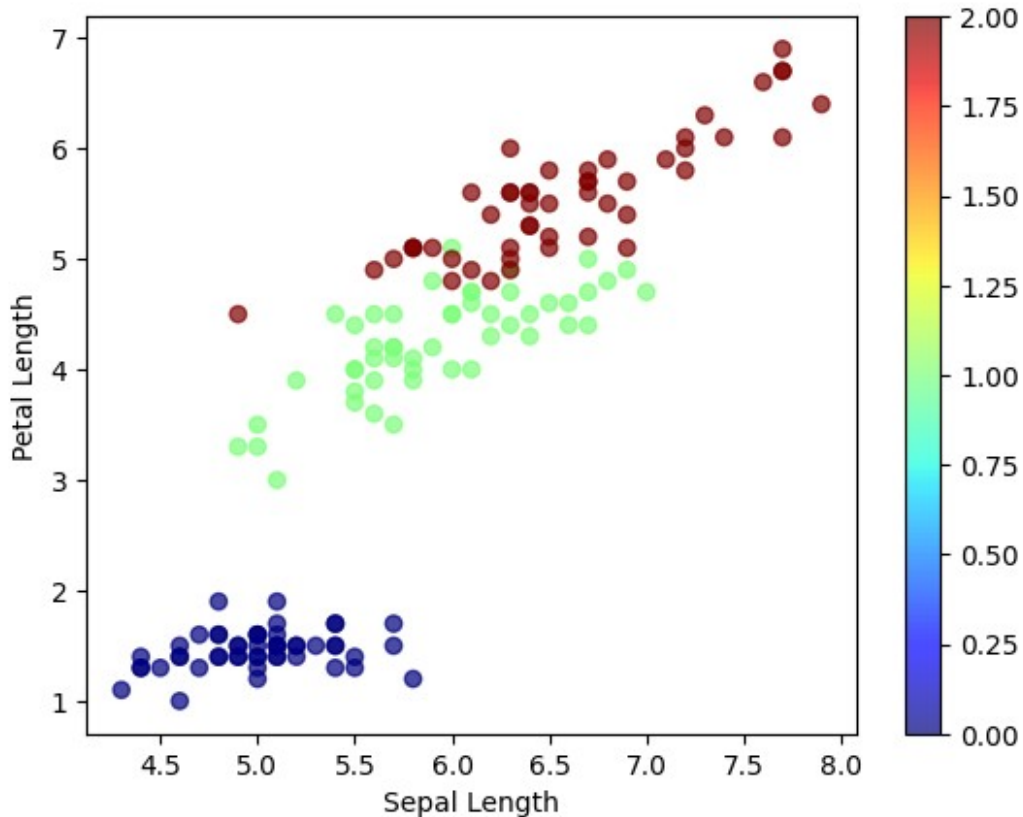
	sepal_length	sepal_width	petal_length	petal_width	species
103	6.3	2.9	5.6	1.8	2
24	4.8	3.4	1.9	0.2	0
141	6.9	3.1	5.1	2.3	2
135	7.7	3.0	6.1	2.3	2
146	6.3	2.5	5.0	1.9	2

```
plt.scatter(iris['sepal_length'], iris['petal_length'],  
c=iris['species'], cmap='jet', alpha=0.7)
```

```
plt.xlabel('Sepal Length')  
plt.ylabel('Petal Length')
```

```
plt.colorbar()
```

```
<matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0xlab05906660>
```



Plot Size

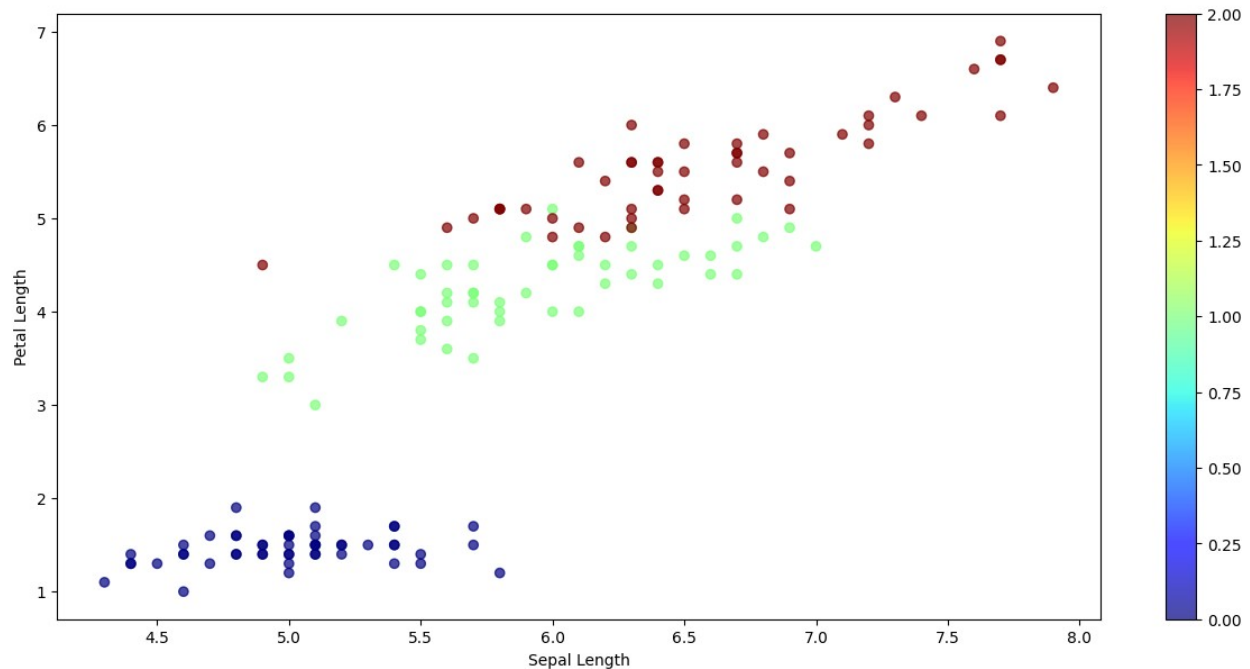
```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,7))
```

```
plt.scatter(iris['sepal_length'], iris['petal_length'],  
c=iris['species'], cmap='jet', alpha=0.7)
```

```
plt.xlabel('Sepal Length')  
plt.ylabel('Petal Length')
```

```
plt.colorbar()
```

```
<matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0xlab05764ef0>
```



Annotations

- Labeling plotted data points

```
batters = pd.read_csv('Datasets/batter.csv')
batters.head()
```

	batter	runs	avg	strike_rate
0	V Kohli	6634	36.251366	125.977972
1	S Dhawan	6244	34.882682	122.840842
2	DA Warner	5883	41.429577	136.401577
3	RG Sharma	5881	30.314433	126.964594
4	SK Raina	5536	32.374269	132.535312

```
batters.shape
```

```
(605, 4)
```

```
sample_df = batters.head(100).sample(25, random_state=5)
```

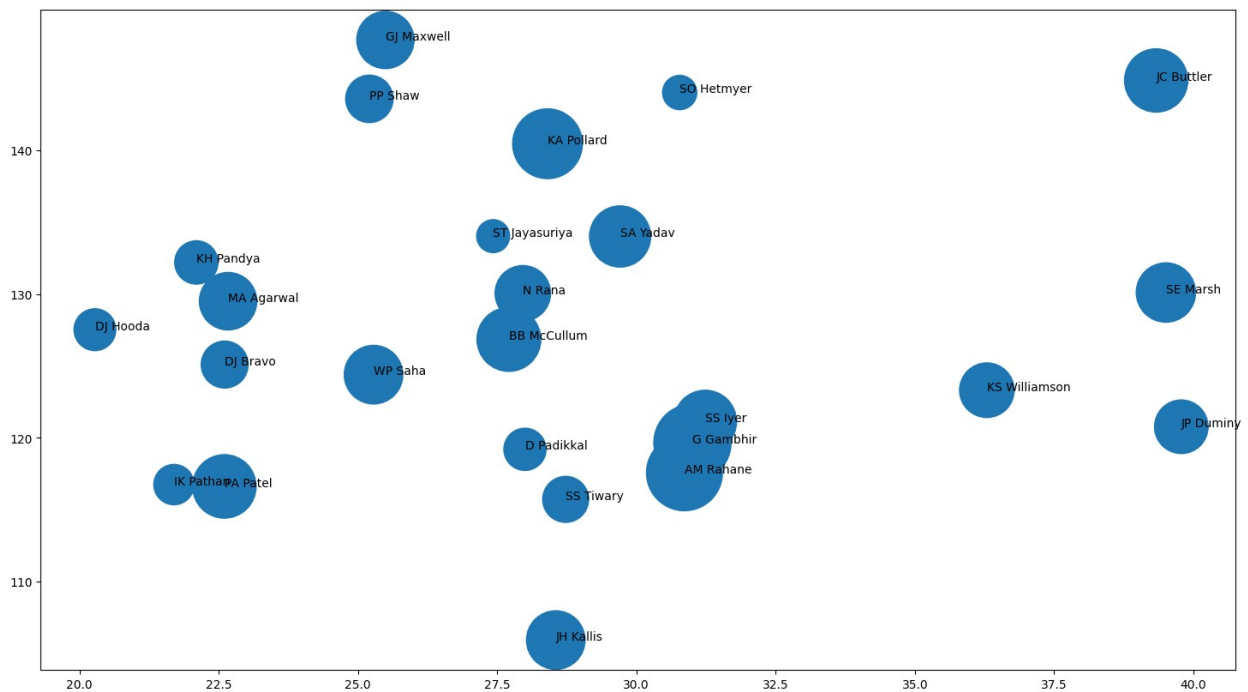
```
sample_df
```

	batter	runs	avg	strike_rate
66	KH Pandya	1326	22.100000	132.203390
32	SE Marsh	2489	39.507937	130.109775
46	JP Duminy	2029	39.784314	120.773810
28	SA Yadav	2644	29.707865	134.009123
74	IK Pathan	1150	21.698113	116.751269
23	JC Buttler	2832	39.333333	144.859335
10	G Gambhir	4217	31.007353	119.665153
20	BB McCullum	2882	27.711538	126.848592

17	KA Pollard	3437	28.404959	140.457703
35	WP Saha	2427	25.281250	124.397745
97	ST Jayasuriya	768	27.428571	134.031414
37	MA Agarwal	2335	22.669903	129.506378
70	DJ Hooda	1237	20.278689	127.525773
40	N Rana	2181	27.961538	130.053667
60	SS Tiwary	1494	28.730769	115.724245
34	JH Kallis	2427	28.552941	105.936272
42	KS Williamson	2105	36.293103	123.315759
57	DJ Bravo	1560	22.608696	125.100241
12	AM Rahane	4074	30.863636	117.575758
69	D Padikkal	1260	28.000000	119.205298
94	SO Hetmyer	831	30.777778	144.020797
56	PP Shaw	1588	25.206349	143.580470
22	PA Patel	2848	22.603175	116.625717
39	GJ Maxwell	2320	25.494505	147.676639
24	SS Iyer	2780	31.235955	121.132898

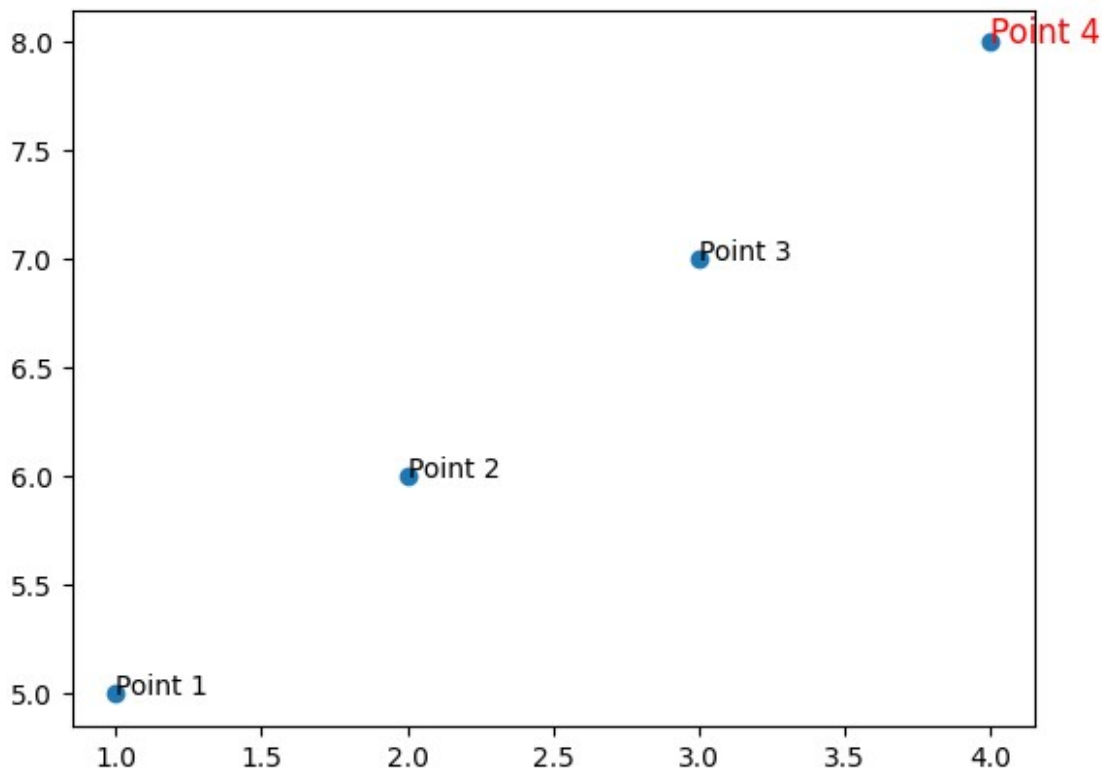
```
plt.figure(figsize=(18,10))
plt.scatter(sample_df['avg'], sample_df['strike_rate'],
s=sample_df['runs'])

for i in range(sample_df.shape[0]):
    plt.text(sample_df['avg'].values[i],
sample_df['strike_rate'].values[i], sample_df['batter'].values[i])
```



```
x = [1,2,3,4]
y = [5,6,7,8]
```

```
plt.scatter(x,y)
plt.text(1,5,'Point 1')
plt.text(2,6,'Point 2')
plt.text(3,7,'Point 3')
plt.text(4,8,'Point 4', fontdict={'size':12, 'color':'red'})
Text(4, 8, 'Point 4')
```

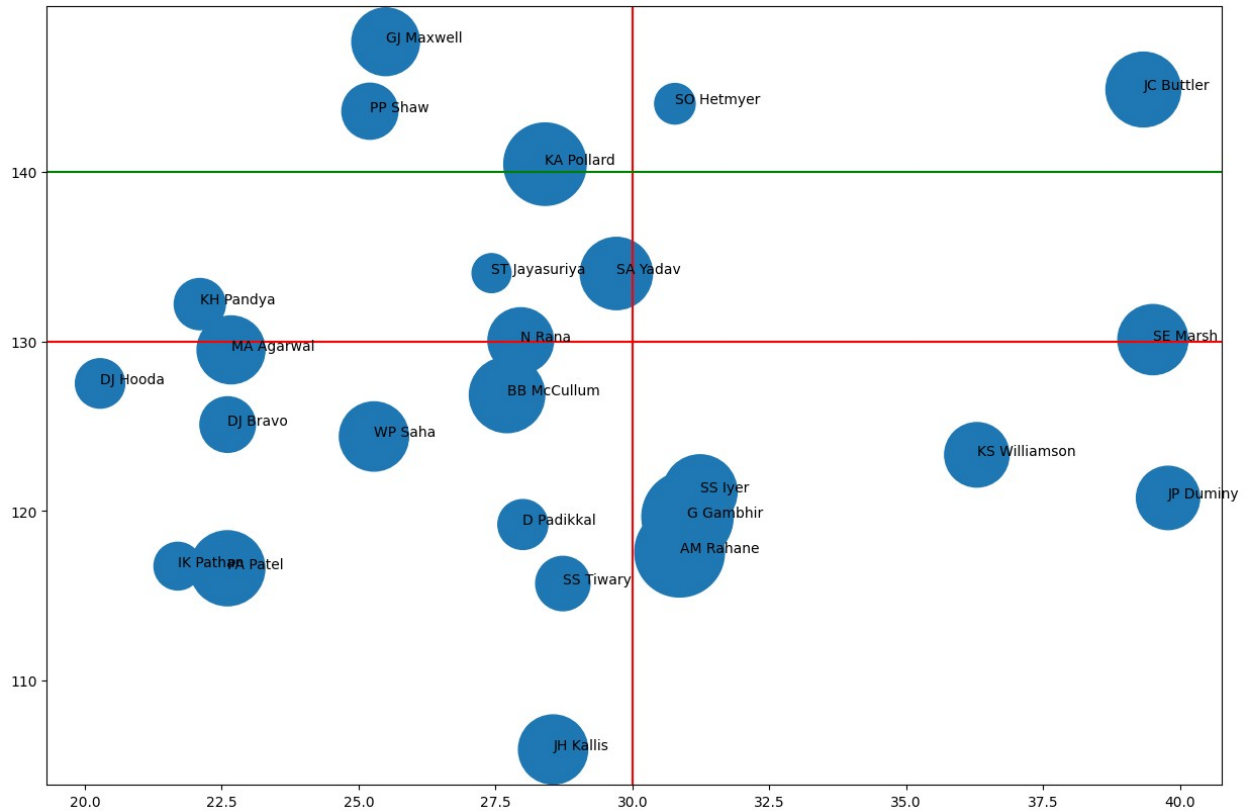


Horizontal and Vertical Lines

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
plt.scatter(sample_df['avg'], sample_df['strike_rate'],
s=sample_df['runs'])

plt.axhline(130, color='red')
plt.axvline(30, color='red')
plt.axhline(140, color='green')

for i in range(sample_df.shape[0]):
plt.text(sample_df['avg'].values[i],sample_df['strike_rate'].values[i]
,sample_df['batter'].values[i])
```

Subplots

- Used to plot multiple plots side by side.

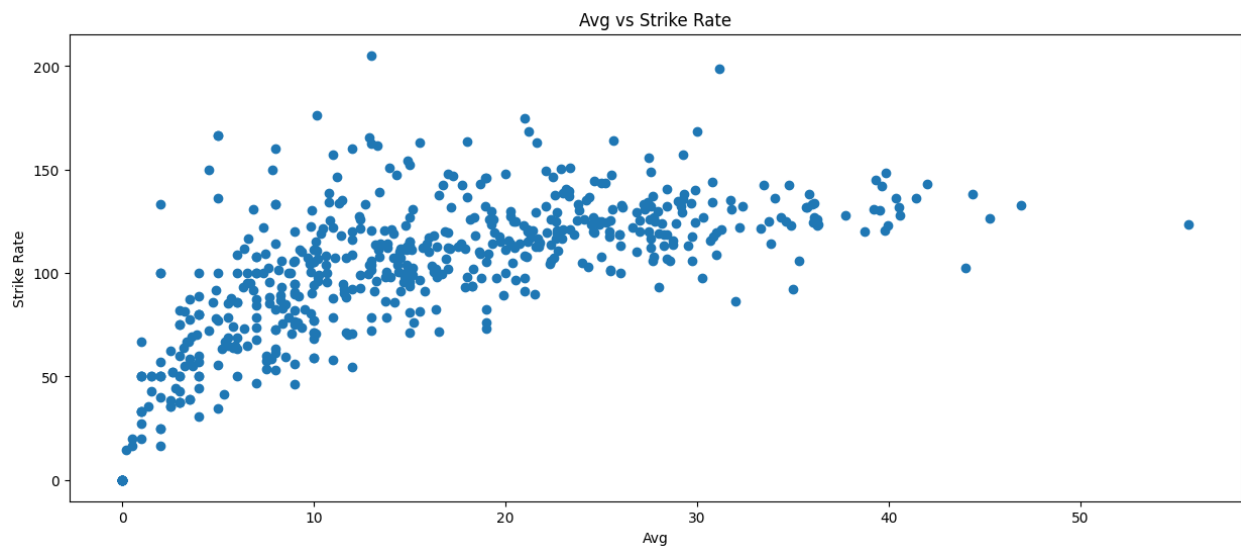
batters

	batter	runs	avg	strike_rate
0	V Kohli	6634	36.251366	125.977972
1	S Dhawan	6244	34.882682	122.840842
2	DA Warner	5883	41.429577	136.401577
3	RG Sharma	5881	30.314433	126.964594
4	SK Raina	5536	32.374269	132.535312
...
600	C Nanda	0	0.000000	0.000000
601	Akash Deep	0	0.000000	0.000000
602	S Ladda	0	0.000000	0.000000
603	V Pratap Singh	0	0.000000	0.000000
604	S Lamichhane	0	0.000000	0.000000

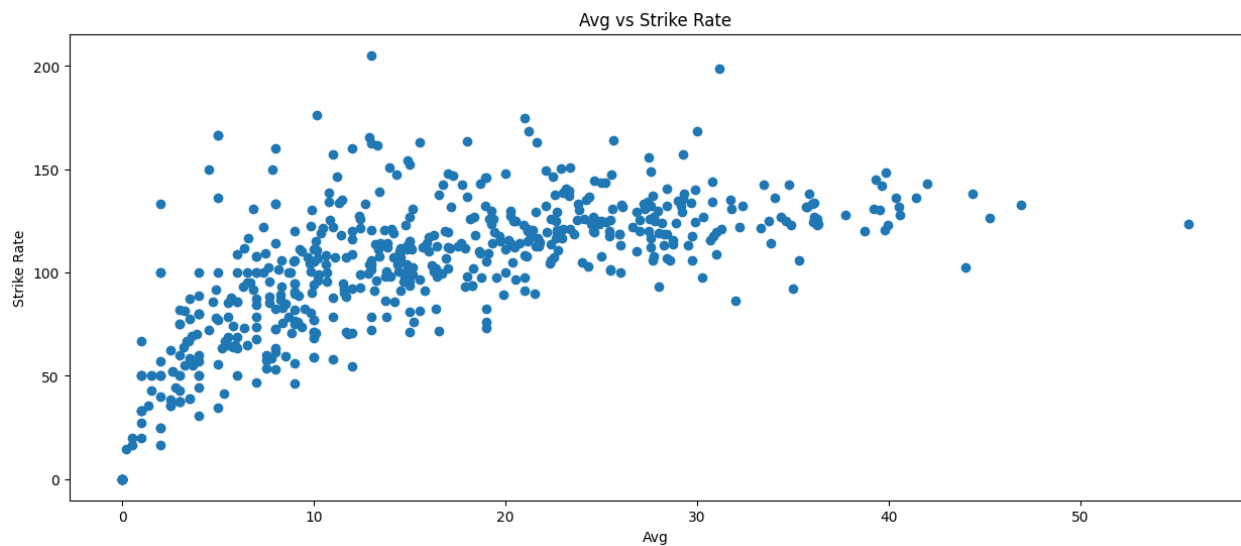
[605 rows x 4 columns]

```
plt.figure(figsize=(15,6))
plt.scatter(batters['avg'], batters['strike_rate'])
plt.title('Avg vs Strike Rate')
plt.xlabel('Avg')
plt.ylabel('Strike Rate')
```

```
plt.show()
```



```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(figsize=(15,6))  
  
ax.scatter(batters['avg'], batters['strike_rate'])  
ax.set_title('Avg vs Strike Rate')  
ax.set_xlabel('Avg')  
ax.set_ylabel('Strike Rate')  
  
Text(0, 0.5, 'Strike Rate')
```



```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=1, figsize=(10,6), sharex=True)
```

```

ax[0].scatter(batters['avg'], batters['strike_rate'])
ax[1].scatter(batters['avg'], batters['runs'])

ax[0].set_title('Avg vs Strike Rate')
ax[0].set_ylabel('Strike Rate')

ax[1].set_title('Avg vs Runs')
ax[1].set_ylabel('Runs')
ax[1].set_xlabel('Avg')

Text(0.5, 0, 'Avg')

```



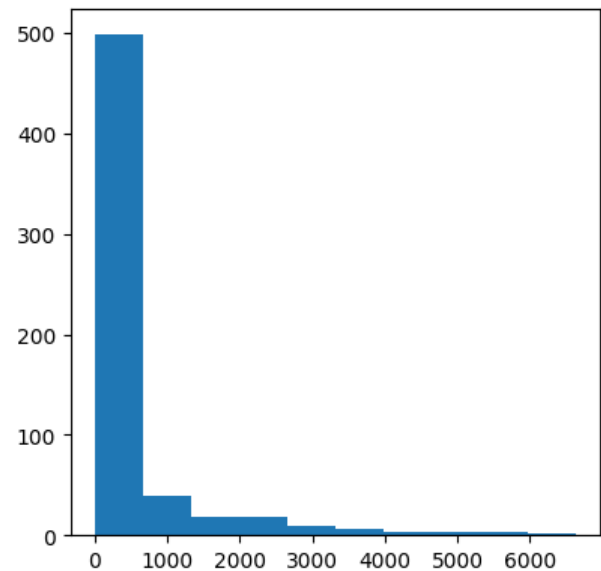
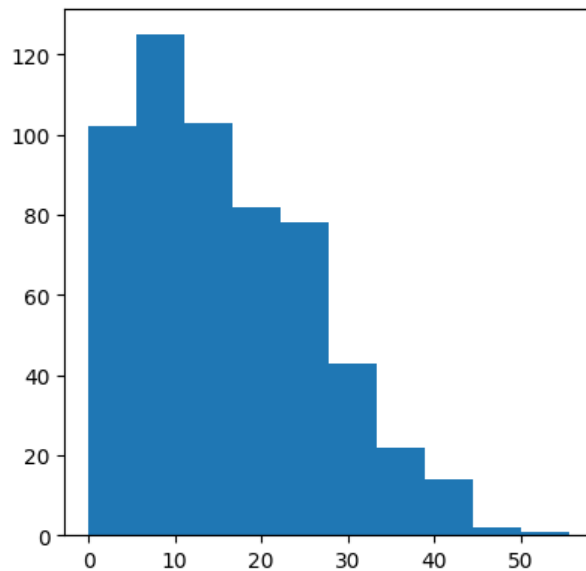
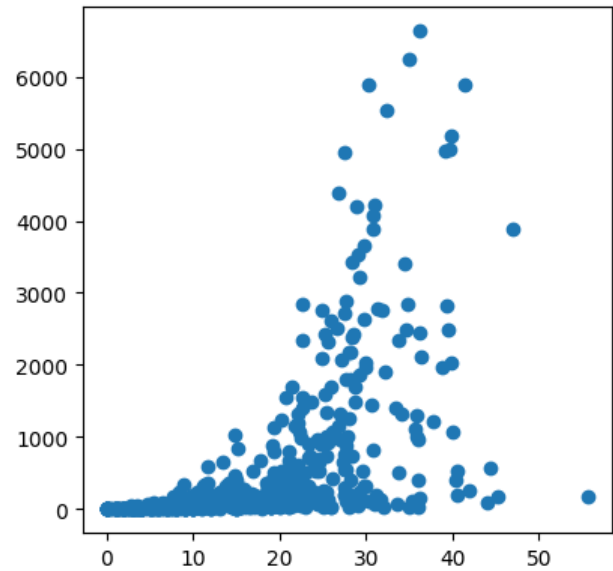
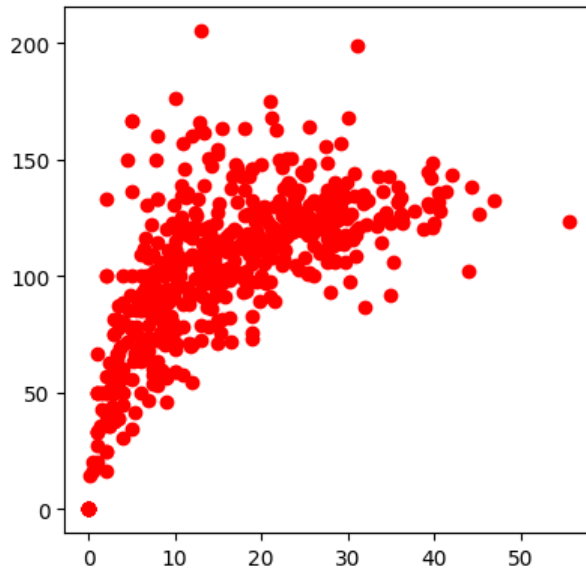
```

fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2, figsize=(10,10))

ax[0,0].scatter(batters['avg'],batters['strike_rate'],color='red')
ax[0,1].scatter(batters['avg'],batters['runs'])
ax[1,0].hist(batters['avg'])
ax[1,1].hist(batters['runs'])

(array([499., 40., 19., 19., 9., 6., 4., 4., 3., 2.]),
 array([ 0. , 663.4, 1326.8, 1990.2, 2653.6, 3317. , 3980.4,
4643.8,
5307.2, 5970.6, 6634. ]),
<BarContainer object of 10 artists>)

```



```
fig = plt.figure()

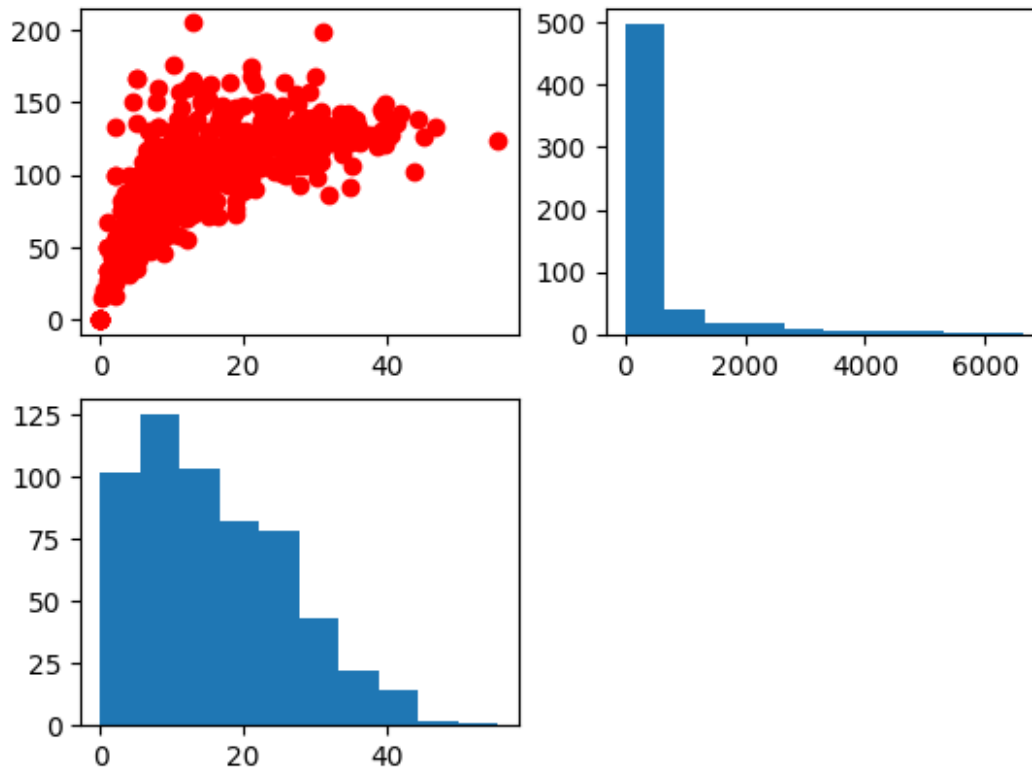
ax1 = fig.add_subplot(2,2,1)
ax1.scatter(batters['avg'], batters['strike_rate'], color='red')

ax2 = fig.add_subplot(2,2,2)
ax2.hist(batters['runs'])

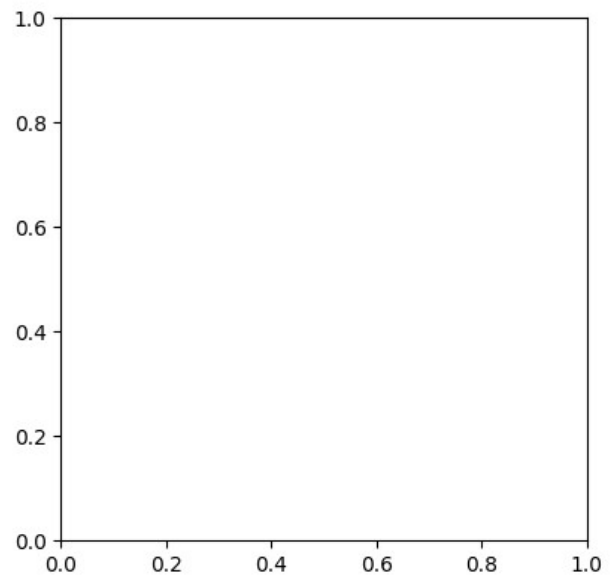
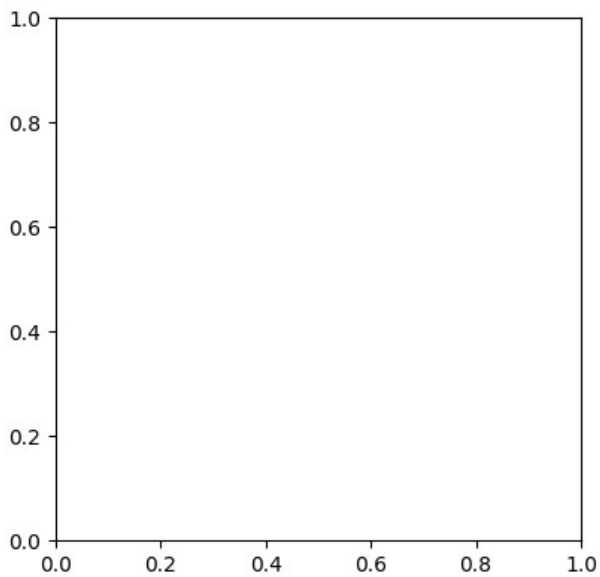
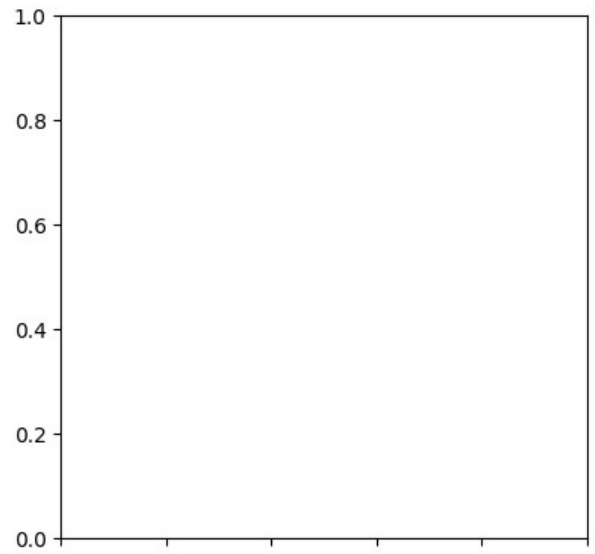
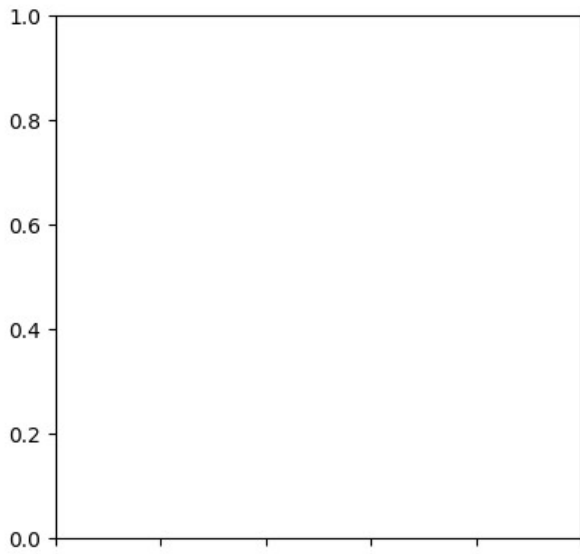
ax3 = fig.add_subplot(2,2,3)
ax3.hist(batters['avg'])

(array([102., 125., 103., 82., 78., 43., 22., 14., 2., 1.]),
 array([ 0.          ,  5.56666667, 11.13333333, 16.7          ,
```

```
22.26666667,  
    27.83333333, 33.4      , 38.96666667, 44.53333333, 50.1  
,  
    55.66666667]),  
<BarContainer object of 10 artists>)
```



```
fig, ax = plt.subplots(nrows=2, ncols=2, sharex=True, figsize=(10,  
10))  
ax[1,1]  
<Axes: >
```

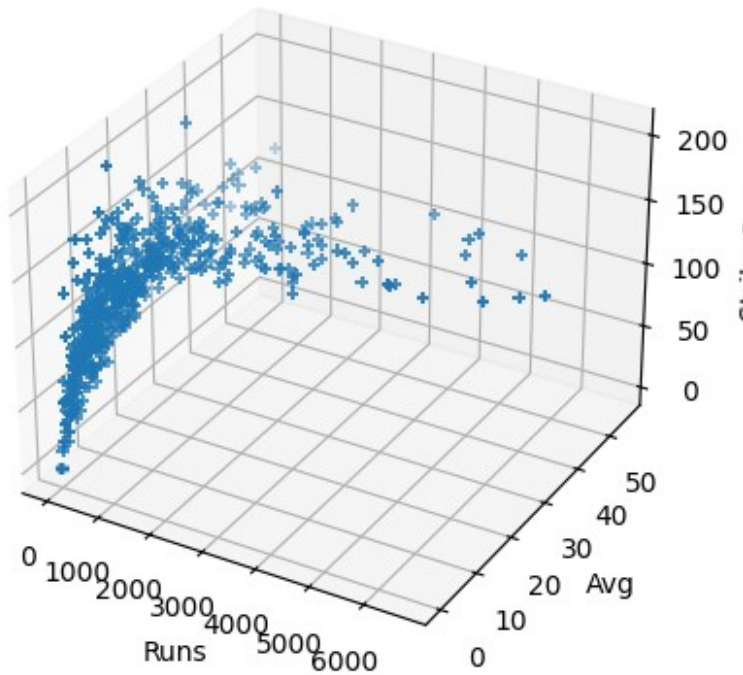


3D Scatter Plots

```
fig = plt.figure()
ax = plt.subplot(projection='3d')
ax.scatter3D(batters['runs'], batters['avg'], batters['strike_rate'],
marker='+')
ax.set_title('IPL batsman analysis')
ax.set_xlabel('Runs')
ax.set_ylabel('Avg')
ax.set_zlabel('Strike Rate')
```

```
Text(0.5, 0, 'Strike Rate')
```

IPL batsman analysis



3D Line Plot

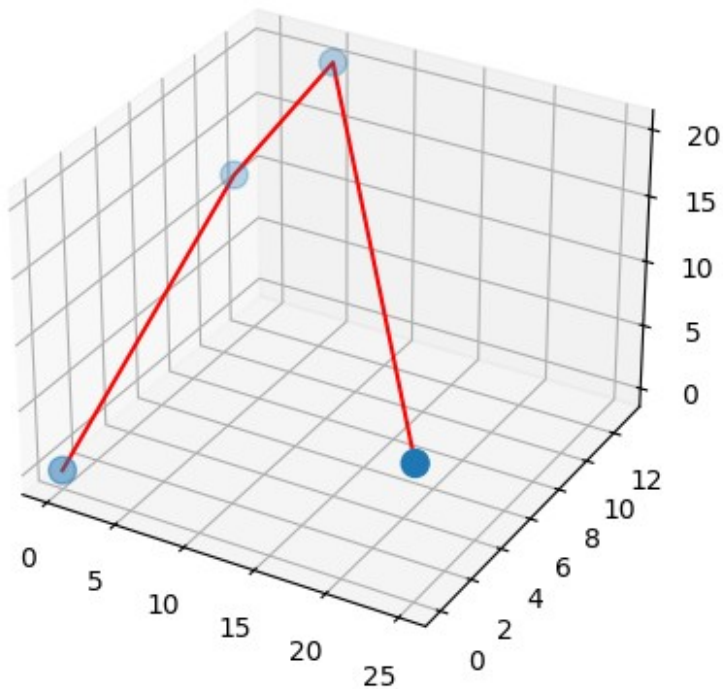
```
x = [0,1,5,25]
y = [0,10,13,0]
z = [0,13,20,9]

fig = plt.figure()

ax = plt.subplot(projection='3d')

ax.scatter3D(x, y, z, s=[100,100,100,100])
ax.plot3D(x,y,z,color='red')

[<mpl_toolkits.mplot3d.art3d.Line3D at 0x1ab059a3290>]
```



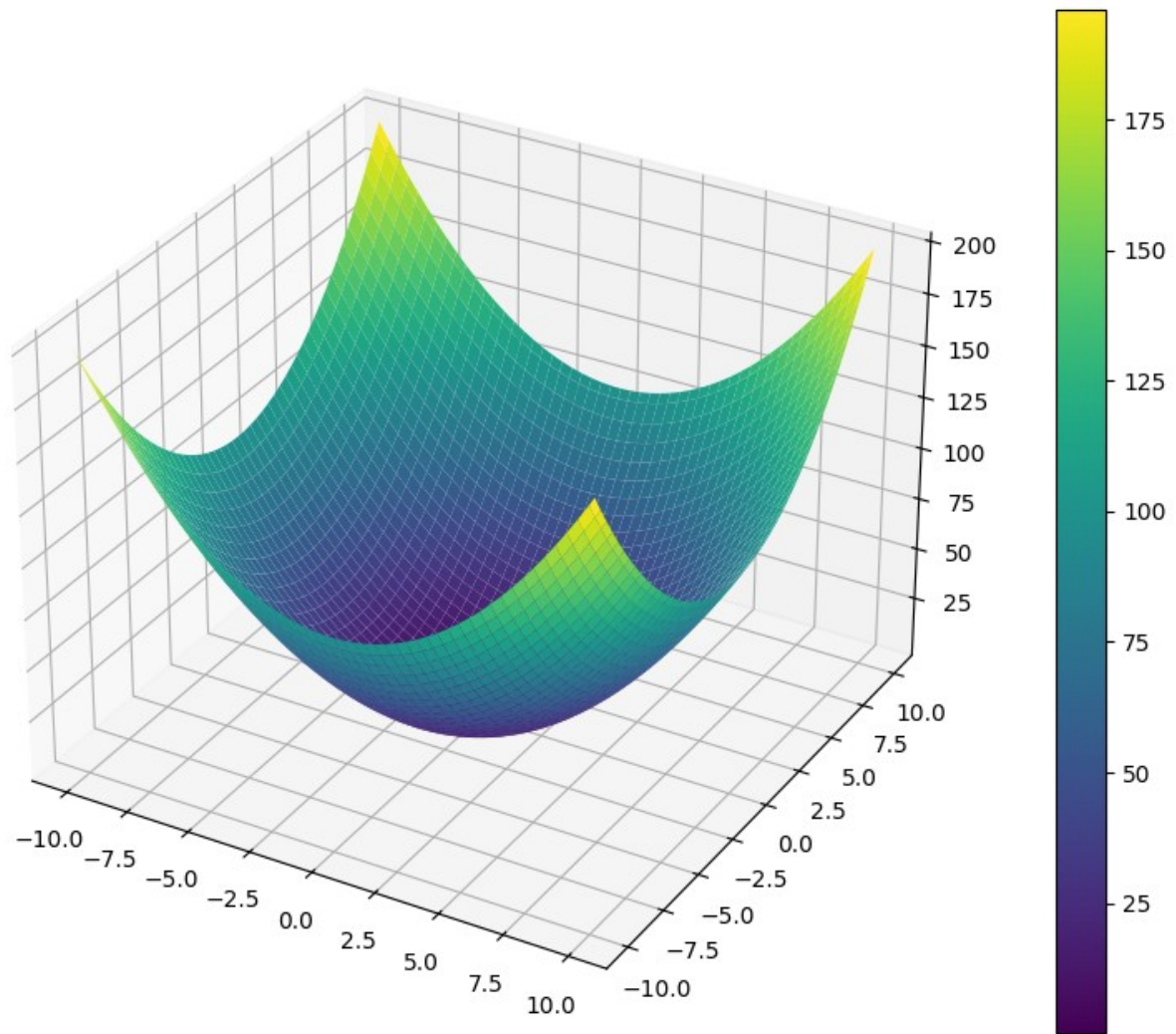
3D Surface Plots

```
x = np.linspace(-10, 10, 100)
y = np.linspace(-10, 10, 100)
xx, yy = np.meshgrid(x, y)

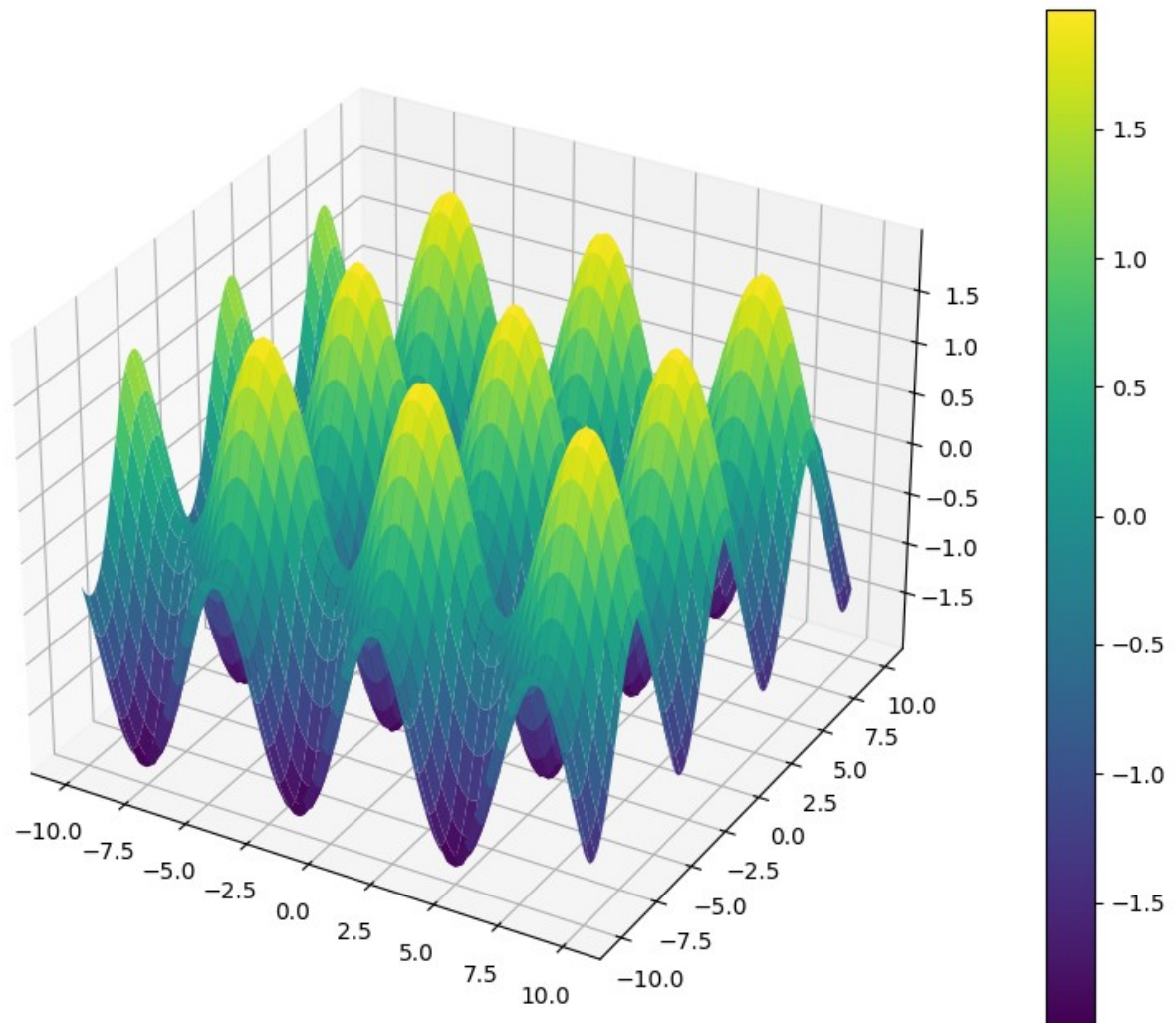
z = xx**2 + yy**2
z.shape

(100, 100)

fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
ax = plt.subplot(projection='3d')
p = ax.plot_surface(xx, yy, z, cmap='viridis')
fig.colorbar(p)
<matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0x1ab055c0cb0>
```

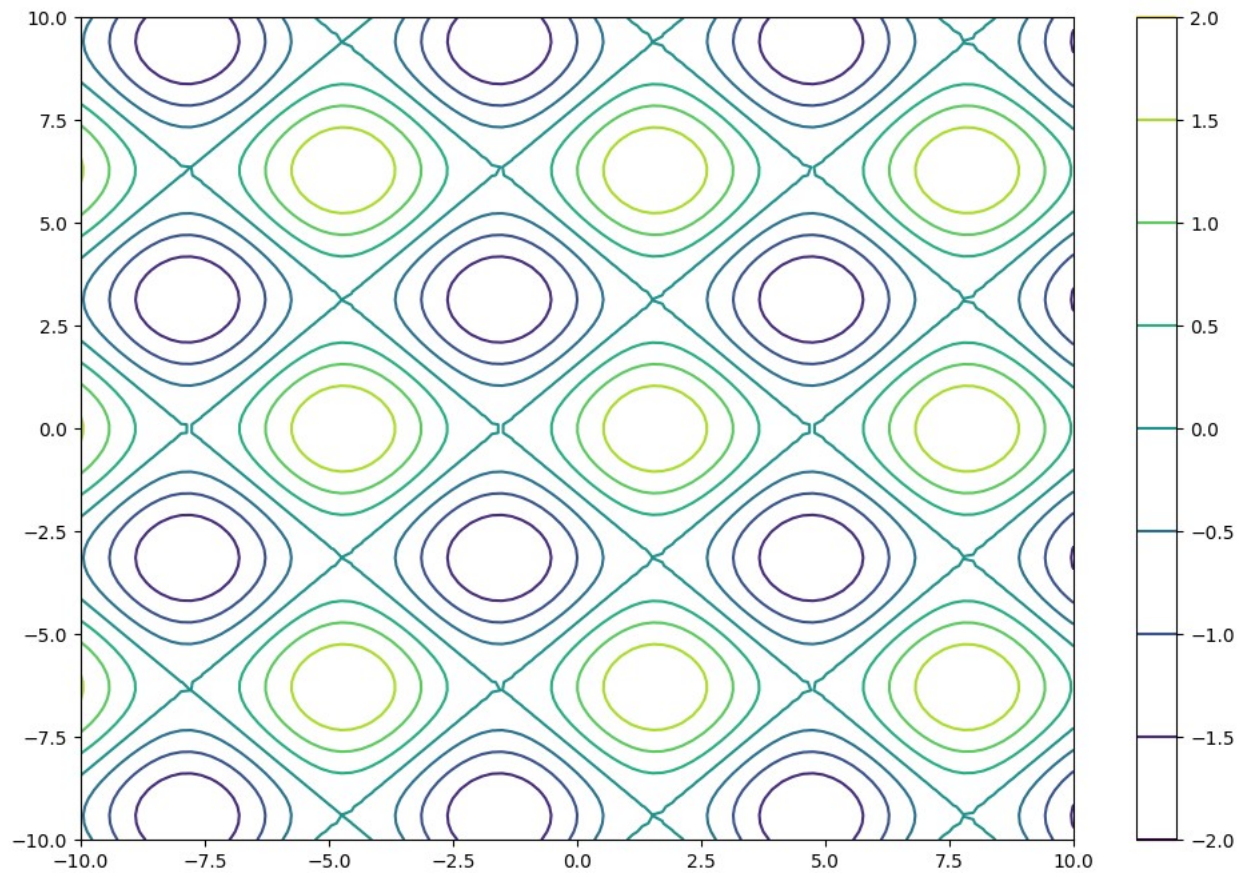



```
z = np.sin(xx) + np.cos(yy)
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
ax = plt.subplot(projection='3d')
p = ax.plot_surface(xx, yy, z, cmap='viridis')
fig.colorbar(p)
<matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0x1ab059a33b0>
```

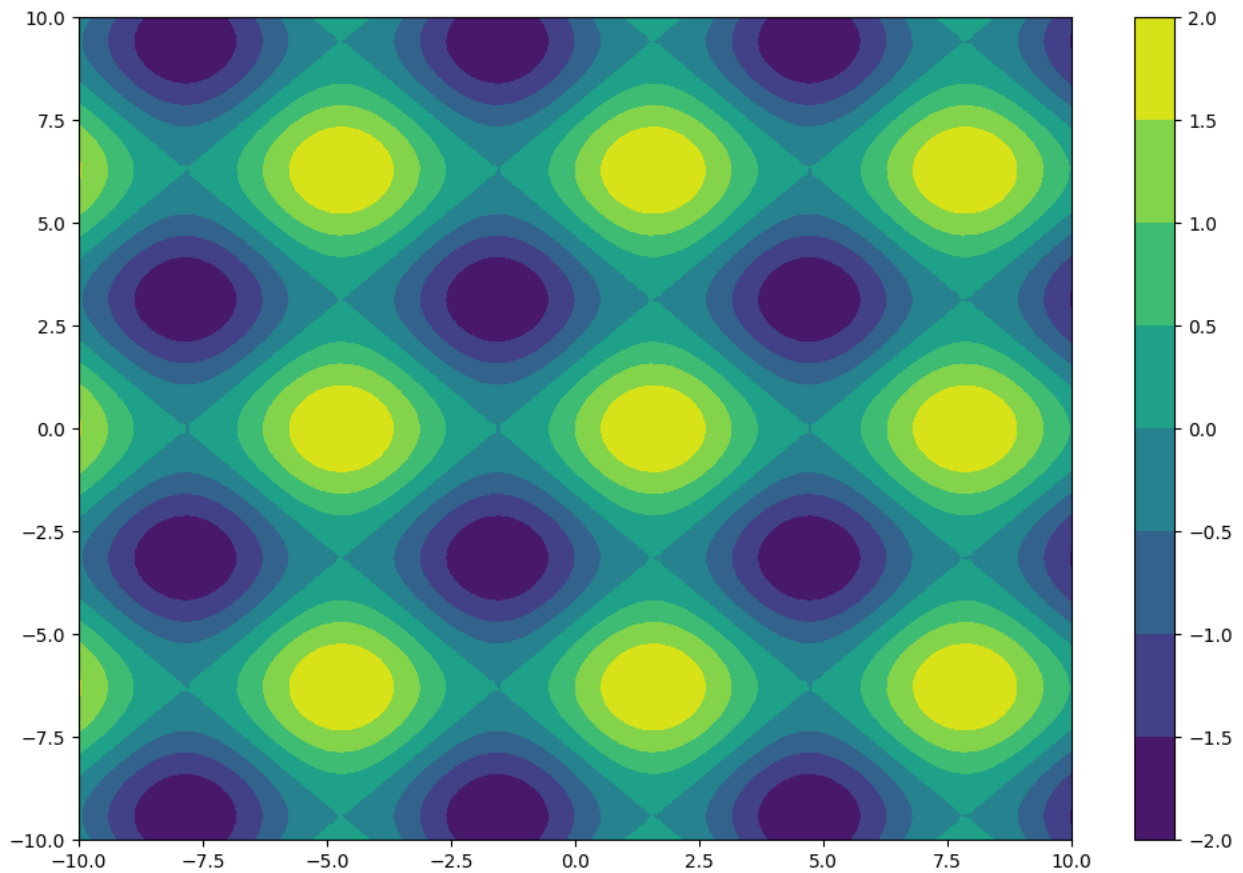


Contour Plots

```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
ax = plt.subplot()
p = ax.contour(xx, yy, z, cmap='viridis')
fig.colorbar(p)
<matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0x1ab0681a870>
```



```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(12, 8))
ax = plt.subplot()
p = ax.contourf(xx, yy, z, cmap='viridis')
fig.colorbar(p)
<matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0x1ab070f1d60>
```



Heatmap

```
delivery = pd.read_csv('Datasets/IPL_Ball_by_Ball_2008_2022.csv')
delivery.head()
```

	ID	innings	overs	ballnumber	batter	bowler	\
0	1312200	1	0	1	YBK Jaiswal	Mohammed Shami	
1	1312200	1	0	2	YBK Jaiswal	Mohammed Shami	
2	1312200	1	0	3	JC Buttler	Mohammed Shami	
3	1312200	1	0	4	YBK Jaiswal	Mohammed Shami	
4	1312200	1	0	5	YBK Jaiswal	Mohammed Shami	

	non-striker	extra_type	batsman_run	extras_run	total_run
non_boundary \					
0	JC Buttler	NaN	0	0	0
0					
1	JC Buttler	legbyes	0	1	1
0					
2	YBK Jaiswal	NaN	1	0	1
0					
3	JC Buttler	NaN	0	0	0
0					
4	JC Buttler	NaN	0	0	0

0

	isWicketDelivery	player_out	kind	fielders_involved
BattingTeam				
0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN Rajasthan
Royals				
1	0	NaN	NaN	NaN Rajasthan
Royals				
2	0	NaN	NaN	NaN Rajasthan
Royals				
3	0	NaN	NaN	NaN Rajasthan
Royals				
4	0	NaN	NaN	NaN Rajasthan
Royals				

```
temp = delivery[(delivery['ballnumber'].isin([1,2,3,4,5,6]) ) &
(delivery['batsman_run']==6)]
```

```
temp.head()
```

	ID	innings	overs	ballnumber	batter
bowler \					
16 Shami	1312200	1	2	5	YBK Jaiswal Mohammed
22 Dayal	1312200	1	3	5	YBK Jaiswal Yash
103 Kishore	1312200	1	17	2	TA Boult R Sai
107 Kishore	1312200	1	17	6	OC McCoy R Sai
142 Krishna	1312200	2	3	5	MS Wade M Prasidh

	non-striker	extra_type	batsman_run	extras_run	total_run	\
16	JC Buttler	NaN	6	0	6	
22	JC Buttler	NaN	6	0	6	
103	R Parag	NaN	6	0	6	
107	R Parag	NaN	6	0	6	
142	Shubman Gill	NaN	6	0	6	

	non_boundary	isWicketDelivery	player_out	kind	fielders_involved
\					
16	0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN
22	0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN
103	0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN
107	0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN

142	0	0	NaN	NaN	NaN
-----	---	---	-----	-----	-----

	BattingTeam
16	Rajasthan Royals
22	Rajasthan Royals
103	Rajasthan Royals
107	Rajasthan Royals
142	Gujarat Titans

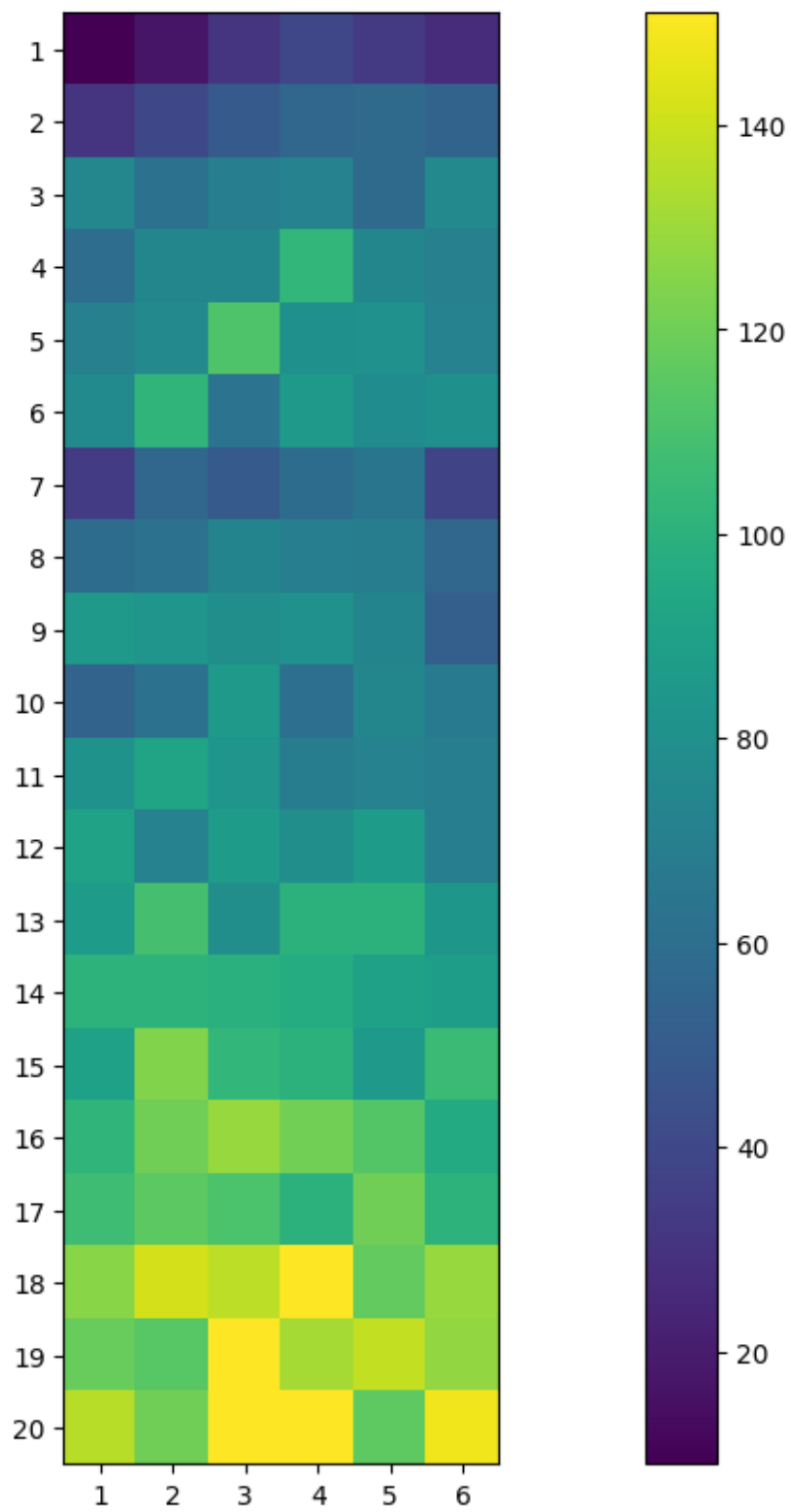
```
grid = temp.pivot_table(index='overs', columns='ballnumber',  
values='batsman_run', aggfunc='count')
```

```
grid.head(5)
```

ballnumber	1	2	3	4	5	6
overs						
0	9	17	31	39	33	27
1	31	40	49	56	58	54
2	75	62	70	72	58	76
3	60	74	74	103	74	71
4	71	76	112	80	81	72

```
plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))  
plt.xticks(np.arange(0,6), list(range(1,7)))  
plt.yticks(delivery['overs'].unique(), list(range(1,21)))  
plt.imshow(grid)  
plt.colorbar()
```

```
<matplotlib.colorbar.Colorbar at 0xlab07356300>
```



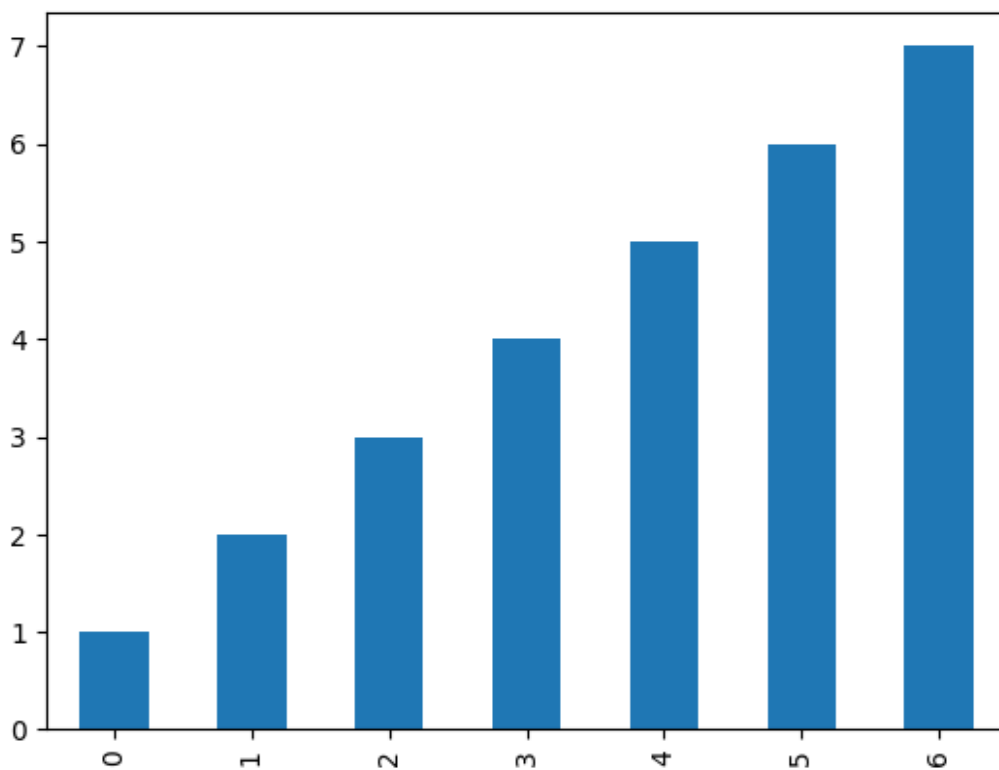
Pandas Plot()

kind =	Plot type
line	Line plot (default)
bar	Vertical bar plot
barh	Horizontal bar plot
hist	Histogram
box	Boxplot
area	Area plot
pie	Pie plot
scatter	Scatter plot

Series

```
s = pd.Series([1,2,3,4,5,6,7])  
s.plot(kind='bar')
```

<Axes: >



DataFrame

```
tips = sns.load_dataset('tips')  
tips.head(5)
```

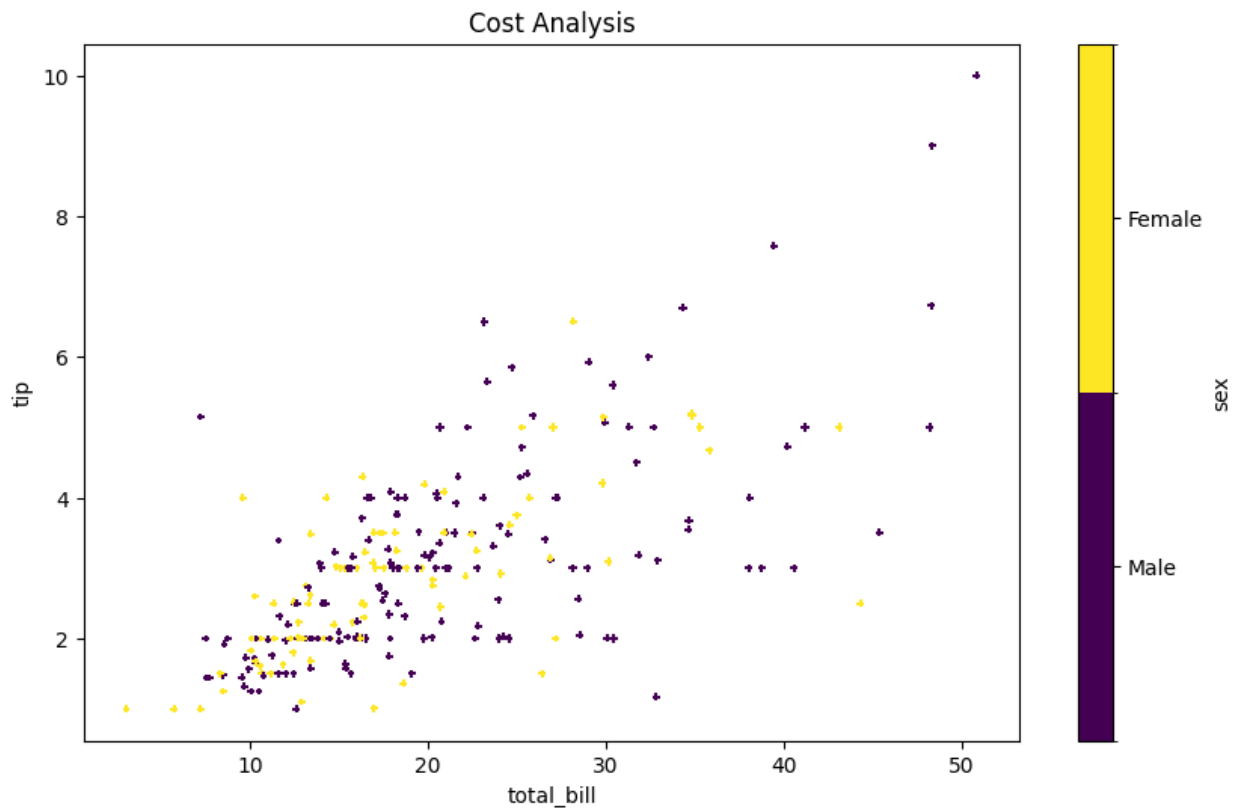

	total_bill	tip	sex	smoker	day	time	size
0	16.99	1.01	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	2
1	10.34	1.66	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	3
2	21.01	3.50	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	3
3	23.68	3.31	Male	No	Sun	Dinner	2
4	24.59	3.61	Female	No	Sun	Dinner	4

```
tips['size'] += 10
```

Scatter Plot > labels > markers > figsize > color > cmap

```
tips.plot(kind='scatter', x='total_bill', y='tip', title='Cost Analysis', marker='+', figsize=(10,6), s='size', c='sex', cmap='viridis')
```

```
<Axes: title={'center': 'Cost Analysis'}, xlabel='total_bill', ylabel='tip'>
```



```
stocks =
pd.read_csv('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/m-mehdi/pandas_tutorials/main/weekly_stocks.csv')
stocks.head()
```

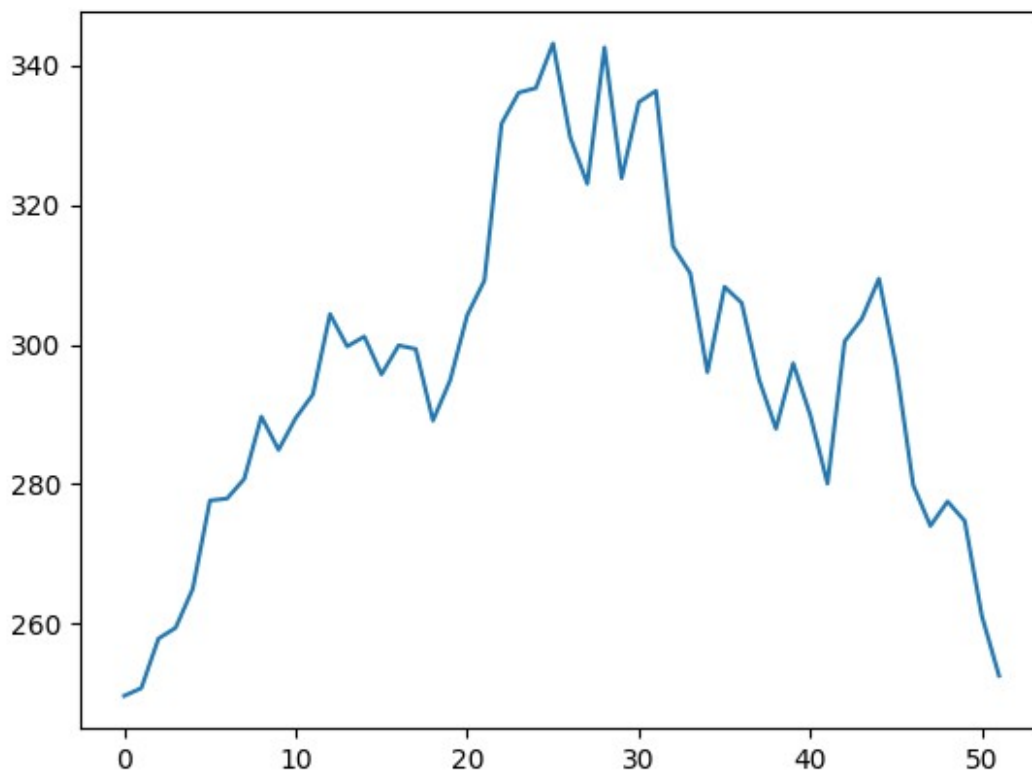
	Date	MSFT	FB	AAPL
0	2021-05-24	249.679993	328.730011	124.610001

1	2021-05-31	250.789993	330.350006	125.889999
2	2021-06-07	257.890015	331.260010	127.349998
3	2021-06-14	259.429993	329.660004	130.460007
4	2021-06-21	265.019989	341.369995	133.110001

Single line plot

```
stocks['MSFT'].plot()
```

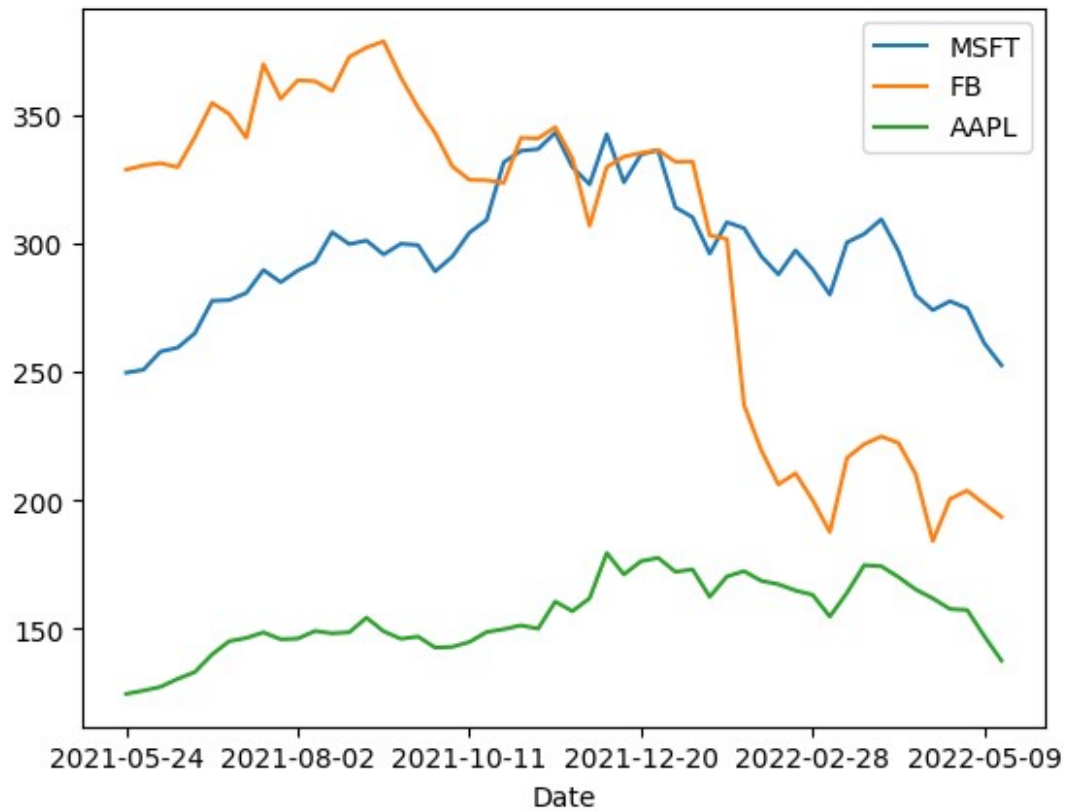
<Axes: >



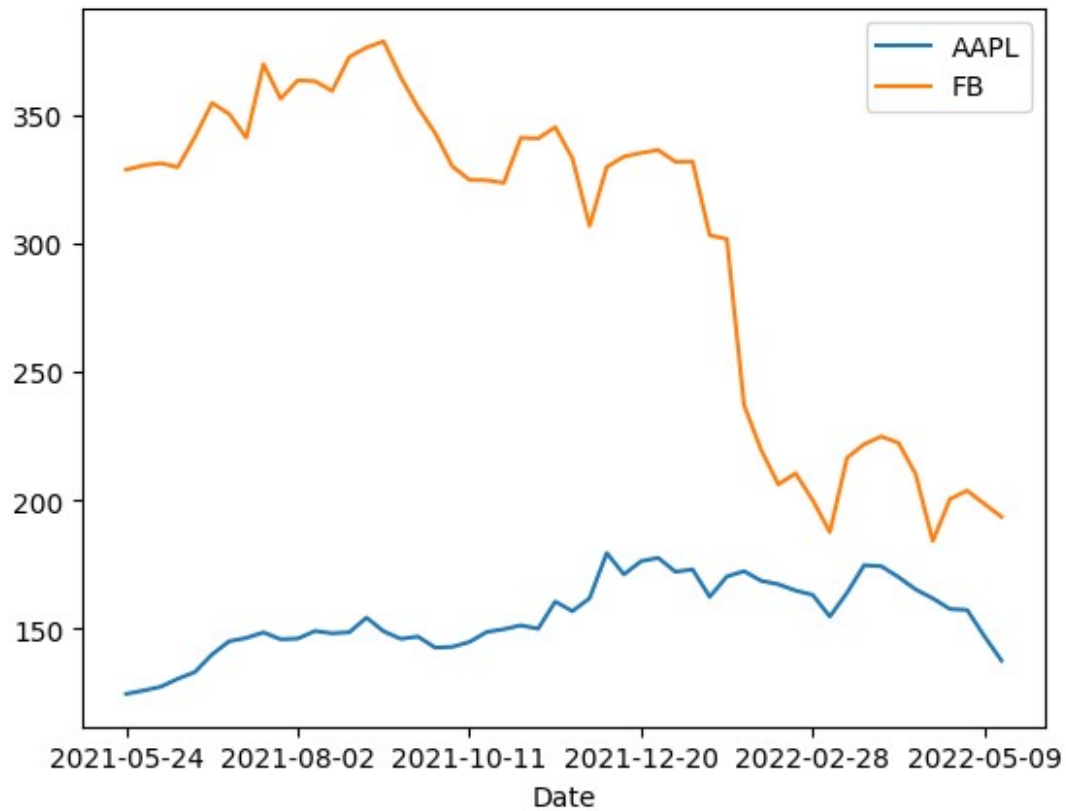
All cols line plot with x axis as date

```
stocks.plot(kind='line', x='Date')
```

<Axes: xlabel='Date'>

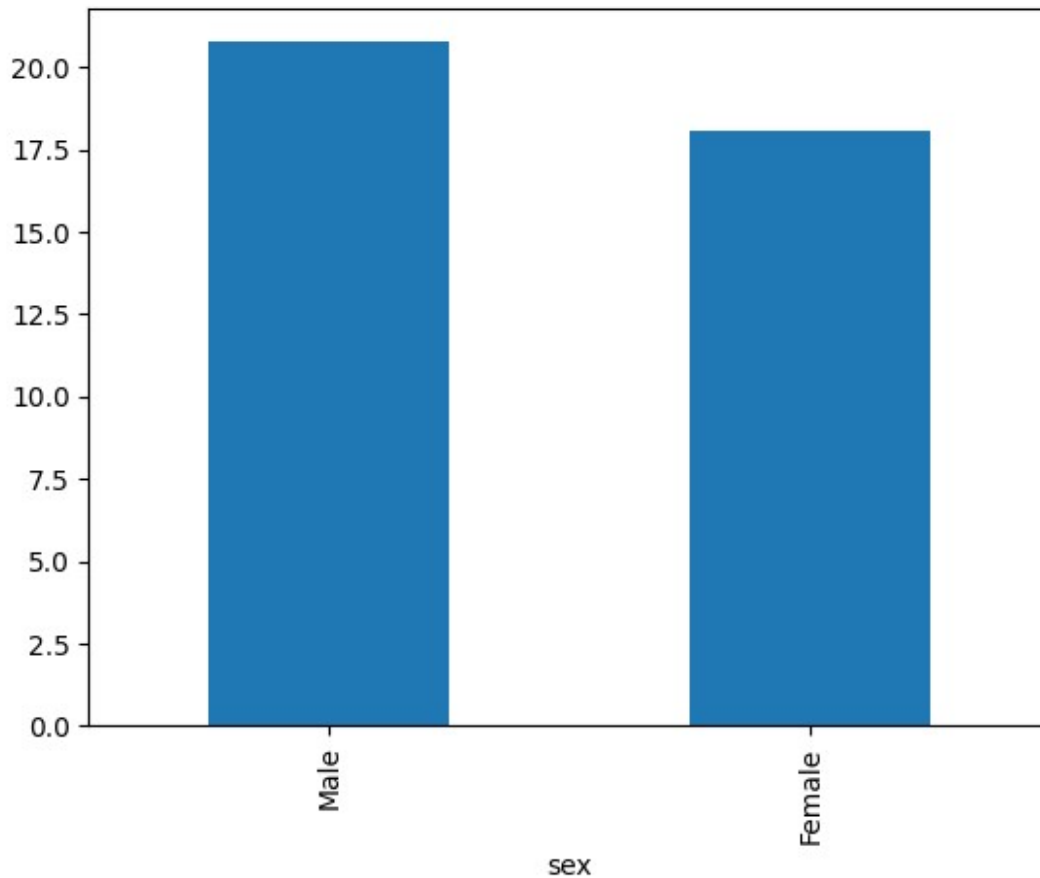


```
stocks[['Date', 'AAPL', 'FB']].plot(kind='line', x='Date')  
<Axes: xlabel='Date'>
```



Plotting on groupby DF

```
tips.groupby('sex', observed=False)
['total_bill'].mean().plot(kind='bar')
<Axes: xlabel='sex'>
```



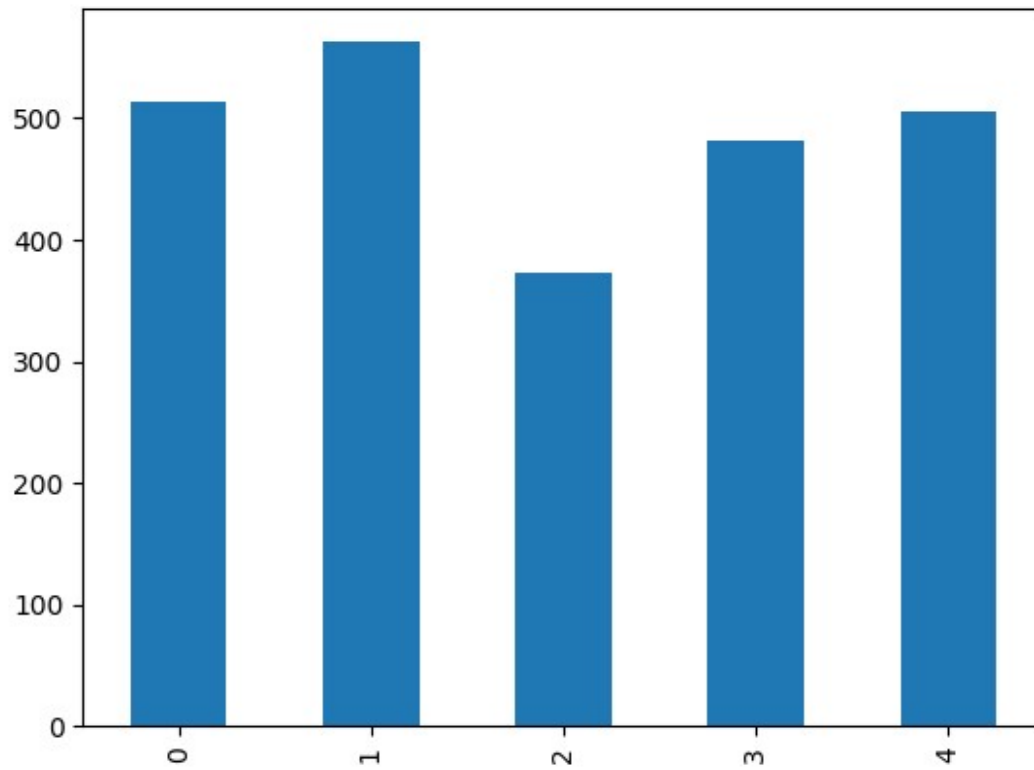
```
temp = pd.read_csv('Datasets/batsman_season_record.csv')
temp.head()
```

	batsman	2015	2016	2017
0	AB de Villiers	513	687	216
1	DA Warner	562	848	641
2	MS Dhoni	372	284	290
3	RG Sharma	482	489	333
4	V Kohli	505	973	308

Plotting on single column

```
temp['2015'].plot(kind='bar')
```

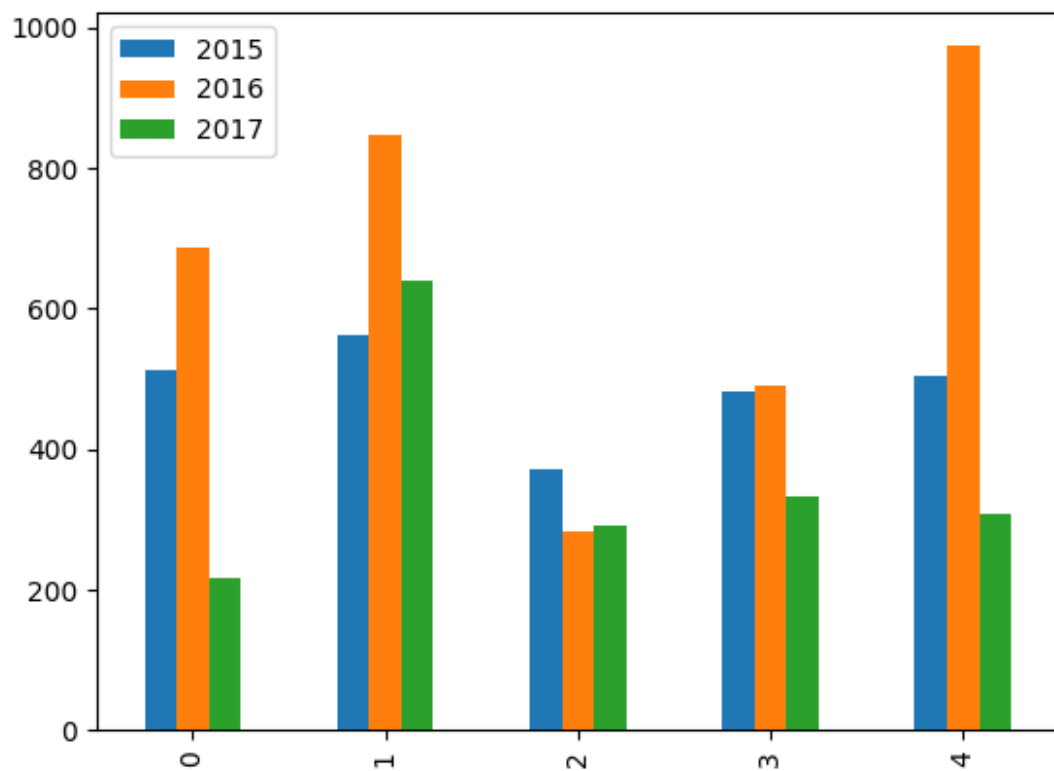
<Axes: >



Side by side multiple bar graphs

```
temp.plot(kind='bar')
```

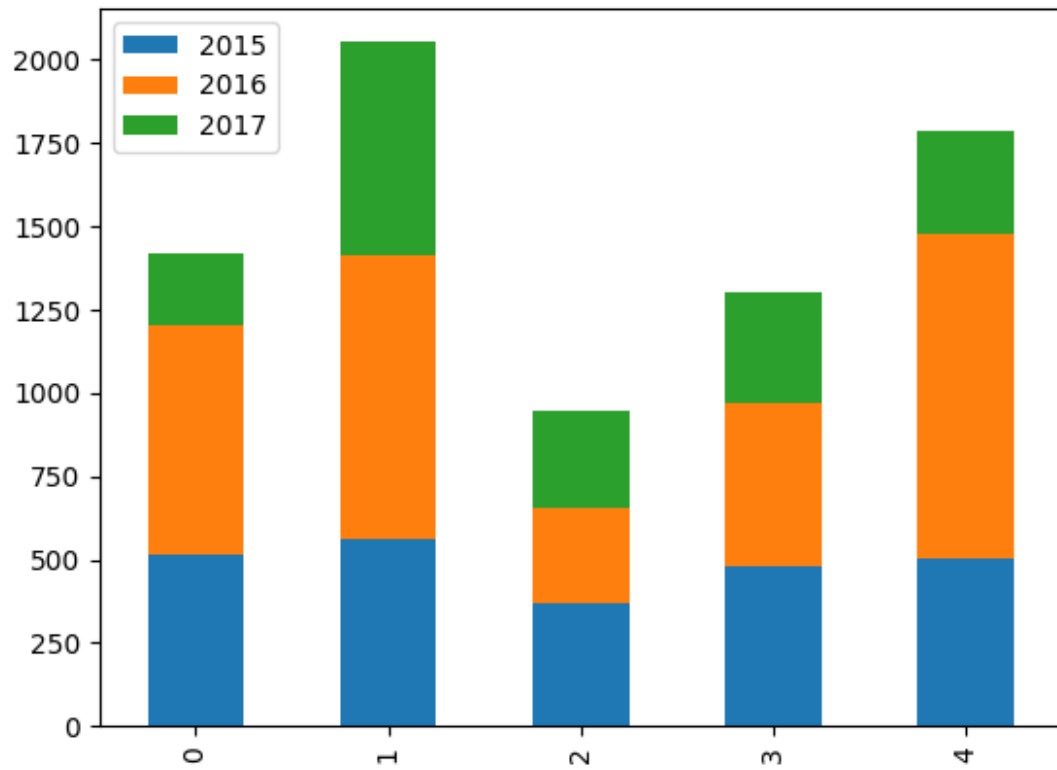
```
<Axes: >
```



Stacked bar chart

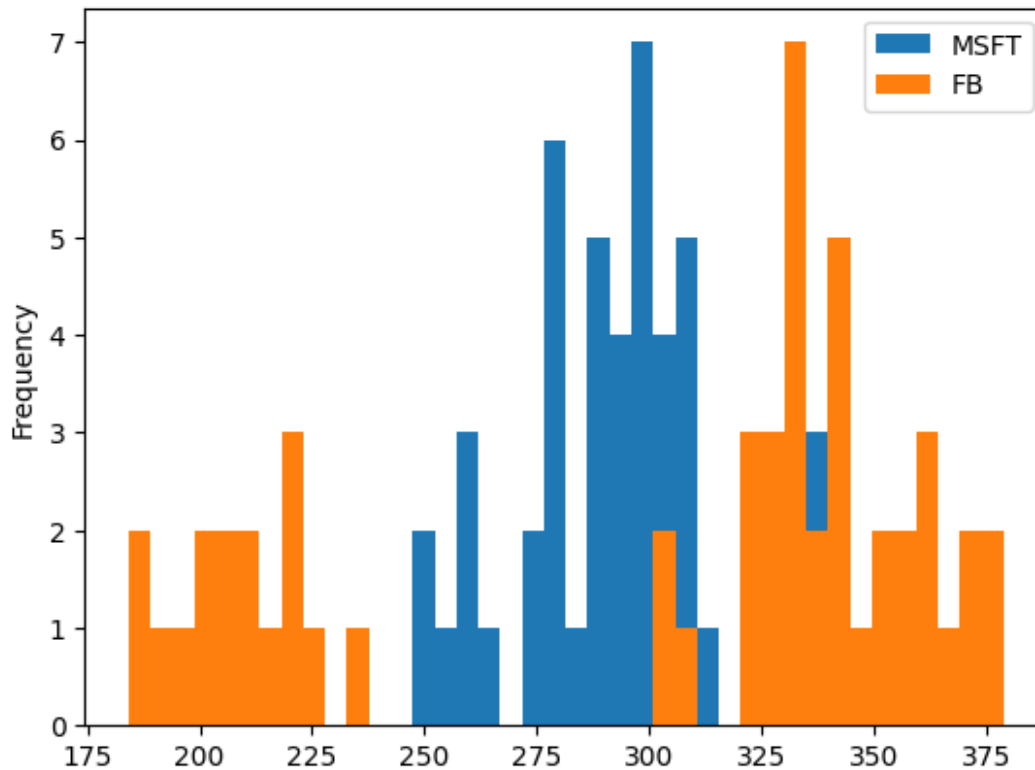
```
temp.plot(kind='bar', stacked=True)
```

<Axes: >



Histograms

```
stocks[['MSFT', 'FB']].plot(kind='hist', bins=40)  
<Axes: ylabel='Frequency'>
```

```
df = pd.DataFrame(
    {
        'batsman': ['Dhawan', 'Rohit', 'Kohli', 'SKY', 'Pandya', 'Pant'],
        'match1': [120, 90, 35, 45, 12, 10],
        'match2': [0, 1, 123, 130, 34, 45],
        'match3': [50, 24, 145, 45, 10, 90]
    }
)
```

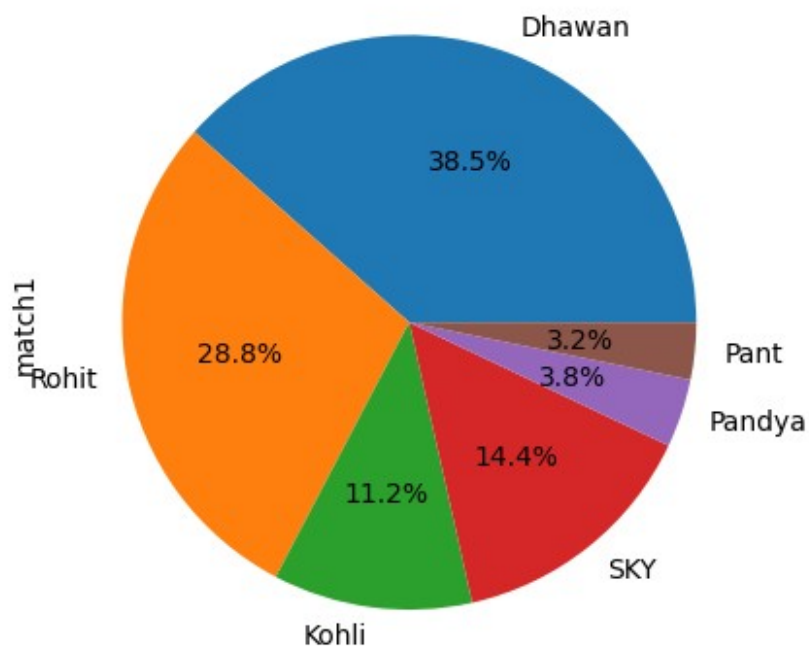
```
df.head()
```

	batsman	match1	match2	match3
0	Dhawan	120	0	50
1	Rohit	90	1	24
2	Kohli	35	123	145
3	SKY	45	130	45
4	Pandya	12	34	10

Single pie chart

```
df['match1'].plot(kind='pie', labels=df['batsman'].values,
    autopct="%0.1f%%")
```

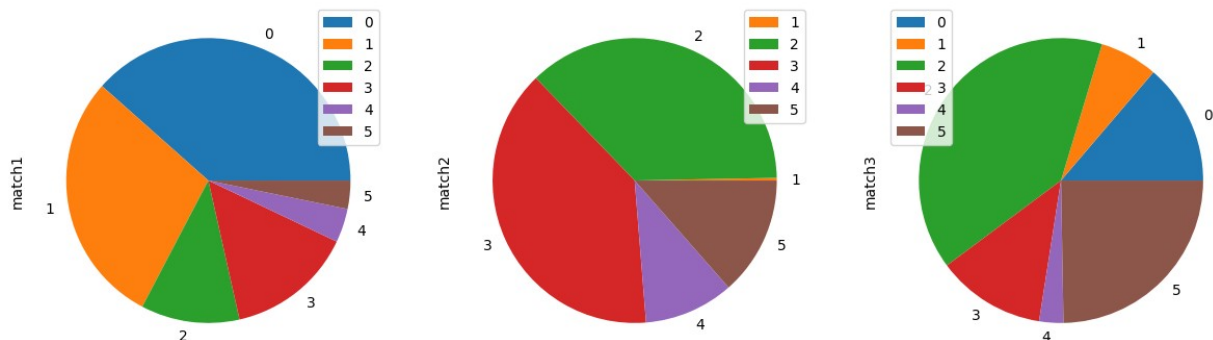
```
<Axes: ylabel='match1'>
```



Multiple pie charts

```
df[['match1', 'match2', 'match3']].plot(kind='pie', subplots=True,
figsize=(15,8))

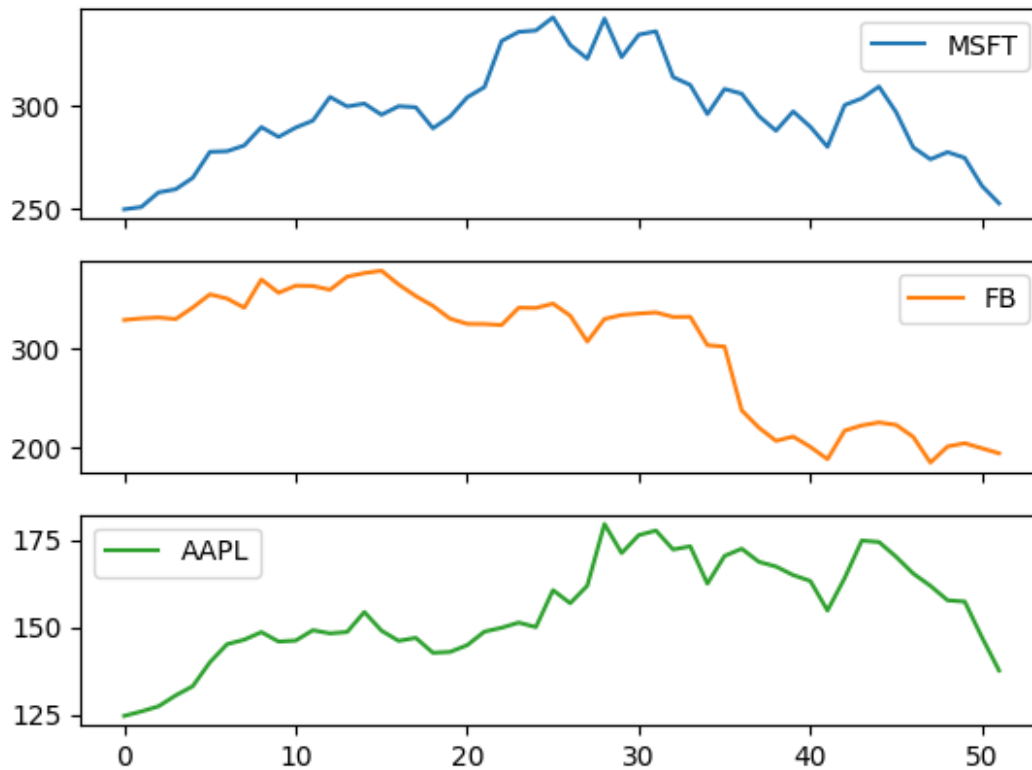
array([<Axes: ylabel='match1'>, <Axes: ylabel='match2'>,
<Axes: ylabel='match3'>], dtype=object)
```



Multiple separate graphs together using inbuilt subplots parameter

```
stocks.plot(kind='line', subplots=True)

array([<Axes: >, <Axes: >, <Axes: >], dtype=object)
```



```
tips.pivot_table(index=['day', 'time'], columns=['sex', 'smoker'],
values='total_bill', aggfunc='mean', observed=False).plot(kind='pie',
subplots=True, figsize=(20,10))
```

```
array([<Axes: ylabel='(Male, Yes)'>, <Axes: ylabel='(Male, No)'>,
      <Axes: ylabel='(Female, Yes)'>, <Axes: ylabel='(Female, No)'>],
      dtype=object)
```

