5. Normalizer

How it works:

Transforms each row (or sample) so that its norm (length) becomes 1.

Steps:

1. Calculate the norm of the vector x:

For L2 normalization:

$$\|x\|_2 = \sqrt{x_1^2 + x_2^2 + \cdots + x_n^2}$$

2. Normalize each element of the vector:

For every x_i :

$$x_i' = rac{x_i}{\|x\|_2}$$

Use Case: When you need to normalize rows independently, such as in text classification or clustering.