6. Quantile Transformer Scaler

How it works:

Transforms data to follow a uniform or normal distribution using quantiles.

Steps:

1. Compute the quantile for each data point x_i :

The rank of x_i is divided by the total number of data points N:

$$F(x_i) = rac{ ext{rank of } x_i}{N}$$

- 2. Map the cumulative probability to the desired distribution:
 - For a uniform distribution:

$$x_i'=F(x_i)$$

• For a normal distribution:

$$x_i' = \Phi^{-1}(F(x_i))$$

Where Φ^{-1} is the inverse of the Gaussian CDF (probit function).

Use Case: When your data is skewed or non-linear transformations are required.