Convenience Insights

Multicampus Data Analysis & Engineer 34th Course 2024-03-07 ~ 2024-03-29



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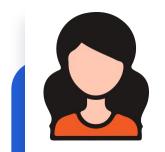
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TEAM MEMBERS



HYERIN CHOI

- TEAM LEADER
- DATA PREPROCESSING
- EDA
- MAP VISUALIZATION
- STREAMLIT IMPLEMENTATION



JINA KIM

- DATA PREPROCESSING
- EDA
- STATISTICAL ANALYSIS
- MACHINE LEARNING



MIN SONG

- EDA
- STATISTICAL ANALYSIS
- MACHINE LEARNING



JUNHO SONG

- EDA
- STATISTICAL ANALYSIS
- MACHINE LEARNING
- MAP VISUALIZATION
- STREAMLIT IMPLEMENTATION



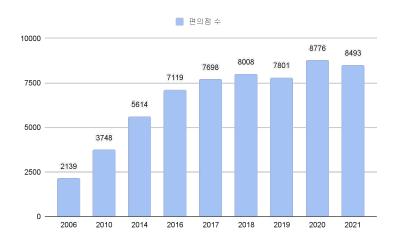
DAEHEE HAN

- STATISTICAL ANALYSIS
- MACHINE LEARNING

BACKGROUND

- As of the end of 2021, the number of convenience stores in Seoul totaled **8,493**, which is approximately **four times** the number compared to **2,139** in 2006.
- The convenience store density, measured by the number of stores per km, also increased from 3.5 stores in 2006 to 14 stores in 2021.

| Convenience Store Count in Seoul |



| Convenience Store Density in Seoul |

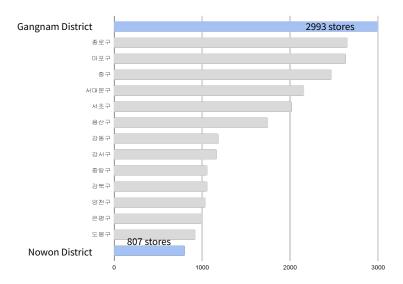


Source: Seoul Metropolitan Government, Operation Status and Current Situation Analysis Data of Convenience Stores in Seoul

BACKGROUND

- Gangnam District 467 convenience stores, Nowon District 179 convenience stores indicating a difference of approximately 2.6 times.
- Suggesting that if one were to open a convenience store in Gangnam-gu, the competition would be more intense. Also implying the necessity of conducting a market analysis.

| Number of Convenience Facilities by District |



| Number of convenience stores in Nowon-gu and Gangnam-gu |

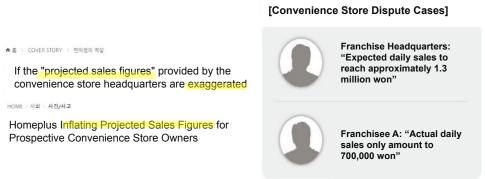


Source: Cookie News, With 1,950 Cafés and 470 Convenience Stores, Gangnam-gu Emerges as the Largest "Premium Location" in Seoul

BACKGROUND

When opening a convenience store franchise, there exists a law that requires the franchisor to inform the
franchisee about the expected sales figures. However, discrepancies between the projected and actual
sales figures can occur after the establishment, leading to difficulties for the franchisees.

| The Problems in Opening Convenience Stores |





Source: The Scoop, If the Projected Sales Figures Provided by the Convenience Store Headquarters Are Exaggerated...,
Citizen Daily, Homeplus Inflating Projected Sales Figures for Prospective Convenience Store Owners

BACKGROUND

Current Situation

The convenience store entrepreneur must conduct market analysis directly before starting the business. However, such information is scattered everywhere, making it difficult to grasp.

Service Development

Developing a service to predict convenience store sales by business district according to time slots for individuals aspiring to open a convenience store.

Problem Solving

By providing this service to the National Convenience Store Franchise Association, it offers practical assistance to convenience store entrepreneurs in their market analysis.



BACKGROUND

• After accessing the website of the National Convenience Store Franchise Association, it has been confirmed that services such as management reporting, labor management, and tax information exist. However, there is no

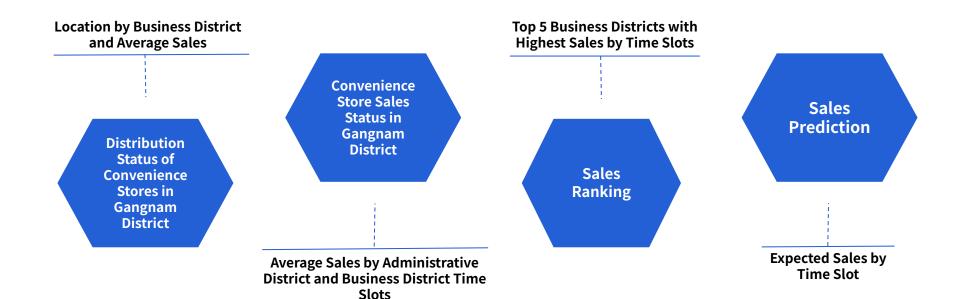
market analysis service specifically designed for convenience store entrepreneurs.





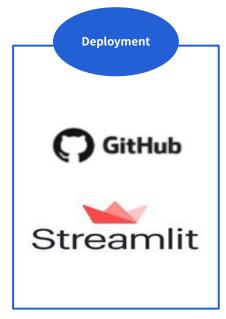


WEB SERVICE



DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT

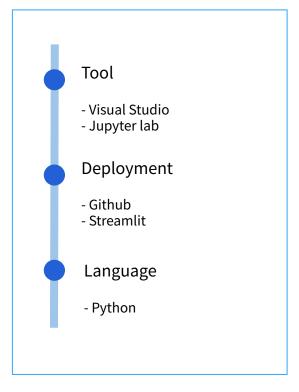








DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT





- pandas
- numpy
- plotly
- matplotlib
- seaborn
- streamlt
- streamlit_option_menu
- streamlit_folium
- folium
- geopandas
- OS
- time
- sklearn
- xgboost
- statsmodel
- scipy
- lgbm
- re
- jolib

PROJECT PERIOD

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
3	4	5	6 START	7	8	9
				SERVICE P	LANNING	
					DATA COLLECTION	
					DATA PREPR	OCESSING
10	11	12	13	14	15	16
	DATA PREP	OCESSING				
	EDA /	STATISTICAL ANAL	YSIS			
					MODELING	
17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		MODELING				
		SER\	ICE IMPLEMENTAT	ION		
				PRESE	NTATION PREPARAT	TION
24	25	26	27	28 FINAL	29 FINISH	30
	PRESE	NTATION PREPARA	ATION	DEDI OVALENT		
				DEPLOYMENT		

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- MODEL
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- MODEL PERFORMANCE VALIDATION
- CONVENIENCE STORE SALES PREDICTION

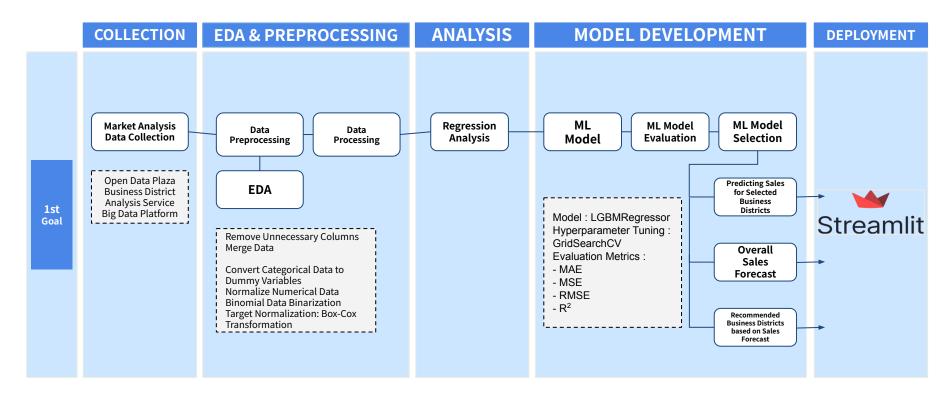
APP & DOCUMENT



- STREAMLIT
- LIMITATIONS IMPROVEMENTS
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2. DOCUMENTATION

FLOW CHART



2. DOCUMENTATION

WBS

CATEGORY	MAIN TASK	1ST	WEEK (3/06 ~ 3	3/09)	2ND	WEEK (3/10 ~ 3	3/16)	3RD	WEEK (3/17 ~ 3	3/23)	4TH	WEEK (3/24 ~ 3	3/29)
PLANNING	TOPIC SELECTION												
DATA COLLECTION	API DATA COLLECTION												
DATA PREPROCESSING	DATA FORMAT STANDARDIZATION												
DATA CHECK	EDA												
VISUALIZATION	SPACE / MAP VISUALIZATION												
STATISTICAL ANALYSIS	REGRESSION ANALYSIS												
MODELING	MODEL GENERATION / EVALUATION												
SERVICE IMPLEMENTATION	STREAMLIT DEPLOYMENT												
FINAL	FINAL PRESENTATION												

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DATA EXPLORATION



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DATA COLLECTION

Major Category			C	ommercial Area Analysis	Service Data			
Classification	Estimated Sales	Population by Road	Resident Population	Working Population	Income and Expenditure	Areas	Customer Attraction Facilities	Stores
Details	- Quarterly sales amount - Number of sales transactions per quarter - Sales amount by time slot - Number of sales transactions by time slot - Sales amount by age group - Number of sales transactions by age group - Sales amount by gender - Sales amount by gender - Number of sales transactions by gender - Sales amount by day of the week - Number of sales transactions by day of the week	- Total floating population - Floating population by gender - Floating population by age - Floating population by time slot - Floating population by time slot - floating population by day of the week	- Total resident population - Resident population by gender - Resident population by age group - Total number of households - Number of apartment households - Number of non-apartment households	- Total working population - Working population by gender - Working population by age group	- Average monthly income - Income level - Total expenditure - Type of expenditure	- X coordinate - Y coordinate - District code - Neighborhood code - Area size	- Total number of customer attraction facilities - Number of customer attraction facilities by type	- Store opening/closing rate - Number of stores opened/closed - Total number of stores - Number of stores by similar business type - Number of franchise stores
Source				Seoul Open Data P	laza			

DATA PREPROCESSING

1. Extract only convenience store data in Gangnam District



Extract data where
"Service_Industry_Code_
Name" is convenience
store

Extract data where "District_Code_Name" is convenience store.

DATA PREPROCESSING

2. Checking for Missing Values Before Data Merge

Category	Estimated Sales	Population by Road	Resident Population	Working Population	Income and Expenditure	Areas	Customer Attraction Facilities	Stores
Null Values	No Null Values	No Null Values	No Null Values	No Null Values	- Monthly Average Income Amount - Income Bracket Code - Total Expenditure Amount - Total Grocery Expenditure Amount - Total Clothing and Footwear Expenditure Amount - Total Household Goods Expenditure Amount - Total Hedical Expenses Amount - Total Transportation Expenditure Amount - Total Leisure Expenditure Amount - Total Cultural Expenditure Amount - Total Education Expenditure Amount - Total Education Expenditure Amount - Total Entertainment Expenditure Amount	No Null Values	- Number of Government Offices - Number of Banks - Number of General Hospitals - Number of Hospitals - Number of Hospitals - Number of Hospitals - Number of Elementary Schools - Number of Elementary Schools - Number of High Schools - Number of Universities - Number of Department Stores - Number of Supermarkets - Number of Theaters - Number of Theaters - Number of Accommodation Facilities - Number of Airports - Number of Railway Stations - Number of Bus Terminals - Number of Subway Stations - Number of Subway Stations	No Null Values

DATA PREPROCESSING

2. Checking for Missing Values Before Data Merge

Replace with the average value of a different quarter in the same commercial district

	neeking for	missing value		· ···erge				
Category	Estimated Sales	Population by Road	Resident Population	Working Population	Income and Expenditure	Areas	Customer Attraction Facilities	Stores
Null Values	No Null Values	No Null Values	No Null Values	No Null Values	- Monthly Average Income Amount - Income Bracket Code - Total Expenditure Amount - Total Grocery Expenditure Amount - Total Clothing and Footwear Expenditure Amount - Total Household Goods Expenditure Amount - Total Medical Expenses Amount - Total Transportation Expenditure Amount - Total Leisure Expenditure Amount - Total Cultural Expenditure Amount - Total Education Expenditure Amount - Total Entertainment Expenditure Amount	No Null Values	- Number of Government Offices - Number of Banks - Number of General Hospitals - Number of Hospitals - Number of Hospitals - Number of Hospitals - Number of Elementary Schools - Number of Elementary Schools - Number of High Schools - Number of Universities - Number of Universities - Number of Theaters - Number of Supermarkets - Number of Theaters - Number of Theaters - Number of Accommodation Facilities - Number of Airports - Number of Railway Stations - Number of Bus Terminals - Number of Subway Stations - Number of Subway Stations - Number of Bus Stops	No Null Values

Replace Null Values with 0

DATA PREPROCESSING

2. Checking for Missing Values Before Data Merge

Null Values No Null Values N		incoming for	missing value		a menge				
Null Values No Null Values N	Category	Estimated Sales	Population by Road			Income and Expenditure	Areas		Stores
		No Null Values	No Null Values	No Null Values	No Null Values	Amount - Income Bracket Code - Total Expenditure Amount - Total Grocery Expenditure Amount - Total Clothing and Footwear Expenditure Amount - Total Household Goods Expenditure Amount - Total Medical Expenses Amount - Total Transportation Expenditure Amount - Total Leisure Expenditure Amount - Total Cultural Expenditure Amount - Total Education Expenditure Amount - Total Entertainment	No Null Values	Government Offices - Number of Banks - Number of General Hospitals - Number of Hospitals - Number of Pharmacies - Number of Elementary Schools - Number of Elementary Schools - Number of Universities - Number of Universities - Number of Department Stores - Number of Supermarkets - Number of Aumber of Accommodation Facilities - Number of Arports - Number of Arports - Number of Railway Stations - Number of Bus Terminals - Number of Subway Stations	No Null Values

DATA PREPROCESSING

3. Data Merge

Category	Common Column
Estimated Sales	- Base Year and Quarter
Population by Road	Code - Commercial District
Resident Population	Division Code - Commercial District
Working Population	Division Code Name - Commercial District Code - Commercial District Code
Income and Expenditure	Name
Customer Attraction Facilities	
Stores	

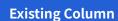
1st merge based on common columns



2nd merge with Gangnam District location information

DATA PREPROCESSING

4. Changing the Columns



Base Year and Quarter Code



Changed Column

Base_Year Base_Quarter

Existing Column

Sales Amount from xx to xx Hours



Changed Column

Time Period Sales Amount by Time Period

Base_Year	Base_Quarter
2021	1
2021	1
2021	1
2021	1
2021	1

Time Period	Sales Amount by Time Period
00~06	377166450.0
06~11	222467605.0
11~14	192457360.0
14~17	230188421.0
17~21	531497598.0

DATA PREPROCESSING

5. Removing Unnecessary Columns

Unnecessary Columns

- Sales Transaction
- Count Related Columns
- Gender Related Columns
- Day of the Week Related Columns

•••

- Number of Visitor Facilities by Type
- Total Expenditure Amount by Type

Remove Unnecessary Columns



- Sales Amount by Time Period -
- Base Year
- Base Quarter
- Commercial District Division Name
- Commercial District Name
- Administrative Neighborhood Name
- Time Period
- Floating Population Count by Time Period
- Total Working Population
- Total Resident Population
- Total Number of Households
- Number of Attraction Facilities

- Monthly Average Income Amount
- Total Expenditure Amount
- Number of Stores in Similar Industries
- Number of Newly Opened Stores
- Number of Closed Stores

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- EDA - CORRELATION ANALYSIS
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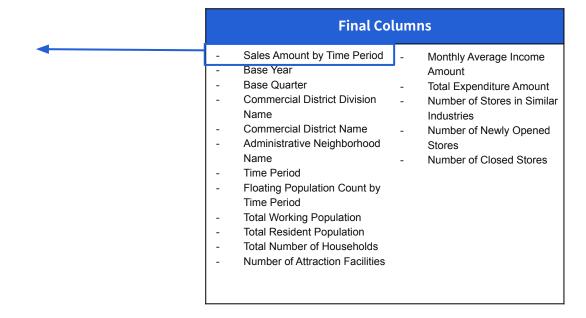
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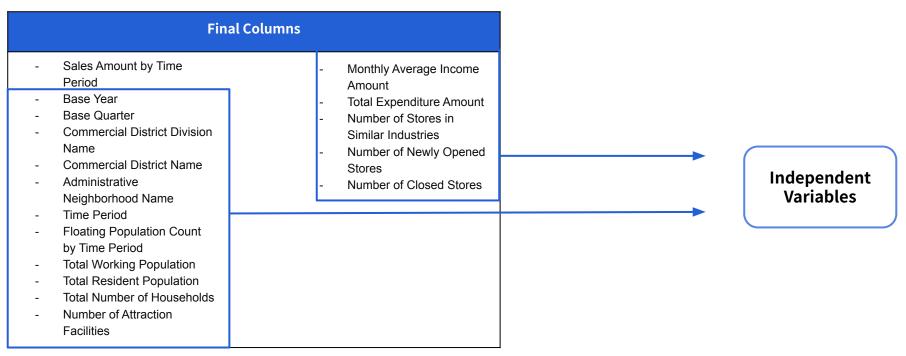
FINAL COLUMNS CHECK

Dependent Variable



The EDA for each variable can be found in the appendix.

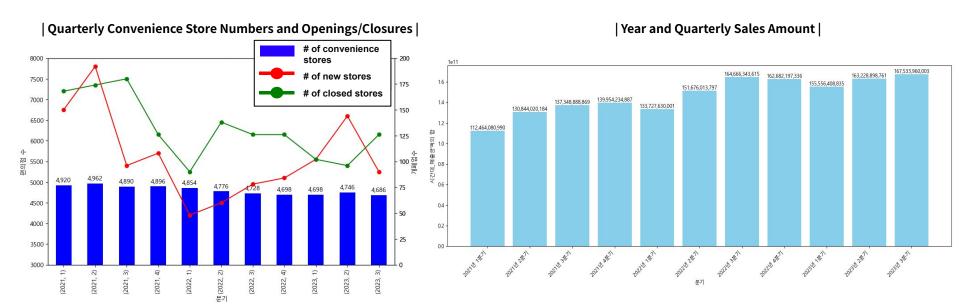
FINAL COLUMNS CHECK



The EDA for each variable can be found in the appendix.

EDA

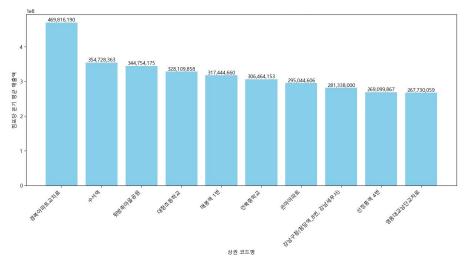
- In Gangnam District, the number of convenience stores closing is generally higher than the number of new openings.
- Although the number of convenience stores is slightly decreasing, it is recording levels that are almost the same.
- On the other hand, sales amounts are showing a trend of gradual increase.



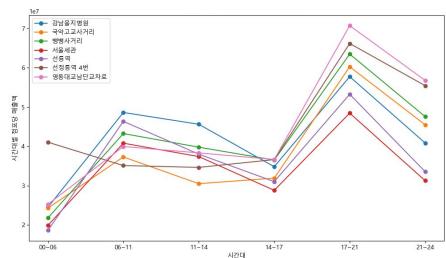
EDA

- Sales vary by commercial district.
- When extracting a random commercial district, the sales trends by time of day are similar, but each district shows slightly different sales trends.
- It can be expected that the factors affecting sales by time of day vary depending on the commercial district.

| Average Sales by Commercial District from 2021 to Q3 2023 |

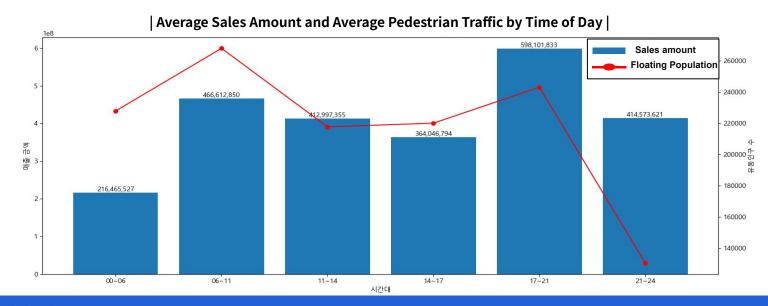


| Average Sales per Store by Time of Day According to Commercial District |



EDA

- High sales are recorded during commuting hours.
- Sales tend to increase when there is a high foot traffic, but despite a significant decrease in foot traffic from 21:00 to 24:00, sales during this time are the next highest after commuting hours.
- This suggests that, in addition to the number of pedestrians, other variables are also expected to influence sales by time of day.



CONVENIENCE INSIGHTS

ADDING COLUMNS

• Based on prior research, add the columns 'Convenience Store Density', 'Proportion of Resident Population by Age Group', and 'Proportion of Working Population by Age Group'.

Existing Columns

- Sales Amount by Time Period -
- Base Year
- Base Quarter
- Commercial District Division
 Name
- Commercial District Name
- Administrative Neighborhood Name
- Time Period
- Floating Population Count by Time Period
- Total Working Population
- Total Resident Population
- Total Number of Households
- Number of Attraction Facilities

- Monthly Average Income Amount
- Total Expenditure Amount
- Number of Stores in Similar Industries
- Number of Newly Opened
 Stores
- Number of Closed Stores

Final Columns

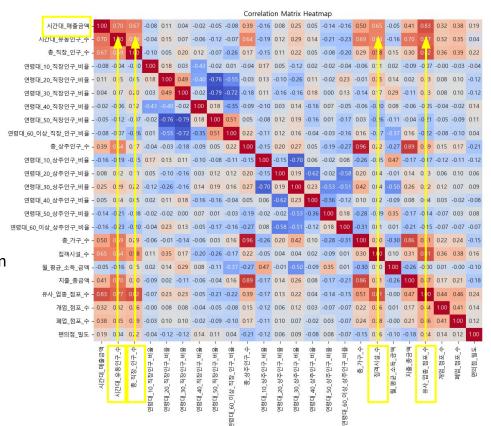
- Sales Amount by Time Period -
- Base Year
- Base Quarter
- Commercial District Division
 Name
- Commercial District Name
- Administrative Neighborhood Name
- Time Period
- Floating Population Count by Time Period
- Total Working Population
- Total Resident Population
- Total Number of Households
- Number of Attraction Facilities

- Monthly Average Income Amount
- Total Expenditure Amount
 - Number of Stores in Similar Industries
- Number of Newly Opened Stores
- Number of Closed Stores
- Convenience Store Density
- Proportion of Resident Population by Age
- Proportion of Working Population by Age

CORRELATION ANALYSIS

- Number of Stores in Similar Industries 0.83
- Floating Population Count by Time Period 0.70
- Total Working Population 0.67
- Number of Attraction Facilities 0.65

=> are expected to have a relatively significant impact on "Sales Amount by Time Segment".



- 0.4

- 0.2

- 0.0

- 00.2

- 🗆 0.4

MULTICOLLINEARITY

- Checking the Variance Inflation Factor (VIF) for the independent variables
- Proportion of Working Population by Age, Proportion of Resident Population by Age, Total Resident Population, Total Households, and Number of Similar Business Stores—is high, exceeding 10.

=> This suggests the presence of multicollinearity among these variables. It is expected that utilizing tree-based models will help to address the issue of multicollinearity.

features	VIF Factor	
시간대_유동인구_수	4.457923	0
총_직장_인구_수	5.303403	1
연령대_10_직장인구_비율	inf	2
연령대_20_직장인구_비율	inf	3
연령대_30_직장인구_비율	inf	4
연령대_40_직장인구_비율	inf	5
연령대_50_직장인구_비율	inf	6
연령대_60_이상_직장_인구_비율	inf	7
총_상주인구_수	35.345023	8

9	inf	연령대_10_상주인구_비율
10	inf	연령대_20_상주인구_비율
11	inf	연령대_30_상주인구_비율
12	inf	연령대_40_상주인구_비율
13	inf	연령대_50_상주인구_비율
14	inf	연령대_60_이상_상주인구_비율
15	32.874815	총_가구_수
16	5.411849	집객시설_수
17	2.586857	월_평균_소득_금액
18	6.784772	지출_총금액
19	15.814548	유사_업종_점포_수
	OA VOLUME DE LA CARREST	
20	1.357144	개업_점포_수
20 21	1.357144 1.417630	개업_점포_수 폐업_점포_수

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5. MODELING

TIME SERIES ANALYSIS

- Analyzing the change in data y over time e.g.) predicting stock prices, sales, or temperatures
- Typically involves examining how it varies according to trends, cycles, seasonal components, and irregular or random elements. It's assumed that these components cause fluctuations in the data.
- Observing patterns of data variation → Segmenting them into trend, seasonal, and irregular components → Applying forecasting techniques like exponential modeling or ARIMA (AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average) methods

TIME SERIES ANALYSIS

Trend: A component that represents the overall upward or downward direction of observations.

Cycle: A component indicating changes that are periodic but not seasonal, characterized by longer cycles.

Seasonal: A component that represents factors explained by regular variations according to specific periods.

Irregular: A component representing errors that cannot be explained by specific patterns.

Random: A component representing random causes that are independent of regular movements over time.

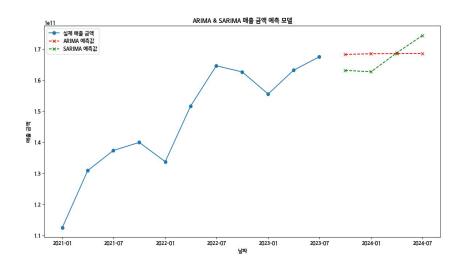
ARIMA & SARIMA

ARIMA (AutoRegressive Integrated Moving Average)

- Suitable for modeling the trend and volatility of non-seasonal data.
- **Differencing** is used to address the non-stationarity of time series.

SARIMA (Seasonal ARIMA)

- Extended version of ARIMA that can additionally model seasonal patterns.
- Seasonal differencing is used to handle the seasonality of time series.



Model Performance

ARIMA - MAE 21,367,509,120.59 / **RMSE** 43,353,668,254.71

SARIMA - MAE 43,774,410,318.39 / **RMSE** 77,763,589,777.93

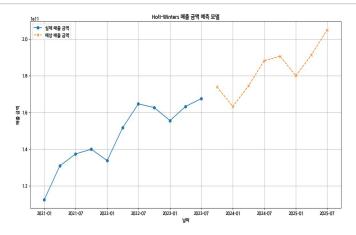
The ARIMA model shows a lower Mean Absolute Error (MAE) and Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE) compared to the SARIMA model.

Since the error range is quite wide, considering other models is preferred.

CONVENIENCE INSIGHTS

HOLT-WINTERS MODEL TIME SERIES PREDICTION

- Statistical techniques used for analyzing and forecasting time series data
- Considers the three main components that may exist in time series data: level, trend, and seasonality.
- Predict future data points by accounting for all these components, useful for short-term forecasts of time series data



Model Performance

Mean Absolute Error (MAE): 7,317,570,194.14

Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE): 8,237,463,143.96

Since the error range is quite wide, considering other models is preferred.

- For convenience, assuming the first month of each quarter
- Fitting the Holt-Winters model/future predictions

FINAL MODEL SELECTION

• After applying various machine learning algorithms such as time series, RandomForest, XGBoost, and LightGBM, the **LightGBM** model showed the best performance.

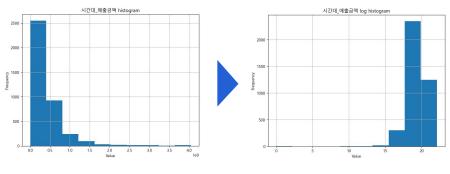
Algorithm	Data Reprocessing	Feature Engineering	Cross validation	Hyperparameter Tuning	MAE	MSE	RMSE	R-Squared
LGBM	Categorical Variable : Dummy Encoding / Numeric Variable Standard Scaler Dependent Variable : Box-Cox Transformation	Proportion of Resident Population by Age Proportion of Working Population by Age Convenience Store Density		num_leaves': [25, 30, 35], 'learning_rate': [0.12, 0.13,	2,136,328,813,899,580	26930386.26	46220437.1 9	0.988597798 3

DEPENDENT VARIABLE SCALING

- Box-Cox transformation is a method of adjusting the distribution of data to control skewness.
- Commonly used to normalize data distributions in models where the data distribution is not normal.

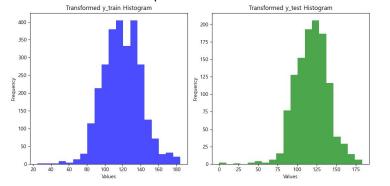
Log Transformation

- The dependent variable is left-skewed, so attempted log transformation to convert it to a normal distribution.
- However, after log transformation, it became right-skewed and the distribution issue was not resolved.



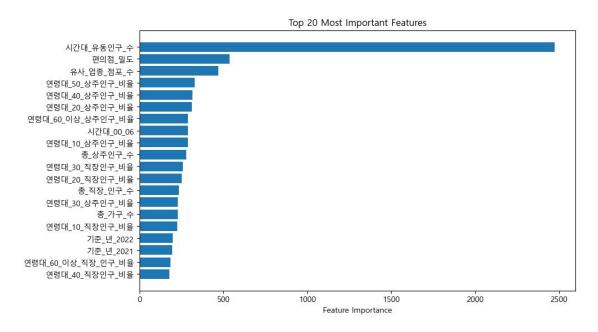
Box-Cox Transformation

- Attempted Box-Cox transformation to address the skewness in the distribution.
- The dependent variable in both the train and test datasets transformed into a shape similar to a normal distribution.



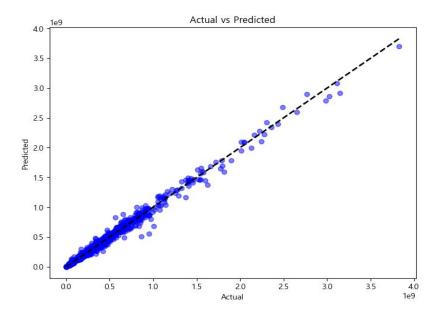
FEATURE IMPORTANCE

• Confirmed that the feature [Hourly Floating Population] which showed a high correlation in the correlation analysis is the most important feature.



Actual Values vs Predicted Values

- When visualizing actual values versus predicted values, it is observed that they are distributed almost evenly around the y=x line.
 - => This indicates that the model predicts the data well.



CONTENT

INTRODUCTION



- TEAM MEMBERS
- BACKGROUND
- WEB SERVICE
- DEVELOPMENT ENVIRONMENT
- PROJECT PERIOD

PROJECT



- FLOW CHART
- WBS

DATA



- DATA COLLECTION
- DATA PREPROCESSING

EDA



- EDA
- CORRELATION ANALYSIS
- MULTICOLLINEARITY

MODELING



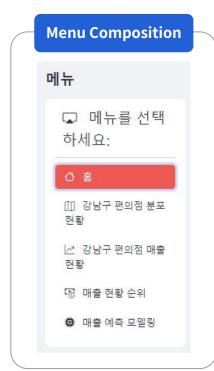
- MODEL
- MODEL TRAINING
- MODEL PERFORMANCE VALIDATION
- CONVENIENCE STORE SALES PREDICTION

APP & DOCUMENT

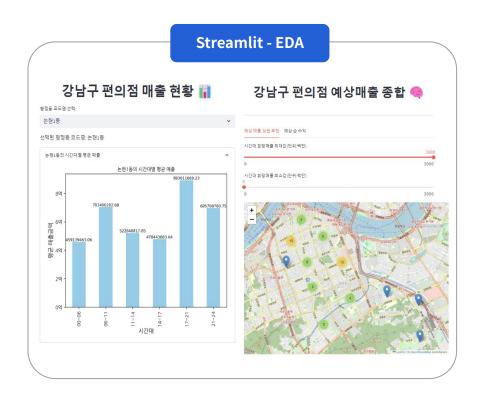


- STREAMLIT
- LIMITATIONS IMPROVEMENTS
- REFERENCES
- APPENDIX

SERVICE (STREAMLIT)

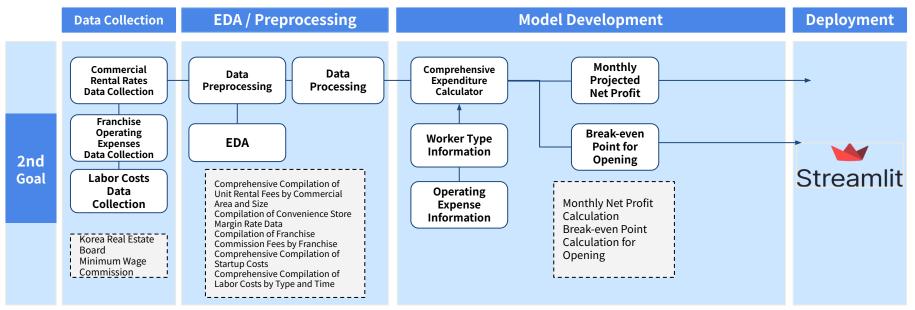






LIMITATIONS / IMPROVEMENTS

• Intended to implement a monthly net profit prediction model by calculating labor costs and franchise operating expenses, but unable to do so due to time constraints.



REFERENCES

PAPERS

- 1) 김현철, 이승일, 2019, "서울시 골목상권 매출액에 영향을 미치는 요인에 관한 연구", 「서울도시연구」, 제 20권 제 1호
- 2) 황규성, 2014, "편의점 입지선정시 매출에 영향을 미치는 요인분석"
- 3) 김미성, 2020, "서울시 상권 데이터의 시각화에 기반한 매출액 예측"
- 4) 이철환, 2012, "편의점의 상권 추정과 매출 예측에 관한 연구"
- 5) 김동명, 2020, "시스템 다이내믹스를 활용한 편의점 특정 상품 매출 분석 및 예측"
- 6) 이임동, 이찬호, 강상목, 2010, "편의점 매출에 영향을 미치는 입지요인에 대한 실증연구"

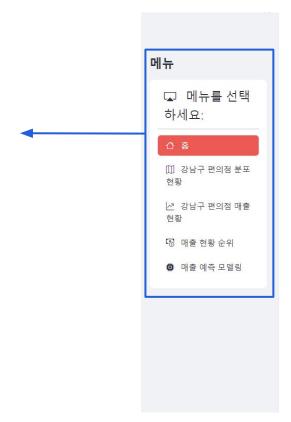
NEWS ARTICLES

- 1) 송금종, 카페 1950개·편의점 470개···강남구, 서울 최대 '슬세권', 쿠키뉴스, 2023.12.24 https://www.kukinews.com/newsView/kuk202312140078
- 2) 이지원, 편의점 본사가 제시한 '예상 매출액'이 과장이라면…, 더스쿠프, 2023.02.14 https://www.thescoop.co.kr/news/articleView.html?idxno=56799
- 3) 이진원, 홈플러스, 예비 편의점주에 예상매출 뻥튀기, 시민일보, 2017.11.05 https://www.siminilbo.co.kr/news/articleView.html?idxno=537797

APPENDIX - SERVICE

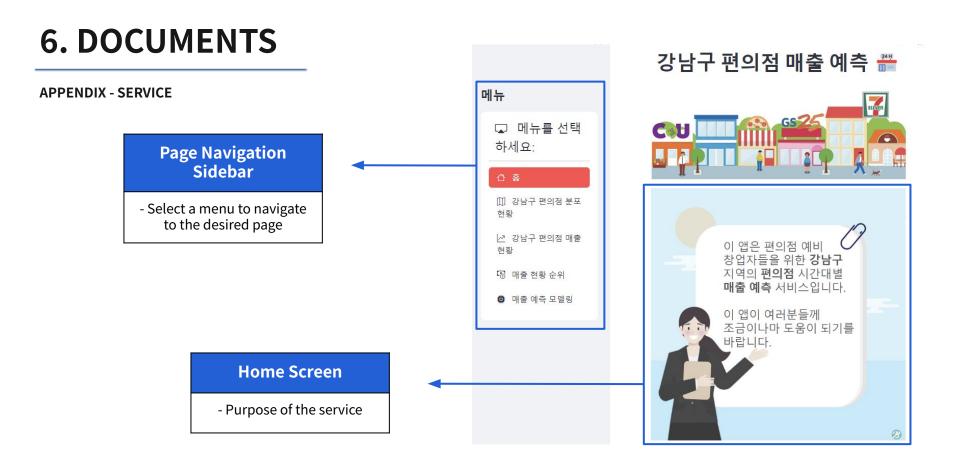
Page Navigation Sidebar

- Select a menu to navigate to the desired page



강남구 편의점 매출 예측 🏪

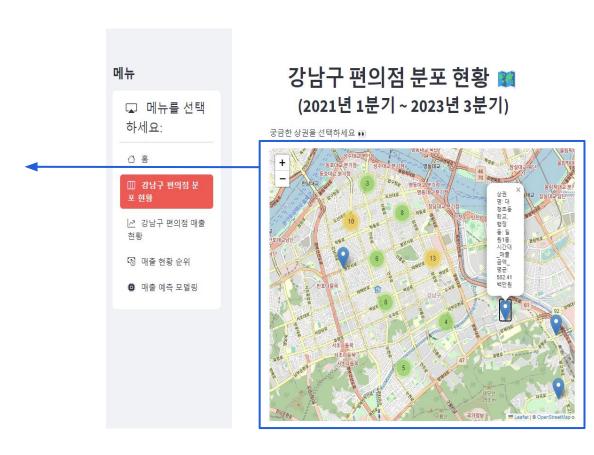




APPENDIX - SERVICE

Map Visualization

- Checking the distribution status of the desired commercial area



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Map Visualization

- Checking the distribution status of the desired commercial area

Detailed Information

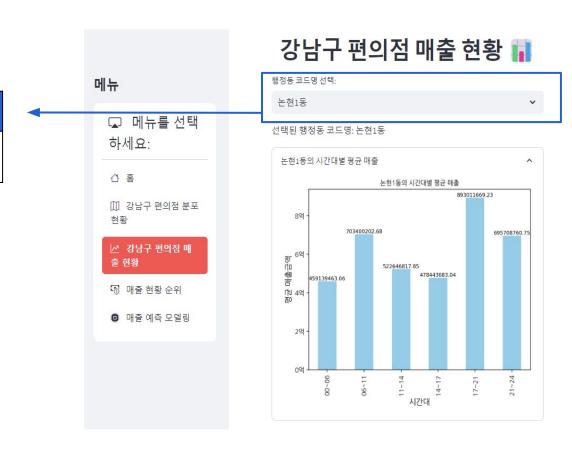
- Average sales amount for the selected commercial area



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Selectbox

- Select the desired administrative district



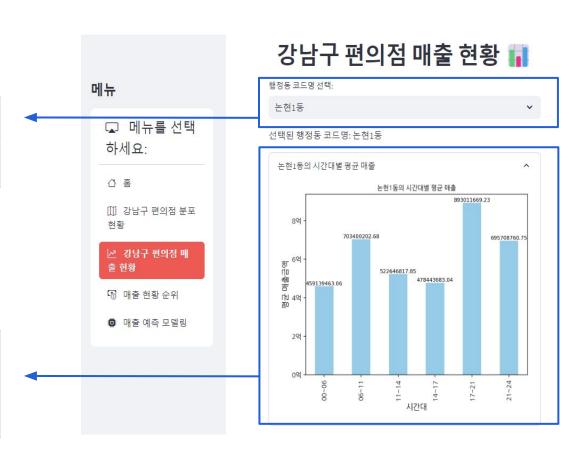
APPENDIX - SERVICE

Selectbox

- Select the desired administrative district

Bar Graph

- The hourly average sales for the administrative district selected by the user



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Selectbox

- Select the commercial area corresponding to the administrative district chosen above



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Selectbox

- Select the commercial area corresponding to the administrative district chosen above

Bar Graph

 The hourly average sales for the commercial area selected by the user



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Radio Button

- Select the desired time slot



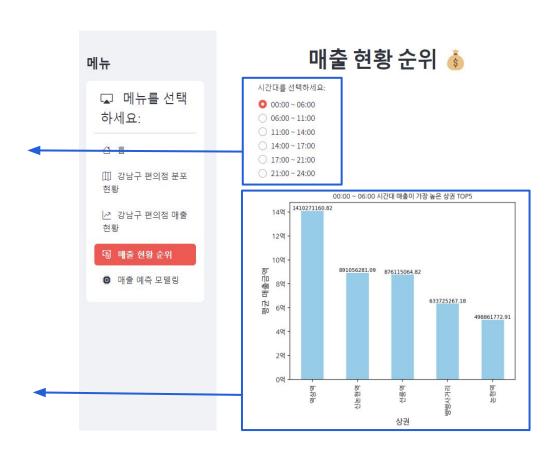
APPENDIX - SERVICE

Radio Button

- Select the desired time slot

Bar Graph

- The sales of the top 5 commercial areas that recorded the highest sales during the time slot selected by the user



APPENDIX - SERVICE

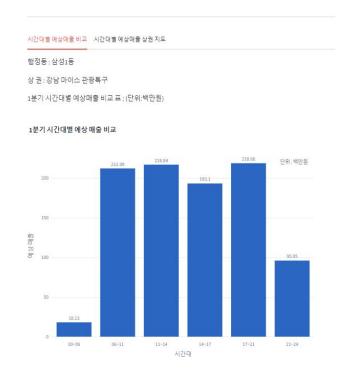
Radio Button

- Select the desired type



강남구 편의점 예상매출 종합 🧠





APPENDIX - SERVICE

Radio Button

- Select the desired type

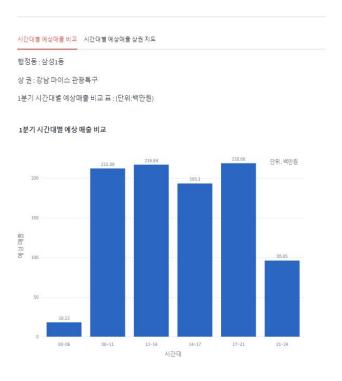
Selectbox

- Select the desired administrative district, commercial area, and quarter



강남구 편의점 예상매출 종합 🧠





APPENDIX - SERVICE

Radio Button

- Select the desired type

Selectbox

- Select the desired administrative district, commercial area, and quarter

Bar Graph

- The hourly projected sales based on user-selected conditions



강남구 편의점 예상매출 종합 🧠

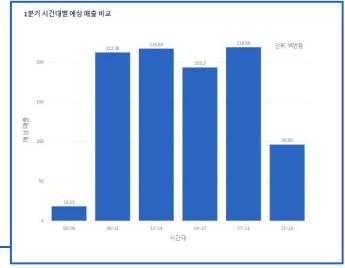


시간대별 예상매출 비교 시간대별 예상매출 상권 지도

행정동:삼성1동

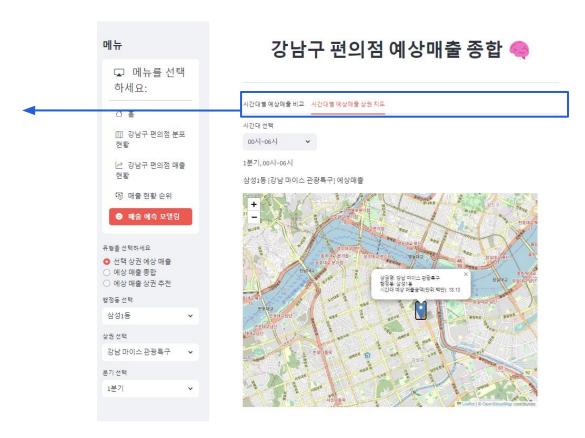
상 권: 강남 마이스 관광특구

1분기 시간대별 예상매출 비교표 : (단위:백만원)



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Tab
- Move to the desired tab



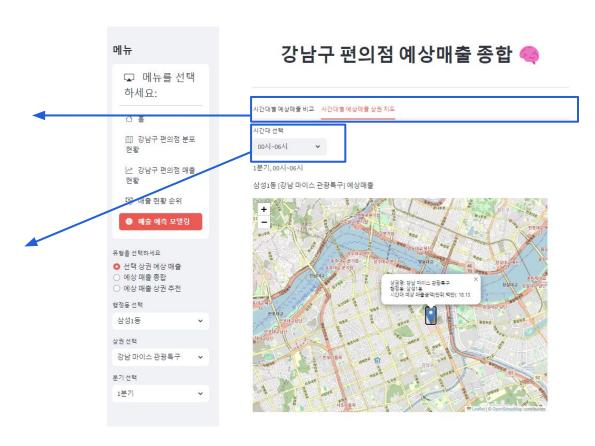
APPENDIX - SERVICE

Tab

- Move to the desired tab

Selectbox

- Select the desired time slot



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Tab

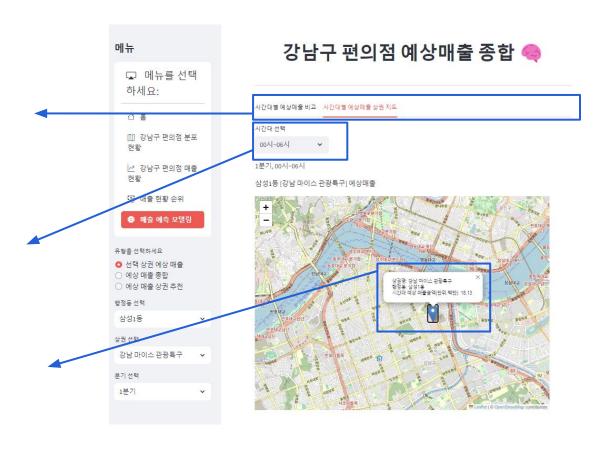
- Move to the desired tab

Selectbox

- Select the desired time slot

Detailed Information

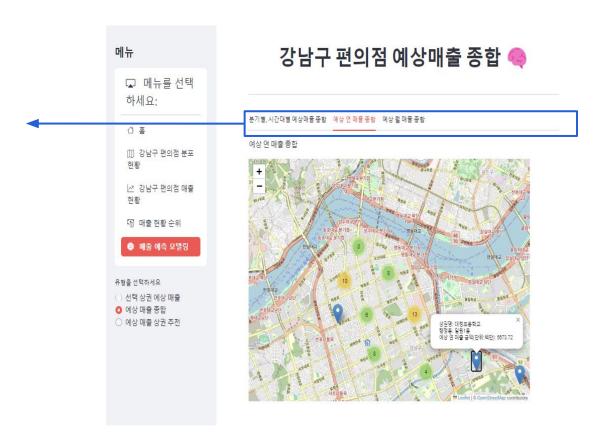
- The projected sales amount for the time slot selected by the user



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Tab

- Check the projected sales for each commercial area by time slot, year, and month individually



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Tab

 Check the projected sales for each commercial area by time slot, year, and month individually

Detailed Information

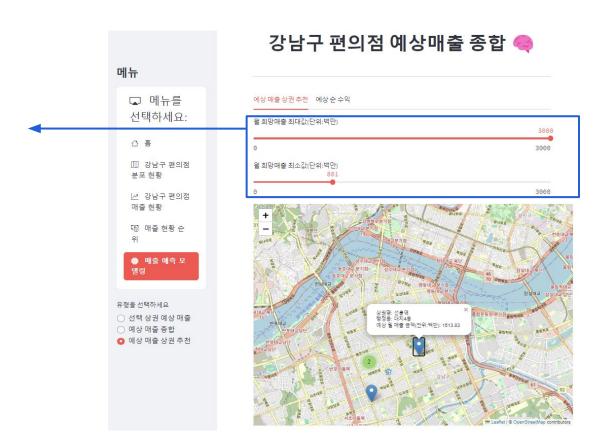
 Projected sales by time slot, year, and month for each commercial area can be visualized on a map



APPENDIX - SERVICE

Slider

- The user inputs the desired minimum and maximum values for sales



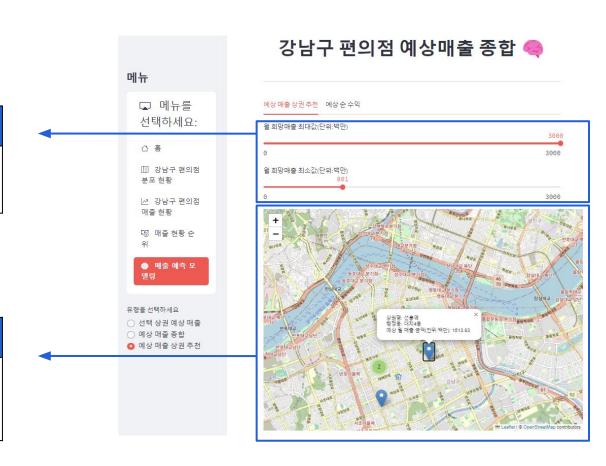
APPENDIX - SERVICE

Slider

- The user inputs the desired minimum and maximum values for sales

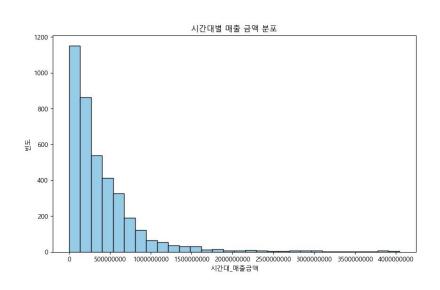
Detailed Information

- Information about commercial areas that meet the user's input values on the map



APPENDIX - EDA

Continuous Dependent Variable



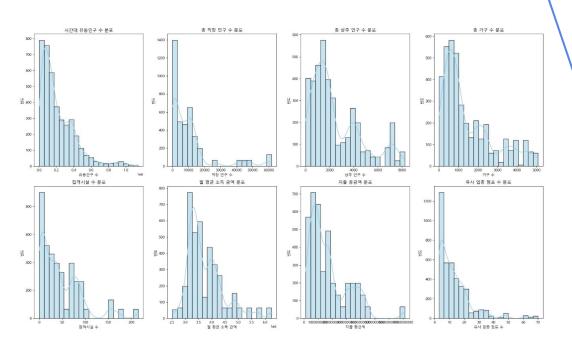
Final Columns

- Sales Amount by Time Period -
- Base Year
- Base Quarter
- Commercial District Division
 Name
- Commercial District Name
- Administrative Neighborhood Name
- Time Period
- Floating Population Count by Time Period
- Total Working Population
- Total Resident Population
- Total Number of Households
- Number of Attraction Facilities

- Monthly Average Income Amount
- Total Expenditure Amount
 - Number of Stores in Similar Industries
 - Number of Newly Opened Stores
- Number of Closed Stores

APPENDIX - EDA

Continuous Independent Variables



Final Columns

- Sales Amount by Time Period -
- Base Year
- Base Quarter
- Commercial District Division
 Name
 - Commercial District Name
 - Administrative Neighborhood Name
 - Time Period
- Floating Population Count by Time Period
- Total Working Population
- Total Resident Population
- Total Number of Households
 - Number of Attraction Facilities

Monthly Average Income Amount

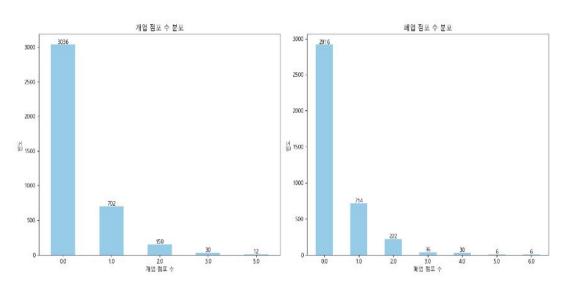
Total Expenditure Amount Number of Stores in Similar Industries

Number of Newly Opened Stores

Number of Closed Stores

APPENDIX - EDA

Continuous Independent
Variables
But, Similar to Categorical Data
Distribution



Final Columns

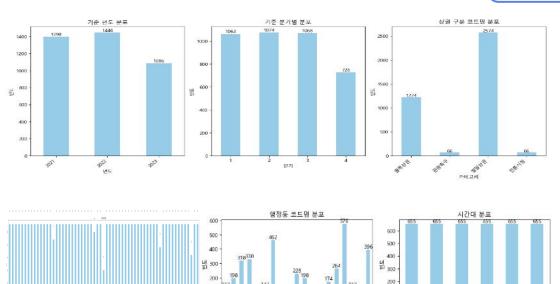
- Sales Amount by Time Period -
- Base Year
- Base Quarter
- Commercial District Division Name
- Commercial District Name
- Administrative Neighborhood Name
- Time Period
- Floating Population Count by Time Period
- Total Working Population
- Total Resident Population
- Total Number of Households
- Number of Attraction Facilities

- Monthly Average Income Amount
- Total Expenditure Amount Number of Stores in Similar Industries
- Number of Newly Opened Stores
 - Number of Closed Stores

APPENDIX - EDA



06-11 11-14 14-17 17-21 21-24



Final Columns

- Sales Amount by Time Period -
- Base Year
- Base Quarter
- Commercial District Division Name
- Commercial District Name
- Administrative Neighborhood Name
- Time Period
- Floating Population Count by Time Period
- Total Working Population
- Total Resident Population
- Total Number of Households
- Number of Attraction Facilities

- Monthly Average Income Amount
- Total Expenditure Amount
- Number of Stores in Similar Industries
- Number of Newly Opened Stores
- Number of Closed Stores

APPENDIX - MODELING

Algorithm	Data Reprocessing	Feature Engineering	Cross validati on	Hyperparameter Tuning	MAE	MSE	RMSE	R-Squared
RandomFores t	StandardScaler	Employment Population Ratio by Age Group					67898424.45	0.9648454212
RandomFores t	StandardScaler	Ratio of Household Count to Population Count					66123873.23	0.9754612381
RandomFores t	OneHotEncoder	Employment Population Ratio by Age Group					66731521.15	0.9648153123
RandomFores t	OneHotEncoder	Ratio of Household Count to Population Count					66197315.94	0.9618132176

APPENDIX - MODELING

Algorithm	Data Reprocessing	Feature Engineering	Cross validati on	Hyperparameter Tuning	MAE	MSE	RMSE	R-Squared
RandomFores t	StandardScaler: Numeric Data OneHotEncoder: Categorical Data	Ratio of Household Count to Population Count	KFold				69963979.84	0.9798526552
RandomFores t	StandardScaler: Numeric Data OneHotEncoder: Categorical Data	Ratio of Household Count to Population Count	KFold	{'n_estimators': 500, 'min_samples_split': 2, 'min_samples_leaf: 1, 'max_depth': 50, 'bootstrap': True}			69628037.42	0.9800303186
RandomFores t + GradientBoost ing	StandardScaler: Numeric Data OneHotEncoder: Categorical Data	StandardScaler: Numerical Data OneHotEncoder: Categorical Data						0.9773915991

CONVENIENCE INSIGHTS

APPENDIX - MODELING

Algorithm	Data Reprocessing	Feature Engineering	Cross validati on	Hyperparameter Tuning	MAE	MSE	RMSE	R-Squared
XGBoost	StandardScaler: Numeric Data OneHotEncoder: Categorical Data	Ratio of Household Count to Population Count, Ratio of Floating Population on Weekdays to Weekends	KFold				60577427.09	0.9849553596
XGBoost	StandardScaler: Numeric Data OneHotEncoder: Categorical Data	Ratio of Household Count to Population Count, Ratio of Floating Population on Weekdays to Weekends	KFold	{'subsample': 0.6, 'n_estimators': 500, 'min_child_weight': 1, 'max_depth': 7, 'learning_rate': 0.05, 'colsample_bytree': 0.8}			57367659.29	0.9864766996
XGBoost	Removing 'Hourly Sales Amount', 'Average Weekday Floating Population Count', 'Average Weekend Floating Population Count', 'Total Resident Population Count', 'Commercial Area Code', 'Administrative District Code Name'	Ratio of Household Count to Population Count					75272170.99	0.9812817025

APPENDIX - MODELING

Algorithm	Data Reprocessing	Feature Engineering	Cross validati on	Hyperparameter Tuning	MAE	MSE	RMSE	R-Squared
LGBM	Categorical Variable One-Hot Encoding / Numeric Variable Standard Scaling Dependent Variable Box-Cox Transformation	Proportion of Resident Population by Age Proportion of Working Population by Age Convenience Store Density		num_leaves=31, learning_rate=0.1, n_estimators=100	3,518,915,356, 168,770	33206245.03	59617671	0.9812185361
LGBM	Categorical Variable One-Hot Encoding / Numeric Variable Standard Scaling Dependent Variable Box-Cox Transformation	Proportion of Resident Population by Age Proportion of Working Population by Age Convenience Store Density		GridSearchCV 'num_leaves': [15, 31, 50], 'learning_rate': [0.05, 0.1, 0.2], 'n_estimators': [50, 100, 200]	2,283,010,610, 939,760	27001065.95	47780860	0.9878149154
LGBM	Categorical Variable One-Hot Encoding / Numeric Variable Standard Scaling Dependent Variable Box-Cox Transformation	Proportion of Resident Population by Age Proportion of Working Population by Age Convenience Store Density		num_leaves': [15, 31, 50], 'learning_rate': [0.1, 0.15, 0.2], 'n_estimators': [200, 300, 400]	2,289,286,910, 788,070	27355461.16	47846493	0.987781417



THANK YOU