

(AN EXTENSION TO HASKELL / CURRY) / (FUNCTIONAL LOGIC
PROGRAMMING LANGUAGES) / (EMBEDDING PROLOG IN
HASKELL)

A Thesis Proposal by
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Abstract

This paper proposes a different approach to improving and broadening the power, expressibility and capability of the purely functional programming language Haskell by combining and extending the methodologies of embedding of languages into one another and also marrying / merging / combining different programming paradigms. The proposal discusses the act of extending Haskell with logic programming capabilities similar to those of Prolog, a logic programming language. The embeddings and paradigm integrations are more or less towards declarative languages.

1 Embedding a Programming Language into another Programming Language

Embedding a programming language into another, in this we talk about embedding Prolog in Haskell.

The following are the sources or related work that can be found,

1.1 The content on Blogs / Articles / Internet Discussions

1. Lambda The Ultimate, The Programming Languages Weblog,

<http://lambda-the-ultimate.org/node/112>

2. Takashi's Workplace (Implementation),

<http://propella.blogspot.in/2009/04/prolog-in-haskell.html>

3. Mini Prolog for Hugs 98 (Implementation), [28]

The first attempt at embedding Prolog in Haskell, there is not documentation as such. No paper was published either, it was just another unofficial attempt at replicating Prolog implementations in other languages like Lisp, Scheme etc. Again it is labelled to be a "Mini Prolog" and was originally made for Hugs 1.3 and then updated for Hugs 98. Hugs is not active in development anymore, the last release was for 2006 and mostly everything these days is in GHC/GHCi. The special libraries and other Haskell files are required to run it. So not exactly "new" and also not "happening" anymore.

This implementation is a complex, because it deals with a lot literature and all of how Prolog Engine works, called Andorra Prolog.

There is nothing such as our traditional list data structure in the form we know it. We cannot use something like [1,2,3] we have to forcibly use, (Cons 1 (Cons 2 (Cons 3 nil))). There are three engines, Lazy Engine(Pure Engine), Andorra Engine and Stack Engine. The Lazy engine can construct and traverse infinite trees because it's lazy.

4. Logic Programming in Haskell,

http://www.haskell.org/haskellwiki/Logic_programming_example

5. Haskell vs. Prolog comparison,

<http://stackoverflow.com/questions/1932770/haskell-vs-prolog-comparison>

6. Haskell vs Prolog, or "Giving Haskell a choice"

<http://echochamber.me/viewtopic.php?f=11&t=35369>

7. Killing Prolog and losing its steam,

<http://vanemden.wordpress.com/2010/08/21/who-killed-prolog/>

http://www.kmjn.org/notes/prolog_lost_steam.html

1.2 Related Books

1. The Reasoned Schemer, Daniel P. Friedman, William E. Byrd, Oleg Kiselyov
2. Programming Languages: Application and Interpretation, Shriram Krishnamurthi,
Chapters 33-34 of PLAI discuss Prolog and implementing Prolog

1.3 Related Papers

- Papers from People

1. Type Logic Variables, K Classen,

<http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.37.2565&rep=rep1&type=pdf>

2. A Type-Safe Embedding of Constraint Handling Rules into Haskell Wei-Ngan Chin, Martin Sulzmann and Meng Wang

<http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.120.3928&rep=rep1&type=pdf>

3. Prological Features in a Functional Setting Axioms and Implementation, R Hinze

<http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.40.1016&rep=rep1&type=pdf>

4. FUNCTIONAL PEARL Combinators for breadth-first search, Micheal Spivey,

<http://journals.cambridge.org/action/displayFulltext?type=1&fid=59750&jid=JFP&volumeId=10&issueId=04&aid=59749>

5. Escape from Zurg: An Exercise in Logic Programming, Martin Erwig

<http://thelackthereof.org/docs/library/cs/functional/Erwig,%20Martin:%20Escape%20from%20Zurg%20-%20An%20Exercise%20in%20Logic%20Programming.pdf>

<http://web.engr.oregonstate.edu/~erwig/zurg/>

- Papers from Mike Spivey and Silvija Seres

1. Embedding Prolog in Haskell / Functional Reading of Logic Programs, [57]

http://spivey.oriel.ox.ac.uk/mike/silviya/seres_haskell199.pdf

This is one of the very first attempts to implement Prolog in Haskell, though there have been attempts and / or implementations of Prolog in other languages like Java(GNU Prolog, ISO Prolog as a library), Scheme(Scheme Prolog 1.2, pure Prolog interpreter, late 1980's early 1990's, 1993), Lisp (LogLisp 1982, QLog 1982) among others. There is a Hugs 98 implementation for Prolog(Mini Prolog, 1991-1996) for Hugs 1.3, but there has been no published work.

The references of this paper fall into the following categories,

- Surveys / Papers / Thesis about merging Functional and Logical Paradigms, 1,2,5,10,14,16.
- Functional Logic Languages / Embeddings, 4,6,8,9,13,17,18.
- Monads and Lazy Evaluation, 12,22,23.
- Follow up / Related Papers, 19,20,21.
- Unclassified, 14,15.

The key points from the paper,

- (a) Prolog Predicate \rightarrow Haskell Function.
- (b) Work on lazy lists, take required input produce solutions and pass it as stream.
- (c) Logical Operations \rightarrow Haskell Operations implemented using concat and map.
- (d) No extension, similar to LOGLisp(strict).
- (e) Functions to support, unification, resolution and search.
- (f) This is not a FLPL, it more of a functional language with logic capabilities, so there is no Narrowing or Residuation which are the key features of a FLPL.
- (g) The principles are general for embedding.
- (h) Only declarative features of Prolog have been implemented, no cut, assert, retract, fail(?).
- (i) Minimalistic extension, only four functions, Disjunction \parallel , Conjunction $\&$, Unify \doteq , Existential Quantifier (exists).
- (j) Converting a logical predicate into a pure Haskell function, bind local variables with explicit quantifiers and combining all clauses into a single equation.

- (k) Algorithm,
 - Input \rightarrow Predicate + Knowledge Base
 - Output \rightarrow Stream of Answers
 - Done Lazily
 - (l) Prolog Terms are untyped.
 - (m) The function definitions are relatively simple and backtracking is naturally simulated as the evaluation is lazy.
 - (n) Support for BFS is included.
 - (o) The paper claims that other implementations or attempts like Babel, Kernel-LEAF, Escher, Curry **"lack semantic clarity"** (I would have to look into that).
 - (p) The paper also suggests that the level of abstraction is the same as other embeddings like LOGLisp and QLog.
 - (q) No implementation only Theoretical Model.
 - (r) No higher order functions and nested functions.
2. Algebra of Logic Programming,
http://spivey.oriel.ox.ac.uk/mike/silviya/seres_iclp99.pdf
 3. The Algebra of Logic Programming,
http://spivey.oriel.ox.ac.uk/mike/silviya/seres_thesis.pdf
 4. Optimisation Problems in Logic Programming : An Algebraic Approach,
http://spivey.oriel.ox.ac.uk/mike/silviya/seres_lpse00.pdf
 5. Higher Order Transformation of Logic Programs,
http://spivey.oriel.ox.ac.uk/mike/silviya/seres_lopstr00.pdf

This paper mainly talks about the "compositional approach" to design algorithms in functional programming languages which can be extended to logical programming languages. The idea is to develop a general technique for developing efficient predicates. The transformational technique is the rules and strategies approach for logical programming from another paper,

Rules(Performing Operations)	Strategies(Meta Rules / Sequencing)
Unfold Clause Definitions	Goal Tupling
Create Clause Definitions	Goal Generalization
Delete Clause Definitions	Unnecessary Variable Elimination
Re-arrange Clause Definitions	Predicate Fusion

The above gives a compositional approach to transform logical programs ????

Only generalisation and tupling are required to derive Herbrand Model of the two programs????

Standard dfs approach does not give any clear measure of computational complexity.

The Algebra of Functional Programs says that the functions *foldl* and *foldr* give a general transformation strategy, i.e. with higher order functions. This paper takes the above results and tries to apply it to Logic Programming by translating Prolog programs into Haskell programs which helps in "Reasoning" and "Higher Order Predicates can be implemented as Higher Order Functions". Moreover with Higher Order Functions we do not need Higher Order Unification. With all of the stuff from [57], and the proof of uniqueness of fixed points ??? in [51] ???.

The paper gives two examples of a program with two variants differing in complexity, but are proved to be "equal".

Bird and de Moor provide synthesis and transformation techniques for functional programs which are "logicalized" in the paper.

They say the future is to extend and apply the techniques to "constraint programming". and also

"Cross Fertilized" Program Transformation Techniques for both the Declarative Paradigms ???

6. The Algebra of Searching,

http://spivey.oriel.ox.ac.uk/mike/silviya/seres_carh99.pdf

1.4 Related Libraries in Haskell

- Prolog Libraries

1. Nano Prolog
2. Prolog
3. cspm-To-Prolog
4. prolog-graph and prolog-graph-lib
5. hswip,

<https://groups.google.com/forum/#!topic/haskell-cafe/3vmCuw7NlWE>

- Logic Libraries

1. logict,
`http://okmij.org/ftp/Computation/monads.html`
2. logic-classes
3. proplogic
4. cflp
5. logic grows on trees

- Unification Libraries

1. unification-fd
2. cmu

- Concatenative Programming Libraries

1. peg

- Constraint Programming and Constraint Handling Rules

1. monadiccp
2. monadicccp-gecode
3. csp
4. liquid fix point

1.5 Possibly Related Content

1. Unifying Theories of Programming, C.A.R. Hoare,
`http://www.unifyingtheories.org/`
2. Unifying Theories of Programming with Monads, Jeremy Gibbons,
`http://www.cs.ox.ac.uk/people/jeremy.gibbons/publications/utp-monads.pdf`

2 Multi Paradigm Languages (Functional Logic Languages)

In this section we talk about marrying or integrating the paradigms, multi paradigm programming language approach. Here we talk about combining the two most important and widely spread declarative paradigms, Functional and Logical Programming Paradigms.

2.1 Some Multi Paradigm Languages

Now, these days if one tries to classify programming languages according to paradigms then , a programming language will always end up being "multi paradigm"(I do not agree with this but a lot of people always tell me, including some unbc profs).

1. Scala, Object Functional Programming Language.
2. Virgil, Object Functional Programming Language.
3. CLOS, Common Lisp Object System.
4.???????

2.2 The content on Blogs / Articles / Internet Discussions

- Multi Paradigm Languages

1. Wikipedia Multiparadigm Programming Languages
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Multi-paradigm_programming_language#Multi-paradigm
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_programming_languages_by_type#Multiparadigm_languages
2. Mozilla Developer Network MDN,
<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/multiparadigmlanguage.html>
3. Some blog called c2,
<http://c2.com/cgi/wiki?MultiParadigmProgrammingLanguage>

- Functional Logic Programming Languages

1. FLPL Wikipedia,
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Functional_logic_programming
http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Category:Functional_logic_programming_

languages

2. Implementation of Functional Logic Languages

<http://web.cecs.pdx.edu/~antoy/research/flp/>

3. Functional Logic Programming

<http://www.informatik.uni-kiel.de/~mh/FLP/>

2.3 Functional Logic Programming Languages

2.4 People

There are a lot of people working on this but, I found a lot of papers of two of them,

1. Michael Hanus,

<http://www.informatik.uni-kiel.de/~mh/>

2. Sergio Antoy,

<http://web.cecs.pdx.edu/~antoy/>

3. Uday S Reddy

2.5 Functional Logic Programming Language

1. The intergration of functions into Logic Programming : From Theory to Practice,

<http://www.informatik.uni-kiel.de/~mh/publications/papers/JLP94.html>

2. Functional Logic Programming : From theory to curry,

<http://www.informatik.uni-kiel.de/~mh/papers/GanzingerFestschrift.pdf>

3. Functional Logic Programming,

<http://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?doid=1721654.1721675>

4. A Higher Order Rewriting Logic for FLP, <http://books.google.ca/books?hl=en&lr=&id=TSJDeaVpJyMC&oi=fnd&pg=PA153&dq=functional+logic+programming&ots=Ikp3Y-kZRV&sig=j7XQq-Hi-utdeNG54ZFkE1BeBNw#v=onepage&q=functional%20logic%20programming&f=false>

5. Toy a multiparadigm declarative system

6. A unified computation model for functional and logic programming

7. Semantics and Types in Functional Logic Programming
8. Polymorphic Types in FLP
9. A general Computation Scheme for Constraint Logic Programming

List of Functional Logic Languages

1. Mercury
2. Curry
3. Escher
4. ALF
5. Babel
6. Ciao
7. Curry
8. Life
9. LPG
10. Mercury
11. NUE-Prolog
12. Oz (Mozart Programming System)
13. TOY
14. λ Prolog
15. Visual Prolog (They claim it is a OOFLPL)
16. TABLOG

3 Introduction

The main focus of the

3.1 Problem Statement

The issue being discussed here is that often when a problem is to solved using a given language, it has to be moulded according to the capability the language can provide. For example a problem with a naturally recursive solution cannot take advantage of tail recursion in many imperative languages. Many problems require the system to be mutation free, but have to deal with uncontrolled side-effects and so on.

The ideal situation would be a language with a rich feature set and the ability to mould itself according to the problem. A language with ability to take the appropriate skill set and present it to the programmer will reduce the hassle of jumping between languages and / or forcibly trying to solve a problem according to a paradigm. This can be achieved in two ways,

1. Embedding

Please see Chapter 8,

[Embedding a Programming Language into another Programming Language.](#)

This approach involves, translating a complete language into the host language as an extension such as a library. The result is very shallow as all the positives as well as the negatives are brought into the host language. The negatives mentioned being, that languages from different paradigms usually have conflicting characteristics and result in inconsistent properties of the resulting embedding. Examples and further discussion on the same is provided in

2. Paradigm Integration

Please see Chapter 11,

[Unifying or Marrying or Merging or Combining Programming Paradigms or Theories](#)

This approach goes much deeper as it does not involve a direct translation. An attempt is made by taking a particular characteristic of a language and merging it with the characteristic of the host language in order to eliminate conflicts resulting in a multi paradigm language.

3.2 Research Approach and Contributions

3.2.1 Contributions

3.3 Thesis Statement

The aim of this thesis is to add and / or extend the logical capabilities of the purely functional programming language Haskell which are derived from the logic programming language Prolog.

3.4 Proposal Organization

3.5 The Plan

4 Background

Introduction

This section gives a broad overview of the approaches that are adopted in order to tackle the problem discussed.

5 Proposed Work

As discussed in the sections above, either an embedding or integration approach is taken up for the job. So there is either a very shallow approach which does not fully utilize the constructs available in the host language and just results in a mere translation of the characteristics. While the other is the fairly complex process of which results in tackling the conflicting nature of different programming paradigms, resulting in a toned down compromised language that neither takes advantages of either paradigms, sure the both the sides need to be integrated but integrated languages have never really worked. Mostly the trend is to build a library for extension to replicate

6 Related Work

6.1 Related terms

1. Prolog in Haskell
2. Embedding One language into another language
3. Constraint Programming
4. Constraint Handling Rules
5. Concatenative Programming
6. Functional Logic Programming Languages
7. Residuation
8. Narrowing
9. Warren Abstraction Machine

6.2 Prolog Libraries in Haskell

1. Nano Prolog
2. Prolog
3. cspm-To-Prolog
4. prolog-graph and prolog-graph-lib
5. hswip
6. Embedding Prolog in Haskell, JM Spivey, http://spivey.orient.ox.ac.uk/mike/silviya/seres_haskell199.pdf
7. Type Logic Variables, K Classen, <http://citeseerx.ist.psu.edu/viewdoc/download?doi=10.1.1.37.2565&rep=rep1&type=pdf>
8. Takashi's Workplace, [68], This is an unofficial implementation at embedding Prolog in Haskell, the reason behind it being that the only existing implementation was for Hugs 98 and is very complicated. The selling point of this implementation is simplicity. The implementation features no Monads or any other things from [9]. What it basically does is provide an REPL

to add facts to the knowledge base, they are entered as strings and stored in some form of internal data structures. A query is requested which will do a depth first search, recursively finding substitutions for unifying the goal and the clauses from the knowledge base.

The Prolog implemented is not full though, it is "Pure Prolog", no cuts, no fail, and other stuff. Moreover the REPL cannot do all the stuff that a swi prolog can do, for example you cannot declare variables / assignment statements and so on. Also you cannot right a "program file" as such, the REPL is all one gets to do stuff like adding clauses or querying etc.

So you cannot write a program, you cannot do much with the REPL, its not a full blown Prolog.

6.3 Logic Libraries in Haskell

1. logict
2. logic-classes
3. proplogic
4. cflp
5. logic grows on trees

6.4 Unification Libraries in Haskell

1. unification-fd
2. cmu

6.5 Concatenative Programming Libraries in Haskell

1. peg

6.6 Constraint Programming and Constraint Handling Rules

1. monadiccp
2. monadicccp-gecode
3. csp
4. liquid fix point

6.7 Functional Logic Programming Language

1. The intergration of functions into Logic Programming : From Theory to Practice,
<http://www.informatik.uni-kiel.de/~mh/publications/papers/JLP94.html>
 2. Functional Logic Programming : From theory to curry,
<http://www.informatik.uni-kiel.de/~mh/papers/GanzingerFestschrift.pdf>
 3. Functional Logic Programming,
<http://dl.acm.org/citation.cfm?doid=1721654.1721675>
 4. A Higher Order Rewriting Logic for FLP, <http://books.google.ca/books?hl=en&lr=&id=TSJDeaVpJyMC&oi=fnd&pg=PA153&dq=functional+logic+programming&ots=Ikp3Y-kZRV&sig=j7XQq-Hi-utdeNG54ZFkE1BeBNw#v=onepage&q=functional%20logic%20programming&f=false>
 5. Toy a multiparadigm declarative system
 6. A unified computation model for functional and logic programming
 7. Semantics and Types in Functional Logic Programming
 8. Polymorphic Types in FLP
 9. A general Computation Scheme for Constraint Logic Programming
1. Lambda Prolog
 2. Mercury
 3. Curry
 4. Escher

7 Embedding a Programming Language into another Programming Language

Embedding a language into another language,

As discussed in the

7.1 Theory

1. Papers

- (a) Embedding an interpreted language using higher-order functions, [43]
- (b) Building domain-specific embedded languages, [25]
- (c) Embedded interpreters, [6]
- (d) Cayenne – a Language With Dependent Types, [2]
- (e) Foreign interface for PLT Scheme, [5]
- (f) Dot-Scheme: A PLT Scheme FFI for the .NET framework, [38]
- (g) Application-specific foreign-interface generation, [44]
- (h) Embedding S in other languages and environments, [34]

2. Books

- (a) ?????????

3. Articles / Blogs / Discussions

- (a) Embedding one language into another, [32]
- (b) Application-specific foreign-interface generation, [33]
- (c) Linguistic Abstraction, [36]
- (d) LISP, Unification and Embedded Languages, [37]

4. Websites

- (a) Embedding SWI-Prolog in other applications, [15]

7.2 Implementations

- 1. Lots of them I guess

7.3 Important People

1. ????

7.4 Miscellaneous / Possibly Related Content

1. ????

8 Prolog in ----

Prolog in -----

8.1 Theory

- Papers

1. QLog, [29]
2. LogLisp Motivation, design, and implementation, [46]

- Books

1. Warrens Abstract Machine A TUTORIAL RECONSTRUCTION, [1]
2. LOGLISP: an alternative to PROLOG, [47]

- Articles / Blogs / Discussions

1. Hello

- Websites

1. Hello

8.2 Implementations

1. Castor : Logic paradigm for C++, [35]
2. GNU Prolog for Java, [22]
3. JLog - Prolog in Java, [26]
4. JScriptLog - Prolog in Java, [27]
5. Quintus Prolog, [39]
6. Yield Prolog, [40]
7. Racklog, [55]

8.3 Important People

1. ???

8.4 Miscellaneous / Possibly Related Content

1. ???

9 Prolog in Haskell

Prolog in Haskell

9.1 Theory

- Papers

1. Embedding Prolog in Haskell / Functional Reading of Logic Programs, [57]
2. Algebra of Logic Programming, [53]
3. The Algebra of Logic Programming, [51]
4. Optimisation Problems in Logic Programming : An Algebraic Approach, [52]
5. Higher Order Transformation of Logic Programs, [54]
6. The Algebra of Searching, [56]
7. FUNCTIONAL PEARL Combinators for breadth-first search, [58]
8. Type Logic Variables, K Classen, [9]
9. A Type-Safe Embedding of Constraint Handling Rules into Haskell Wei-Ngan Chin, Martin Sulzmann and Meng Wang, [8]
10. Prological Features in a Functional Setting Axioms and Implementation, R Hinze, [23]
11. Escape from Zurg: An Exercise in Logic Programming, [17]

- Books

1. The Reasoned Schemer, Daniel P. Friedman, William E. Byrd, Oleg Kiselyov, [13]
2. Programming Languages: Application and Interpretation, Shriram Krishnamurthi, Chapters 33-34 of PLAI discuss Prolog and implementing Prolog, [30]

- Articles / Blogs / Discussions

1. Lambda the Ultimate, Programming Languages, [31]
2. Takashi's Workplace (Implementation), [68]
3. Haskell vs. Prolog Comparison, [59]

- Websites

1. Logic Programming in Haskell, [64]

9.2 Implementations

1. A Prolog in Haskell, Takashi's Workplace, [68]
2. Mini Prolog for Hugs 98, [28]
3. Nano Prolog, [60]
4. Prolog, [49]
5. cspm-To-Prolog, [19]
6. prolog-graph, [4]
7. prolog-graph-lib, [48]
8. hswip, [61]

9.3 Important People

1. Mike Spivey
2. Silvija Seres

9.4 Miscellaneous / Possibly Related Content

1. Unification Libraries
 - (a) unification-fd, [62]
 - (b) cmu, [42]
2. Logic Libraries
 - (a) logicct, [11], [12]
 - (b) logic-classes, [?]
 - (c) proplogic, [20]
 - (d) cflp, [18]
 - (e) logic-grows-on-trees, [10]
3. Concatenative Programming
 - (a) peg, [14]

4. Constraint Programming and Constraint Handling Rules

- (a) monadiccp, [45]
- (b) monadiccsp-gecode, [63]
- (c) csp, [3]
- (d) liquid fix point, [50]

10 Unifying or Marrying or Merging or Combining Programming Paradigms or Theories

Unifying / Marrying / Merging / Combining Programming Paradigms / Theories

10.1 Theory

- Papers

1. Unifying Theories of Programming with Monads, [21]
2. Symposium on Unifying Theories of Programming, 2006, [16].
3. Symposium on Unifying Theories of Programming, 2008, [7].
4. Symposium on Unifying Theories of Programming, 2010, [41].
5. Symposium on Unifying Theories of Programming, 2012, [67].

- Books

1. Unifying Theories of Programming, [24]

- Articles / Blogs / Discussions

1. ???

- Websites

1. ???

10.2 Implementations

1. Scala
2. Virgil
3. CLOS, Common Lisp Object System
4. Visual Prolog
5. ????

10.3 Miscellaneous / Possibly Related Content

1. ???

11 Functional Logic Programming Languages

Functional Logic Programming Languages

11.1 Theory

- Paper

1. FLPL Introduction Theory

- (a) Hello

2. FLPL Surveys

- (a) Hello

3. Narrowing in FLPL

- (a) Hello

4. Residuation in FLPL

- (a) Hello

5. Computation Model for FLPL

- (a) Hello

- Books

1. Hello

- Articles / Blogs / Discussions

1. Hello

- Websites

1. Hello

11.2 Implementations

1. Hello

11.3 Miscellaneous / Possibly Related Content

1. Hello

12 Quasiquote

12.1 Theory

1. Papers

- (a)

2. Books

- (a)

3. Articles / Blogs / Discussions

- (a)

4. Websites

- (a) Quasiquote Wikipedia, [66]

- (b) Quasiquote in Haskell, [65]

12.2 Implementations

- 1.

12.3 Miscellaneous / Possibly Related Content

- 1.

13 Related Terms or Keywords

Related Terms / Keywords

1. Prolog in Other Languages
2. Prolog in Haskell
3. Embedding One language into another language
4. Constraint Programming
5. Constraint Handling Rules
6. Concatenative Programming
7. Functional Logic Programming Languages
8. Residuation
9. Narrowing
10. Warren Abstraction Machine
11. Foreign Function Interfaces
12. Quasiquotation
13. Programming Theory Unification

14 Haskell or Why Haskell ?

Haskell / Why Haskell ?

1. Hello

15 Prolog or Why Prolog ?

Prolog / Why Prolog ?

1. Hello

16 Miscellaneous or Possibly Related Content

Miscellaneous / Possibly Related Content

1. ???

17 Conclusion

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