

DES - Security Through Obscurity

Brandon Crane, Matt Frederick, Monica Singh, George Wood

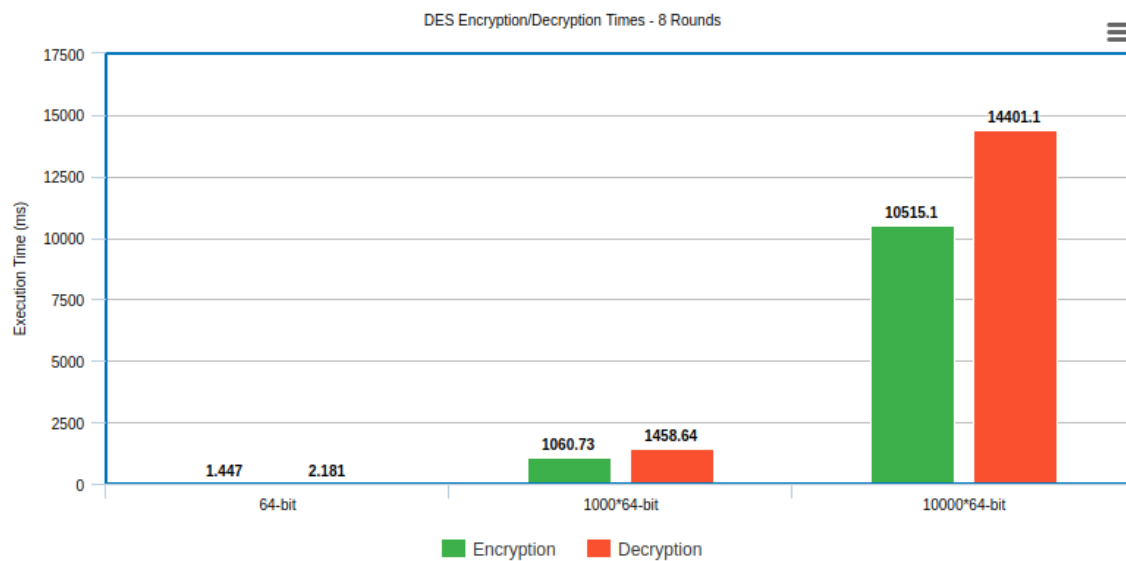
30 September 2017

1 Individual Contributions

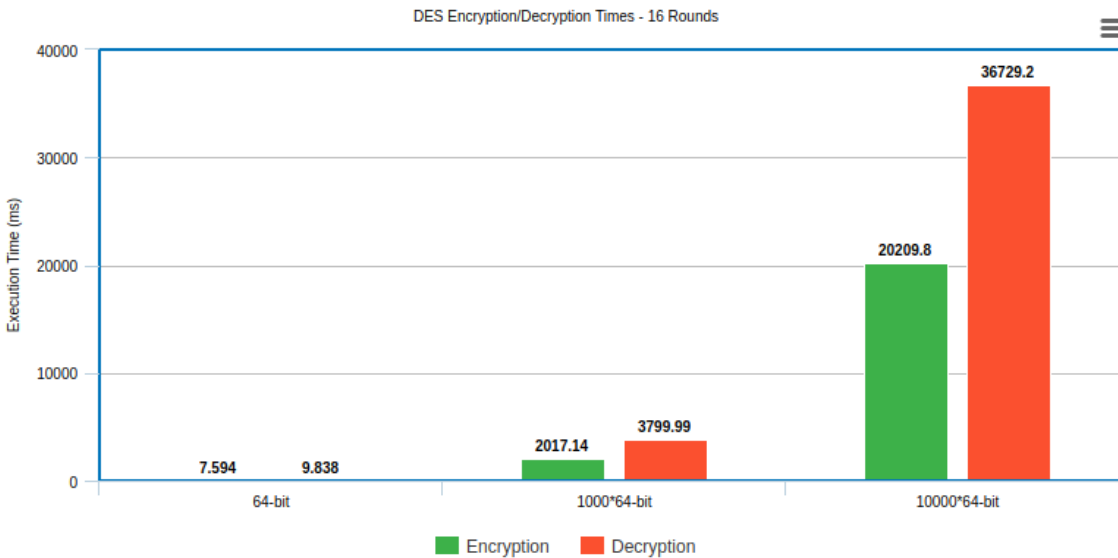
Team members did most of the work together. Pair programming was implemented in the beginning to code individual modules. Matt and Monica worked together in one pair focusing on creation and format of the individual table functions, and George and Brandon in another focusing on file i/o, character interpretation, and program organization. These modules were then placed in the main file accordingly. Once debugging started, it became a whole team effort with everybody analyzing the output. To verify that our encryption was working correctly, George took it upon himself to run through the algorithm by hand. He worked with a very simple key and plaintext. This process was compared to the output of the bit strings that our program output before and after steps in the algorithm. This processes verified that our encryption was accurate, and we were able to continue debugging to completion as a team. Brandon drafted up the latex document, and George created the graphs.

2 Execution Time Graphs for 8 Rounds

8 Rounds



16 Rounds



3 Code (C++)

```
/*
CS 455 - Project Part 1 - DES Implementation
Brandon Crane, Matt Frederick, Monica Singh, & George Wood
9/30/17
*/

#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <vector>
#include <bitset>
#include <time.h>
using namespace std;

//Number of characters in each block of input text being processed
const short CHARS_IN_BLOCK = 8;
//Number of bits in a char variable
const short BITS_IN_CHAR = 8;
//Number of rounds the algorithm should operate for
const short ROUND_COUNT = 8;
//Whether or not testing statements should be printed
const bool VERBOSE = false;

//IP Table, takes in vector of size 64, permutes it, and modifies
//left and right vectors passed by reference to give plaintext halves
void initPerm(vector<bool> inputVector, vector<bool>& leftText,
```

```

vector<bool>& rightText)
{
    short outputVectorSize = 64;
    //IP table stored as an array
    short initPerm[] = {58,50,42,34,26,18,10,2,
                        60,52,44,36,28,20,12,4,
                        62,54,46,38,30,22,14,6,
                        64,56,48,40,32,24,16,8,
                        57,49,41,33,25,17,9, 1,
                        59,51,43,35,27,19,11,3,
                        61,53,45,37,29,21,13,5,
                        63,55,47,39,31,23,15,7};

    //Vector to store permuted values
    vector<bool> permVec;
    //Pushes permuted values into permVec
    for(short i=0; i < outputVectorSize; i++)
    {
        permVec.push_back(inputVector.at(initPerm[i]-1));
    }
    //First half of permuted values pushed to the leftText vector
    for (unsigned short i = 0; i < permVec.size() / 2; i++)
    {
        leftText.push_back(permVec.at(i));
    }
    //Second half of permuted values pushed to the rightText vector
    for (unsigned short i = permVec.size() / 2; i < permVec.size(); i++)
    {
        rightText.push_back(permVec.at(i));
    }
}

//Inverse IP table, takes in vector of booleans of size 64 and returns
//its permutation
vector<bool> invInitPerm(vector<bool> inputVector)
{
    short outputVectorSize = 64;
    //Inverse IP tables stored as an array
    short invInitPerm[] = {40,8,48,16,56,24,64,32,
                          39,7,47,15,55,23,63,31,
                          38,6,46,14,54,22,62,30,
                          37,5,45,13,53,21,61,29,
                          36,4,44,12,52,20,60,28,
                          35,3,43,11,51,19,59,27,
                          34,2,42,10,50,18,58,26,
                          33,1,41,9,49,17,57,25};

    //Vector of bools to be returned
    vector<bool> outputVector;
    //Pushes permuted values to outputVector

```

```

    for(short i=0; i < outputVectorSize; i++)
    {
        outputVector.push_back(inputVector.at(invInitPerm[i]-1));
    }
    return outputVector;
}

//PC1 Table, takes in vector of size 64, permutes it to size 56, and modifies
//halves passed by reference to give initial key halves
void pc1Perm(vector<bool> keyBits, vector<bool>& leftKey,
    vector<bool>& rightKey)
{
    short pcOneSize = 56;
    //PC-1 table stored as array
    short pcOne[] = {57,49,41,33,25,17,9,
        1, 58,50,42,34,26,18,
        10,2, 59,51,43,35,27,
        19,11,3, 60,52,44,36,
        63,55,47,39,31,23,15,
        7, 62,54,46,38,30,22,
        14,6, 61,53,45,37,29,
        21,13,5, 28,20,12,4};
    //Pushes first half of permuted values to leftKey
    for(short i = 0; i < pcOneSize / 2; i++)
    {
        leftKey.push_back(keyBits.at(pcOne[i]-1));
    }
    //Pushes second half of permuted values to rightKey
    for(short i = pcOneSize / 2; i < pcOneSize; i++)
    {
        rightKey.push_back(keyBits.at(pcOne[i]-1));
    }
}

//Key shift scheduler, takes in key halves and shifts them by a specified
//number of bits based on the current round of encryption
vector<bool> leftShiftSched(vector<bool> inputVector, short round)
{
    //Left shift schedule stored as array
    short schedule[] = {1,1,2,2,2,2,2,2,1,2,2,2,2,2,1};
    //Vector of bools to be returned
    vector<bool> outputVector;
    //The following two for loops perform the left shift
    for (unsigned short i = schedule[round]; i < inputVector.size(); i++)
    {
        outputVector.push_back(inputVector.at(i));
    }
    for(short i = 0; i < schedule[round]; i++)

```

```

    {
        outputVector.push_back(inputVector.at(i));
    }
    return outputVector;
}

//PC2 Table, takes in key halves vectors of size 28 each, permutes them,
//and returns a combined permuted key vector
vector<bool> pc2Perm(vector<bool> leftKey, vector<bool> rightKey)
{
    //Key made up of the two half keys
    vector<bool> combinedKey = leftKey;
    combinedKey.insert(combinedKey.end(), rightKey.begin(), rightKey.end());

    short pcTwoSize = 48;
    //PC-2 table stored as array
    short pcTwo[] = {14,17,11,24,1, 5, 3, 28,
                     15,6, 21,10,23,19,12,4,
                     26,8, 16,7, 27,20,13,2,
                     41,52,31,37,47,55,30,40,
                     51,45,33,48,44,49,39,56,
                     34,53,46,42,50,36,29,32};

    //Vector of bools to be returned
    vector<bool> outputVector;
    //Pushes permuted values to outputVector
    for(short i=0; i<pcTwoSize; i++)
    {
        outputVector.push_back(combinedKey.at(pcTwo[i]-1));
    }
    return outputVector;
}

//Takes in a vector of size 32, expands and permutes it with a hard-coded table,
//and returns a vector of size 48
vector<bool> eTablePerm(vector<bool> inputVector)
{
    short outputVectorSize = 48;
    //E table stored as array
    short eTable[outputVectorSize] = {32,1, 2, 3, 4, 5,
                                       4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9,
                                       8, 9, 10,11,12,13,
                                       12,13,14,15,16,17,
                                       16,17,18,19,20,21,
                                       20,21,22,23,24,25,
                                       24,25,26,27,28,29,
                                       28,29,30,31,32,1};

    //Vector of bools to be returned
    vector<bool> outputVector;

```

```

//Pushes permuted values to outputVector
for (short i = 0; i < outputVectorSize; i++)
{
    outputVector.push_back(inputVector.at(eTable[i] - 1));
}
return outputVector;
}

//S Boxes, takes in vector of the right half of the plaintext of size 48
//and returns a permuted and substituted vector of length 32
vector<bool> sBoxSub(vector<bool> rightTextI)
{
    //Number of groups of to be applied to the S boxes
    short bitGroupCount = 8;
    //Number of bits in each group
    short bitsInGroup = 6;
    //Vector of S boxes
    vector<vector<vector<short>>> sBoxes;
    //Temp vectors used to create S boxes
    vector<short> tempRow;
    vector<vector<short>> tempBox;

    //S Box 1
    tempRow = {14, 4, 13, 1, 2, 15, 11, 8, 3, 10, 6, 12, 5, 9, 0, 7};
    tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
    tempRow = {0, 15, 7, 4, 14, 2, 13, 1, 10, 6, 12, 11, 9, 5, 3, 8};
    tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
    tempRow = {4, 1, 14, 8, 13, 6, 2, 11, 15, 12, 9, 7, 3, 10, 5, 0};
    tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
    tempRow = {15, 12, 8, 2, 4, 9, 1, 7, 5, 11, 3, 14, 10, 0, 6, 13};
    tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
    sBoxes.push_back(tempBox);
    tempBox.clear();

    ///S Box 2
    tempRow = {15, 1, 8, 14, 6, 11, 3, 4, 9, 7, 2, 13, 12, 0, 5, 10};
    tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
    tempRow = {3, 13, 4, 7, 15, 2, 8, 14, 12, 0, 1, 10, 6, 9, 11, 5};
    tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
    tempRow = {0, 14, 7, 11, 10, 4, 13, 1, 5, 8, 12, 6, 9, 3, 2, 15};
    tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
    tempRow = {13, 8, 10, 1, 3, 15, 4, 2, 11, 6, 7, 12, 0, 5, 14, 9};
    tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
    sBoxes.push_back(tempBox);
    tempBox.clear();

    //S Box 3
    tempRow = {10, 0, 9, 14, 6, 3, 15, 5, 1, 13, 12, 7, 11, 4, 2, 8};

```

```

tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {13, 7, 0, 9, 3, 4, 6, 10, 2, 8, 5, 14, 12, 11, 15, 1};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {13, 6, 4, 9, 8, 15, 3, 0, 11, 1, 2, 12, 5, 10, 14, 7};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {1, 10, 13, 0, 6, 9, 8, 7, 4, 15, 14, 3, 11, 5, 2, 12};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
sBoxes.push_back(tempBox);
tempBox.clear();

```

//S Box 4

```

tempRow = {7, 13, 14, 3, 0, 6, 9, 10, 1, 2, 8, 5, 11, 12, 4, 15};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {13, 8, 11, 5, 6, 15, 0, 3, 4, 7, 2, 12, 1, 10, 14, 9};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {10, 6, 9, 0, 12, 11, 7, 13, 15, 1, 3, 14, 5, 2, 8, 4};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {3, 15, 0, 6, 10, 1, 13, 8, 9, 4, 5, 11, 12, 7, 2, 14};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
sBoxes.push_back(tempBox);
tempBox.clear();

```

//S Box 5

```

tempRow = {2, 12, 4, 1, 7, 10, 11, 6, 8, 5, 3, 15, 13, 0, 14, 9};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {14, 11, 2, 12, 4, 7, 13, 1, 5, 0, 15, 10, 3, 9, 8, 6};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {4, 2, 1, 11, 10, 13, 7, 8, 15, 9, 12, 5, 6, 3, 0, 14};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {11, 8, 12, 7, 1, 14, 2, 13, 6, 15, 0, 9, 10, 4, 5, 3};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
sBoxes.push_back(tempBox);
tempBox.clear();

```

//S Box 6

```

tempRow = {12, 1, 10, 15, 9, 2, 6, 8, 0, 13, 3, 4, 14, 7, 5, 11};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {10, 15, 4, 2, 7, 12, 9, 5, 6, 1, 13, 14, 0, 11, 3, 8};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {9, 14, 15, 5, 2, 8, 12, 3, 7, 0, 4, 10, 1, 13, 11, 6};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {4, 3, 2, 12, 9, 5, 15, 10, 11, 14, 1, 7, 6, 0, 8, 13};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
sBoxes.push_back(tempBox);
tempBox.clear();

```

//S Box 7

```

tempRow = {4, 11, 2, 14, 15, 0, 8, 13, 3, 12, 9, 7, 5, 10, 6, 1};

```

```

tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {13, 0, 11, 7, 4, 9, 1, 10, 14, 3, 5, 12, 2, 15, 8, 6};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {1, 4, 11, 13, 12, 3, 7, 14, 10, 15, 6, 8, 0, 5, 9, 2};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {6, 11, 13, 8, 1, 4, 10, 7, 9, 5, 0, 15, 14, 2, 3, 12};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
sBoxes.push_back(tempBox);
tempBox.clear();

//S Box 8
tempRow = {13, 2, 8, 4, 6, 15, 11, 1, 10, 9, 3, 14, 5, 0, 12, 7};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {1, 15, 13, 8, 10, 3, 7, 4, 12, 5, 6, 11, 0, 14, 9, 2};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {7, 11, 4, 1, 9, 12, 14, 2, 0, 6, 10, 13, 15, 3, 5, 8};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
tempRow = {15, 12, 8, 2, 4, 9, 1, 7, 5, 11, 3, 14, 10, 0, 6, 13};
tempBox.push_back(tempRow);
sBoxes.push_back(tempBox);

//Vector to hold
vector<vector<bool>> bitGroups;
//Vector of bools to be returned
vector<bool> outputVector;
//Loads vectors of bools into bitGroups to represent each group of bits
for(short i=0; i < bitGroupCount; i++)
{
    vector<bool> temp;
    for(short j = 0; j < bitsInGroup; j++)
    {
        temp.push_back(rightTextI.at((i * bitsInGroup) + j));
    }
    bitGroups.push_back(temp);
}

//Applies an S box to each bit group
for(short j = 0; j < bitGroupCount; j++)
{
    //Number of bits that will be in each group after S box application
    short outputBitCount = 4;
    //String representing row of S box to be used
    string rowString;
    //String representing column of S box to be used
    string colString;

    //Gets row value in binary
    rowString.append(bitGroups.at(j).at(0) ? "1" : "0");

```



```

        rowString.append(bitGroups.at(j).at(bitsInGroup - 1) ? "1" : "0");
        //Gets column value in binary
        for(short i = 1; i < 5; i++)
        {
            colString.append(bitGroups.at(j).at(i) ? "1" : "0");
        }
        //Bitsets to convert the row and column values to decimal
        bitset<2> row (rowString);
        bitset<4> col (colString);
        //Gets the value that each bit group will be replaced with
        bitset<4> newBinary(sBoxes.at(j).at(row.to_ulong()).at(col.to_ulong()));
        //Pushes the new binary value of the current group to outputVector
        for(short i = outputBitCount - 1; i >= 0; i--)
        {
            outputVector.push_back(newBinary[i]);
        }
    }
    return outputVector;
}

//Takes in vector of size 32, permutes it using a hard-coded table,
//and returns another vector of size 32
vector<bool> pTablePerm(vector<bool> inputVector)
{
    short outputVectorSize = 32;
    //P table stored as vector
    short pTable[outputVectorSize] = {16,7, 20,21,29,12,28,17,
                                       1, 15,23,26,5, 18,31,10,
                                       2, 8, 24,14,32,27,3, 9,
                                       19,13,30,6, 22,11,4,25};

    //Vector of bools to be returned
    vector<bool> outputVector;
    //Pushes permuted values to outputVector
    for (short i = 0; i < outputVectorSize; i++)
    {
        outputVector.push_back(inputVector.at(pTable[i] - 1));
    }
    return outputVector;
}

//Prints out binary values in a vector in separated groups of 8
//(For testing purposes)
void printVector(vector<bool> inputVec)
{
    //Prints each character
    for (unsigned int i = 0; i < inputVec.size(); i++)
    {
        cout << inputVec.at(i);
    }
}

```

```

        //Inserts a space between each group of 8
        if (((i + 1) % BITS_IN_CHAR == 0) && (i != 0))
        {
            cout << " ";
        }
    }
    cout << endl;
}

//Converts characters to bits and places them in a vector of bools
vector<bool> charsToBits(vector<char> inputVector)
{
    vector<bool> outputVector;
    for (short i = 0; i < CHARS_IN_BLOCK; i++)
    {
        bitset<BITS_IN_CHAR> temp(inputVector.at(i));
        for(short j = BITS_IN_CHAR - 1; j >= 0; j--)
        {
            outputVector.push_back(temp[j]);
        }
    }
    return outputVector;
}

//Converts bits to chars and appends them to a string
string bitsToChars(vector<bool> inputVector)
{
    //Output string of converted binary values to be returned
    string outputText = "";
    //Loops for each character in the block
    for (short i = 0; i < CHARS_IN_BLOCK; i++)
    {
        //String to hold the binary of the current character
        string tempString = "";
        //Adds bits for current character to string
        for (short j = 0; j < BITS_IN_CHAR; j++)
        {
            tempString += (inputVector.at((i * CHARS_IN_BLOCK) + j) ? "1" : "0");
        }
        //Puts bits in a bitset
        bitset<BITS_IN_CHAR> temp(tempString);
        //Adds converted character to the output text
        outputText += (char)temp.to_ulong();

        if (VERBOSE)
        {
            cout << "Current char:\n" << char(temp.to_ulong()) << endl;
        }
    }
}

```

```

    }
    return outputText;
}

//Takes in a size 64 vector of booleans for both plaintext and the key
//and performs DES encryption on them. Returns string of ciphertext for the
//input block of plaintext
string encrypt(vector<bool> plainTextBits, vector<bool> keyBits)
{
    //Output ciphertext to be returned
    string cipherText;

    //Left half of plaintext
    vector<bool> leftTextI;
    //Right half of plainText
    vector<bool> rightTextI;
    //Left half of key
    vector<bool> leftKey;
    //Right half of key
    vector<bool> rightKey;
    //Left half of text to be used next round
    vector<bool> leftTextIPlus1;
    //Key after PC-2 table
    vector<bool> permKey;
    //Applies IP table to plaintext and splits it into halves
    initPerm(plainTextBits, leftTextI, rightTextI);
    //Applies PC-1 table to key and splits it into halves
    pc1Perm(keyBits, leftKey, rightKey);

    if (VERBOSE)
    {
        cout << "Original plaintext: \n";
        printVector(plainTextBits);
        cout << "Original key: \n";
        printVector(keyBits);

        cout << "Left half plaintext after init perm\n";
        printVector(leftTextI);
        cout << "Right half plaintext after init perm\n";
        printVector(rightTextI);
        cout << "left half plaintext after init perm\n";
        printVector(leftTextI);
        cout << "left half key after pc1Perm: \n";
        printVector(leftKey);
        cout << "right half key after pc1Perm: \n";
        printVector(rightKey);
    }
}

```

```

//Loops for the specified number of rounds
for (short i = 0; i < ROUND_COUNT; i++)
{
    if (VERBOSE)
    {
        cout << endl;
        cout << "Current round: " << i << endl;
        cout << endl;
    }

    //Sets the left text half for the next round to current right half
    leftTextIPlus1 = rightTextI;
    //Right text is permuted and expanded to 48 bits
    rightTextI = eTablePerm(rightTextI);

    if (VERBOSE)
    {
        cout << "right half after etable:\n";
        printVector(rightTextI);
    }

    //Applies left shifts to key halves
    leftKey = leftShiftSched(leftKey, i);
    rightKey = leftShiftSched(rightKey, i);

    if (VERBOSE)
    {
        cout << "left key after shift:\n";
        printVector(leftKey);
        cout << "right key after shift:\n";
        printVector(rightKey);
    }

    //Applies PC-2 table to the key halves and combines them
    permKey = pc2Perm(leftKey, rightKey);

    if (VERBOSE)
    {
        cout << "key after pc2perm:\n";
        printVector(permKey);
    }

    //Applies XOR on each bit of the right text half and the permuted key
    for (unsigned short j = 0; j < rightTextI.size(); j++)
    {
        rightTextI.at(j) = rightTextI.at(j)^permKey.at(j);
    }
}

```

```

if (VERBOSE)
{
    cout << "Right text after first xor:\n";
    printVector(rightTextI);
}

//Applies S boxes to text half
rightTextI = sBoxSub(rightTextI);

if (VERBOSE)
{
    cout << "Right text after sboxes:\n";
    printVector(rightTextI);
}

//Applies P table to text half
rightTextI = pTablePerm(rightTextI);

if (VERBOSE)
{
    cout << "Right text after ptable:\n";
    printVector(rightTextI);
    cout << "left text:\n";
    printVector(leftTextI);
}

//Applies XOR on each bit of the mutated right text half and the left half
for (unsigned short j = 0; j < rightTextI.size(); j++)
{
    rightTextI.at(j) = rightTextI.at(j)^leftTextI.at(j);
}

if (VERBOSE)
{
    cout << "text after second xor:\n";
    printVector(rightTextI);
}

//Sets the left text half for current round to the left half for next round
leftTextI = rightTextI;

if (VERBOSE)
{
    cout << "left text i plus 1:\n";
    printVector(leftTextI);
}
}

```

```

//Applies 32-bit swap to the left and right halves after all rounds
rightTextI.insert(rightTextI.end(), leftTextI.begin(), leftTextI.end());

if (VERBOSE)
{
    cout << "text after 32 bit swap:\n";
    printVector(rightTextI);
}

//Applies inverse IP table to final output ciphertext
rightTextI = invInitPerm(rightTextI);
if (VERBOSE)
{
    cout << "text after inverse ip table:\n";
    printVector(rightTextI);
}

//Converts binary values back to characters
cipherText = bitsToChars(rightTextI);

if (VERBOSE)
{
    cout << cipherText << endl;
}

return cipherText;
}

//Takes in a size 64 vector of booleans for both plaintext and the key
//and performs DES decryption on them. Returns string of plaintext for the
//input block of ciphertext
string decrypt(vector<bool> cipherTextBits, vector<bool> keyBits)
{
    //Output plaintext to be returned
    string plainText;

    //Left half of plaintext
    vector<bool> leftTextI;
    //Right half of plainText
    vector<bool> rightTextI;
    //Left half of key
    vector<bool> leftKey;
    //Right half of key
    vector<bool> rightKey;
    //Left half of text to be used next round
    vector<bool> leftTextIPlus1;
    //Key after PC-2 table
    vector<bool> permKey;

```

```

//Applies IP table to plaintext and splits it into halves
initPerm(cipherTextBits, leftTextI, rightTextI);
//Applies PC-1 table to key and splits it into halves
pc1Perm(keyBits, leftKey, rightKey);

for (short i = ROUND_COUNT - 1; i >= 0; i--)
{
    //Sets the shifted key halves (pre shift) equal to the original halves
    vector<bool> shiftedLeftKey = leftKey;
    vector<bool> shiftedRightKey = rightKey;

    //Sets the left text half for the next round to current right half
    leftTextIPlus1 = rightTextI;
    //Right text is permuted and expanded to 48 bits
    rightTextI = eTablePerm(rightTextI);

    //Applies left shifts to key halves
    for (short j = 0; j <= i; j++)
    {
        shiftedLeftKey = leftShiftSched(shiftedLeftKey, j);
        shiftedRightKey = leftShiftSched(shiftedRightKey, j);
    }

    //Applies PC-2 table to the key halves and combines them
    permKey = pc2Perm(shiftedLeftKey, shiftedRightKey);

    //Applies XOR on each bit of the right text half and the permuted key
    for (unsigned short j = 0; j < rightTextI.size(); j++)
    {
        rightTextI.at(j) = rightTextI.at(j)^permKey.at(j);
    }
    //Applies S boxes to text half
    rightTextI = sBoxSub(rightTextI);
    //Applies P table to text half
    rightTextI = pTablePerm(rightTextI);

    //Applies XOR on each bit of the mutated right text half and the left half
    for (unsigned short j = 0; j < rightTextI.size(); j++)
    {
        rightTextI.at(j) = rightTextI.at(j)^leftTextI.at(j);
    }
    //Sets the left text half for current round to the left half for next round
    leftTextI = leftTextIPlus1;
}

//Applies 32-bit swap to the left and right halves after all rounds
rightTextI.insert(rightTextI.end(), leftTextI.begin(), leftTextI.end());
//Applies inverse IP table to final output plaintext

```

```

    rightTextI = invInitPerm(rightTextI);

    //Converts binary values back to characters
    plainText = bitsToChars(rightTextI);
    return plainText;
}

//Reads input from a text file with specified name
vector<char> readInput(string inFileName)
{
    int charsRead = 0;
    ifstream inTextFileStream;
    inTextFileStream.open(inFileName, std::ios::binary);
    //Vector to hold read characters
    vector<char> readText;
    //If file was succesfully opened
    if (inTextFileStream.is_open())
    {
        char c;
        //Pushes current char to readText
        while (inTextFileStream.get(c))
        {
            charsRead++;
            readText.push_back(c);
        }
        inTextFileStream.close();
        //Gets number of characters that must be padded
        short charsToPad = CHARS_IN_BLOCK - (readText.size() % CHARS_IN_BLOCK);
        if (charsToPad != CHARS_IN_BLOCK)
        {
            for(short i = 0; i < charsToPad; i++)
            {
                readText.push_back('x');
            }
        }
    }
    //File could not be opened
    else
    {
        cout << "The file " << inFileName << "was not able to be opened." << endl;
        inTextFileStream.close();
    }
    return readText;
}

//Writes output to a text file with a specified name
void writeOutput(string inputString, string fileName)
{

```



```

ofstream outTextFileStream;
outTextFileStream.open(fileName, std::ofstream::out | std::ofstream::trunc | std::ios::binary);
//If file was successfully opened
if (outTextFileStream.is_open())
{
    //Writes each character to the file
    for(unsigned int i = 0; i < inputString.size(); i++)
    {
        outTextFileStream << inputString[i];
    }
    outTextFileStream.close();
}
//File could not be opened
else
{
    cout << "Could not write to file " << fileName << "." << endl;
    outTextFileStream.close();
}
}

int main()
{
    //Filenames for input/output text files
    //Available ptFileNames are '8Char.txt', '8000Char.txt', and '80000Char.txt'.
    string ptFileName = "8000Char.txt";
    string keyFileName = "key.txt";
    string encryptOutFileName = "encryptResults.txt";
    string decryptOutFileName = "decryptResults.txt";

    cout << "DES Cryptography Algorithm - CS 455 Project Part 1" << endl;
    //Repeats until user wishes to quit
    bool stillLooping = true;
    while (stillLooping)
    {
        cout << "\nPlease enter \'e\' to encrypt, \'d\' " <<
            "to decrypt, or \'q\' to quit." << endl;
        //Gets user choice
        char mode;
        cin >> mode;
        //User wishes to encrypt
        if (mode == 'e')
        {
            //Starts timing program execution time
            clock_t startClock = clock();
            //Reads plaintext and key text
            vector<char> plainText = readInput(ptFileName);
            vector<char> keyText = readInput(keyFileName);
            //If input text was of length 0 (such as when input fails)

```

```

if ((plainText.size() == 0) || (keyText.size() == 0))
{
    cout << "Read input of text or key was of length 0.\n";
    return 0;
}
//Key represented as bits
vector<bool> keyBits = charsToBits(keyText);
//Number of character groups that will need to be encrypted
short charGroupCount = plainText.size() / CHARS_IN_BLOCK;
//Collects output ciphertext
string cipherText = "";
//Loops for each character group
for (short i = 0; i < charGroupCount; i++)
{
    //Holds characters of the current group
    vector<char> curGroupChars;
    //Current character group represented as bits
    vector<bool> curCharGroup;

    //Loads 8 characters into curGroupChars
    for (short j = 0; j < CHARS_IN_BLOCK; j++)
    {
        curGroupChars.push_back(plainText.at((i*CHARS_IN_BLOCK)+j));
    }
    //Converts current group to bit representation
    curCharGroup = charsToBits(curGroupChars);
    //Encrypts current group and appends output ciphertext to cipherText
    cipherText += encrypt(curCharGroup, keyBits);
}
//Writes output ciphertext to text file
writeOutput(cipherText, encryptOutFileName);

//Gets total execution time
clock_t timeElapsed = clock() - (float)startClock;
//Outputs results
cout << "File encrypted to " << encryptOutFileName << "." << endl;
cout << "Time elapsed for encryption was " <<
    (float)((timeElapsed / (float)CLOCKS_PER_SEC) * 1000)
    << " milliseconds." << endl;
}
//User wishes to decrypt
else if (mode == 'd')
{
    //Starts timing program execution time
    clock_t startClock = clock();
    //Reads ciphertext and key text
    vector<char> cipherText = readInput(encryptOutFileName);

```

```

vector<char> keyText = readInput(keyFileName);
//If input text was of length 0 (such as when input fails)
if ((cipherText.size() == 0) || (keyText.size() == 0))
{
    return 0;
}
//Key represented as bits
vector<bool> keyBits = charsToBits(keyText);

//Number of character groups that will need to be decrypted
short charGroupCount = cipherText.size()/CHARS_IN_BLOCK;
//Collects output plaintext
string plainText = "";
//Loops for each character group
for (short i = 0; i < charGroupCount; i++)
{
    //Holds characters of the current group
    vector<char> curGroupChars;
    //Current character group represented as bits
    vector<bool> curCharGroup;
    //Loads 8 characters into curGroupChars
    for (short j = 0; j < CHARS_IN_BLOCK; j++)
    {
        curGroupChars.push_back(cipherText.at((i*CHARS_IN_BLOCK)+j));
    }
    //Converts current group to bit representation
    curCharGroup = charsToBits(curGroupChars);
    //Encrypts current group and appends output plaintext to plainText

    plainText += decrypt(curCharGroup, keyBits);
}
//Writes output ciphertext to text file
writeOutput(plainText, decryptOutFileName);
//Gets total execution time
clock_t timeElapsed = clock() - (float)startClock;
//Outputs results
cout << "File decrypted to " << decryptOutFileName << "." << endl;
cout << "Time elapsed for decryption was " <<
    (float)((timeElapsed / (float)CLOCKS_PER_SEC) * 1000)
    << " milliseconds." << endl;
}
//User wishes to quit
else if (mode == 'q')
{
    stillLooping = false;
}
//Invalid user input
else

```

```
{
    cout << "Input must either be \'e\', \'d\', or \'q\'. " <<
        "Please try again." << endl;
}
return 0;
}
```