ECS 165: Database Systems

Project's First Milestone

Winter 2025



Motivation

- Gap between managing high velocity Updates and Reads
- **OLAP** (Online Analytical Processing) Read-Intensive
- **OLTP** (Online Transaction Processing) Update-Intensive

Lineage-Store (L-Store)



Background

- Row Store Database
 - Different columns are stored in separate columns
 - Update-friendly
 - Reading unwanted data
- Column Store Database
 - Different columns are stored in the same page
 - Read-Friendly
 - Costly updates

Country	Product	Sales
India	Chocolate	1000
India	Ice-cream	2000
Germany	Chocolate	4000
US	Noodle	500

Row Store				
	India			
Row 1	Chocolate			
	1000			
	India			
Row 2	Ice-cream			
	2000			
	Germany			
Row 3	Chocolate			
NOW 3	4000			
	US			
Row 4	Noodle			
	500			

Row 1 Row 2 Row 3

Row 4

Column Store				
	India			
Country	India			
- 5.511111/	Germany			
	US			
	Chocolate			
Product	Ice-cream			
Troduct	Chocolate			
	Noodle			
	1000			
Sales	2000			
	4000			
	500			



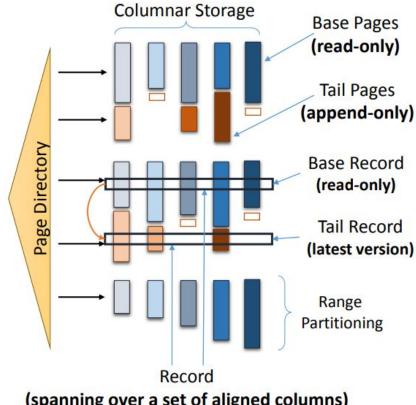
Lineage-Store (L-Store)

- L-Store is Column Store
 - Avoid reading Irrelevant Data
 - Improve Data Homogeneity
 - Better Compression ratio
- What About Updates?



L-Store Architecture

- Virtually Disjoint Ranges
- ReadOnly Base Pages
- Append Only Tail Pages
 - **Latest Updates**
 - New record for each update

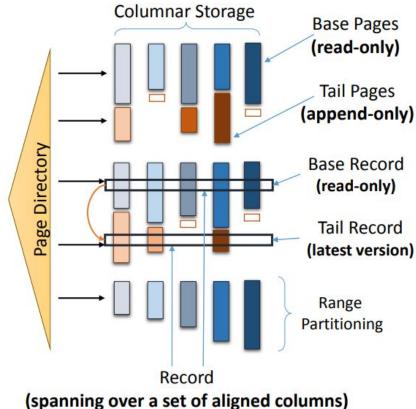


(spanning over a set of aligned columns)



L-Store Architecture

- Insert: Base Page
- **Update: Tail Page**
- Read: Base and Tail Page
- Multi Version
 - Linkage Between versions
- Merge: Contention Free





L-Store in Depth

- Each record has an RID
- PageDirectory: RID ⇒ physical location
- Index: key ⇒ RID of base record (original value)
- MetaData Columns
 - Indirection
 - Schema Encoding
 - Start Time
 - Last Update



L-Store in Depth

Indirection Column

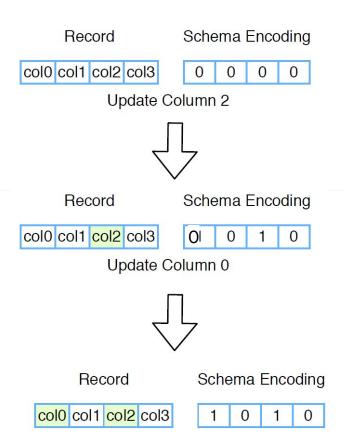
- The Indirection of Base Record stores the RID of the latest Tail Record (Base record points to the latest tail record)
- Quick Access To the latest version
- The Indirection of Tails Record stores the RID of the previous Tail Record (Each tail record points to previous one)
- Cumulative vs Non-Cumulative updates



L-Store in Depth

Schema Encoding Column

- Bitmap Representation of the state
- In base record it keeps track of updated columns
- Non-Cumulative updates
 - In Tail Records specifies the valid columns





Example

https://arxiv.org/abs/1601.04084

RID	Indirection	lirection Schema Encoding		Key	A	В	C			
Partitioned base records for the key range of k_1 to k_3										
b_1	t_8	0000	10:02	k_1	a_1	b_1	c_1			
b_2	t_5	0101	13:04	k_2	a_2	b_2	c_2			
b_3	t_7	0001	15:05	k_3	a_3	b_3	c_3			
Partit	ioned base rec	ords for the key range	e of k_4 to k_6	•	•	•	•			
b_4	Т	0000	16:20	k_4	a_4	b_4	c_4			
b_5		0000	17:21	k_5	a_5	b_5	c_5			
b_6	Т	0000	18:02	k_6	a_6	b_6	c_6			
Partit	ioned tail reco	rds for the key range	of k_1 to k_3							
t_1	b_2	0100*	13:04	Ø	a_2	Ø	Ø			
t_2	t_1	0100	19:21	Ø	a_{21}	Ø	Ø			
t_3	t_2	0100	19:24	Ø	a_{22}	Ø	Ø			
t_4	t_3	0001*	13:04	Ø	Ø	Ø	c_2			
t_5	t_4	0101	19:25	Ø	a_{22}	Ø	c_{21}			
t_6	b_3	0001*	15:05	Ø	Ø	Ø	c_3			
t_7	t_6	0001	19:45	Ø	Ø	Ø	c_{31}			
t_8	b_1	0000	20:15	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø			



RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encoding)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0000	BID1

- C1 ⇒ C2
- B1 ⇒ B2



- C1 ⇒ C2
- B1 ⇒ B2

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1	k1	A1	B1	C2	0001	BID1
TID2	k1	A1	B2	C2	0011	TID1

RID	Physical Locations	
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1	
TID1	pages = (TailPage0, TailPage1, TailPage5), offset = 1	
TID2	pages = (TailPage0, TailPage1, TailPage5), offset = 2	

- C1 ⇒ C2
- B1 ⇒ B2

What is the problem of such an implementation?

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1	k1	A1	B1	C2	0001	BID1
TID2	k1	A1	B2	C2	0011	TID1

RID	Physical Locations	
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1	
TID1	pages = (TailPage0, TailPage1, TailPage5), offset = 1	
TID2	pages = (TailPage0, TailPage1, TailPage5), offset = 2	

- C1 ⇒ C2
- B1 ⇒ B2

What is the problem of such an implementation?

Waste time and space for writes to pages of unaffected columns.

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1	k1	A1	B1	C2	0001	BID1
TID2	k1	A1	B2	C2	0011	TID1

RID	Physical Locations	
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1	
TID1	pages = (TailPage0, TailPage1, TailPage5), offset = 1	
TID2	pages = (TailPage0, TailPage1, TailPage5), offset = 2	

- C1 ⇒ C2
- B1 ⇒ B2

Non-Cumulative:

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1				C2	0001	BID1
TID2			B2		0010	TID1

RID	Physical Locations	
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1	
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1	
TID2	pages = (TailPage2, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2	



- C1 ⇒ C2
- B1 ⇒ B2

Cumulative:

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1				C2	0001	BID1
TID2			B2	C2	0011	TID1

RID	Physical Locations
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1
TID2	pages = (TailPage2, TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2



Non-Cumulative vs Cumulative

- C1 ⇒ C2
- B1 ⇒ B2
- Read all updated values of the record

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1				C2	0001	BID1
TID2			B2		0010	TID1

Page Directory

RID	Physical Locations
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1
TID2	pages = (TailPage2, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1				C2	0001	BID1
TID2			B2	C2	0011	TID1

RID	Physical Locations
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1
TID2	pages = (TailPage2, TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2

What is the problem, for both versions?

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1				C2	0001	BID1
TID2			B2		0010	TID1

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1				C2	0001	BID1
TID2			B2	C2	0011	TID1

Page Directory

RID	Physical Locations	
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1	
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1	
TID2	pages = (TailPage2, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2	

RID	Physical Locations	
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1	
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1	
TID2	pages = (TailPage2, TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2	

What is the problem, for both version?

We waste the **red** slots.

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1				C2	0001	BID1
TID2			B2		0010	TID1

RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
TID1				C2	0001	BID1
TID2			B2	C2	0011	TID1

Page Directory

RID	Physical Locations			
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1			
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1			
TID2	pages = (TailPage2, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2			

RID	Physical Locations	
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1	
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1	
TID2	pages = (TailPage2, TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2	

Solution

RID	BasePage0 (key)	BasePage1 (A)	BasePage2 (B)	BasePage3 (C)	BasePage4 (Schema Encodeing)	BasePage5 (Indirectory)
BID1	k1	A1	B1	C1	0011	TID2

F	RID	TailPage0 (key)	TailPage1 (A)	TailPage2 (B)	TailPage3 (C)	TailPage4 (Schema Encodeing)	TailPage5 (Indirectory)
				B2	C2	0001	BID1
						0010	TID1

RID	Physical Locations		
BID1	pages = (BasePage0, BasePage1, BasePage5), offset = 1		
TID1	pages = (TailPage3, TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 1		
TID2	pages = (TailPage4, TailPage5), offset = 2; pages = (TailPage2), offset = 1;		

