```
In [524]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import re
```

Reading data from csv

```
In [525]:
```

```
data_Singapore = pd.read_csv("data/SingaporeTrain.csv")
data_NY = pd.read_csv("data/NYTrain.csv")
data_London = pd.read_csv("data/LondonTrain.csv")
data_Singapore.head()
# data_NY.head()
# data_London.head()
```

Out[525]:

row ID educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation workInfoForAgeGrou

```
        0
        d0cc2d6caf6eb55ccf606770f24df2b5
        NaN

        1
        eb4e2aa0bf687227821b17cfcd5365e3
        Bukit Batok Secondary School ITE College West ...

        2
        acfb8e93139fe820996b27ee3c6bc9db
        St Patrick's School, Singapore Class of 2...

        3
        ea251951bd3c7667daf214e8efa92f4e
        NaN

        4
        f8f7b497ad8167535345bfc3d59d6aaa
        NaN
        PT. Duta Marg September
```

Combining all the data to a single dataframe

```
In [526]:
```

```
data_Singapore['source'] = 'Singapore'
data_NY['source'] = 'NY'
data_London['source'] = 'London'
data = pd.concat([data_Singapore, data_NY, data_London],ignore_index=True)
data.shape

Out[526]:
(10241, 11)

In [527]:
data['source'].unique()

Out[527]:
array(['Singapore', 'NY', 'London'], dtype=object)
```

```
In [528]:
data['gender'].unique()
Out[528]:
array(['female', 'male', nan], dtype=object)
In [529]:
data['realAge'].unique()
Out[529]:
array([nan, 27., 19., 20., 22., 21., 34., 31., 23., 18., 36., 24., 2
       29., 30., 25., 56., 46., 33., 28., 82., 35., 37., 39.])
In [530]:
data['ageGroup'].unique()
Out[530]:
array([nan, 'AGE10_20', 'AGE20_30', 'AGE30_40', 'AGE40_50', 'AGE50_IN
F'],
      dtype=object)
In [531]:
data['relationship'].unique()
Out[531]:
array([nan, 'single', 'in a relationship', 'married'], dtype=object)
In [532]:
data['educationLevel'].unique()
Out[532]:
array([nan, 'college', 'school', 'undergraduate', 'graduate'],
```

dtype=object)

In [533]:

```
data['occupation'].unique()
Out [533]:
array([nan, 'archetecture and engineering',
       'food preparation and service related',
       'arts, design, entertainment, sports, and media', 'management',
       'office and administrative support', 'personal care and servic
       'protective service', 'healthcare support', 'sales and relate
d',
       'legal', 'transportation and material moving',
       'computer and mathematical', 'production',
       'life, physical, and social science',
       'education, training, and library',
       'healthcare practitioners and technical',
       'building and grounds cleaning and maintenance',
       'farming, fishing and forestry', 'construction and extraction',
       'business and financial operations',
       'community and social service'], dtype=object)
In [534]:
data['income'].unique()
Out[534]:
array([nan, '$$', '$', '$$$', '$$$$'], dtype=object)
In [535]:
data['income'] = data['income'].fillna("no").apply(lambda x: -1 if x == "no" else l
In [536]:
data['income'].unique()
Out[536]:
array([-1, 2, 1, 3, 4])
Exctracting features from
"workInfoForAgeGroupEstimation"
In [537]:
row = data['workInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'][row id]
# row = 'PT. Duta Marga Lestarindo September 19 present Land Transport Authority Pr
```

onal Civil Engineer 🛭 January 2010 to June 2010'

'PT. Duta Marga Lestarindo September 2013 to present Land Transport Au thority Project Engineer @ August 2011 to July 2013 T.Y. Lin Internati

Out[537]:

```
In [538]:
```

```
def process work info(row):
    years_raw = re.compile(r'\b(?:19|20)\d{2}\|\bpresent').findall(row)
    years = [int(year) if year != 'present' else 2018 for year in years raw]
    start year, number of places, total length, mean length, min length, max length
    if row != None and len(years)<2:</pre>
        number of places = 1
    else:
        pairs = [years[i:i+2] for i in range(0, len(years)-1, 2)]
        lengths = [pair[1]-pair[0] for pair in pairs]
        number of places = len(pairs)
        max length = max(lengths)
        min length = min(lengths)
        total length = sum(lengths)
        mean length = total length / float(len(lengths))
        start year = min(years)
        working now = None
        if len(years raw)>0:
            working now = float('present' in years raw)
    return start year, number of places, total length, mean length, min length, max
```

Exctracting features from "educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation"

```
In [541]:
```

```
# possible_levels = ['college', 'school', 'undergraduate', 'graduate']
# possible_values_for_levels = {}
# "Secondary School", "Ngee", "Institute", "University", "High School"
# # CHIJ Secondary (Toa Payoh) - автономная католическая школа для девочек в Сингал
# Class of 2010
```

In [542]:

```
row_id = 45
row = data['educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'][row_id]
# row = "Republic Polytechnic 2012 to 2015 @ Singapore CHIJ Kellock Singapore CHIJ
row
```

Out[5421:

'SMK Seri Tanjong Class of 2009 @ Melaka sek. men. seri tanjung, melaka (PMR) Class of 2005 @ Malacca City, Malaysia sek. men. seri tanjung, melaka (SPM) Class of 2007 Maktab Koperasi Malaysia Class of 2012 @ Kuching, Malaysia Uni of Oxford Oxford, Oxfordshire skm seri tanjung Class of 2009 @ Malacca City, Malaysia'

In [543]:

```
def process education info(row):
    class of years = [int(i) for i in re.compile(r'(?<=of )\d{4}').findall(row)]
    range years starts = [int(i) for i in re.compile(r'\b(?:19|20)\d{2}(?= to )').f
    range years ends = [int(i) if i != 'present' else 2018 for i in re.compile(r'(?
    first start_year = None
    last start year = None
    if len(class_of_years)>0 or len(range years starts)>0:
        first start year = min(class of years+range years starts)
        last start year = max(class of years+range years starts)
    finish year = None
    if len(range years ends)>0:
        finish year = max(range years ends)
    # else
          if len(class of years)>0 | len(range years starts)>0:
          finish year = max(class of_years) + 4 #usually one program = 4year
    # study now = None
    number of programs = None
    num = len(class of years)+len(range years starts)
    if num<1 and len(row)>0:
        number_of_programs = 1
    else:
        number of programs = num
    return first start year, last start year, finish year, number of programs
```

In [544]:

```
process_education_info(row)

Out[544]:
(2005, 2012, None, 5)
```

In [545]:

```
data['educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'] = data['educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimati
data = data.join(pd.DataFrame(data['educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'].tolist(),
data.drop(columns=['educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'], inplace=True)
```

Some preprocessing

```
In [546]:
```

```
columns_to_hot = ['gender', 'relationship', 'educationLevel', 'occupation', 'source
data = pd.get_dummies(data, columns=columns_to_hot)
data_with_labels = data[data['ageGroup'].notnull()].drop(columns=['row ID']).fillna

from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
LE = LabelEncoder()
data_with_labels['ageGroup'] = LE.fit_transform(data_with_labels['ageGroup'])
```

In [547]:

```
data_with_labels.head()
```

Out[547]:

realAge ageGroup income w_start_year w_number_of_places w_total_length w_mean_le

| 2 | -1.0 | 0 | -1 | -1.0 | 1 | -1.0 | |
|----|------|---|----|------|---|------|--|
| 5 | 27.0 | 1 | -1 | -1.0 | 1 | -1.0 | |
| 11 | -1.0 | 0 | -1 | -1.0 | 1 | -1.0 | |
| 16 | 19.0 | 1 | -1 | -1.0 | 1 | -1.0 | |
| 17 | -1.0 | 1 | -1 | -1.0 | 1 | -1.0 | |

5 rows × 47 columns

MODELS

Train-test split

In [548]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(data_with_labels.drop(columns=[
```

Classifiers

In [549]:

```
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import fl score, accuracy score
rf cls = RandomForestClassifier(n estimators=100)
xgb cls = XGBClassifier()
```

Learning and scores

RandomForestClassifier

In [550]:

```
%time
rf cls.fit(X train, y train)
y_pred_on_train = rf_cls.predict(X_train)
y pred on test = rf cls.predict(X test)
print("F1 score on train:", f1_score(y_train, y_pred_on_train, average='weighted'))
print("F1 score on test:", f1_score(y_test, y_pred_on_test, average='weighted'))
print("Accuracy on train:", accuracy_score(y_train, y_pred_on_train))
print("Accuracy on test:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_on_test))
F1 score on train: 0.9838628968137404
```

```
F1 score on test: 0.7729322199851372
Accuracy on train: 0.9838492597577388
Accuracy on test: 0.7836990595611285
CPU times: user 255 ms, sys: 0 ns, total: 255 ms
```

Wall time: 256 ms

/home/saitkulov/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/ classification.py:1135: UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples. 'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)

XGBClassifier

In [551]:

```
%time
xgb_cls.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred_on_train = xgb_cls.predict(X_train)
y_pred_on_test = xgb_cls.predict(X_test)

print("F1 score on train:", f1_score(y_train, y_pred_on_train, average='weighted'))
print("F1 score on test:", f1_score(y_test, y_pred_on_test, average='weighted'))
print("Accuracy on train:", accuracy_score(y_train, y_pred_on_train))
print("Accuracy on test:", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred_on_test))
F1 score on train: 0.905917985924844
```

```
F1 score on train: 0.905917985924844
F1 score on test: 0.786013506631259
Accuracy on train: 0.9057873485868102
Accuracy on test: 0.7931034482758621
```

CPU times: user 612 ms, sys: 2.75 ms, total: 615 ms

Wall time: 639 ms

/home/saitkulov/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/preproce ssing/label.py:151: DeprecationWarning: The truth value of an empty ar ray is ambiguous. Returning False, but in future this will result in a n error. Use `array.size > 0` to check that an array is not empty.

/home/saitkulov/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/preproce ssing/label.py:151: DeprecationWarning: The truth value of an empty ar ray is ambiguous. Returning False, but in future this will result in a n error. Use `array.size > 0` to check that an array is not empty. if diff:

/home/saitkulov/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135: UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted samples.

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)

Confusion Matrix

In [552]:

```
y_pred = rf_cls.predict(X_test)
reversefactor = dict(zip(range(5), LE.classes_))
y_test = np.vectorize(reversefactor.get)(y_test)
y_pred = np.vectorize(reversefactor.get)(y_pred)
# Making the Confusion Matrix
print(pd.crosstab(y_test, y_pred, rownames=['Actual'], colnames=['Predicted']))
```

| Predicted | AGE10_20 | AGE20_30 | AGE30_40 |
|-----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Actual | | | |
| AGE10_20 | 86 | 31 | 0 |
| AGE20_30 | 24 | 148 | 1 |
| AGE30_40 | 0 | 5 | 16 |
| AGE40_50 | 0 | 1 | 5 |
| AGE50 INF | 0 | 1 | 1 |

In [553]:

```
y_pred = xgb_cls.predict(X_test)
reversefactor = dict(zip(range(5), LE.classes_))
# y_test = np.vectorize(reversefactor.get)(y_test)
y_pred = np.vectorize(reversefactor.get)(y_pred)
# Making the Confusion Matrix
print(pd.crosstab(y_test, y_pred, rownames=['Actual'], colnames=['Predicted']))
```

| Predicted Actual | AGE10_20 | AGE20_30 | AGE30_40 | AGE50_INF |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|-----------|
| AGE10 20 | 94 | 23 | 0 | 0 |
| AGE20_30 | 29 | 141 | 3 | 0 |
| AGE30_40 | Θ | 4 | 17 | Θ |
| AGE40_50 | Θ | 2 | 4 | Θ |
| AGE50_INF | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 |

/home/saitkulov/anaconda3/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/preproce ssing/label.py:151: DeprecationWarning: The truth value of an empty ar ray is ambiguous. Returning False, but in future this will result in a n error. Use `array.size > 0` to check that an array is not empty. if diff:

Features importances

In [554]:

```
sorted_importance = sorted(list(zip(X_train.columns, rf_cls.feature_importances_)),
sorted_importance[:20]
```

Out[554]:

```
[('e_last_start_year', 0.18960774756123866),
 ('e_first_start_year', 0.14330488085354062),
 ('realAge', 0.10129244730638326),
 ('e number of programs', 0.05252184144417283),
 ('educationLevel school', 0.05181927046449902),
 ('educationLevel undergraduate', 0.04671285470437419),
 ('educationLevel college', 0.03904064444118559),
 ('w_total_length', 0.035550013873838514),
 ('w_start_year', 0.035123524776755934),
 ('w_mean_length', 0.03015800334808914),
 ('e_finish_year', 0.029320987967452767),
 ('w_max_length', 0.027529850878679714), ('w_min_length', 0.027252999580911763),
 ('relationship_single', 0.02237254691843906),
 ('gender_male', 0.01880580257581921),
 ('w number of places', 0.017554512641087726),
 ('gender female', 0.01692018996426364),
 ('income', 0.012765081846118713),
 ('relationship_married', 0.011564627156773673),
 ('occupation_management', 0.010985810266447267)]
```

```
In [555]:
```

```
sorted_importance = sorted(list(zip(X_train.columns, xgb_cls.feature_importances_))
sorted_importance[:20]
Out [555]:
[('e_last_start_year', 0.25258893),
 ('e_first_start_year', 0.15848717),
 ('realAge', 0.14047727),
 ('educationLevel undergraduate', 0.05357947),
 ('w_mean_length', 0.052678972),
 ('w total length', 0.041422784),
 ('educationLevel_school', 0.040972535),
 ('w_start_year', 0.036920305),
 ('e number of programs', 0.035119317),
 ('e finish year', 0.027014859),
 ('educationLevel college', 0.022062134),
 ('w_min_length', 0.01710941),
 ('w_number_of_places', 0.016208915),
 ('w max length', 0.013057182),
 ('gender_female', 0.012606934),
 ('income', 0.012156686),
 ('occupation education, training, and library', 0.012156686),
 ('occupation_legal', 0.010355696),
 ('relationship single', 0.0081044575),
 ('occupation_management', 0.0081044575)]
```

Preprocess test csv data

In [556]:

```
def process test csv(path):
    test_data_Singapore = pd.read_csv(path+"SingaporeTest.csv")
    test data NY = pd.read csv(path+"NYTest.csv")
    test data London = pd.read csv(path+"LondonTest.csv")
    test data Singapore['source'] = 'Singapore'
    test data NY['source'] = 'NY'
    test data London['source'] = 'London'
    test data = pd.concat([test data Singapore, test data NY, test data London],ign
    test data['income'] = test data['income'].fillna("no").apply(lambda x: -1 if x
    test data['workInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'] = test data['workInfoForAgeGroupEsti
    test data = test data.join(pd.DataFrame(test data['workInfoForAgeGroupEstimatio
    test data.drop(columns=['workInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'], inplace=True)
    test data['educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'] = test data['educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation']
    test data = test data.join(pd.DataFrame(test data['educationInfoForAgeGroupEsti
    test data.drop(columns=['educationInfoForAgeGroupEstimation'], inplace=True)
    columns to hot = ['gender', 'relationship', 'educationLevel', 'occupation', 'so
    test data = pd.get dummies(test data, columns=columns to hot)
    test data with labels = test data[test data['ageGroup'].notnull()].drop(columns
    for i in set(data with labels.columns)-set(test data with labels.columns):
        test data with labels.insert(len(test data with labels.columns), i, 0)
    test data with labels['ageGroup'] = LE.transform(test data with labels['ageGrou
    return test data with labels
```

Reading and processing new csv

```
In [557]:
```

```
path = "path to the folder with test data "
test_data_with_labels = process_test_csv(path)
test_data_with_labels = test_data_with_labels[data_with_labels.columns]
X, y = test_data_with_labels.drop(columns=['ageGroup']), test_data_with_labels.ageG
```

Predicting and scores

RandomForestClassifier

```
In [562]:
```

```
%time
y_pred_on_test_file = rf_cls.predict(X)

print("F1 score on test.csv:", f1_score(y, y_pred_on_test_file, average='weighted')
print("Accuracy on test.csv:", accuracy_score(y, y_pred_on_test_file))
```

```
In [563]:
```

```
reversefactor = dict(zip(range(5), LE.classes_))
y_test = np.vectorize(reversefactor.get)(y)
y_pred_on_test_file = np.vectorize(reversefactor.get)(y_pred_on_test_file)
# Making the Confusion Matrix
print(pd.crosstab(y_test, y_pred_on_test_file, rownames=['Actual'], colnames=['Pred
```

XGBClassifier

```
In [566]:
%%time
y pred on test file = xgb cls.predict(X)
print("F1 score on test.csv:", f1_score(y, y_pred_on_test_file, average='weighted')
print("Accuracy on test.csv:", accuracy score(y, y pred on test file))
In [567]:
reversefactor = dict(zip(range(5),LE.classes ))
y_test = np.vectorize(reversefactor.get)(y)
y pred on test file = np.vectorize(reversefactor.get)(y pred on test file)
# Making the Confusion Matrix
print(pd.crosstab(y test, y pred on test file, rownames=['Actual'], colnames=['Pred
In [ ]:
```

In []:

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