

Alright! Let's solve this step-by-step.

You are asked to calculate the equivalent resistance for the circuit shown.

From the circuit:

- $R_1 = 1, k\Omega$
- $R_2 = 390, \Omega$
- $R_3 = 150, \Omega$
- $R_4 = 260, \Omega$
- $R_5 = 1000, \Omega$
- $R_6 = 220, \Omega$
- $R_7 = 390, \Omega$
- $R_8 = 150, \Omega$
- $R_9 = 100, \Omega$
- $R_{10} = 260, \Omega$



- $R_{10} = 260, \Omega$

Now, observe how resistors are connected:

- R_1 is in series with the rest of the network.
- R_2 is parallel with the combination of others.

The big parallel network includes:

- **Top branch:** R_3 'n R_4 'n R_5 (**series connection**)
- **Bottom branch:** R_6 'n R_7 'n R_8 (**series connection**)
- **Both branches are connected together, and R_9 and R_{10} are connected accordingly.**

Let's solve it step-by-step:

Step 1: Combine series resistors in the top branch

Top branch:

$$R_{\text{top}} = R_3 + R_4 + R_5$$

$$R_{\text{top}} = 150,\Omega + 260,\Omega + 1000,\Omega = 1410,\Omega$$

Bottom branch:

$$R_{\text{bottom}} = R_6 + R_7 + R_8$$

$$R_{\text{bottom}} = 220,\Omega + 390,\Omega + 150,\Omega = 760,\Omega$$

Step 2: Combine top and bottom branches in parallel

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{parallel1}}} = \frac{1}{R_{\text{top}}} + \frac{1}{R_{\text{bottom}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{parallel1}}} = \frac{1}{1410} + \frac{1}{760}$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{parallel1}}} = 0.000709 + 0.001316 = 0.002025$$

$$R_{\text{parallel1}} \approx 494 \Omega$$

Step 3: Combine R_9 and R_{10} (series)

$$R_9 + R_{10} = 100\ \Omega + 260\ \Omega = 360\ \Omega$$

Step 4: Combine previous results (parallel again)

Now $R_{\text{parallel1}}$ is in parallel with $(R_9 + R_{10})$.

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{parallel2}}} = \frac{1}{494} + \frac{1}{360}$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{parallel2}}} = 0.002024 + 0.002778 = 0.004802$$

$$R_{\text{parallel2}} \approx 208.2\ \Omega$$



Step 5: Now, R_2 is in parallel with $R_{\text{parallel2}}$

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{parallel3}}} = \frac{1}{390} + \frac{1}{208.2}$$

$$\frac{1}{R_{\text{parallel3}}} = 0.002564 + 0.004803 = 0.007367$$

$$R_{\text{parallel3}} \approx 135.7 \Omega$$

Step 6: Finally, $R_{\text{parallel3}}$ is in series with R_1

Thus:

$$R_{\text{eq}} = R_1 + R_{\text{parallel3}}$$

$$R_{\text{eq}} = 1000 \Omega + 135.7 \Omega$$



$$R_{\text{eq}} \approx 1135.7 \Omega$$

WITH R_1

Thus:

$$R_{\text{eq}} = R_1 + R_{\text{parallel3}}$$

$$R_{\text{eq}} = 1000 \Omega + 135.7 \Omega$$

$$R_{\text{eq}} \approx 1135.7 \Omega$$

Final Answer:

$$R_{\text{eq}} \approx 1136 \Omega$$
