Study Case 2

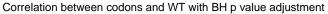
Miguel Sandim, Paula Fortuna, Vanessa Schmoll

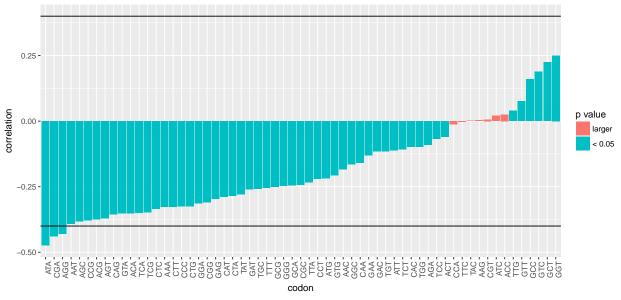
- 1) Which features significantly associate with mRNA half-life?
- 1.1) Association between codons and the half-life of the WT

```
library(ggplot2)
set.seed(2)
# 1 data preparation
dt <- readRDS("case_study_dt.rds")</pre>
dt$CDS_seq <- NULL</pre>
dt$genename <- NULL
dt$UTR3_seq <- NULL
# 2 general correlations matrix
#3 only WT correlation
subset \leftarrow dt[,-c(1:34)]
#4 function to draw chart
correlation.chart <- function(adjust_str, title) {</pre>
  library("psych")
  res <- corr.test(subset, adjust = adjust_str)
  1_cor <- res$r[1,]</pre>
  l_p_values <- res$p[1,]</pre>
  df_cor <- data.frame(codon = names(1_cor), correlation = 1_cor, p_value = 1_p_values)</pre>
  df_cor$p_value_bool <- df_cor$p_value < 0.05</pre>
  df_cor <- df_cor[-1,]</pre>
  #sort by r value
  # Very basic bar graph
  ggplot(data=df_cor, aes(x=reorder(codon,correlation), y=correlation, fill=p_value_bool)) +
    geom_bar(stat="identity") +
    geom_hline(yintercept=0.40) +
    geom hline(yintercept=-0.40) +
    ggtitle(title) +
    scale_fill_discrete(name="p value",
                         breaks=c("FALSE", "TRUE"),
                         labels=c("larger", "< 0.05")) +
    labs(x = "codon") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))
```

```
# no adjustment
adjust_str <- "none"</pre>
title <- "Correlation between codons and WT with no p value adjustment"
correlation.chart(adjust_str,title)
##
## Attaching package: 'psych'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:ggplot2':
##
##
        %+%, alpha
      Correlation between codons and WT with no p value adjustment
   0.25 -
correlation
                                                                                                 p value
   0.00
                                                                                                   larger
                                                                                                   < 0.05
  -0.25 -
# BH adjustment
adjust_str <- "BH"</pre>
```

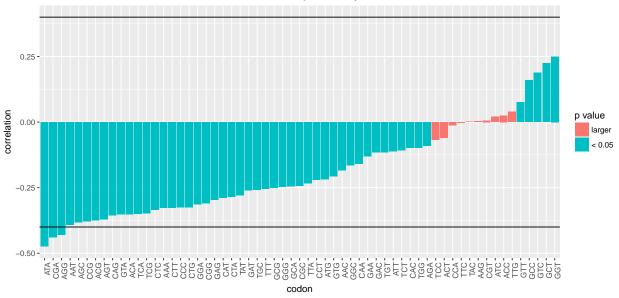
title <- "Correlation between codons and WT with BH p value adjustment" correlation.chart(adjust_str,title)





bonferroni adjustment adjust_str <- "bonferroni" title <- "Correlation between codons and WT with Bonferroni p value adjustment" correlation.chart(adjust_str,title)</pre>

Correlation between codons and WT with Bonferroni p value adjustment



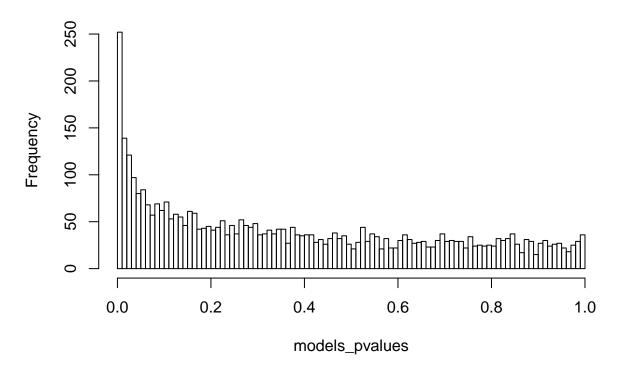
1.2) Association between 6-mers and the half-life of the WT

```
library(dplyr)
##
```

Attaching package: 'dplyr'
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':

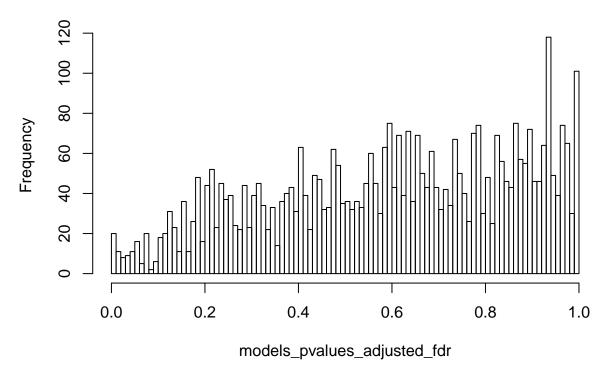
```
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(tidyr)
library(data.table)
## data.table + dplyr code now lives in dtplyr.
## Please library(dtplyr)!
##
## Attaching package: 'data.table'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:dplyr':
##
##
       between, first, last
library(jsonlite)
library(corrplot)
dt <- readRDS("case_study_dt.rds")</pre>
utr3 <- as.data.table(readRDS("case_study_utr3_6mer.rds"))</pre>
json <- fromJSON("case_study_info.json")</pre>
merged <- data.table(dt, utr3)</pre>
models_pvalues <- sapply(utr3, function(x,dt)</pre>
  sum <- summary(lm(x ~ dt))$coefficients[8]</pre>
},dt=dt$WT)
models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr <- p.adjust(models_pvalues, "fdr")</pre>
models_pvalues_adjusted_bon <- p.adjust(models_pvalues, "bonferroni")</pre>
hist(models_pvalues, breaks=100)
```

Histogram of models_pvalues



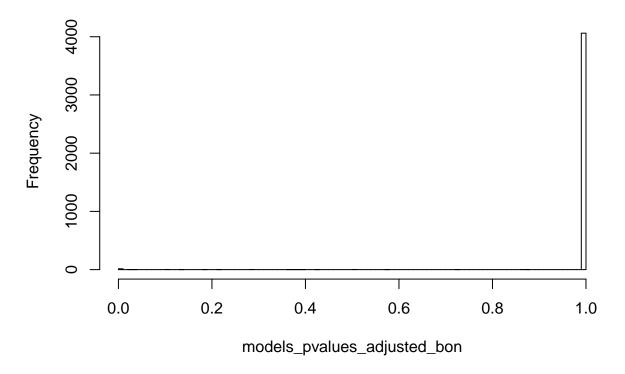
hist(models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr, breaks=100)

Histogram of models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr



hist(models_pvalues_adjusted_bon, breaks=100)

Histogram of models_pvalues_adjusted_bon



```
sum(models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr < 0.05)

## [1] 59
sum(models_pvalues_adjusted_bon < 0.05)

## [1] 16</pre>
```

1.3) Some extra-work on the significance of the obtained results:

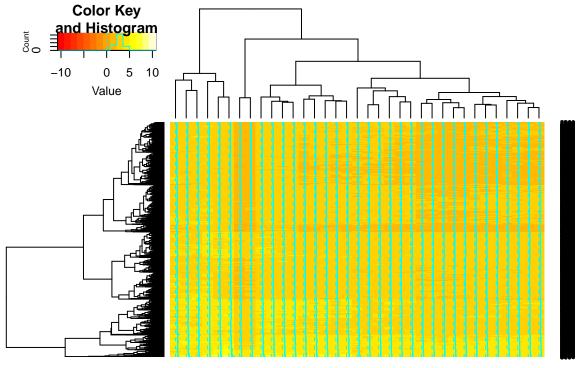
```
library(data.table)
library(magrittr)

##
## Attaching package: 'magrittr'
## The following object is masked from 'package:tidyr':
##
## extract
library(ggplot2)

library(dplyr)
library(tidyr)

info <- jsonlite::fromJSON("case_study_info.json")
dt <- readRDS("case_study_dt.rds")</pre>
```

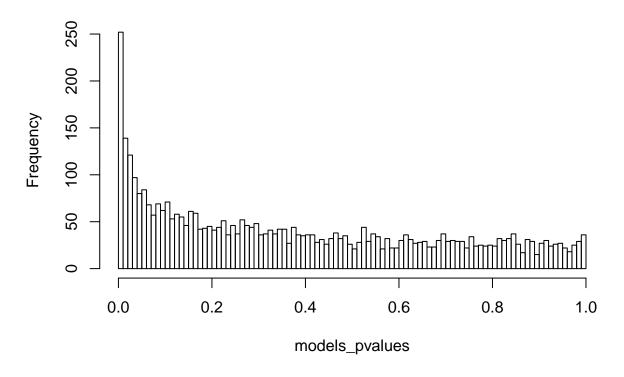
```
utr3_6mer <- as.data.table(readRDS("case_study_utr3_6mer.rds"))
# heatmap strains
gplots::heatmap.2(as.matrix(dt[,info$strains,with=F]))</pre>
```



```
###start: code from yesterday
# linear model with only WT as Covariate
models_pvalues <- sapply(utr3_6mer, function(x,dt)
{
    sum <- summary(lm(x ~ dt))$coefficients[8]
},dt=dt$WT)

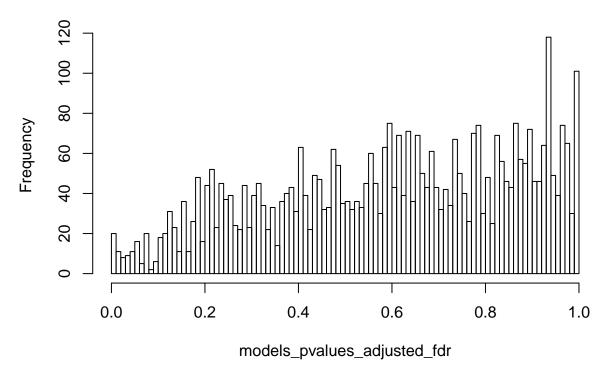
models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr <- p.adjust(models_pvalues, "fdr")
models_pvalues_adjusted_bon <- p.adjust(models_pvalues, "bonferroni")
hist(models_pvalues, breaks=100)</pre>
```

Histogram of models_pvalues



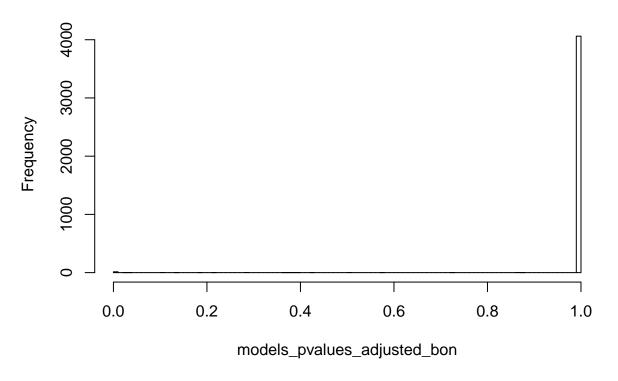
hist(models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr, breaks=100)

Histogram of models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr



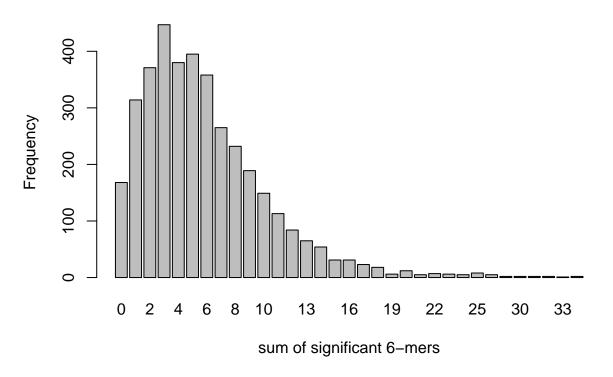
hist(models_pvalues_adjusted_bon, breaks=100)

Histogram of models_pvalues_adjusted_bon



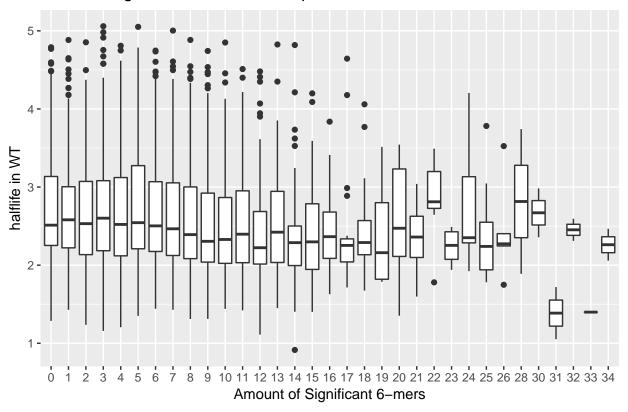
```
sum(models_pvalues_adjusted_bon <= 0.05)</pre>
## [1] 16
#### end: code from yesterday
## linear model with all strains
#all_models_pvalues <- sapply(utr3_6mer, function(x,dt)</pre>
#{
# sum \leftarrow summary(lm(x \sim ., data = dt))$coefficients[(ncol(dt)+1)*4]
#},dt=dt[,c(info$strains, info$codons), with=F])
#all.pvals.fdr <- p.adjust(models_pvalues, "fdr")</pre>
\#sum(all.pvals.fdr \iff 0.05)
\#identical(names(which(all.pvals.fdr \le 0.05)), names(which(models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr \le 0.05)))
### look at the half time
names_significant <- names(which(models_pvalues_adjusted_fdr <= 0.05))</pre>
utr3_significant <- utr3_6mer[, names_significant, with=FALSE]</pre>
utr3_significant$genename <- dt$genename
utr3_significant$sum <- apply(utr3_significant[, !"genename"], 1, sum)</pre>
barplot(table(utr3_significant$sum), main = "Total amount of significant 6-mers in one gene", xlab = "s
```

Total amount of significant 6-mers in one gene



```
wt_dt_significant <- merge(utr3_significant, dt[, c("WT", "genename")], by="genename")
## boxplot of halflife in WT by amount of 6-mers in sequence
ggplot(wt_dt_significant,aes(factor(sum),WT))+
   geom_boxplot()+
   ggtitle("Count of significant 6-mers in Sequence")+
   labs(x = "Amount of Significant 6-mers", y = "halflife in WT")</pre>
```

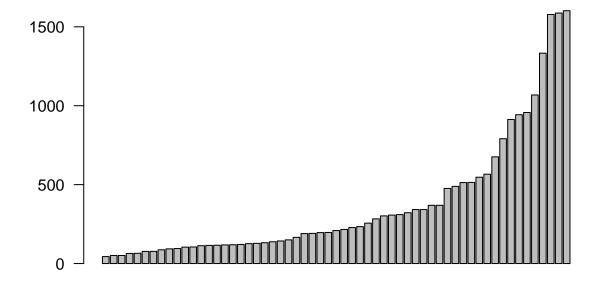
Count of significant 6-mers in Sequence



```
#wt_dt_significant[sum==33,]

# histogram of frequencies of the k-mers
barplot(sort(t(colSums(wt_dt_significant[ ,!c("genename","sum","WT")]))),main = "Sums of each significant"
```

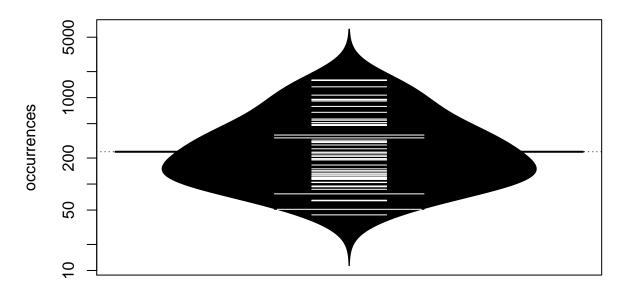
Sums of each significant 6-mer



```
library(beanplot)
beanplot(colSums(wt_dt_significant[,!c("genename","sum","WT")]),main="frequency of motifs in all genes"
```

log="y" selected

frequency of motifs in all genes

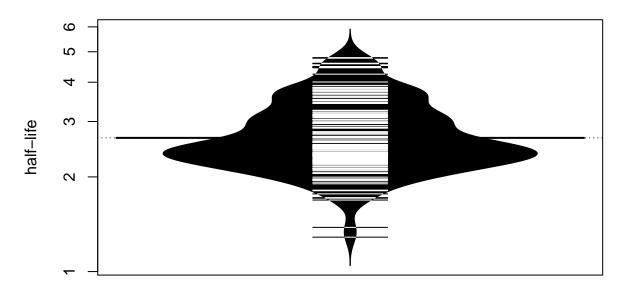


motifs

TODO look at halflife where no significant motif is present
beanplot(wt_dt_significant[sum==0 , WT], main="Half-life of genes with no significant motif present",yl

log="y" selected

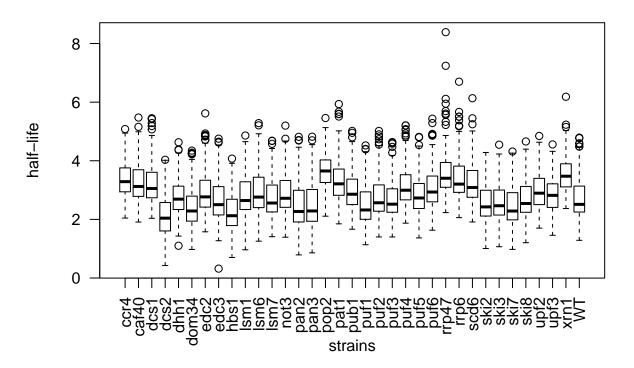
Half-life of genes with no significant motif present



 WT

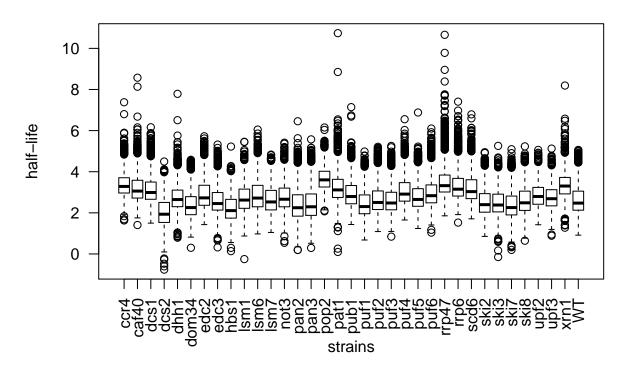
genes_nosig_motif <- wt_dt_significant[sum == 0 , genename]
halflifes_nosig_motif <- dt[genename %in% genes_nosig_motif,info\$strains,with=F]
boxplot(halflifes_nosig_motif,main="Half-life of genes with no significant motif present",ylab="half-life")</pre>

Half-life of genes with no significant motif present



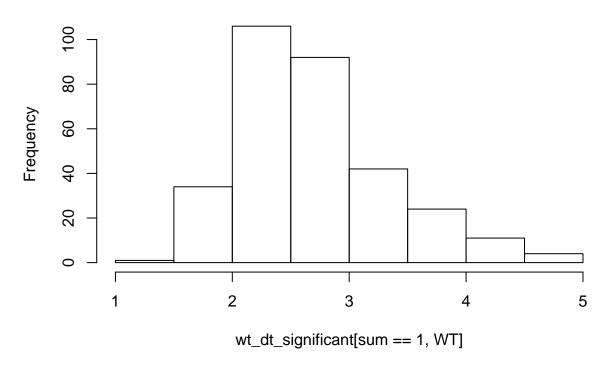
halflifes_sig_motifs <- dt[genename %in% utr3_significant\$genename, info\$strains,with=F]
boxplot(halflifes_sig_motifs,main="Half-life with motifs present",ylab="half-life",xlab="strains",las=2

Half-life with motifs present



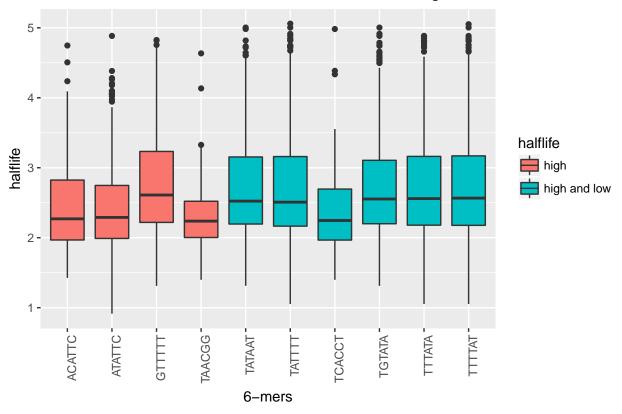
```
# boxplot of halflife for every significant marker -> melt table
melted_motifs <- melt(wt_dt_significant[,!"sum"],id.vars = c("genename","WT"),measure.vars=names(wt_dt_</pre>
names(melted_motifs)[2]<- "halflife"</pre>
melted_motifs <- melted_motifs[freq>0,]
head(melted_motifs)
       genename halflife motif freq
        YBR018C 2.425463 AACGGA
## 1:
## 2:
        YBR057C 2.161163 AACGGA
        YBR146W 2.492733 AACGGA
## 3:
        YCR015C 2.158706 AACGGA
## 4:
                                    1
        YDL045C 2.335400 AACGGA
## 5:
## 6: YDL045W-A 2.261548 AACGGA
## look at genes with only one significant 6-mer that have a high half-life and check if they are also
hist(wt_dt_significant[sum==1,WT])
```

Histogram of wt_dt_significant[sum == 1, WT]



```
single.sig.motifs.high.halflife.genename <- wt_dt_significant[sum==1&WT>4,genename]
single.sig.motifs.low.halflife.genename <- wt_dt_significant[sum==1&WT<2,genename]
## try to match all motifs that occur together
motifs.pergene <- sapply(unique(melted_motifs$genename), function(gene,dt){</pre>
  dt[genename == gene,motif]
}, dt = melted_motifs)
\#length(motifs.pergene[c(single.sig.motifs.high.halflife.genename)])
sig.motifs.high.halflife <- as.character(unlist(motifs.pergene[c(single.sig.motifs.high.halflife.genena
table(sig.motifs.high.halflife)
## sig.motifs.high.halflife
## ACATTC ATATTC GTTTTT TAACGG TATAAT TATTTT TCACCT TGTATA TTTATA TTTTAT
##
                             1
                                            1
                                                   1
sig.motifs.low.halflife <- as.character(unlist(motifs.pergene[c(single.sig.motifs.low.halflife.genename
table(sig.motifs.low.halflife)
## sig.motifs.low.halflife
## AATATT ACTGCA ATTCAC CAAATT CATATT CATTTC CGCATA GCATTT TAGCAT TATAAT
                             2
                                     2
                                            1
                                                   1
                                                          1
## TATTTT TCACCT TGACCA TGTAAA TGTATA TTCGGA TTTATA TTTGCA TTTTAT TTTTTA
in.both <- intersect(sig.motifs.high.halflife, sig.motifs.low.halflife)</pre>
```

Halflife in WT with 6-mers alone assoziated with high halflife



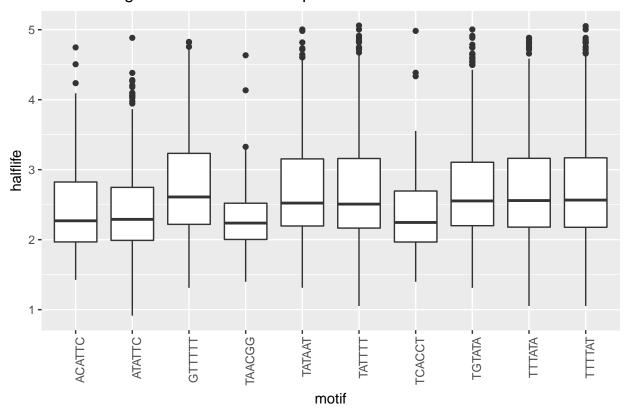
```
# are those in genes with low half-lifes?

## get genes with different methylation status classification:
range(melted_motifs$halflife)

## [1] 0.9140725 5.0595045

ggplot(melted_motifs.high.halflife,aes(motif,halflife))+
    geom_boxplot()+
    ggtitle("Count of significant 6-mers in Sequence") +
    theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 90, hjust = 1))
```

Count of significant 6-mers in Sequence



3) Can we predict mRNA half-life from the given features, in wild-type and knock-outs? What are the relevant features?

We tried to predict the half-life of the WT strain by using the codons' frequencies. We then tried to analyze the coefficients of the features of the model and their significancy.

```
library(dplyr)
library(data.table)
library(caret)
```

Loading required package: lattice

```
bh_pred <- predict(lm_fit, bh_te)

coefficients <- as.data.frame(summary(lm_fit)$coefficients)
coefficients$codon <- rownames(coefficients)
coefficients <- coefficients[-1,]
names(coefficients) <- c("coefficient", "error", "tValue", "pValue", "codon")
coefficients$p_value_bool <- coefficients$pValue < 0.05</pre>
```

Results of the linear regression:

Residual standard error: 0.5141 on 3690 degrees of freedom

Multiple R-squared: 0.4748, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4661

F-statistic: 54.68 on 61 and 3690 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

Coefficients of the features in the linear regression for WT half-life prediction

