Multi-task, instruction fine-tuning

- <u>Scaling Instruction-Finetuned Language Models</u> Scaling fine-tuning with a focus on task, model size and chain-of-thought data.
- Introducing FLAN: More generalizable Language Models with Instruction
 Fine-Tuning This blog (and article) explores instruction fine-tuning, which aims to
 make language models better at performing NLP tasks with zero-shot inference.

Model Evaluation Metrics

- HELM Holistic Evaluation of Language Models HELM is a living benchmark to evaluate Language Models more transparently.
- General Language Understanding Evaluation (GLUE) benchmark This paper introduces GLUE, a benchmark for evaluating models on diverse natural language understanding (NLU) tasks and emphasizing the importance of improved general NLU systems.
- <u>SuperGLUE</u> This paper introduces SuperGLUE, a benchmark designed to evaluate the
 performance of various NLP models on a range of challenging language understanding
 tasks.
- ROUGE: A Package for Automatic Evaluation of Summaries This paper introduces and evaluates four different measures (ROUGE-N, ROUGE-L, ROUGE-W, and ROUGE-S) in the ROUGE summarization evaluation package, which assess the quality of summaries by comparing them to ideal human-generated summaries.
- Measuring Massive Multitask Language Understanding (MMLU) This paper
 presents a new test to measure multitask accuracy in text models, highlighting the need
 for substantial improvements in achieving expert-level accuracy and addressing lopsided
 performance and low accuracy on socially important subjects.
- <u>BigBench-Hard Beyond the Imitation Game: Quantifying and Extrapolating the Capabilities of Language Models</u> The paper introduces BIG-bench, a benchmark for evaluating language models on challenging tasks, providing insights on scale, calibration, and social bias.

Parameter- efficient fine tuning (PEFT)

- <u>Scaling Down to Scale Up: A Guide to Parameter-Efficient Fine-Tuning</u> This paper provides a systematic overview of Parameter-Efficient Fine-tuning (PEFT) Methods in all three categories discussed in the lecture videos.
- On the Effectiveness of Parameter-Efficient Fine-Tuning The paper analyzes sparse fine-tuning methods for pre-trained models in NLP.

LoRA

 <u>LoRA Low-Rank Adaptation of Large Language Models</u> - This paper proposes a parameter-efficient fine-tuning method that makes use of low-rank decomposition

- matrices to reduce the number of trainable parameters needed for fine-tuning language models.
- QLoRA: Efficient Finetuning of Quantized LLMs This paper introduces an efficient method for fine-tuning large language models on a single GPU, based on quantization, achieving impressive results on benchmark tests.

Prompt tuning with soft prompts

The Power of Scale for Parameter-Efficient Prompt Tuning - The paper explores
"prompt tuning," a method for conditioning language models with learned soft prompts,
achieving competitive performance compared to full fine-tuning and enabling model
reuse for many tasks.