## Computer Science (Code 083) Sample Paper Set - 1

Max. Marks: 70 **Duration: 3 Hours** (a) What is the difference between Global Variable and Local Variable? 2 (b) Write the names of the header files to which the following belong: 1 (i) strcmp() (c) Rewrite the following program after removing the syntactical errors (if any). Underline each correction. 2 #include [iostream.h] class PAYITNOW { int Charge; PUBLIC: void Raise(){cin>>Charge;} void Show{cout<<Charge;}</pre> **}**; void main() PAYITNOW P; P.Raise(); Show(); } (d) Find the output of the following program: 3 #include <iostream.h> struct PLAY { int Score, Bonus; }; void Calculate(PLAY &P, int N=10) P.Score++; P.Bonus+=N; void main() PLAY PL={10,15}; Calculate(PL,5); cout<<PL.Score<<":"<<PL.Bonus<<endl; Calculate(PL); cout<<PL.Score<<":"<<PL.Bonus<<endl;</pre> Calculate(PL,15); cout<<PL.Score<<":"<<PL.Bonus<<endl;</pre> } (e) Find the output of the following program: 2 #include <iostream.h> #include <ctype.h> void Encrypt(char T[]) for (int  $i=0;T[i]!='\setminus 0';i+=2$ ) if (T[i]=='A' || T[i]=='E') T[i]='#'; else if (islower(T[i])) T[i]=toupper(T[i]); else T[i]='@';

}

(f) In the following program, if the value of N given by the user is 15, what maximum and minimum values the program could possibly display?

```
#include <iostream.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void main()
{
    int N,Guessme;
    randomize();
    cin>>N;
    Guessme=random(N)+10;
    cout<<Guessme<<endl;
}</pre>
```

2.

- (a) What do you understand by Data Encapsulation and Data Hiding? 2
- (b) Answer the questions (i) and (ii) after going through the following class:

2

```
class Seminar
   int Time;
public:
                                //Function 1
   Seminar()
   {
      Time=30;cout<<"Seminar starts now"<<end1;
   void Lecture()
                                //Function 2
      cout<<"Lectures in the seminar on"<<end1;</pre>
   Seminar(int Duration)
                                //Function 3
      Time=Duration; cout << "Seminar starts now" << end1;
   ~Seminar()
                                //Function 4
     cout<<"Vote of thanks"<<end1;
};
```

- i) In Object Oriented Programming, what is **Function 4** referred as and when does it get invoked/called?
- ii) In Object Oriented Programming, which concept is illustrated by **Function 1** and **Function 3** together? Write an example illustrating the calls for these functions.
- (c) Define a class TEST in C++ with following description:
  Private Members

- a. TestCode of type integer
- b. Description of type string
- c. NoCandidate of type integer
- d. CenterReqd (number of centers required) of type integer
- e. A member function CALCNTR() to calculate and return the number of centers as (NoCandidates/100+1)

## **Public Members**

- A function SCHEDULE() to allow user to enter values for TestCode, Description, NoCandidate & call function CALCNTR() to calculate the number of Centres
- A function DISPTEST() to allow user to view the content of all the data members

```
(d) Answer the questions (i) to (iv) based on the following:
   class PUBLISHER
      char Pub[12];
      double Turnover;
   protected:
      void Register();
   public:
      PUBLISHER();
      void Enter();
      void Display();
   };
   class BRANCH
   {
      char CITY[20];
   protected:
      float Employees;
   public:
      BRANCH();
      void Haveit();
      void Giveit();
   };
   class AUTHOR:private BRANCH, public PUBLISHER
      int Acode;
      char Aname[20];
      float Amount;
   public:
      AUTHOR();
      void Start();
      void Show();
   };
```

- (i) Write the names of data members, which are accessible from objects belonging to class AUTHOR.
- (ii) Write the names of all the member functions which are accessible from objects belonging to class BRANCH.
- (iii) Write the names of all the members which are accessible from member functions of class AUTHOR.
- (iv) How many bytes will be required by an object belonging to class AUTHOR?

- (a) Write a function in C++ to merge the contents of two sorted arrays A & B into third array C. Assuming array A is sorted in ascending order, B is sorted in descending order, the resultant array is required to be in ascending order.
  - (b) An array S[40][30] is stored in the memory along the row with each of the element occupying 2 bytes, find out the memory location for the element S[20][10], if an element S[15][5] is stored at the memory location 5500.
  - (c) Write a function in C++ to perform Insert operation in a dynamically allocated

    Queue containing names of students.

    4
  - (d) Write a function in C++ to find the sum of both left and right diagonal elements from a two dimensional array (matrix).
  - (e) Evaluate the following postfix notation of expression: 2 20,30,+,50,40,-,\*
- (a) Observe the program segment given below carefully and fill the blanks marked as Statement 1 and Statement 2 using seekp() and seekg() functions for performing the required task.

```
#include <fstream.h>
class Item
   int Ino; char Item[20];
public:
   //Function to search and display the content from a particular
   //record number
   void Search(int );
   //Function to modify the content of a particular record number
   void Modify(int);
};
void Item::Search(int RecNo)
   fstream File;
   File.open("STOCK.DAT",ios::binary|ios::in);
                                               //Statement 1
   File.read((char*)this,sizeof(Item));
   cout<<Ino<<"==>"<<Item<<endl;</pre>
   File.close();
}
void Item::Modify(int RecNo)
   fstream File;
   File.open("STOCK.DAT", ios::binary|ios::in|ios::out);
   cout>>Ino;cin.getline(Item, 20);
                                               //Statement 2
   File.write((char*)this,sizeof(Item));
   File.close();
}
```

(b) Write a function in C++ to count the number of lines present in a text file "STORY.TXT".

(c) Write a function in C++ to search for a BookNo from a binary file "BOOK.DAT", assuming the binary file is containing the objects of the following class.

```
class BOOK
{
    int Bno;
    char Title[20];
public:
    int RBno(){return Bno;}
    void Enter(){cin>>Bno;gets(Title);}
    void Display(){cout<<Bno<<Title<<endl;}
};</pre>
```

5.

(a) What do you understand by Degree and Cardinality of a table?

2

(b) Consider the following tables ACTIVITY and COACH. Write SQL commands for the statements (i) to (iv) and give outputs for SQL queries (v) to (viii) 6

## **Table: ACTIVITY**

ACode	ActivityName	ParticipantsNum	PrizeMoney	ScheduleDate
1001	Relay 100x4	16	10000	23-Jan-2004
1002	High jump	10	12000	12-Dec-2003
1003	Shot Put	12	8000	14-Feb-2004
1005	Long Jump	12	9000	01-Jan-2004
1008	Discuss Throw	10	15000	19-Mar-2004

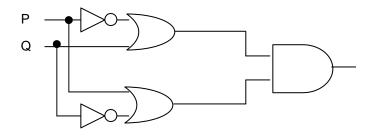
## Table: COACH

PCode	Name	ACode
1	Ahmad Hussain	1001
2	Ravinder	1008
3	Janila	1001
4	Naaz	1003

- (i) To display the name of all activities with their Acodes in descending order.
- (ii) To display sum of PrizeMoney for each of the Number of participants groupings (as shown in column <u>ParticipantsNum</u> 10,12,16)
- (iii) To display the coach's name and ACodes in ascending order of ACode from the table COACH
- (iv) To display the content of the GAMES table whose ScheduleDate earliar than 01/01/2004 in ascending order of ParticipantNum.
- (v) SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT ParticipantsNum) FROM ACTIVITY;
- (vi)SELECT MAX(ScheduleDate),MIN(ScheduleDate) FROM ACTIVITY;
- (vii)SELECT SUM(PrizeMoney) FROM ACTIVITY;
- (viii) SELECT DISTINCT ParticipantNum FROM COACH;

- 6.
- (a) State and verify Demorgan's Laws.

- 2
- (b) Write the equivalent Boolean Expression for the following Logic Circuit
- 2



(c) Write the POS form of a Boolean function F, which is represented in a truth table as follows:

U	V	W	F
0	0	0	1
0	0	1	0
0	1	0	1
0	1	1	0
1	0	0	1
1	0	1	0
1	1	0	1
1	1	1	1

(d) Reduce the following Boolean Expression using K-Map:  $F(A,B,C,D)=\Sigma(0,1,2,4,5,6,8,10)$ 

3

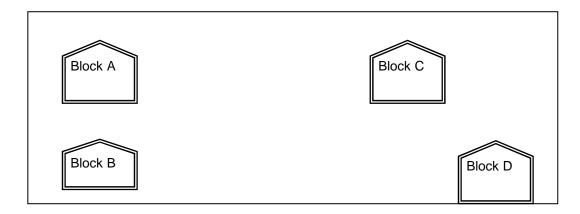
7.

- a) What is the significance of ARPANET in the network?
- 1

b) Expand the following terminologies:

- (i) CDMA
- (ii) GSM
- c) Give two major reasons to have network security.

- 1
- d) What is the purpose of using a Web Browser? Name any one commonly used Web Browser.
- e) Knowledge Supplement Organisation has set up its new center at Mangalore for its office and web based activities. It has 4 blocks of buildings as shown in the diagram below:



Center to center distances between various blocks

Black A to Block B	50 m
Block B to Block C	150 m
Block C to Block D	25 m
Block A to Block D	170 m
Block B to Block D	125 m
Block A to Block C	90 m

**Number of Computers** 

Black A	25
Block B	50
Block C	125
Block D	10

- e1) Suggest a cable layout of connections between the blocks.
- e2) Suggest the most suitable place (i.e. block) to house the server of this organisation with a suitable reason.
- e3) Suggest the placement of the following devices with justification
  - (i) Repeater
  - (ii) Hub/Switch
- e4) The organization is planning to link its front office situated in the city in a hilly region where cable connection is not feasible, suggest an economic way to connect it with reasonably high speed?