# Obstacle avoidance car V1.0

**DESIGN DOCUMENT** 

**ASSINED BY:** 

**MOHAMED SAYAD** 

Mohamed Sayed SPRINTS | MAADI

# **Table of contents**

## Contents

Firstly: Project Description:	2
Description	2
Hardware Requirements	2
Software Requirements	2
Secondly: Layered architecture:	4
Thirdly : System modules:	4
Fourthly: APIs:	5
DIO APIs:	5
Configuration file:	5
External interrupt:	6
Configuration file:	6
TIMER APIs:	7
Configuration file :	7
LCD APIs:	8
LCD FLOWCHARTS:	8
Configuration file:	11
KEYPAD APIs:	12
KEYPAD FLOWCHARTS:	12
Configuration file:	15
SENSOR APIs:	16
SENSOR FLOWCHARTS:	16
BUTTON APIs:	17
BUTTON FLOWCHARTS:	17
Configuration file:	19
APPLICATION APIs:	20
APPLICATION FLOWCHARTS:	20



## Firstly: Project Description:

#### Description

#### Hardware Requirements

- 1. ATmega32 microcontroller
- 2. Four motors (M1, M2, M3, M4)
- 3. One button to change default direction of rotation (PBUTTONO)
- 4. Keypad button 1 to start
- 5. Keypad button 2 to stop
- 6. One Ultrasonic sensor connected as follows
- 7. LCD

#### Software Requirements

- 1. The car starts initially from 0 speed
- 2. The default rotation direction is to the right
- 3. Press (Keypad Btn 1), (Keypad Btn 2) to start or stop the robot respectively
- 4. After Pressing Start:
  - 1. The LCD will display a centered message in line 1 "Set Def. Rot."
  - 2. The LCD will display the selected option in line 2 "Right"
  - 3. The robot will wait for 5 seconds to choose between Right and Left
    - When PBUTTONO is pressed once, the default rotation will be Left
    - and the LCD line 2 will be updated
    - When PBUTTON0 is pressed again, the default rotation will be Right
    - and the LCD line 2 will be updated
    - For each press the default rotation will changed and the LCD line 2 is
    - updated
    - After the 5 seconds the default value of rotation is set
  - 4. The robot will move after 2 seconds from setting the default direction of Rotation

#### 5. For No obstacles or object is far than 70 centimeters:

- 1. The robot will move forward with 30% speed for 5 seconds
- 2. After 5 seconds it will move with 50% speed as long as there was no object or objects are located at more than 70 centimeters distance
- 3. The LCD will display the speed and moving direction in line 1: "Speed:00% Dir: F/B/R/S", F: forward, B: Backwards, R: Rotating, and S: Stopped
- 4. The LCD will display Object distance in line 2 "Dist.: 000 Cm"

#### 6. For Obstacles located between 30 and 70 centimeters

- 1. The robot will decrease its speed to 30%
- 2. LCD data is updated

#### 7. For Obstacles located between 20 and 30 centimeters

- 1. The robot will stop and rotates 90 degrees to right/left according to the chosen configuration
- 2. The LCD data is updated

#### 8. For Obstacles located less than 20 centimeters

- 1. The robot will stop, move backwards with 30% speed until distance is greater than 20 and less than 30
- 2. The LCD data is updated
- 3. Then preform point 8

#### 9. Obstacles surrounding the robot (Bonus)

- 1. If the robot rotated for 360 degrees without finding any distance greater than 20 it will stop
- 2. LCD data will be updated.
- 3. The robot will frequently (each 3 seconds) check if any of the obstacles was removed or not and move in the direction of the furthest object



## Secondly: Layered architecture:

- 1- Microcontroller
- 2- MCAL
- 3- ECUAL
- 4- SERVICES
- 5- COMMON
- 6- Application

service	APPLICATION
	ECUAL
	MCAL
	Microcontroller

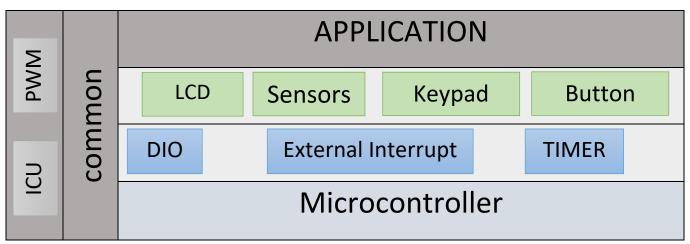
## Thirdly: System modules:

## 1- Specify system modules/drivers:

- DIO, TIMER, External interrupt
- LCD, KEYPAD, SENSOR, Button
- APPLICATION

## 2- Assign each module to its related layer:

- By drawing





## **MCAL APIs**

## Fourthly: APIs:

## **DIO APIs**

void DIO\_InitPin (PIn\_name pin ,PIN\_Status status );
 void DIO\_init (void);
 void DIO\_WRitePin (PIn\_name pin ,Voltage\_type s);
 Voltage\_type DIO\_ReadPin(PIn\_name pin);
 void DIO\_WritePort(PORT\_Type Port,u8 data);

```
PINAO,
     PINAL,
     PINAS
     PINA3,
     PINA4,
     PINA6,
     PINA7
     PINBO
     PINE
     PINB2
     PINB3,
     PINB6,
     PINB7
     PINCO,
     PINC1,
     PINCS,
     PINC4,
     PINC7
     PINDO
     PINDI
     PIND2,
     PINDS
     PIND4,
     PIND7,
PINs_Total
      name;
 vpedef
          \leftarrow num \epsilon
     OUTPUT,
     INFREE,
     INPUT
typedef
     PA,
     PB,
     PORT_Typ
ypedef
LOW,
HIGH
 Voltage_type;
```

# External Interrupt APIs

- void EXI\_Enable (ExInterruptSource\_type Interrupt);
  - void EXI\_Disable (ExInterruptSource\_type Interrupt);
- void EXI\_Trigger(ExInterruptSource\_type Interrupt,TriggerEdge\_type trigger);
  - void EXI\_SetCallBack(ExInterruptSource\_type Interrupt,void(\*pf)(void));

```
typedef enum {
    LOW_LEVEL=0,
    ANY_LOGIC_CHANGE,
    FALLING_EDGE,
    RISING_EDGE
}TriggerEdge_type;

typedef enum{
    EX_INT0,
    EX_INT1,
    EX_INT2,
}ExInterruptSource_type
```

## **Timer APIs**

- void Timer0\_init (Timer0Mode\_type mode ,Timer0Scaler\_type scaler);
  - void TIMERO\_OV\_InterruptEnable(void);
  - void TIMERO OV InterruptDisable(void);
  - void TIMERO\_OV\_SetCallBack(void(\*local\_fptr)(void));

```
******
typedef enum{
    TIMER1_STOP=0,
    TIMER1_SCALER_1,
TIMER1_SCALER_8,
    TIMER1_SCALER_64,
    TIMER1_SCALER_256,
TIMER1_SCALER_1024,
    EXTERNALO_FALLING,
EXTERNALO_RISING
}Timer1Scaler type;
typedef enum
    TIMER1 NORMAL MODE=0,
    TIMER1_CTC_ICR_TOP_MODE,
TIMER1_CTC_OCRA_TOP_MODE
TIMER1_FASTPWM_ICR_TOP_N
    TIMER1 FASTPWM OCRA TOP
}Timer1Mode_type;
typedef enum
    OCRA_DISCONNECTED=0,
    OCRA_TOGGLE,
    OCRA NON INVERTING,
    OCRA INVERTING
}OC1A_Mode_type;
typedef enum
    OCRB_DISCONNECTED=0,
    OCRB_TOGGLE,
    OCRB_NON_INVERTING,
    OCRB INVERTING
}OC1B_Mode_type;
typedef enum{
    RISING,
    FALLING
}ICU_Edge_type;
```

```
//xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx
typedef enum {
TIMERO NORMAL MODE=0,
TIMERO PHASECORRECT MODE,
TIMERO CTC MODE,
TIMERO FASTPWM MODE
}TimerOMode type;
typedef enum {
    TIMERO STOP=0,
    TIMERO SCALER 1,
    TIMERO SCALER 8,
    TIMERO SCALER 64,
    TIMERO SCALER 256,
    TIMERO SCALER 1024,
    EXTERNAL1 FALLING,
    EXTERNAL RISING
}TimerOScaler type;
typedef enum
    OCO DISCONNECTED=0,
    OCO TOGGLE,
    OCO NON INVERTING,
    OC0 INVERTING
}OCOMode type;
```

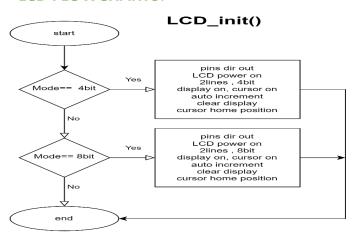


### **ECUAL APIS**

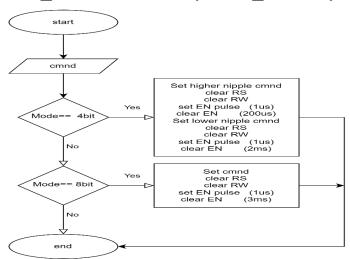
# **LCD APIs**

- void LCD init (void);
- void LCD \_sendcommand (u8);
  - void LCD \_sendstring(u8);
  - void LCD\_sendchar (u8);
  - void LCD\_setcursor (u8);
    - void LCD\_clear (void);
- void LCD\_customchar(u8);
- void LCD\_floattostring (f32\_t float\_value)

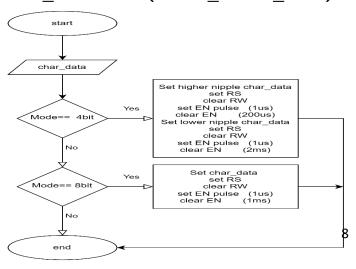
#### **LCD FLOWCHARTS:**

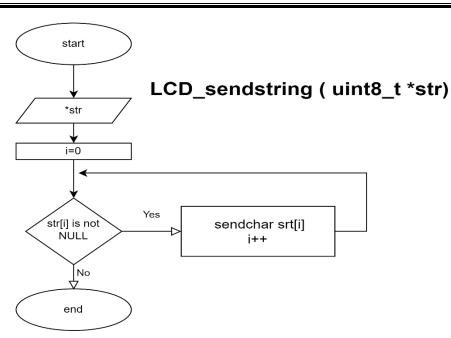


#### LCD\_sendcommand( uint8\_t cmnd)

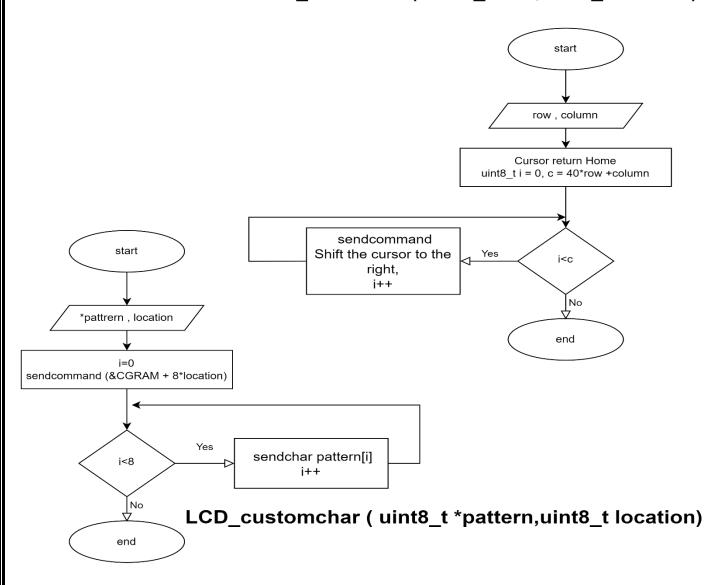


#### LCD\_sendchar ( uint8\_t char\_data)





## LCD\_setcursor ( uint8\_t row,uint8\_t column)



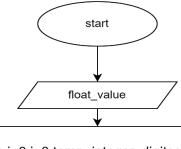
## LCD\_clear ()

start

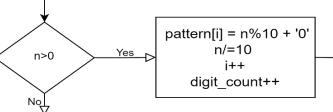
Clear Display sendcommand

end

# LCD\_floattostring (f32\_t float\_value)



int n,i=0,j=0,temp\_integer, digitcount=0 char t, pattern[10] temp\_float = float\_value\*10 n = temp\_float

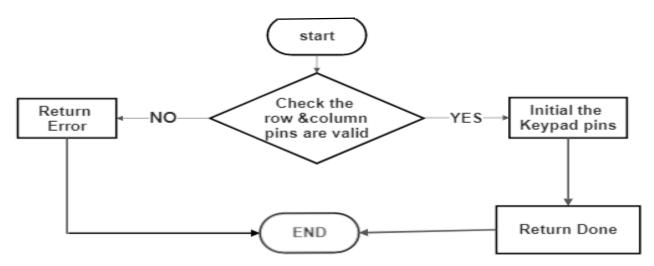


t = pattern[i]
pattern[i] = pattern[j]
pattern[j] = t
i-j++

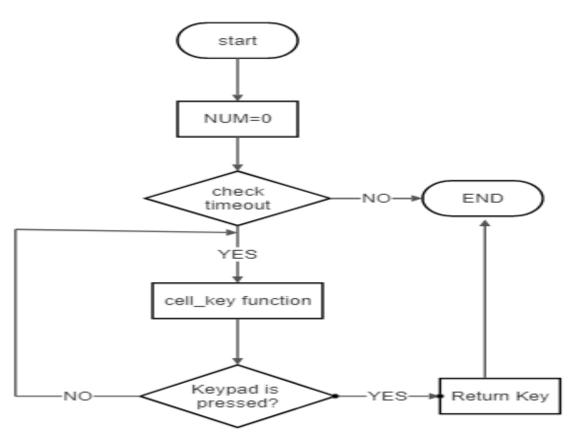
# **KeyPad APIs**

- Keypad\_Status\_en KEYPAD\_Init(PIn\_name First\_Output,PIn\_name Firs\_Input);
- Keypad\_Status\_en KEYPAD\_GetNum\_time(u8 timeout, u8\* key);
  - static u8 KEYPAD\_GetKey(void);

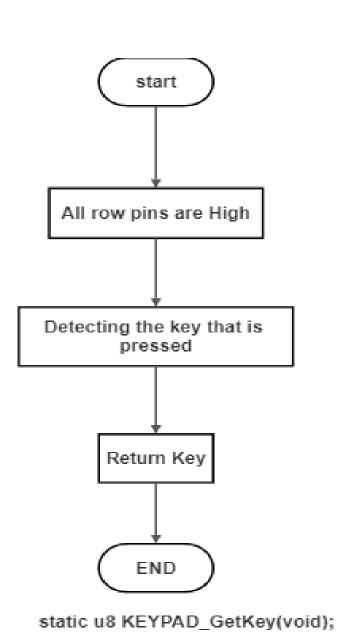
## **Keypad FLOWCHARTS:**



Keypad\_Status\_en KEYPAD\_Init(PIn\_name First\_Output,PIn\_name Firs\_Input);



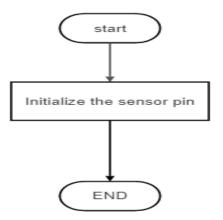
Keypad\_Status\_en KEYPAD\_GetNum\_time(u8 timeout, u8\* key);



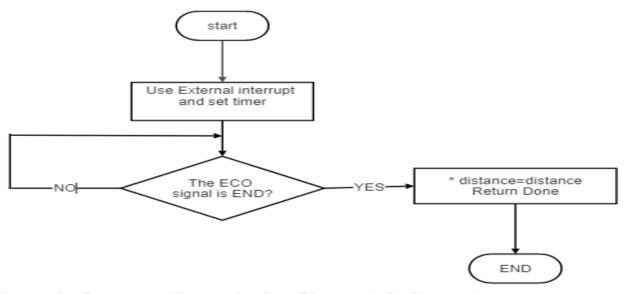
## **SENSOR APIs**

- Ultrasonic\_Status\_en Ultrasonic\_Init(u8 Eco\_Pin , u8 Trigger\_Pin);
  - Ultrasonic\_Status\_en Ultrasonic\_Get\_Distance(u8\* distance);

#### **SENSOR FLOWCHARTS:**



Ultrasonic\_Status\_en Ultrasonic\_Init(u8 Eco\_Pin , u8 Trigger\_Pin);

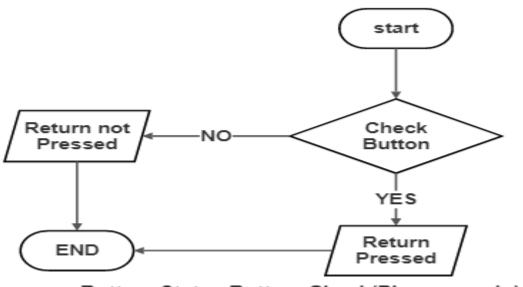


Ultrasonic\_Status\_en Ultrasonic\_Get\_Distance(u8\* distance);

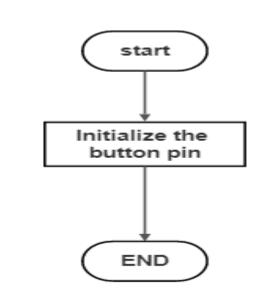
## **BUTTON APIs**

- Button\_Status Button\_Check(PIn\_name pin);
  - void button\_init(PIn\_name pin);

### **BUTTON FLOWCHARTS:**



Button\_Status Button\_Check(PIn\_name pin);



void button\_init(PIn\_name pin);

```
typedef enum{
    NotPressed,
    Pressed
}Button_Status;
```

## **APPLICATION APIs:**

- void APP\_Init(void);
- void APP\_Start(void);

### **APPLICATION FLOWCHARTS:**

