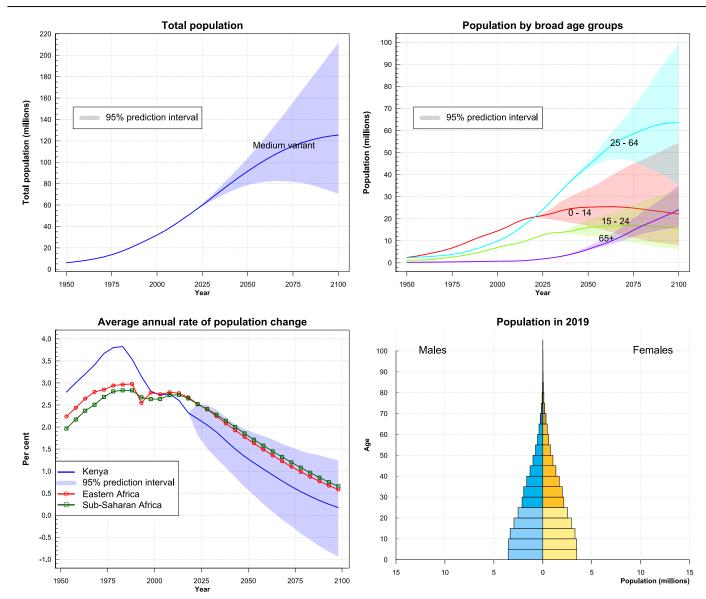
	2019
Total population (millions)	52.6
Percentage of population under age 15	39.2
Percentage of population aged 15-24	20.8
Percentage of population aged 25-64	37.6
Percentage of population aged 65+	2.4
Potential support ratio (persons 25-64 per 65+)	15.5
Annual rate of population change (percentage)	2.3
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population	28.3
Total fertility (live births per woman)	3.42
Crude death rate per 1,000 population	5.4
Infant mortality (1q0) per 1,000 live births	35
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births	45
Life expectancy at birth (years)	66.7
Life Expectancy at age 65 (years)	14.1



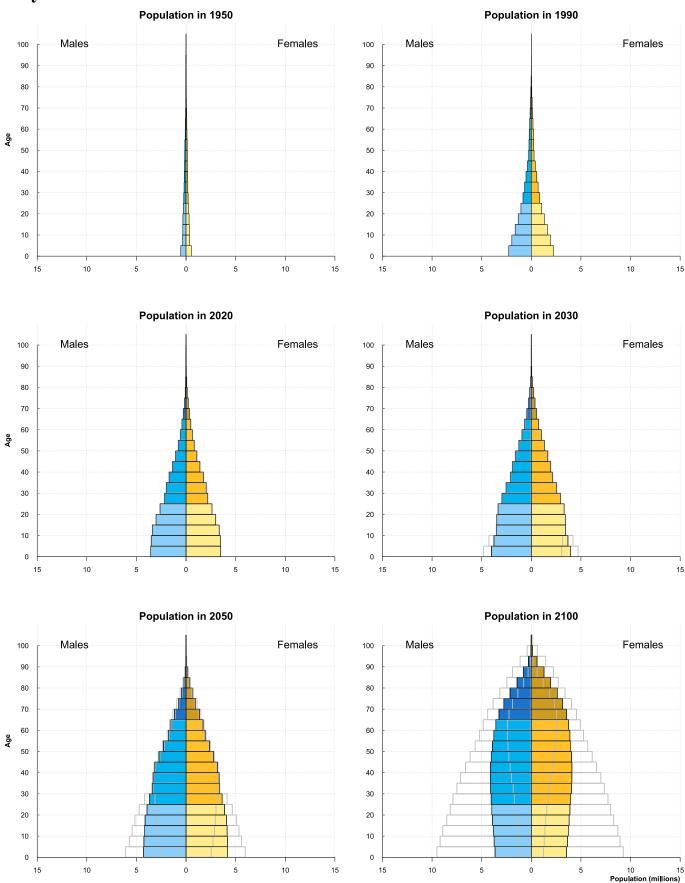
Map Sources: ESRI, UNCS, GAUL.

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official.

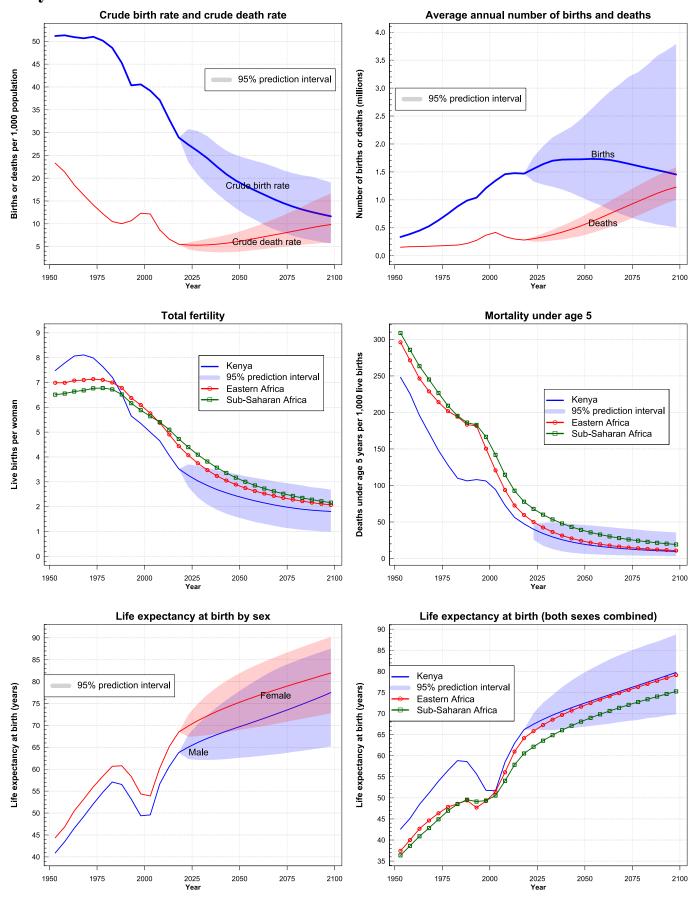
The boundaries and names shown and the designation used on this map do not imply official.



Medium-variant projections for 2020-2100 are shown as thin coloured lines, and uncertainty is shown in lighter shades for 95 per cent prediction intervals.



Medium-variant projections for 2020-2100 are shown as thin coloured lines, and uncertainty is shown in lighter shades for 95 per cent prediction intervals.



Medium-variant projections for 2020-2100 are shown as thin coloured lines, and uncertainty is shown in lighter shades for 95 per cent prediction intervals.

	1950	1970	1990	2000	2005	2010	2015	2020	2030	2050	2075	2100
Population	1930	1970	1990	2000	2003	2010	2013	2020	2030	2030	2013	2100
Total population (thousands)	6 077	11 301	23 725	31 965	36 625	42 031	47 878	53 771	66 450	91 575	115 093	125 424
Median age (years) (a)	20.0	15.4	15.4	17.0	17.6	18.1	18.9	20.1	23.0	28.1	34.6	40.4
Population under age 15 (thousands)	2 417	5 548	11 651	14 463	16 125	18 259	19 842	20 750	22 378	25 242	24 849	22 159
Population aged 15-24 (thousands)	1 150	2 079	4 744	6 963	8 000	8 649	9 707	11 247	13 573	16 015	16 885	15 594
Population aged 25-64 (thousands)	2 272	3 291	6 741	9 811	11 738	14 311	17 323	20 425	28 223	44 162	58 560	63 585
Population aged 65+ (thousands)	239	383	589	727	762	812	1 006	1 349	2 276	6 156	14 799	24 086
Percentage of population under age 15	39.8	49.1	49.1	45.3	44.0	43.4	41.4	38.6	33.7	27.6	21.6	17.7
Percentage of population aged 15-24	18.9	18.4	20.0	21.8	21.8	20.6	20.3	20.9	20.4	17.5	14.7	12.4
Percentage of population aged 25-64	37.4	29.1	28.4	30.7	32.1	34.1	36.2	38.0	42.5	48.2	50.9	50.7
Percentage of population aged 65+	3.9	3.4	2.5	2.3	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.5	3.4	6.7	12.9	19.2
Dependency ratios (per 100)												
Total dependency ratio (b)	167.5	243.4	252.0	225.8	212.0	193.7	176.4	163.3	135.5	107.4	96.5	97.3
Child dependency ratio (c)	157.0	231.8	243.2	218.4	205.5	188.0	170.6	156.7	127.4	93.4	71.3	59.4
Potential support ratio (d)	9.5	8.6	11.5	13.5	15.4	17.6	17.2	15.1	12.4	7.2	4.0	2.6
	1950-1955	1965-1970	1985-1990	1995-2000	2000-2005	2005-2010	2010-2015	2015-2020	2025-2030	2045-2050	2070-2075	2095-2100
Rates of population change	1750 1755	1705 1770	1705 1770	1775 2000	2000 2003	2003 2010	2010 2015	2015 2020	2023 2030	2013 2030	2070 2075	2093 2100
Annual rate of population change (percentage)	2.8	3.4	3.5	2.8	2.7	2.8	2.6	2.3	2.1	1.3	0.7	0.2
Population doubling time (years) (e)	25	21	20	25	26	26	27	30	34	52	107	_
Mortality												
Crude death rate per 1,000 population	23.3	16.3	10.0	12.3	12.2	8.7	6.6	5.5	5.3	6.0	7.9	9.8
Infant mortality rate (1q0) per 1,000 live births	142	109	74	71	63	51	42	36	26	15	10	7
Under-five mortality (5q0) per 1,000 live births	248	172	106	106	94	73	56	47	34	20	13	10
Life expectancy at birth (years)	42.6	51.1	58.6	51.8	51.7	58.5	62.9	66.2	68.6	72.2	75.9	79.7
Male life expectancy at birth (years)	40.9	49.2	56.5	49.4	49.6	56.7	60.6	63.8	66.1	69.4	73.2	77.5
Female life expectancy at birth (years)	44.4	53.2	60.8	54.4	53.9	60.3	65.2	68.5	71.1	75.0	78.7	82.0
Life expectancy at age 65 (years)	11.4	11.8	12.5	11.3	11.2	11.9	12.9	14.0	14.4	15.4	17.3	19.5
Fertility												
Crude birth rate per 1,000 population	51.2	50.7	45.3	40.6	39.2	37.1	32.9	28.9	25.9	19.5	14.5	11.6
Total fertility (live births per woman)	7.48	8.11	6.54	5.35	5.00	4.65	4.06	3.52	3.04	2.44	2.00	1.81
Sex ratio at birth (males per 100 females)	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103	103
Mean age of childbearing (years)	29.1	29.1	29.1	29.2	29.2	29.1	28.8	28.7	28.4	28.1	28.5	29.4
Births and deaths	1.650	2 (20	4.02.6	6.050	6.510	<b>7.007</b>	<b>7.2</b> 00	<b>5.</b> 045	0.106	0.620	0.000	= 0=1
Number of births (thousands)	1 672	2 639	4 936	6 058	6 718	7 297	7 388	7 345	8 196	8 628	8 228	7 271
Number of deaths (thousands)	761	848	1 093	1 840	2 083	1 701	1 491	1 402	1 677	2 672	4 497	6 137
Births minus deaths (thousands)	911	1 791	3 842	4 218	4 635	5 595	5 898	5 943	6 518	5 956	3 732	1 133
International migration  Not number of migrants (thousands)	0	- 20	5	- 21	25	- 189	- 50	- 50	- 50	- 50	- 50	- 50
Net number of migrants (thousands)	0.0	- 20 -0.4	0.1	- 21 -0.1	0.2	-1.0	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	- 50 -0.1	- 50 -0.1	- 50 -0.1
inci inigiation rate (per 1,000)	0.0	-0.4	0.1	-0.1	0.2	-1.0	-0.2	-0.2	-0.2	-0.1	-0.1	-0.1

Age that divides the population in two parts of equal size, that is, there are as many persons with ages above the median as there are with ages below the median.

The total dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-24 and that aged 65+ to the population aged 25-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (25-64).

The child dependency ratio is the ratio of the population aged 0-24 to the population aged 25-64. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of working age (25-64).

d The potential support ratio is the ratio of the population aged 25-64 to the population aged 65 years or over. They are presented as number of dependants per 100 persons of age 65 years or over.

The population doubling time corresponds to the number of years required for the total population to double in size if the annual rate of population change would remain constant. Doubling time is computed only for fast growing populations with growth rates exceeding 0.5 per cent.

**Population:** Total population and distribution by age and sex estimated to be consistent with the population by age and sex of the (a) 1962, 1969, 1979, 1989, 1999, 2009 censuses; (b) adjusted censuses for underenumeration; (c) official estimates through 2018; (d) only total population for 1948 Census; and with estimates of the subsequent trends in fertility, mortality and international migration.

**Fertility:** Total fertility rate and age pattern of fertility based on: (a) birth-histories data from the 1977-1978 WFS and 1989, 1993, 1998, 2003, 2008-2009, 2014 DHS and 2009 MHS and 2010, 2015 MIS; (b) births in the household in the preceding 12 (or 24) months classified by age of mother from the 1962, 1969, 1979, 1989, 1999, 2009 censuses and 2014 PMA-R1 and 2014 PMA-R2 and 2015 PMA-R3 and 2015 PMA-R4 and 2016 PMA-R5 and 2017 PMA-R6. In addition, the (a) births in the household in the preceding 12 (or 24) months classified by age of mother from the 1984 CPS; (b) adjusted fertility using synthetic relational Gompertz model with data on children ever born and births in the preceding 12 (or 24/36) months, both classified by age of mother, from the 1989, 1999 censuses; (c) indirect estimates obtained using Mortara's method with data on children ever born by age of mother from the 1983 NDS and 1994 WMS and 2000 MICS and 2012-2013 AIS have been considered.

Child Mortality: Under-five mortality based on: (a) direct estimates from births and deaths under-five calculated from full birth histories data from the 1977-1978 WFS and 1989, 1993, 1998, 2003, 2008-2009, 2014 DHS and 2010, 2015 MIS; (b) indirect estimates from data on children ever born and surviving from the 1962, 1969, 1979, 1989, 1999, 2009 censuses and 1977, 1983 NDS and 1994 WMS and 2000 MICS and 2012-2013 AIS; (c) recent household deaths from the 2007 AIS; (d) International estimates used up to 2017. In addition, the (a) registered infant and child deaths through 2009; (b) recent household deaths from the 2009 Census have been considered.

**Overall Mortality:** Life expectancy at birth and age pattern of mortality based on: (a) official estimates through 2007; (b) International estimates used up to 2017; (c) The demographic impact of AIDS has been factored into the mortality estimates; (d) estimates using HIV/AIDS model life tables and estimates of under-five mortality (5q0) and adult mortality (45q15) with UNAIDS estimates of adult HIV prevalence, and ART coverage for children and adults.

Adult and Old Age Mortality: Estimates derived from: (a) recent household deaths data by age and sex from the 2009 Census; (b) recent household deaths adjusted at adult ages for underregistration using the growth balance method; (c) siblings deaths from the 1989, 1998, 2003, 2008-2009, 2014 DHS; (d) maternal orphanhood from the 1969, 1989, 1999, 2009 censuses and 1977-1978 WFS and 1989, 1993, 1998, 2003, 2014 DHS and 2000 MICS; (e) paternal orphanhood from the 1969, 1989, 1999, 2009 censuses and 1977-1978 WFS and 1989, 1998, 2003 DHS; (f) intercensal survivorship from successive census age distributions; (g) International estimates used up to 2017.

**Migration:** International migration based on: (a) information on foreign-born populations from censuses and registers from major countries of destination; (b) estimates derived as the differences between overall population growth and natural increase; (c) UNHCR statistics on the number of refugees in the main countries of asylum.

#### Profile excerpt from the World Population Prospects 2019, Volume II: Demographic Profiles

This demographic profile displays key demographic indicators for selected periods or dates between 1950-2100, for the world, development groups, regions, subregions and countries or areas with more than 90,000 inhabitants in 2019. In all tables and figures, values for 1950-2020 are estimates and those thereafter are projections (medium variant, and lower and upper 95 per cent prediction intervals for figures). For each country or area, it also provides a brief description of the data sources and demographic methods that were used to derive the base-year estimates of population and components of demographic change (fertility, child, adult and overall mortality, international migration).

Further details about the respective data sources used for each country or area are available online interactively (<a href="https://population.un.org/wpp/DataSources/">https://population.un.org/wpp/DataSources/</a>) with a tabular version of this information also available for download (<a href="https://population.un.org/wpp/Download/Metadata/">https://population.un.org/wpp/Download/Metadata/</a>). Further details about the methodology used to prepare the estimates and projections is explained in a companion report (<a href="https://population.prospects">World Population Prospects 2019: Methodology of the United Nations Population Estimates and Projections</a>).

To depict the uncertainty of future demographic trends, the Population Division has developed probabilistic projections for all countries and areas of the world. It should be stressed that making projections to 2100 is subject to a high degree of uncertainty, especially at the country level. In that regard, users are invited to focus not only on the outcomes of the medium variant, which for each country corresponds to the median of several thousand projected trajectories of specific demographic components, but also to the associated prediction intervals that provide an assessment of the uncertainty inherent in such projections. Detailed information on the 80 per cent and 95 per cent uncertainty bounds for different components at the country level is available on the website of the Population Division (see <a href="https://population.un.org/wpp/">https://population.un.org/wpp/</a> for graphs or download data files for probabilistic results).

The detailed results of the 2019 Revision are made available through a variety of media. The website of the Population Division provides access to an extended set of data organized in Excel and CSV files (<a href="https://population.un.org/wpp/Download/">https://population.un.org/wpp/Download/</a>) as well as to an interactive database that enables users to obtain specific information on selected countries or regions (<a href="https://population.un.org/wpp/DataQuery/">https://population.un.org/wpp/DataQuery/</a>).

#### Notes

The designations employed in this publication and the material presented in it do not imply the expression of any opinion whatsoever on the part of the Secretariat of the United Nations concerning the legal status of any country, territory, city or area or of its authorities, or concerning the delimitation of its frontiers or boundaries. The term "country" as used in this publication also refers, as appropriate, to territories or areas. For country-specific notes, please refer to: <a href="https://population.un.org/wpp/Download/Metadata/Documentation/">https://population.un.org/wpp/Download/Metadata/Documentation/</a>.

Countries or areas have been aggregated in six continental regions: Africa, Asia, Europe, Latin America and the Caribbean, Northern America, and Oceania. Further information on continental regions is available from <a href="https://unstats.un.org/unsd/methodology/m49/">https://unstats.un.org/unsd/methodology/m49/</a>. Countries and areas are also grouped into geographic regions based on the classification being used to track progress towards the Sustainable Development Goals of the United Nations (see: <a href="https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/regional-groups/">https://unstats.un.org/sdgs/indicators/regional-groups/</a>). Further details about the various classifications used to group countries and areas for statistical purposes into major aggregates in this publication are available online at: <a href="https://population.un.org/wpp/DefinitionOfRegions/">https://population.un.org/wpp/DefinitionOfRegions/</a>.

The figures presented are from the medium variant of the World Population Prospects 2019, the official United Nations population estimates and projections prepared by the United Nations Population Division. Data are also available in digital form and can be consulted at the Population Division's web site at <a href="https://www.unpopulation.org">https://www.unpopulation.org</a>.

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