

Mark Schuster

EEL 3744 C HW3 09/20/2017

Schuster, Mark

3744  
HW3

6.1 a. ~~BRGE~~ CP GP  
BRLO

b. CP PQ  
BRLO

c. CP PQ  
BREQ

6.2

a. CP PQ  
BRGE

b. CP GP  
BRLT

c. CP PQ  
BREQ

6.11 The first as it is handled in compilation  
and doesn't take up ROM space while the  
device is running

6.12 ldi r16, 0x00

loop:

cpi r16, 10

breq end

---

inc r16

jmp loop

end



6.15 K1: db -1, -1

K2: db -1, -1

K3: db -1, -1

↓

ldi ~~ZH~~, low(K1)

ldi ~~ZH~~, high(K1)

lpm r16, Z+

lpm r17, Z+

lpm r18, Z

loop: cp r18, r17

brlt END

cp r17, r18

brlt ELSE

mov r17, r18

jmp ENDER

ELSE:

mov r17, r18

ENDIF:

inc r16

jmp loop

END:

6.16 1, 3, -2

↓

K1 = 2, K2 = -2, K3 = -2



6.23:

Code:

```
.nolist                                ; Included for fun.
#include "ATxmega128A1Udef.inc"        ;
.list                                  ;

.equ tabellen = 32

.org 0x0000
    rjmp init                          ; Start at 0x0000 and jump to program.

.org 0x400
Table: .db    9,1,7,2,4,3,8,6,5,-1,21,53,45,-
12,2,32,42,53,51,56,74,23,1,63,56,456,34,89,60,467,40,12    ; table for use in testing
BSORT subroutine

.dseg
.org 0x2000
output: .byte 1

.cseg

.org 0x200
init:
    ldi ZL, low(Table << 1)
    ldi ZH, high(Table << 1)
    ldi YL, low(output)
    ldi YH, high(output)
    ldi r18, 0x00
loopinit:
    cpi r18, tabellen
    breq main
    lpm r16, Z+
    st Y+, r16
    inc r18
    jmp loopinit
main:

    rcall smallest
    jmp done

done:
    jmp done

.org 0x300

smallest:
    push r16
    push r17
    push r18
    ldi YL, low(output)
    ldi YH, high(output)
```

Screenshot:

[illegible]

2:

The stack initially grows by 4 bytes putting at address 0x3FFD. Then the rcall pushes the return address onto the stack, increasing its size by another 3 bytes putting it at 0x3FF8. Then 0x1c is pushed, moving the stack to 0x3FF7. Finally the program returns from the subroutine placing the stack pointer to 0x3FFA.

Code:

```
.nolist                                ; Included for fun.
#include "ATxmega128A1Udef.inc"        ;
.list                                  ;

.org 0x0000
    rjmp init                          ; Start at 0x0000 and jump to program.

.org 0x200
init:
    ldi r16, 0x37
    push r16
    ldi r16, 0xAB
    push r16
    ldi r16, 0xEF
    push r16
    ldi r16, 0x12
    push r16
    rcall subr
    jmp done

done:
    jmp done

subr:
    ldi r16, 0x1c
    push r16
    ret
```

## Screenshot:

The screenshot displays an AVR assembler IDE with the following components:

- Assembly Code:** The main window shows assembly code for an ascending bubble sort program. It includes comments, directives like `.nolist`, `.include "ATmega128A1Udef.inc"`, and `.list`, and instructions such as `push r16`, `ldi r16, 0xAB`, `push r16`, `ldi r16, 0xEF`, `push r16`, `ldi r16, 0x12`, `push r16`, `rcall subr`, `jmp done`, `done: jmp done`, `subr: ldi r16, 0x1C`, `push r16`, and `ret`.
- Watch Window:** Located at the bottom left, it shows two entries for `switchValues` with the value "Unknown identifier" and type "Error".
- Processor Status Window:** Located at the bottom middle, it displays the state of various processor registers and system parameters:

Name	Value
Program Counter	0x0000200
Stack Pointer	0x3FFA
X Register	0x0000
Y Register	0x0000
Z Register	0x0000
Status Register	0x00000000
Cycle Counter	530
Frequency	2,000 MHz
Stop Watch	265.00 us
- Memory Window:** Located at the bottom right, it shows the contents of internal SRAM memory, displaying hexadecimal values and their corresponding decimal representations.