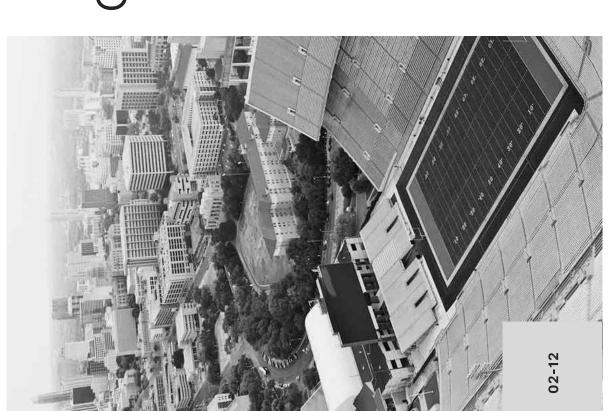


Does the Big Business of College Sports Impact Student Outcomes?

by Matt Schwartz

JULY 23RD, 2021



### Contents

03 - Overview and Business Problem
04 - Data
05 - Methods
06 - Data Understanding
09 - Results
10 - Conclusions and Further Analysis

# Overview and Business Problem

## **COLLEGE SPORTS IS BIG BUSINESS**

With sky-high investment in sports, do regular students suffer? To find out, we'll look at how University spending behaviors affect post-graduate earnings

#### INEQUALITY

Girls and women's sports have long been underfunded and under-supported for decades.

Can we find differences in outcomes when Universities invest more in women's sports?



#### Data

#### College Athletics Financial Information Database

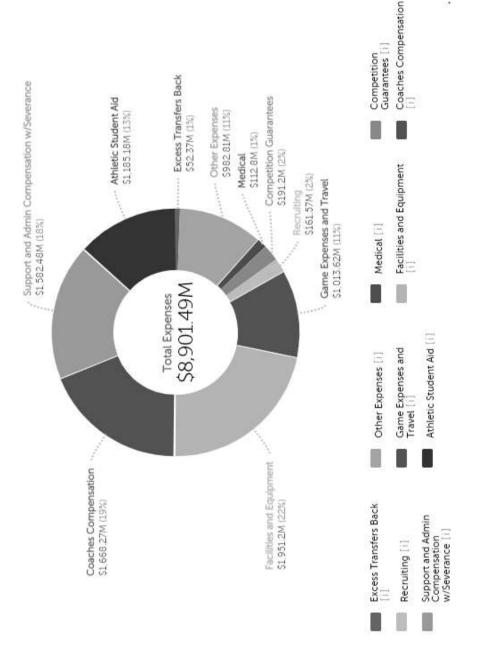
Revenues and expenses of athletic departments across the country

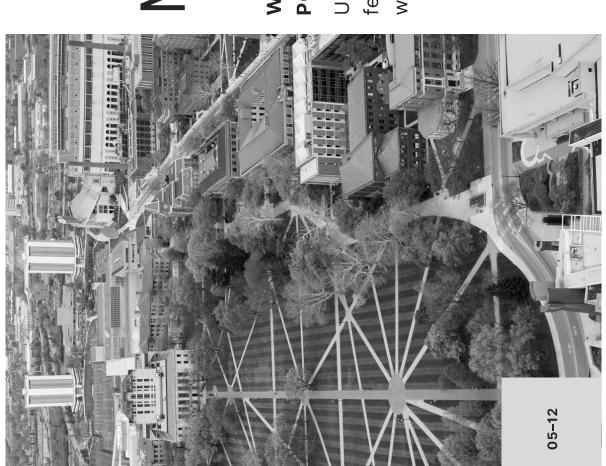
#### The College Scorecard

Captures demographics and outcomes for all Universities in the

## **Equity in Athletics**

Contains details on men's and women's teams



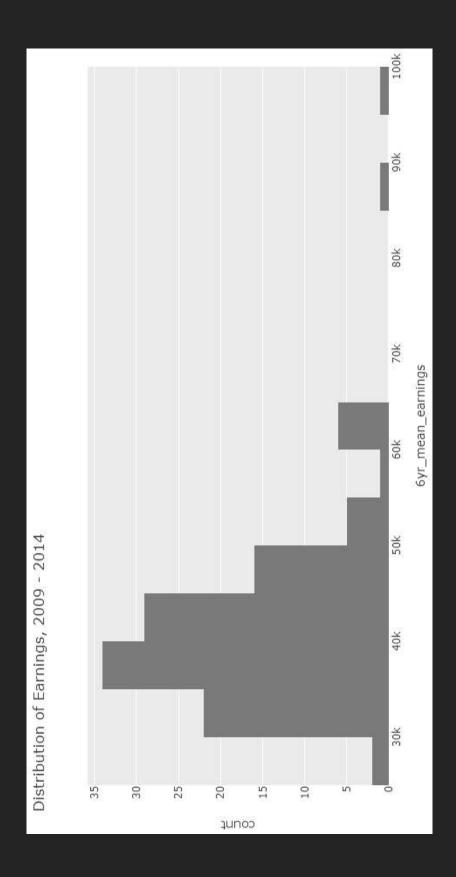


## Methods

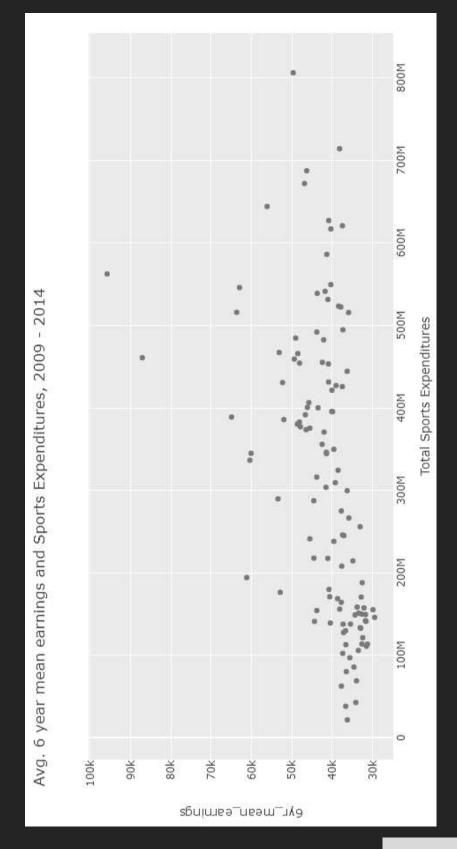
## WHAT FEATURES HAVE THE BIGGEST AFFECT ON **POST-GRADUATE EARNINGS?**

features about a University affect the earnings of students Using multiple linear regression, we'll be studying what who enrolled 6 years ago, and have since graduated

#### Data Understanding



#### Data Understanding



#### Data Understanding

University	6 Year Average Male Earnings	6 Year Average Female Earnings	Difference	9
Duke University	\$ 111,600	\$ 76,100	·S	35,500
Stanford University	\$ 109,200	\$ 75,800	S	33,400
Rice University	\$ \$	\$ 53,600	S	25,400
Wake Forest University	\$ 73,800	\$ 50,900	S	22,900
University of Notre Dame	\$ 78,700	\$ 58,500	S	20,200
Vanderbilt University	\$ 72,400	\$ 52,200	S	20,200
University of Southern California	\$ 68,700	\$ 54,900	·O	13,800
Boston College	\$ 71,300	\$ 58,900	S	12,400
Georgia Institute of Technology	\$ \$	\$ 58,800	·O	10,000
University of Miami	\$ 59,300	\$ 50,300	S	9,000

#### Results

# SIMILAR FEATURES AFFECT MEN'S, WOMEN'S, AND GENERAL AVERAGE EARNINGS

The linear regression model explained over 90% of the variance in 6 year average earnings

Most important features include:

- Avg. Cost of Attendance: 7.80% increase in earnings
- Percentage of Female Students: 3.96% decrease
- Average Faculty Salary: 5.37% increase



#### Results

## COLLEGE SPORTS EXPENDITURES HAVE SOME EFFECTS ON POST-GRADUATION EARNINGS

- Average salaries of full time men's and women's teams employees have positive impacts on earnings
- More support for female students and student athletes
- Schools that spend more than one standard deviation above the mean on sports but less than average of academics have worse outcomes



## Conclusions and Further Analysis

# THE GENDER PAY GAP A SIGNIFICANT IMPACT ON A SCHOOL'S AVERAGE EARNINGS

As the percentage of female student rises, average earnings fall

## STUDY SCHOOLS THAT SPEND ABOVE AVERAGE ON SPORTS, BELOW AVERAGE ON ACADEMICS

How are these schools allocating resources? What areas of performance are they falling behind?



### Presented by Matt Schwartz

Flatiron Online Part-Time Data Science Cohort

CAPSTONE PROJECT - 7/23/2021

**EMAIL ADDRESS** 

mtschwart@gmail.com

GITHUB

https://github.com/mschwar12

