

Forschungs- und Entwicklungsseminar WS 20/21 Machine Learning in der sich selbst organisierenden Produktion

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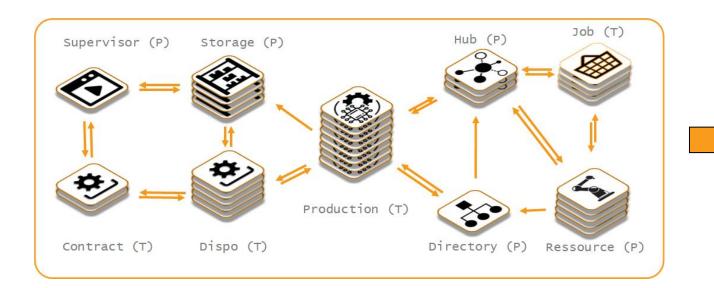


## Erläuterung der Problemstellung

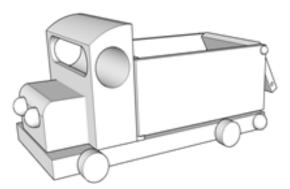
## Die sich selbst organisierende Produktion (SSOP)

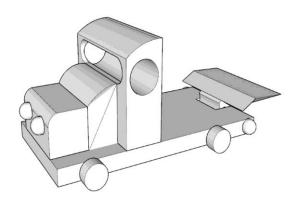


## Was ist die SSOP?



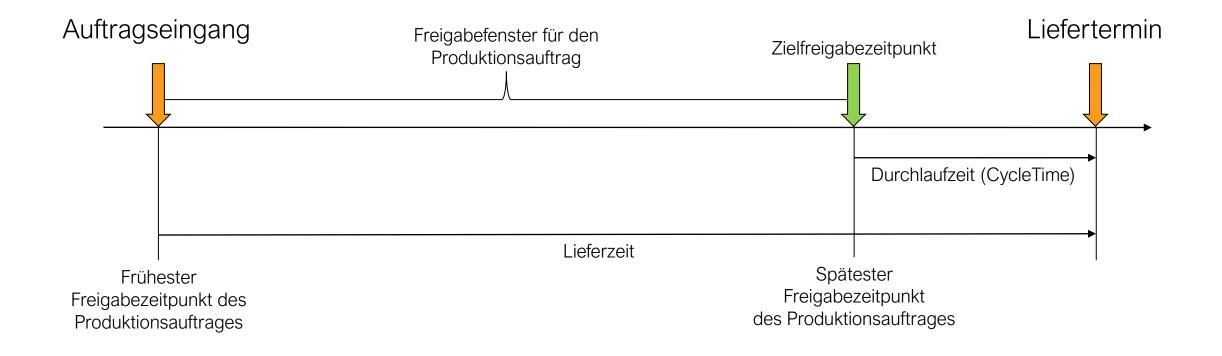






## Erläuterung der Problemstellung



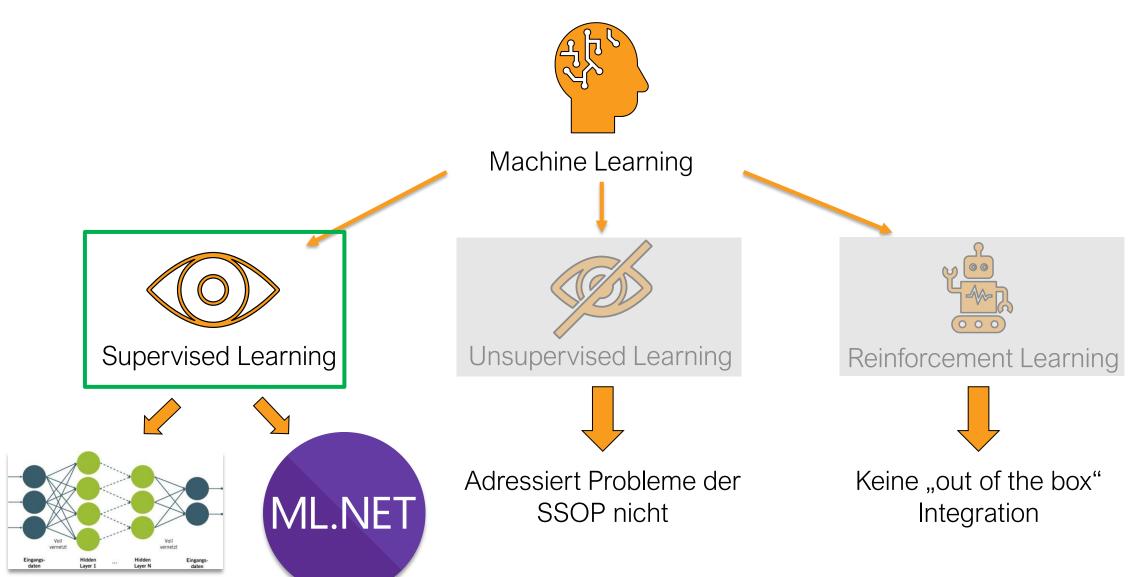




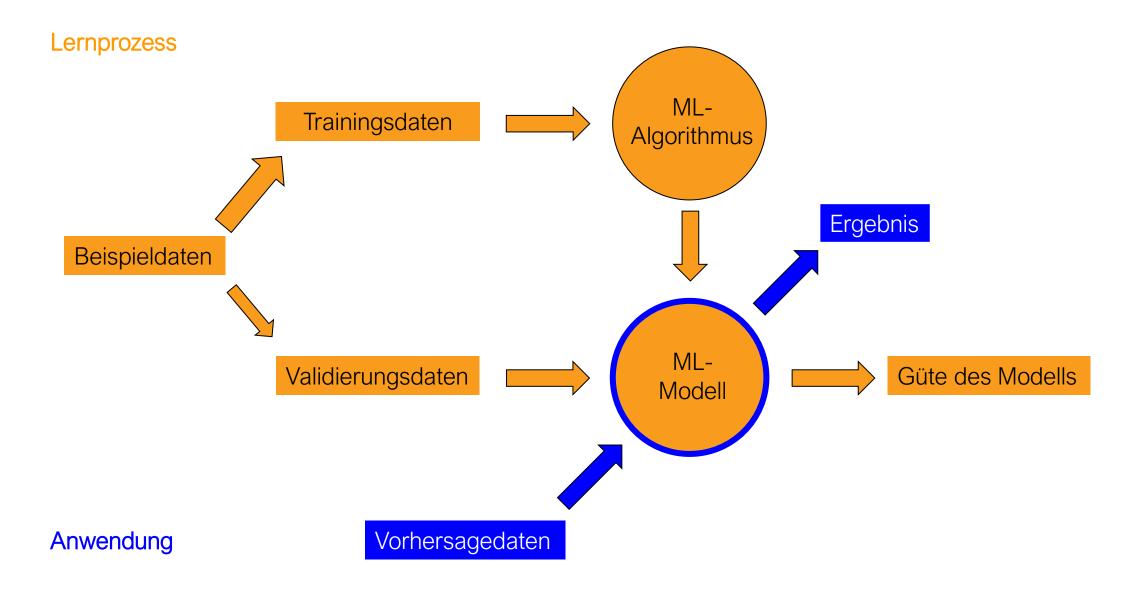
# Vorgehensweise zur Lösung der Problemstellung

## Vorgehensweise zur Lösung der Problemstellung











## Korrelationsanalyse

### Korrelation mit der CycleTime





## Trainingsdatenaufbereitung

## Ausgangspunkt: 12 Simulationen mit 8 Wochen Simulationszeit

Time	Lateness	Assembly	Total	CycleTime	Consumab	Material	InDueTotal
3360	-1045.2	4.89579464	20	1362.05	19534.8314	3051672.43	20
3840	-762.69697	4.57235547	33	1596.36364	19910.4301	3139436.86	33
4320	-705.461538	4.29517014	39	1665.23077	19952.5504	3168375.91	39
4800	-692.181818	4.26197708	44	1652.27273	19894.5694	3142763.03	44
5280	-726.208333	4.10287216	48	1647.29167	19913.3895	3197116.98	48
5760	-787.218182	4.19870226	55	1564.56364	19927.3052	3154002.2	55
6240	-832.854839	4.24175481	62	1525.37097	19834.9173	3143638.93	62
6720	-879.927536	4.21714435	69	1484.04348	19822.6487	3155573.06	69
7200	-908.74359	4.47784931	78	1466.71795	19931.4247	3189310.33	78
7680	-928.360465	4.39522656	86	1457.09302	19802.6569	3195086.34	86
8160	-942.511111	4.32040441	90	1450.78889	19983.0976	3166910.67	90
8640	-933.656863	4.229011	102	1478.06863	19991.8668	3193441.74	102
9120	-924.153153	4.23194956	111	1488.9009	19988.7283	3178404.64	111
9600	-916.491379	4.2226151	116	1489.59483	19952.5657	3188077.54	116
10080	-903.096	4.16746329	125	1507.376	19741.3083	3142459.05	125
10560	-857.035971	4.13860606	139	1568.46043	19932.6636	3181306.85	138
11040	-816.986395	4.10318886	147	1604.27891	19853.8026	3156100.45	145



## Trainingsdatenaufbereitung

1. Erstellung weiterer Spalten für vergangene Zeitschritte und die vorherzusagende CycleTime

Lateness (t-2) Assembly (t-2) Total (t-2) CycleTime (t-2) Consumab (t-2) Material (t-2) InDueTotal (t-2) Lateness (t-1) Assembly (t-1)

Material (t-1) InDueTotal (t-1) Lateness (t-0) Assembly (t-0) Total (t-0) Consumab (t-0) Material (t-0) InDueTotal (t-0) CycleTime (t+1)



## Trainingsdatenaufbereitung

2. Füllen der Spalten für vergangene Zeitschritte durch Verschiebung

Verschiebung um 1



Verschiebung um 1



InDueTotal (t-1)	Consumab (t-1)	Material (t-1)	Lateness (t-1)	Total (t-1)	Assembly (t-1)	CycleTime (t-1)	InDueTotal (t-0)	Consumab (t-0)	Material (t-0)	Lateness (t-0)	Total (t-0)	Assembly (t-0)	CycleTime (t+1)
							20	19534,8314	3051672,43	-1045,2	20	4,89579464	1362,05
20	19534,8314	3051672,43	-1045,2	20	4,895794643	1362,05	33	19910,43014	3139436,858	-762,6969697	33	4,57235546	1596,363636
33	19910,43014	3139436,858	-762,6969697	33	4,572355469	1596,363636	39	19952,5504	3168375,907	-705,4615385	39	4,29517013	1665,230769
39	19952,5504	3168375,907	-705,4615385	39	4,295170139	1665,230769	44	19894,56938	3142763,032	-692,1818182	44	4,26197708	1652,272727
44	19894,56938	3142763,032	-692,1818182	44	4,261977083	1652,272727	48	19913,38947	3197116,977	-726,2083333	48	4,10287215	1647,291667
48	19913,38947	-	-726,2083333				55	19927,30522		-787,2181818		-	1564,563636
55	-	3154002,203	-				62	19834,9173	-	-832,8548387		-	-
62	19834,9173	3143638,927	-832,8548387	62	4,241754808	1525,370968	69	19822,64871	-	-879,9275362			1484,043478
69	19822,64871	3155573,063	-879,9275362	69	4,217144345	1484,043478		•	-	-		-	
78	19931,42473	3189310,327	-908,7435897	78	4,477849306	1466,717949	78	19931,42473	3189310,327	-908,7435897	78	4,47784930	1466,717949
86	19802,65686	3195086,344	-928,3604651	86	4,395226562	1457,093023	86	19802,65686	3195086,344	-928,3604651	86	4,39522656	1457,093023
90	19983,09765	3166910,666	-942,5111111	90	4,320404412	1450,788889	90	19983,09765	3166910,666	-942,5111111	90	4,320404411	1450,788889
102	19991,86676	3193441,735	-933,6568627	102	4,229010995	1478,068627	102	19991,86676	3193441,735	-933,6568627	102	4,22901099	1478,068627
111	19988,72827	3178404,639	-924,1531532	111	4,231949561	1488,900901	111	19988,72827	3178404,639	-924,1531532	111	4,23194956	1488,900901
116	19952,56574	3188077,541	-916,4913793	116	4,222615104	1489,594828	116	19952,56574	3188077,541	-916,4913793	116	4,22261510	1489,594828

Zielspalte





## Trainingsdatenaufbereitung



## Weitere Verschiebungen möglich





CycleTime (t-2)	InDueTotal (t-1)	Consumab (t-1)	Material (t-1)	Lateness (t-1)	Total (t-1)	Assembly (t-1)	CycleTime (t-1)	InDueTotal (t-0)	Consur
								20	19
	20	19534,8314	3051672,43	-1045,2	20	4,895794643	1362,05	33	199
1362,05	33	19910,43014	3139436,858	-762,6969697	33	4,572355469	1596,363636	39	19
1596,363636	39	19952,5504	3168375,907	-705,4615385	39	4,295170139	1665,230769		
1665,230769	44	19894,56938	3142763,032	-692,1818182	44	4,261977083	1652,272727		
1652,272727	48	19913,38947	3197116,977	-726,2083333	48	4,102872159	1647,291667		
1647,291667	55	19927,30522	3154002,203	-787,2181818	55	4,198702257	1564,563636		
1564,563636	62	19834,9173	3143638,927	-832,8548387	62	4,241754808	1525,370968	62	
1525,370968	69	19822,64871	3155573,063	-879,9275362	69	4,217144345	1484,043478		
1484,043478	78	19931,42473	3189310,327	-908,7435897	78	4,477849306	1466,717949	78	199
1466,717949	86	19802,65686	3195086,344	-928,3604651	86	4,395226562	1457,093023	86	198
1457,093023	90	19983,09765	3166910,666	-942,5111111	90	4,320404412	1450,788889	90	199
1450,788889	102	19991,86676	3193441,735	-933,6568627	102	4,229010995	1478,068627	400	199
1478,068627	111	19988,72827	3178404,639	-924,1531532	111	4,231949561	1488,900901	111	199
1488,900901	116	19952,56574	3188077,541	-916,4913793	116	4,222615104	1489,594828	28 116	199
1489,594828									



Vorhersage von Werten auf Basis trainierter Regression





#### Sentiment analysis

Analyze the sentiment of customer reviews using a binary classification algorithm.



#### **★** Product recommendation

Recommend products based on purchase history using a matrix factorization algorithm.



#### Price prediction

Predict taxi fares based on parameters such as distance traveled using a regression algorithm.



#### **Customer segmentation**

Identify groups of customers with similar profiles using a clustering algorithm.



#### Object detection

Recognize objects in an image using an ONNX deep learning model.



#### Fraud detection

Detect fraudulent credit card transactions using a binary classification algorithm.



#### Sales spike detection

Detect spikes and changes in product sales using an anomaly detection model.



#### Image classification

Classify images (for example, broccoli vs. pizza) using a TensorFlow deep learning model.



#### Sales forecasting

Forecast future sales for products using a regression algorithm.



Erkennung von Auslastungsspitzen und Anpassung der Durchlaufzeit

Vorhersage von Werten auf Basis vergangener Zeitfenster





Data Preparation

**Data Loading** 

Model Training Model Evaluation Model Consumption



Korrelationsanalyse



Time	0,882839814	Assembling1	-0,00084644
Idle:Assembling	-0,006587485	Assembly	-0,94799926
Lateness	0,997637594	Total	0,89407951
AssemblingOpe	-0,141851475	Idle:Cutting To	0,08510948
Idle:Assembling	0,180313071	Idle:Cutting To	0,05711395
Idle:Drilling Too	0,157674007	Worker2	0,15821874
TotalSetup	-0,159253828	OverDueTotal	0,94504994
Idle:Drilling Too	0,10135359	Cutting1	-0,04896553
InDue	-0,016744137	Worker3	0,21612601
OverDue	0,061861848	Idle:Cutting To	-0,0027869
New	-0,045952598	CycleTime	1
Product	-0,67372162	Idle:Assemblir	0,04596797
AdherenceToDu	-0,137682672	Consumab	0,52701318
Idle:Assembling	0,077733549	Drilling1	-0,08699613
Idle:Assembling	0,185653024	DrillingOperat	-0,1866261
Idle:Drilling Too	0,081013811	Tardiness	0,89631063
TotalWork	0,130598494	Cutting2	0,00811704
Finished	0,004270916	Idle:Cutting To	0,00712345
OEE	0,12990943	Idle:Assemblir	0,2373574
CuttingOperato	-0,060056266	Material	0,66226909
Idle:Assembling	0,236712828	InDueTotal	0,88801836
Idle:Drilling Too	0,195816212	Open	-0,0638786
Assembling2	0,175105947	Worker1	-0,04789451

Herausfiltern der Features



CycleTime (t-2)	InDueTotal (t-1)	Consumab (t-1)	Material (t-1)	Lateness (t-1)	Total (t-1)	Assembly (t-1)	CycleTime (t-1)
	20	19534,8314	3051672,43	-1045,2	20	4,895794643	1362,0
1362,05	33	19910,43014	3139436,858	-762,6969697	33	4,572355469	1596,363636
1596,363636	39	19952,5504	3168375,907	-705,4615385	39	4,295170139	1665,230769
1665,230769	44	19894,56938	3142763,032	-692,1818182	44	4,261977083	1652,27272
1652,272727	48	19913,38947	3197116,977	-726,2083333	48	4,102872159	1647,29166
1647,291667	55	19927,30522	3154002,203	-787,2181818	55	4,198702257	1564,563636
1564,563636	62	19834,9173	3143638,927	-832,8548387	62	4,241754808	1525,370968
1525,370968	69	19822,64871	3155573,063	-879,9275362	69	4,217144345	1484,04347
1484,043478	78	19931,42473	3189310,327	-908,7435897	78	4,477849306	1466,71794
1466,717949	86	19802,65686	3195086,344	-928,3604651	86	4,395226562	1457,09302
1457,093023	90	19983,09765	3166910,666	-942,5111111	90	4,320404412	1450,78888
1450,788889	102	19991,86676	3193441,735	-933,6568627	102	4,229010995	1478,06862
1478,068627	111	19988,72827	3178404,639	-924,1531532	111	4,231949561	1488,90090
1488,900901	116	19952,56574	3188077,541	-916,4913793	116	4,222615104	1489,59482
1489,594828							

Trainingsdatenaufbereitung



Data Preparation

**Data Loading** 

Model Training Model Evaluation

Model Consumption

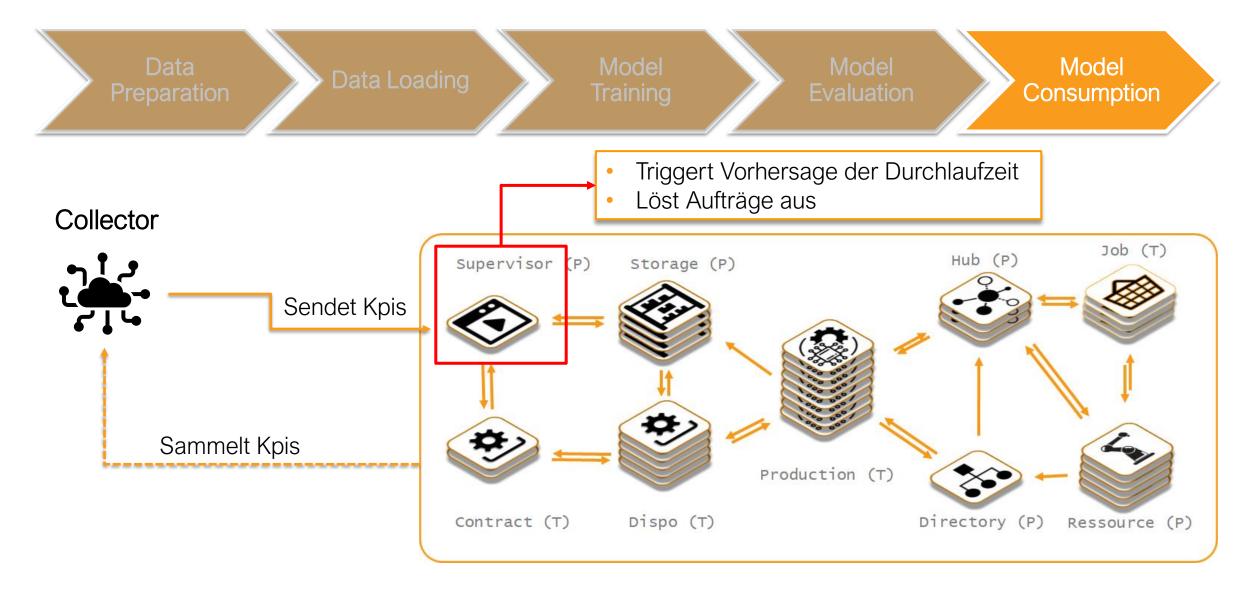
- Automatisches Training der Daten nach der gewünschte MivzostofteML.Autol

  → CycleTime

  ML.NET AutoML: Optimize automatically locating the
- Evaluierung durch Bildung von Testdatensets
- Ausgabe des für die gegebenen Daten besten Trainers
- → Speicherung des Modells

	======== Training the model =========												
	Runnir	ng AutoML regression experiment for	300 seconds										
۱	l	Trainer	RSquared A	bsolute-loss	Squared-loss	RMS-loss	Duration						
	1	SdcaRegression	0,9854	14,73	647,74	24,45	3,3						
Ē	2	LightGbmRegression	0,9908	10,06	408,83	19,36	2,8						
	3	FastTreeRegression	0,9913	9,30	390,13	18,12	7,3						
•	4	FastTreeTweedieRegression	0,9917	9,81	368,29	18,23	7,7						
	5	FastForestRegression	0,9842	15,14	697,50	25,50	7,4						
ı	6	LbfgsPoissonRegression	0,9873	14,02	564,71	22,90	1,4						
	7	Onlinedradientbescentkegression	0,0409	90,70	14902,19	121,09	۷,۶						
	8	OlsRegression	0,9955	6,30	201,17	13,49	1,0						
	ļα	FastTreeRegression	-26 9449	1070_45	1195622 38	1003 34	1,3						
	10	FastTreeTweedieRegression	-50,6946	1472,71	2211510,38	1487,01	2,1						
	11	OlsRegression	0,9635	27,77	1597,30	39,50	0,9						
	12	FastTreeRegression	0,8382	79,78	6964,27	83,39	4,3						
	13	FastTreeTweedieRegression	-52,7657	1502,21	2300106,26	1516,50	1,2						
	14	OlsRegression	0,9955	6,30	201,17	13,49	0,9						
	15	FastTreeRegression	0,9557	36,25	1926,84	43,64	8,7						
	16	FastTreeTweedieRegression	-52,8925	1504,00	2305530,53	1518,29	1,2						
	17	OlsRegression	0,1631	146,79	36124,99	189,86	0,9						
	18	FastTreeRegression	-9,2789	656,54	439776,02	663,11	43,8						
	19	FastTreeTweedieRegression	-52,8293	1503,11	2302824,67	1517,40	1,4						
	120	OlsRegression	A 9635	27 77	1597 30	39 58	1 4						







Data Preparation

**Data Loading** 

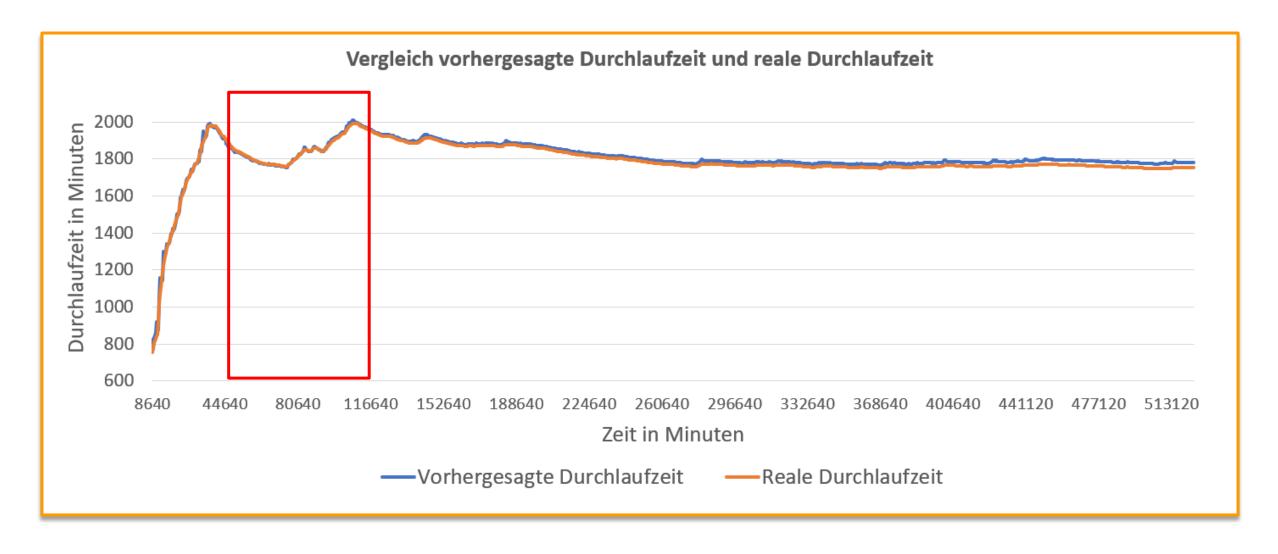
Model Training Model Evaluation

Model Consumption

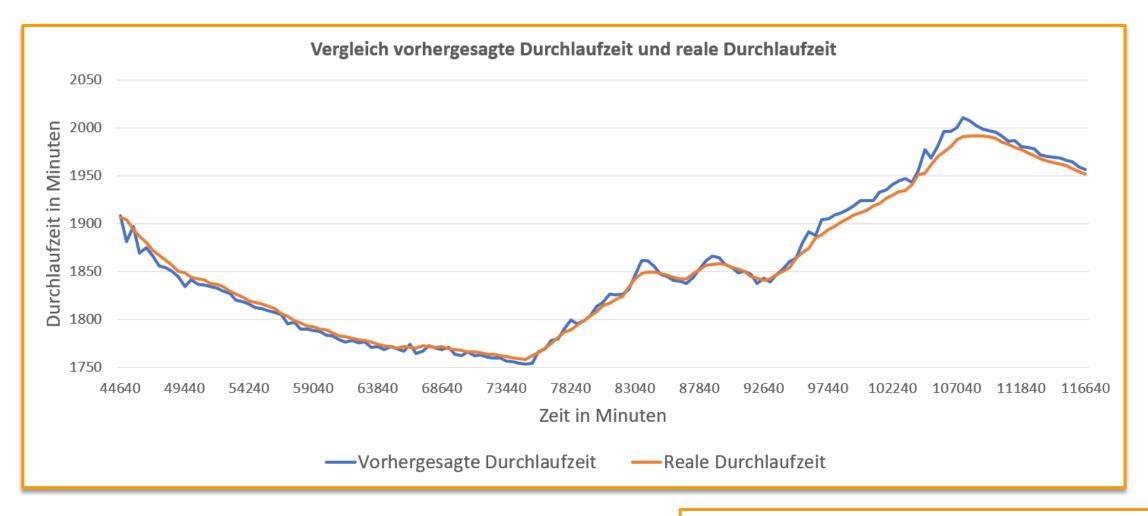
```
public long PredictThroughput(List<SimulationKpis> valuesForPrediction)
    //Transform collected Kpis to required shape
    var kpisForPredict = getReshapedKpisForPrediction(valuesForPrediction);
    // Load trained Model
    ITransformer trainedModel = mlContext.Model.Load(ModelPath, out var modelInputSchema);
    // Create prediction engine related to the loaded trained model.
    var predEngine = mlContext.Model.CreatePredictionEngine<SimulationKpisReshaped, CycleTimePrediction>(trainedModel);
    // Make prediction based on input Kpis
    var resultPrediction = predEngine.Predict(kpisForPredict);
    return (long)Math.Round(resultPrediction.CycleTime, 0);
```





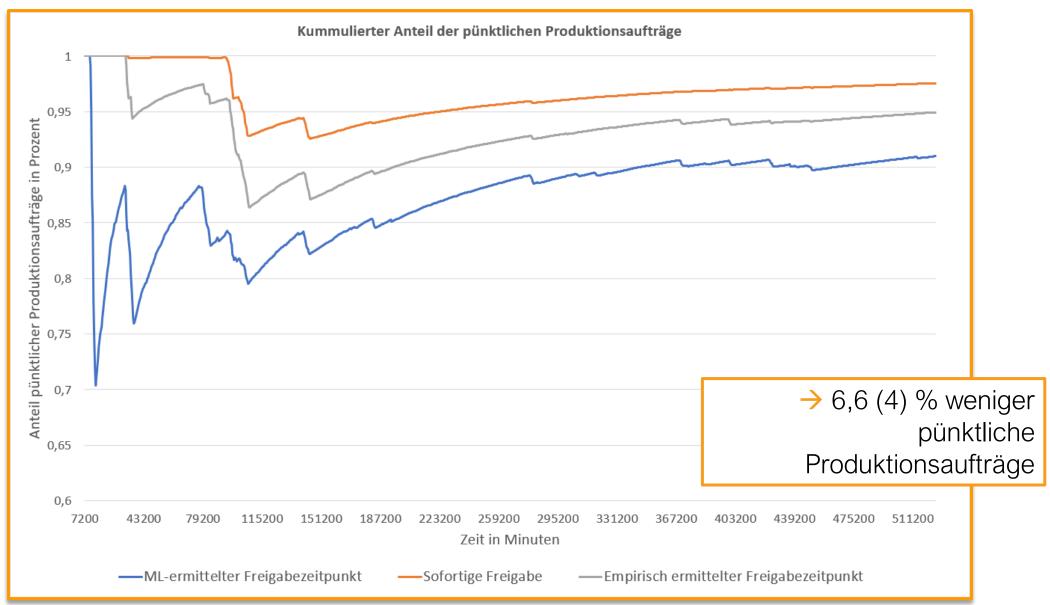




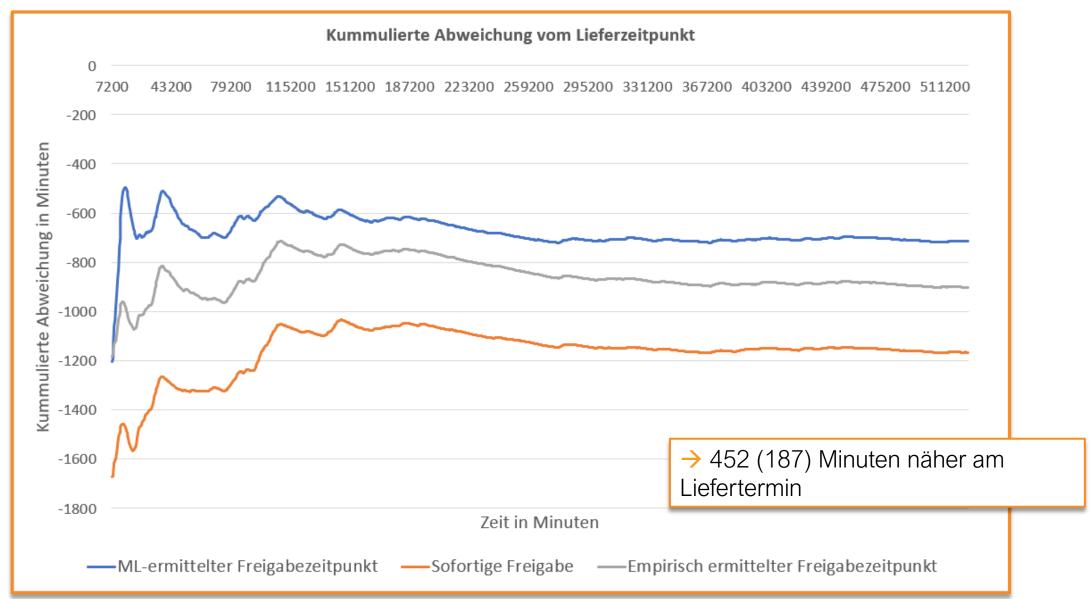


→ Durchschnittliche Abweichung: 0,92%

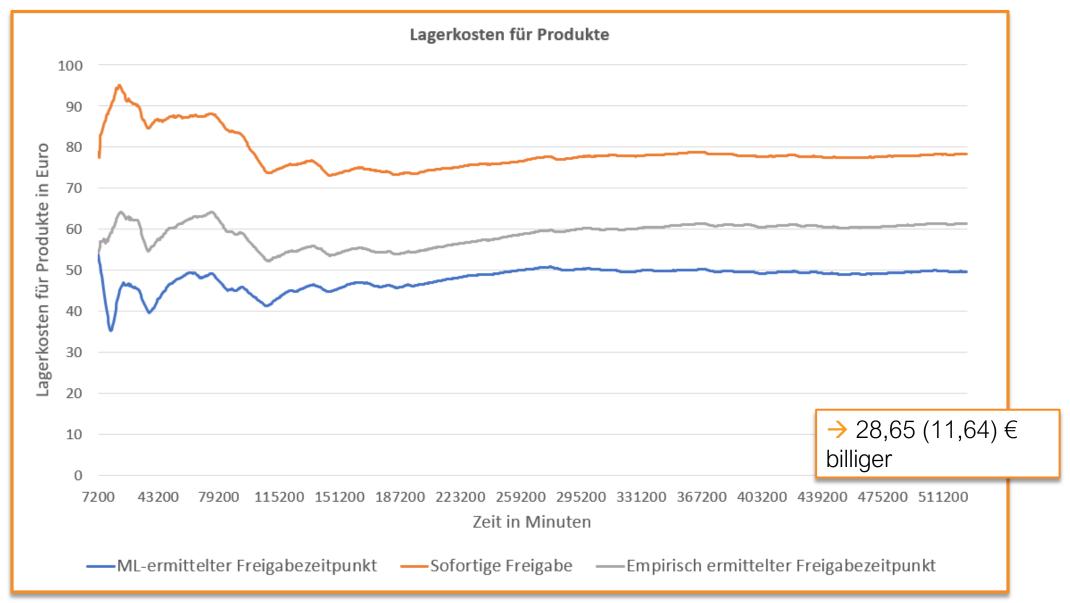




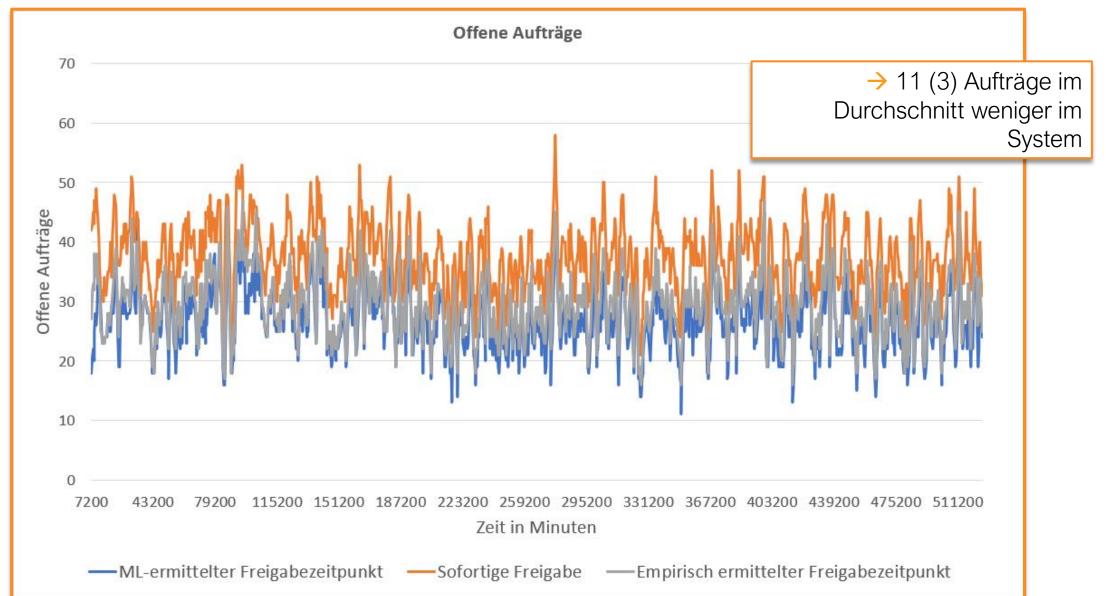














## Zusammenfassung und Ausblick

## Zusammenfassung und Ausblick



### Ergebnis des Forschungs- und Entwicklungsseminars

- Teilweise bessere Ergebnisse im Vergleich zur Ausgangssituation
- Erstes Mal Machine Learning in der SSOP
- Aufbau soliden Grundlagenwissens zu Machine Learning

#### **Ausblick**

- Modell bei abweichenden Simulationsparametern liefert unzureichende Vorhersagen
  - → Verbesserung der Trainingsdaten für genauere Vorhersagen variabler Parameter
- Gleiche Durchlaufzeit wird für alle Produkte gesetzt
  - → Vorhersage Abhängigkeit der Eigenschaften des Produktionsauftrags
- Testen weiterer Anwendungsfälle / Methoden
  - Schätzung von Losgrößen und Wartezeiten
  - Anomaly Detection
  - Deep Learning @ SSOP mit Keras



## Vielen Dank für Ihre Aufmerksamkeit!

...und Danke an unsere Betreuer!