Introduction

This project employs an unsupervised machine learning algorithm designed to cluster Airbnb rental properties in Chicago. The analysis leverages property-related features, encompassing continuous, categorical, and free-text data. Prior to training the final model, an Agglomerative clustering algorithm, additional NLP features were engineered from the raw text descriptions.

The data, freely available from Inside Airbnb (https://insideairbnb.com/get-the-data/), was last updated on March 11, 2025. This dataset includes 8,748 properties (rows) and 79 features (columns), with detailed feature descriptions provided in a data dictionary at: https://docs.google.com/spreadsheets/d/1iWCNJcSutYqpULSQHINyGInUvHg2BoUGoNRIGatusp=sharing

Inputs

```
In [ ]: import pandas as pd
        import numpy as np
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import seaborn as sns
        from geopy.distance import geodesic
        import re
        import nltk
        from Levenshtein import distance as levenshtein distance
        from rake_nltk import Rake
        from collections import Counter
        import ast
        from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
        from sklearn.decomposition import NMF
        from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
        from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score
        from sklearn.preprocessing import MinMaxScaler
        from sklearn.cluster import AgglomerativeClustering
        from scipy.cluster.hierarchy import dendrogram, linkage
        from sklearn.metrics import silhouette score, davies bouldin score, calinski
        from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
```

```
In [428... df = pd.read_csv('listings.csv')
```

EDA

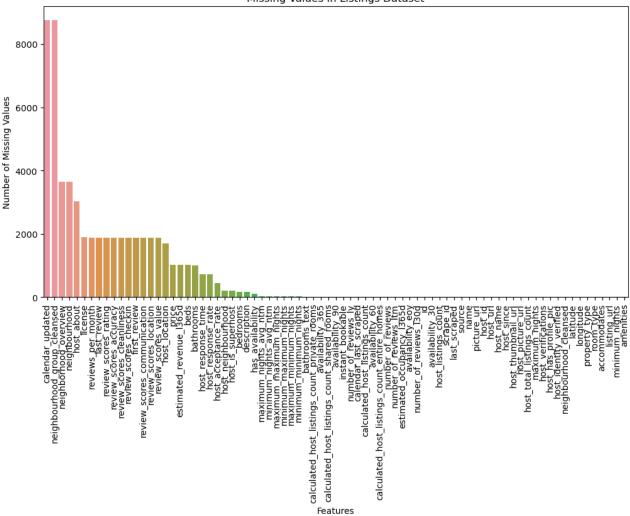
Raw Data Exploration

In [429...

```
df.info()
```

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 8748 entries, 0 to 8747 Data columns (total 79 columns): # Column Non-Null Count Dtype -----0 id 8748 non-null int64 listing url object 1 8748 non-null 8748 non-null 2 scrape_id int64 8748 non-null 3 last scraped object 4 source 8748 non-null object 5 8748 non-null name object 6 description 8585 non-null object 5099 non-null 7 neighborhood overview object 8 picture url 8748 non-null object 8748 non-null 9 host id int64 8748 non-null 10 host url object 11 host_name 8748 non-null object 8748 non-null 12 host since object host location 7049 non-null object 5723 non-null 14 host_about object 15 host response time 8032 non-null object 8032 non-null 16 host_response_rate object 17 host_acceptance_rate 8300 non-null object host_is_superhost 18 8550 non-null object 19 host_thumbnail_url 8748 non-null object 20 host picture url 8748 non-null object 8533 non-null host neighbourhood 21 object 22 host listings count int64 8748 non-null host_total_listings_count 23 8748 non-null int64 24 host verifications 8748 non-null object host has profile pic 8748 non-null object 8748 non-null 26 host_identity_verified object 27 neighbourhood 5100 non-null object 28 neighbourhood cleansed 8748 non-null object 29 neighbourhood_group_cleansed float64 0 non-null 30 8748 non-null float64 latitude 31 longitude 8748 non-null float64 property_type 8748 non-null object 33 room_type 8748 non-null object 34 8748 non-null int64 accommodates 7756 non-null 35 bathrooms float64 36 bathrooms text 8735 non-null object 37 bedrooms 8575 non-null float64 38 beds 7725 non-null float64 39 amenities 8748 non-null object 7718 non-null price 40 object

```
41
              minimum nights
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          42
              maximum nights
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          43
              minimum minimum nights
                                                             8731 non-null
                                                                             float64
          44
              maximum minimum nights
                                                             8731 non-null
                                                                             float64
          45
              minimum maximum nights
                                                             8731 non-null
                                                                             float64
          46
              maximum maximum nights
                                                             8731 non-null
                                                                             float64
          47
              minimum nights avg ntm
                                                             8731 non-null
                                                                             float64
              maximum nights avg ntm
          48
                                                             8731 non-null
                                                                             float64
          49
              calendar updated
                                                             0 non-null
                                                                             float64
          50
              has_availability
                                                             8649 non-null
                                                                             object
          51
              availability 30
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          52
              availability 60
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
              availability 90
          53
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          54
              availability 365
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          55
              calendar last scraped
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             object
          56
              number of reviews
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          57
              number of reviews ltm
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
                                                                             int64
          58
              number of reviews 130d
                                                             8748 non-null
          59
              availability eoy
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          60
              number of reviews ly
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
              estimated occupancy 1365d
          61
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
              estimated revenue 1365d
                                                                             float64
          62
                                                             7718 non-null
          63
              first review
                                                             6870 non-null
                                                                             object
          64
              last review
                                                             6870 non-null
                                                                             object
          65
              review scores rating
                                                             6870 non-null
                                                                             float64
              review scores accuracy
                                                             6870 non-null
                                                                             float64
              review scores cleanliness
          67
                                                             6870 non-null
                                                                             float64
          68
              review scores checkin
                                                             6870 non-null
                                                                             float64
              review scores communication
                                                             6870 non-null
          69
                                                                             float64
          70
              review scores location
                                                             6870 non-null
                                                                             float64
          71
              review scores value
                                                             6870 non-null
                                                                             float64
          72
              license
                                                             6845 non-null
                                                                             object
          73
              instant bookable
                                                                             object
                                                             8748 non-null
          74
              calculated host listings count
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
              calculated_host_listings_count_entire homes
          75
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          76
              calculated host listings count private rooms
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
          77
              calculated host listings count shared rooms
                                                             8748 non-null
                                                                             int64
                                                                             float64
              reviews per month
                                                             6870 non-null
         dtypes: float64(22), int64(22), object(35)
         memory usage: 5.3+ MB
In [430... plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
         plt.title('Missing Values in Listings Dataset')
         sns.barplot(df.isnull().sum().sort values(ascending= False).reset index(), x
         plt.xticks(rotation=90)
         plt.xlabel('Features')
         plt.ylabel('Number of Missing Values')
          Text(0, 0.5, 'Number of Missing Values')
Out[430]:
```



```
In [431... (df.isnull().sum()>0).sum()/len(df.columns)
Out[431]:
```

About 45% of the columns have at least 1 missing value. The data dictionary Google spreadsheet was downloaded as csv (named as listings_dictionary.csv) and cleaned for ease of reading. This data dictionary will be used to confirm data type and check if columns are required.

```
In [432... data_dict = pd.read_csv('listings_dictionary.csv', skiprows = 7).fillna('-')
In [433... data_dict.head()
```

Out[433]:		Field	Туре	Calculated	Description	Reference
	0	id	integer	-	Airbnb's unique identifier for the listing	-
	1	listing_url	text	у	-	-
	2	scrape_id	bigint	у	Inside Airbnb "Scrape" this was part of	-
	3	last_scraped	datetime	у	UTC. The date and time this listing was "scrap	-
	4	source	text	-	One of "neighbourhood search" or "previous scr	-

```
info_df = pd.concat([df.dtypes,df.isnull().sum()], axis = 1)
info_df = info_df.reset_index().rename({'index':'Field',0:'df dtype',1:'null
info_df['null_perc'] = info_df['null_perc']/len(df)
info_df = info_df.merge(data_dict, on = 'Field', how = 'inner')
```

In [435... info_df.head()

Out[435]:

	Field	df dtype	null_perc	Туре	Calculated	Description	Reference
0	id	int64	0.0	integer	-	Airbnb's unique identifier for the listing	-
1	listing_url	object	0.0	text	У	-	-
2	scrape_id	int64	0.0	bigint	У	Inside Airbnb "Scrape" this was part of	-
3	last_scraped	object	0.0	datetime	у	UTC. The date and time this listing was "scrap	-
4	source	object	0.0	text	-	One of "neighbourhood search" or "previous scr	-

Some columns need data type munging.

In [436... info_df[info_df['null_perc']>0].sort_values('null_perc', ascending = False)

Out[436]:

Des	Calculated	Туре	null_perc	df dtype	Field	
	-	date	1.000000	float64	calendar_updated	50
The neighbourhoo as geocoded usir	у	text	1.000000	float64	neighbourhood_group_cleansed	30
Host's descriptic neighb	-	text	0.417124	object	neighborhood_overview	8

28	neighbourhood	object	0.417010	text	-	
15	host_about	object	0.345793	text	-	Description a
69	license	object	0.217535	text	-	licence/permit/reg
75	reviews_per_month	float64	0.214678	numeric	у	The average nu reviews per montl
68	review_scores_value	float64	0.214678	-	-	
60	first_review	object	0.214678	date	у	The da first/oldes
63	review_scores_accuracy	float64	0.214678	-	-	
64	review_scores_cleanliness	float64	0.214678	-	-	
65	review_scores_checkin	float64	0.214678	-	-	
66	review_scores_communication	float64	0.214678	-	-	
67	review_scores_location	float64	0.214678	-	-	
61	last_review	object	0.214678	date	у	The da last/newes
62	review_scores_rating	float64	0.214678	-	-	
14	host_location	object	0.194216	text	-	The host's self I
41	price	object	0.117741	currency	-	daily price currency.\nNO1
39	beds	float64	0.116941	integer	-	The number c
36	bathrooms	float64	0.113397	numeric	-	The number of ba in th
17	host_response_rate	object	0.081847	-	-	
16	host_response_time	object	0.081847	-	-	
18	host_acceptance_rate	object	0.051212	-	-	That rate at whic accepts bookin
22	host_neighbourhood	object	0.024577	text	-	
19	host_is_superhost	object	0.022634	boolean [t=true; f=false]	-	
38	bedrooms	float64	0.019776	integer	-	The number of be
7	description	object	0.018633	text	-	Detailed descr th
51	has_availability	object	0.011317	boolean	-	[t=true;
49	maximum_nights_avg_ntm	float64	0.001943	numeric	у	the maximum_nig

from the

the minimum_nig from the	у	numeric	0.001943	float64	minimum_nights_avg_ntm	48
the maximum_nig from the	у	integer	0.001943	float64	maximum_maximum_nights	47
the maximum_nig from th	у	integer	0.001943	float64	minimum_maximum_nights	46
the minimum_nig from th	у	integer	0.001943	float64	minimum_minimum_nights	44
the minimum_nig from the	у	integer	0.001943	float64	maximum_minimum_nights	45
The number of ba in the listing.	-	string	0.001486	object	bathrooms_text	37

Calendar updated and neighborhood group cleaned are both columns with all null values. Other columns with over 20% missing values are concerning and should be investigated further.

Data Preprocessing

Dropping Columns

Columns that do not contribute any information to our project scope are dropped prior to any further data cleaning:

- scrape_id, last_scraped, source, listing_url, calendar_updated, calendar_last_scraped
 - stationary values as the data does not go back further than one scrape
- name, picture_url, host_url, host_thumbnail_url, host_picture_url, host_id,
 host_location, host_since, host_about, host_response_time,
 host_response_rate, host_acceptance_rate, host_is_superhost,
 host_total_listings_count, host_verifications, host_name
 host_has_profile_pic,
 host_identity_verified, calculated_host_listings_count,
 calculated_host_listings_count_entire_homes,
 calculated_host_listings_count_private_rooms,
 calculated_host_listings_count_shared_rooms, first_review,
 last_review
 - irrelevant to the project
- host_neighborhood, neighborhood, neighbourhood_group_cleansed, host_listings_count, reviews_per_month, property_type, neighbourhood_cleansed, neighborhood_overview
 - other related or calculated column that provides pertinent information is included
 - Latitude and Longitude will be used to provide distance feature
- min_min, min_max, max_min, maxmax, availability, has_availability, availability_eoy, estimated_occupancy_I365d, estimated_revenue_I365d
 - looks into the future, and therefore, dropped to minimize data leakage

```
drop_col = ['listing_url', 'scrape_id', 'last_scraped', 'source','calendar_l
In [437...
                          'name', 'picture_url', 'host_url', 'host_thumbnail_url', 'host_pi
                          'host response time', 'host response rate', 'host acceptance ra
                          'host_total_listings_count', 'host_verifications',
                          'host_has_profile_pic', 'host_identity_verified',
                          'host_neighbourhood', 'host_listings_count', 'neighbourhood', 'h
                           'neighbourhood group cleansed', 'neighbourhood cleansed', 'revi
                          'minimum_nights', 'maximum_nights', 'minimum_minimum_nights',
                          'maximum_minimum_nights', 'minimum_maximum_nights',
'maximum_maximum_nights', 'minimum_nights_avg_ntm',
                          'maximum_nights_avg_ntm','availability_30', 'availability_60',
                          'availability_365', 'has_availability', 'availability_eoy', 'esti
                          'calculated_host_listings_count',
                          'calculated host listings count entire homes',
                          'calculated host listings_count_private_rooms',
                          'calculated host listings count shared rooms']
```

```
In [438... df = df.drop(drop_col, axis = 1)
    info_df = info_df[~info_df['Field'].isin(drop_col)]

In [439... info_df[info_df['null_perc']>0].sort_values('null_perc', ascending = False)

Out[439]:

Field df dtype null_perc Type Calculated Desc
```

Desci	Calculated	Туре	null_perc	dtype	Field	
licence/permit/regis	-	text	0.217535	object	license	69
	-	-	0.214678	float64	review_scores_rating	62
	-	-	0.214678	float64	review_scores_accuracy	63
	-	-	0.214678	float64	review_scores_cleanliness	64
	-	-	0.214678	float64	review_scores_checkin	65
	-	-	0.214678	float64	review_scores_communication	66
	-	-	0.214678	float64	review_scores_location	67
	-	-	0.214678	float64	review_scores_value	68
daily price i currency.\nNOTE	-	currency	0.117741	object	price	41
The number of	-	integer	0.116941	float64	beds	39
The number of bath in the	-	numeric	0.113397	float64	bathrooms	36
The number of bec	-	integer	0.019776	float64	bedrooms	38
Detailed descrip the	-	text	0.018633	object	description	7
The number of bath in the listing. \r	-	string	0.001486	object	bathrooms_text	37

Dropping Rows

It appears that some properties are new and are missing review information (about 21.5%). These properties will be removed prior to further analysis.

Additionally, properties that do not have a description will also be removed. It is a key feature we will be using NLP on, and there are less than 2% of properties without a description.

```
In [440... df = df[(df['review_scores_rating'].notnull())&(df['description'].notnull())
```

Data Type Munging

```
In [441... df['price'] = df['price'].str.replace(r'[$,]', '', regex = True).astype(float
```

Cleaning bathrooms_text

```
df['bathrooms_text'].str.split().str[-1].value_counts()
In [442...
           bath
                         4357
Out [442]:
           baths
                         2449
           Half-bath
                            3
           half-bath
                            2
           Name: bathrooms text, dtype: int64
In [443... | df[df['bathrooms text'].str.contains('share', na= False, case = False)]['bat
                         589
           bath
Out[443]:
           baths
                         325
           half-bath
           Name: bathrooms_text, dtype: int64
In [444... | df[df['bathrooms text'].str.contains('half-bath', na = False, case = False)]
Out [444]:
                 bathrooms bathrooms_text
            401
                        0.5 Shared half-bath
           1927
                       NaN
                                  Half-bath
           5720
                        0.5
                                  Half-bath
           5914
                        0.5
                                  Half-bath
           6479
                        0.5 Private half-bath
In [445...
          df['bathrooms_text'].str.split().str[0].unique()
           array(['1', '2', '1.5', '3', '2.5', '3.5', '11', nan, '4', '0', 'Shared',
Out[445]:
                   '4.5', '5', '11.5', '6.5', '5.5', '7', 'Half-bath', '6', '9.5',
                   '7.5', '8', '8.5', '9', 'Private'], dtype=object)
In [446...
          df['bathrooms_text'].str.split().str[1].unique()
           array(['shared', 'bath', 'baths', 'private', nan, 'half-bath'],
Out[446]:
                 dtype=object)
          It appears there are shared baths. Check if there are other categories of bath rooms.
          Assume if not listed as shared, it is private.
In [447... | df['bathrooms shared'] = np.where(df['bathrooms text'].str.contains('share',
          df = df.drop('bathrooms text', axis = 1)
```

Replacing license to a categorical variable

```
In [448... pd.Series(np.where(df['license'].fillna('null').str.replace(r'[A-Za-z]',
                   'Licensed', df['license'])).value counts()
          Licensed
Out[448]:
          5872
          City registration pending
          178
          32+ Days Listing
          61
          32+days Listing
          27
          City Registration Pending
          Registered
          Per city of chicago, no registration # is needed since this rental is 32 da
          ys or more.
          DOB-111617
          City registration pending R19000048093
          Applied for registration
          Chicago registration number pending
          2120298, 2120297
          Registration number pending
          Registration pending
          С
          1
          Pending
          1
          PENDING
          City registration permit pending
          city registration pending
          47 - 5611763
          pending
          dtype: int64
         pd.Series(np.where((df['license'].str.contains('32', na = False))&\
In [449...
                   (df['license'].str.contains('day', na = False, case = False)),'NA',
                   np.where((df['license'].str.contains('pending', na = False, case =
                   (df['license'].str.contains('applied', na = False, case = False)),
                           np.where((df['license'].str.contains(r'\d',regex = True) |\
```

(df['license'].str.contains('registered', na = Fa

```
Out [449]:
                       660
          nan
                       195
          PEND
          NΑ
                        89
          dtype: int64
In [450...
          df['license'] = np.where((df['license'].str.contains('32', na = False))&\
                   (df['license'].str.contains('day', na = False, case = False)),'NA',
                   np.where((df['license'].str.contains('pending', na = False, case =
                   (df['license'].str.contains('applied', na = False, case = False)),
                           np.where((df['license'].str.contains(r'\d',regex = True) | \
                                      (df['license'].str.contains('registered', na = Fa
```

Creating Geo-Features

LICENSE

Distance from the Bean

5879

```
In [451...
         def calculate_to_loc(dataframe, fixed_point):
              return dataframe.apply(
                  lambda row: geodesic((row['latitude'], row['longitude']), fixed poin
                  axis=1
              )
          df['latitude'].isnull().sum(), df['longitude'].isnull().sum()
Out[452]: (0, 0)
In [453... fixed_point = (41.892423, -87.634049) # Bean (Downtown Chicago)
          fixed lat = 41.892423
          fixed lon = -87.634049
          df['km DT'] = calculate to loc(df, fixed point)
          df['lat_diff'] = df['latitude'] - fixed_lat
          df['lon_diff'] = df['longitude'] - fixed_lon
         df.drop(['latitude', 'longitude'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
In [454...
```

Free Text Fields

Description, amenities

```
In [455...
         df.head().T
```

Out[455]: 0 1 2 3 4

id	2384	7126	10945	28749	7193(
description	Solo Hyde Park visitors are invited stay in th	A very small studio in a wonderful neighborhood.	Beautiful first floor apartment in Historic Ol	Located on a peaceful treelined street in ener	A peacefu shared space in Chicago's Ukrainian
room_type	Private room	Entire home/apt	Entire home/apt	Entire home/apt	Private roon
accommodates	1	2	4	6	2
bathrooms	1.0	1.0	1.0	2.0	1.(
bedrooms	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.(
beds	1.0	1.0	2.0	3.0	1.(
amenities	["Host greets you", "Hot water kettle", "Carbo	["Window AC unit", "Central heating", "Dishes	["Window AC unit", "Dishes and silverware", "H	["Dishes and silverware", "TV with DVD player,	["Dishes and silverware" "Dedicated workspace
price	125.0	81.0	187.0	196.0	76.(
number_of_reviews	250	569	117	244	129
number_of_reviews_ltm	16	53	34	47	19
number_of_reviews_I30d	0	0	0	3	(
number_of_reviews_ly	20	52	36	42	2(
review_scores_rating	4.99	4.72	4.72	4.82	4.89
review_scores_accuracy	4.98	4.85	4.83	4.87	4.93
review_scores_cleanliness	4.99	4.57	4.81	4.76	4.78
review_scores_checkin	4.99	4.91	4.83	4.94	4.96
review_scores_communication	4.98	4.88	4.87	4.88	4.9
review_scores_location	4.95	4.9	4.97	4.93	4.84
review_scores_value	4.94	4.76	4.72	4.72	4.84
license	LICENSE	LICENSE	LICENSE	LICENSE	LICENSI
instant_bookable	f	f	t	f	
bathrooms_shared	1	0	0	0	•
km_DT	12.2284	3.965647	2.222031	6.297014	3.781326
lat_diff	-0.104523	0.009237	0.019537	0.027127	0.003727
lon_diff	0.046249	-0.046161	-0.005761	-0.066641	-0.04529

Removing Emojis

```
In [456...
          def contains_emoji(text):
              if pd.isna(text):
                  return 0
              text = str(text)
              emoji_pattern = re.compile("["
                                          u"\U0001F600-\U0001F64F"
                                                                     # emoticons
                                          u"\U0001F300-\U0001F5FF"
                                                                     # symbols & pictogr
                                          u"\U0001F680-\U0001F6FF"
                                                                     # transport & map s
                                          u"\U0001F1E0-\U0001F1FF"
                                                                     # flags (iOS)
                                          u"\U00002700-\U000027BF"
                                                                     # Dingbats
                                          u"\U0001F900-\U0001F9FF"
                                                                     # Supplemental Symb
                                          u"\U0001F700-\U0001F77F"
                                                                     # Alchemical Symbol
                                          u"\U0001F780-\U0001F7FF"
                                                                     # Geometric Shapes
                                          u"\U0001F800-\U0001F8FF"
                                                                     # Supplemental Arro
                                          u"\U0001F100-\U0001F1FF"
                                                                     # Enclosed Alphanum
                                          u"\U0001F200-\U0001F2FF"
                                                                     # Enclosed Ideograp
                                          u"\U0001F300-\U0001F5FF"
                                                                     # Miscellaneous Syn
                                          u"\U0001F600-\U0001F64F"
                                                                     # Emoticons
                                          u"\U0001F650-\U0001F67F"
                                                                     # Ornamental Dingba
                                          u"\U0001F680-\U0001F6FF"
                                                                     # Transport and Map
                                          u"\U0001F700-\U0001F77F"
                                                                     # Alchemical Symbol
                                          u"\U0001F780-\U0001F7FF"
                                                                     # Geometric Shapes
                                          u"\U0001F800-\U0001F8FF"
                                                                     # Supplemental Arro
                                          u"\U0001F900-\U0001F9FF"
                                                                     # Supplemental Symb
                                          u"\U0001FA00-\U0001FA6F"
                                                                     # Chess Symbols
                                          u"\U0001FA70-\U0001FAFF"
                                                                     # Symbols and Picto
                                          "]+", flags=re.UNICODE)
              return 1 if emoji pattern.search(text) else 0
          def remove emojis(text):
              if pd.isna(text):
                  return text
              text = str(text)
              emoji_pattern = re.compile("["
                                          u"\U0001F600-\U0001F64F"
                                                                     # emoticons
                                          u"\U0001F300-\U0001F5FF"
                                                                     # symbols & pictogr
                                          u"\U0001F680-\U0001F6FF"
                                                                     # transport & map s
                                          u"\U0001F1E0-\U0001F1FF"
                                                                     # flags (iOS)
                                          u"\U00002700-\U000027BF"
                                                                     # Dingbats
                                          u"\U0001F900-\U0001F9FF"
                                                                     # Supplemental Symb
                                          u"\U0001F700-\U0001F77F"
                                                                     # Alchemical Symbol
                                          u"\U0001F780-\U0001F7FF"
                                                                     # Geometric Shapes
                                          u"\U0001F800-\U0001F8FF"
                                                                     # Supplemental Arro
                                          u"\U0001F100-\U0001F1FF"
                                                                     # Enclosed Alphanum
                                          u"\U0001F200-\U0001F2FF"
                                                                     # Enclosed Ideograp
                                          u"\U0001F300-\U0001F5FF"
                                                                     # Miscellaneous Syn
                                          u"\U0001F600-\U0001F64F"
                                                                     # Emoticons
                                          u"\U0001F650-\U0001F67F"
                                                                     # Ornamental Dingba
                                          u"\U0001F680-\U0001F6FF"
                                                                     # Transport and Mar
                                          u"\U0001F700-\U0001F77F"
                                                                     # Alchemical Symbol
                                          u"\U0001F780-\U0001F7FF"
                                                                     # Geometric Shapes
                                          u"\U0001F800-\U0001F8FF"
                                                                     # Supplemental Arro
                                          u"\U0001F900-\U0001F9FF"
                                                                     # Supplemental Symb
                                          u"\U0001FA00-\U0001FA6F"
                                                                     # Chess Symbols
```

Feature Engineering (NLP)

Key Phrase and Keyword Extraction

- Using brute fource (occurance) + RAKE algorithm to identify top keywords and key phrases.
- Uses levenshtein distance to keep "unique" terms.
- · Vectorize description field.

```
In [459... def preprocess text(text):
              text = text.lower()
              # remove HTML tags
             text = re.sub(r'<[^>]+>', ' ', text)
              # remove special characters
              text = re.sub(r'[^\w\s]', '', text)
              # remove extra spaces
              text = re.sub(r'\s+', ' ', text).strip()
              return text
          stop = set(nltk.corpus.stopwords.words('english'))
          # Extract keywords from text: using brute count
          def extract_keywords_count(text):
              words = text.split()
              #filter keywords for at least > 4 charecters and not a stop word
             words = list(filter(lambda x: len(x) >= 4 and x not in stop, words))
              # only top 10 occurances
              keywords = [element[0] for element in Counter(words).most common(10)]
              return keywords
          # Getting the key phrases using RAKE Algorithim
          def extract key phrase(text):
              key phrases = Rake()
              key phrases.extract keywords from text(preprocess_text(text))
              ranked_phrases = key_phrases.get_ranked_phrases()
              ranked_phrases = list(dict.fromkeys(ranked_phrases))[:10]
              return ranked phrases
          # Unique between key words brute count + keyphrases RAKE
          def merge description(lst):
              if len(lst) <3:</pre>
                  return 1st
              filtered list =[lst[0]]
              for item in lst[1:]:
                  distance score = 1-(levenshtein distance(item.replace('',''), lst[0
                  if distance_score <= .5:</pre>
                      filtered_list.append(item)
              return filtered_list
In [460... | df['description 1'] = df['description'].map(preprocess text).map(extract key
          df['description_2'] = df['description'].map(preprocess_text).map(extract_key
          df['description_v'] = df.apply(lambda row: merge_description(list(set(row['d
          df.drop(['description_1','description_2'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
```

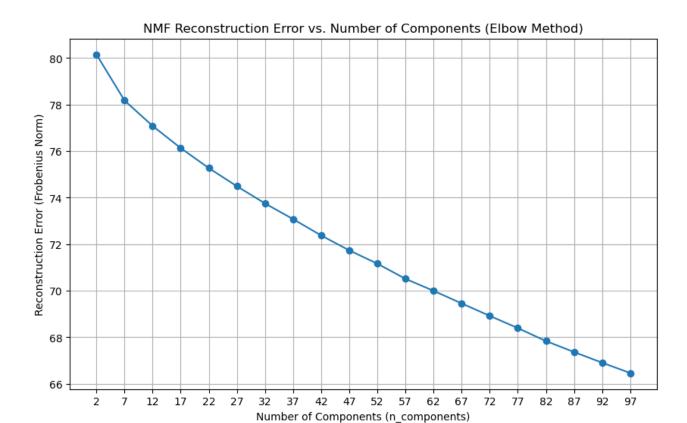
NMF to cluster the description keywords

```
In [461... tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max_df=0.85, min_df=2, stop_words='englis
tfidf_matrix = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(df['description_v'])
```

Grid Search Number of Clusters

```
In [406... reconstruction errors = []
          components_range = range(2, 100, 5)
          for n comp in components range:
             nmf model eval = NMF(n components=n comp, random state=1, init='nndsvda'
             nmf_model_eval.fit(tfidf_matrix)
             reconstruction_errors.append(nmf_model_eval.reconstruction_err_)
             print(f" N components: {n comp}, Reconstruction Error: {nmf model eval.
          plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
          plt.plot(components range, reconstruction errors, marker='o', linestyle='-')
          plt.title('NMF Reconstruction Error vs. Number of Components (Elbow Method)'
          plt.xlabel('Number of Components (n_components)')
          plt.ylabel('Reconstruction Error (Frobenius Norm)')
          plt.xticks(list(components_range)) # Ensure all component numbers are shown
          plt.grid(True)
          plt.show()
           N components: 2, Reconstruction Error: 80.1541
```

```
N components: 7, Reconstruction Error: 78.1745
N_components: 12, Reconstruction Error: 77.0799
N components: 17, Reconstruction Error: 76.1293
N_components: 22, Reconstruction Error: 75.2709
N_components: 27, Reconstruction Error: 74.4900
N components: 32, Reconstruction Error: 73.7519
N_components: 37, Reconstruction Error: 73.0771
N components: 42, Reconstruction Error: 72.3759
N components: 47, Reconstruction Error: 71.7331
N components: 52, Reconstruction Error: 71.1636
N components: 57, Reconstruction Error: 70.5129
N components: 62, Reconstruction Error: 69.9972
N components: 67, Reconstruction Error: 69.4567
N_components: 72, Reconstruction Error: 68.9205
N components: 77, Reconstruction Error: 68.3953
N components: 82, Reconstruction Error: 67.8392
N_components: 87, Reconstruction Error: 67.3672
N_components: 92, Reconstruction Error: 66.9096
N_components: 97, Reconstruction Error: 66.4651
```



While there is no clear "elbow", there's a significant improvement going from 2 to 12 components. The decrease from 12 to 17 is still noticeable (0.9506). After 17 components, the decreases become more consistent and smaller (generally below 0.8 and moving towards 0.4-0.5).

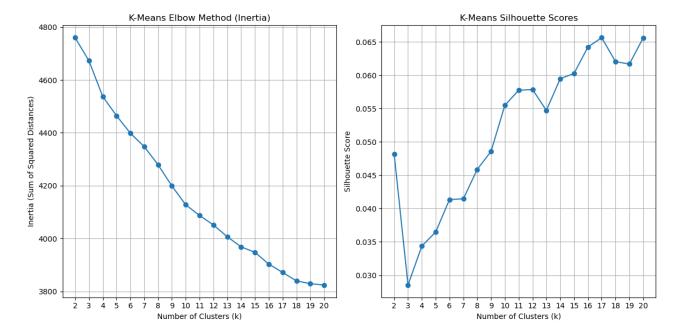
```
In [462...
         n cluster = 17
          nmf = NMF(n_components=n_cluster, random_state=1, init='nndsvda', max_iter=5
          nmf_W = nmf.fit_transform(tfidf_matrix) # Document-topic matrix
          nmf_H = nmf.components_ # Topic-word matrix
          def display_topics(model, feature_names, no_top_words):
              for topic_idx, topic in enumerate(model.components_):
                 print(f"Topic {topic_idx + 1}:")
                 print(" ".join([feature_names[i]
                                  for i in topic.argsort()[:-no top words - 1:-1]]))
             print("\n")
          # Get the feature names (words) from the TF-IDF vectorizer
          tfidf feature names = tfidf vectorizer.get feature names out()
          # Display the top words for each topic
          num top words = 5 # Number of top words to display per topic
          print(f"Top {num_top_words} words per topic:\n")
          display topics(nmf, tfidf feature names, num top words)
```

```
Top 5 words per topic:
         Topic 1:
         minutes away downtown chicago drive
         Topic 2:
         blueground home start living love
         Topic 3:
         centrally place located peaceful simple
         Topic 4:
         special rates message queen building
         Topic 5:
         room private shared bed living
         Topic 6:
         stylish space perfect experience vibrant
         Topic 7:
         walking chicago distance field attractions
         Topic 8:
         great place time comfortable family
         Topic 9:
         square logan blue line garden
         Topic 10:
         studio west away shops blue
         Topic 11:
         night river north level separate
         Topic 12:
         unit bedroom condo bath newly
         Topic 13:
         park lincoln wicker hyde grant
         Topic 14:
         access easy enjoy group perfectly
         Topic 15:
         walk minute min line wrigley
         Topic 16:
         free parking street quiet safe
         Topic 17:
         apartment bedroom fully furnished living
In [463... topic_feature_names = [f'nmf_topic_{i}' for i in range(n_cluster)]
          # Create a DataFrame from nmf W with the new column names
         nmf df = pd.DataFrame(nmf W, columns=topic feature names, index=df.index)
          # Concatenate the original DataFrame with the new NMF features DataFrame
          df = pd.concat([df, nmf df], axis=1)
In [464... | df.drop(['description_v', 'description'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
```

K-Means Clustering Amenities

```
In [465... df['amenities'] = df['amenities'].apply(ast.literal_eval).apply(lambda x: '
    tfidf_vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(max_df=0.85, min_df=2, stop_words='englis
    tfidf_matrix = tfidf_vectorizer.fit_transform(df['amenities'])
```

```
In [411... | inertia values = []
          silhouette scores = []
          components range = range(2, 21)
          for n comp in components range:
             kmeans_model = KMeans(n_clusters=n_comp, random_state=1, n_init='auto')
             # Fit the model to the TF-IDF matrix
             kmeans model.fit(tfidf matrix)
             # Store the inertia value
             inertia values.append(kmeans model.inertia )
             # Predict clusters for the current K
             cluster_labels = kmeans_model.predict(tfidf_matrix)
             # Calculate silhouette score
             score = silhouette score(tfidf matrix, cluster labels)
             silhouette scores.append(score)
             print(f" K: {n_comp}, Inertia: {kmeans_model.inertia :.2f}, Silhouette
           K: 2, Inertia: 4760.26, Silhouette Score: 0.048
           K: 3, Inertia: 4673.09, Silhouette Score: 0.029
           K: 4, Inertia: 4537.48, Silhouette Score: 0.034
           K: 5, Inertia: 4464.52, Silhouette Score: 0.036
           K: 6, Inertia: 4398.31, Silhouette Score: 0.041
           K: 7, Inertia: 4347.70, Silhouette Score: 0.041
           K: 8, Inertia: 4279.05, Silhouette Score: 0.046
           K: 9, Inertia: 4198.69, Silhouette Score: 0.049
           K: 10, Inertia: 4127.57, Silhouette Score: 0.055
           K: 11, Inertia: 4087.27, Silhouette Score: 0.058
           K: 12, Inertia: 4051.29, Silhouette Score: 0.058
           K: 13, Inertia: 4006.76, Silhouette Score: 0.055
           K: 14, Inertia: 3968.52, Silhouette Score: 0.059
           K: 15, Inertia: 3947.68, Silhouette Score: 0.060
           K: 16, Inertia: 3903.22, Silhouette Score: 0.064
           K: 17, Inertia: 3871.57, Silhouette Score: 0.066
           K: 18, Inertia: 3839.72, Silhouette Score: 0.062
           K: 19, Inertia: 3829.00, Silhouette Score: 0.062
           K: 20, Inertia: 3824.01, Silhouette Score: 0.066
In [412... | plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
         plt.subplot(1, 2, 1)
         plt.plot(components range, inertia values, marker='o', linestyle='-')
         plt.title('K-Means Elbow Method (Inertia)')
         plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters (k)')
         plt.ylabel('Inertia (Sum of Squared Distances)')
         plt.xticks(list(components range))
         plt.grid(True)
          plt.subplot(1, 2, 2)
         plt.plot(components_range, silhouette_scores, marker='o', linestyle='-')
         plt.title('K-Means Silhouette Scores')
         plt.xlabel('Number of Clusters (k)')
          plt.ylabel('Silhouette Score')
          plt.xticks(list(components range))
         plt.grid(True)
          plt.tight layout()
          plt.show()
```



Elbow Method:

- K=2 to K=4: The inertia drops significantly (e.g., from 4760.26 to 4537.48, a drop of over 220 in two steps).
- K=4 to K=10: The drops continue but become somewhat less steep (e.g., from ~70 to ~80 per step of 1).
- K=10 to K=15: The reduction in inertia becomes noticeably smaller, hovering around 20-40 per step.
- K=15 to K=20: The drops become quite small, especially after K=18 (a drop of only 10.72) and K=19 (a drop of only 4.99).

Silhouette: The scores start low and generally increase, but the overall values remain quite low (all below 0.1). This is common for text data, but it suggests the clusters might not be extremely distinct or well-separated. The score reaches a local high at K=10 (0.055). It then continues to gradually climb, reaching its highest observed values at K=17 (0.066) and K=20 (0.066).

K=17 is a strong candidate because it falls within the region where the inertia curve starts to flatten, and it achieves one of the highest silhouette scores.

```
In [466... kmeans_model = KMeans(n_clusters=17, random_state=1, n_init='auto')
    cluster_assignments = kmeans_model.fit_predict(tfidf_matrix)
    df['amenities_KMeans'] = cluster_assignments
In [467... df.drop(['amenities'], axis = 1, inplace = True)
```

Feature Engineering (Encoding Categorical Variables)

```
In [472... df = pd.get_dummies(df, columns = ['room_type','license','instant_bookable',
```

Scaling Continuous Data

Min Max Scalar was used to keep features at 0-1 unit

Model Building

- Agglomerative Clustering
 - Does not require the number of clusters to be specified in advance

```
In [490... len(df.dropna()), len(df)
Out[490]: (6077, 6823)
```

Since there are not many missing NaNs, we will drop rows that contain a null value.

```
In [491... df = df.dropna()
```

Dendogram

```
In [503... X = df.values
```

Euclidean distance is the most common and intuitive distance metric. It measures the "straight-line" distance between two points in a multi-dimensional space.

Since the features are all numerical and have been Min-Max scaled to a 0-1 range, Euclidean distance becomes very meaningful.

Scaling ensures that no single feature dominates the distance calculation merely because it has a larger range of values. It implies that proximity in this feature space is a direct measure of similarity.

Ward linkage tends to produce clusters that are roughly spherical, compact, and of similar size. It's generally robust and less susceptible to noise compared to other linkage methods like 'single' linkage. It tries to keep the clusters as homogeneous as possible by minimizing the increase in total within-cluster variance.

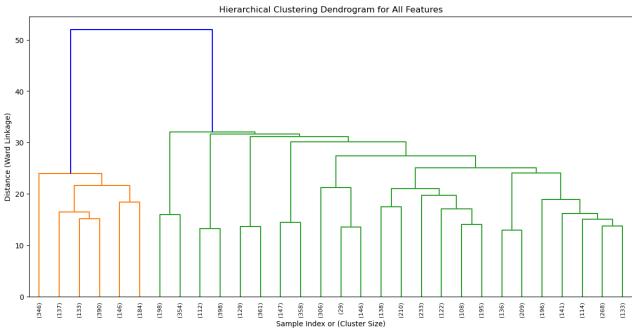
```
In [ ]: Z = linkage(X, method='ward', metric='euclidean')
        plt.figure(figsize=(15, 7))
        plt.title('Hierarchical Clustering Dendrogram for All Features')
        plt.xlabel('Sample Index or (Cluster Size)')
        plt.ylabel('Distance (Ward Linkage)')
        dendrogram(
            Z,
            truncate_mode='lastp', # show only the last p merged clusters
            p=30, # show only the last 30 merges
            leaf rotation=90,
            leaf_font_size=8,
            show_leaf_counts=True,
            above threshold color='blue',
Out[]: {'icoord': [[25.0, 25.0, 35.0, 35.0],
          [15.0, 15.0, 30.0, 30.0],
          [45.0, 45.0, 55.0, 55.0],
          [22.5, 22.5, 50.0, 50.0],
          [5.0, 5.0, 36.25, 36.25],
          [65.0, 65.0, 75.0, 75.0],
          [85.0, 85.0, 95.0, 95.0],
          [105.0, 105.0, 115.0, 115.0],
          [125.0, 125.0, 135.0, 135.0],
          [155.0, 155.0, 165.0, 165.0],
          [145.0, 145.0, 160.0, 160.0],
          [175.0, 175.0, 185.0, 185.0],
          [215.0, 215.0, 225.0, 225.0],
          [205.0, 205.0, 220.0, 220.0],
          [195.0, 195.0, 212.5, 212.5],
          [180.0, 180.0, 203.75, 203.75],
          [235.0, 235.0, 245.0, 245.0],
          [285.0, 285.0, 295.0, 295.0],
          [275.0, 275.0, 290.0, 290.0],
          [265.0, 265.0, 282.5, 282.5],
          [255.0, 255.0, 273.75, 273.75],
          [240.0, 240.0, 264.375, 264.375],
```

```
[191.875, 191.875, 252.1875, 252.1875],
[152.5, 152.5, 222.03125, 222.03125],
[130.0, 130.0, 187.265625, 187.265625],
[110.0, 110.0, 158.6328125, 158.6328125],
[90.0, 90.0, 134.31640625, 134.31640625],
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```

```
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12077,
12120,
12069,
12122,
12106,
```

```
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 'C2',
 'C2',
 'C2',
 'C2',
 'C2',
 'C2',
```

'C2',



Potential Ks

- K = 3
 - This would separate the data into the large orange group on the left and two large green groups on the right. This is a very broad clustering.
- K = 5 or K = 6
 - Cutting around a distance of 25-30 seems to reveal a good level of distinctness for a moderate number of clusters.
- K = 8 to K = 10
 - More granular clusters, cutting around distance 15-20 could yield 8 to 10 clusters.

Base Model

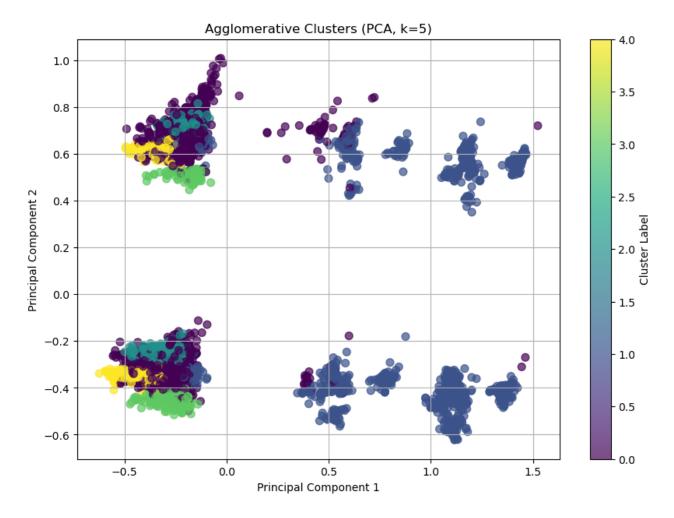
```
In [ ]: n clusters = 5
         base model = AgglomerativeClustering(n clusters=n clusters, metric='euclidea
          base model.fit(X)
          labels = base model.labels
In [509...
         silhouette_avg = silhouette_score(X, labels)
          davies bouldin idx = davies bouldin score(X, labels)
          calinski harabasz idx = calinski harabasz score(X, labels)
          print(f"Cluster Evaluation for K = {n clusters}:")
          print(f"Silhouette Score: {silhouette avg:.3f} (Higher is better, range -1 t
          print(f"Davies-Bouldin Index: {davies_bouldin_idx:.3f} (Lower is better, min
          print(f"Calinski-Harabasz Index: {calinski_harabasz_idx:.3f} (Higher is bett
         Cluster Evaluation for K = 5:
         Silhouette Score: 0.138 (Higher is better, range -1 to 1)
         Davies-Bouldin Index: 1.888 (Lower is better, minimum 0)
         Calinski-Harabasz Index: 558.849 (Higher is better)
```

The Silhouette Score of 0.138 is positive, indicating that data points are, on average, more similar to their own cluster than to others, its relatively low value suggests the clusters are not very distinct or well-separated, implying some overlap. This is further supported by the Davies-Bouldin Index of 1.888, which, being above 1, suggests that the within-cluster variance is large compared to the separation between clusters, pointing to less defined boundaries. The Calinski-Harabasz Index of 558.849 is a positive value, indicating some cluster structure.

Visualizing Clusters

```
In [510... pca = PCA(n_components=2, random_state=1)
    pca_components = pca.fit_transform(X)

    plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
    plt.scatter(pca_components[:, 0], pca_components[:, 1], c=labels, cmap='viri
    plt.title(f'Agglomerative Clusters (PCA, k={n_clusters})')
    plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
    plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
    plt.colorbar(label='Cluster Label')
    plt.grid(True)
```



Cluster Separation and Distribution:

Vertical Separation by PC2: There's a very clear and strong separation along Principal Component 2 (the y-axis). The clusters tend to group into two distinct horizontal bands of -0.2 to -0.6 and 0.4 to 1.0.

The yellow and green clusters are quite compact and visually well-separated from the large dark purple and blue clusters. The teal clusters are also moderately well-separated.

- Within the top band, we see distinct yellow, green, and a teal cluster.
- Similarly, within the bottom band, we see another set of yellow, green, and a teal cluster.

GridSearch N Clusters

```
In [512...] n clusters to test = [3, 5, 6, 8, 9, 10]
          results = []
          for n clusters in n clusters to test:
              model = AgglomerativeClustering(n_clusters=n_clusters, metric='euclidean
              labels = model.fit_predict(X)
              silhouette_avg = silhouette_score(X, labels)
              davies_bouldin_idx = davies_bouldin_score(X, labels)
              calinski_harabasz_idx = calinski_harabasz_score(X, labels)
              # Store results
              results.append({
                  'n_clusters': n_clusters,
                  'silhouette_score': silhouette_avg,
                  'davies bouldin index': davies bouldin idx,
                  'calinski harabasz index': calinski harabasz idx
              })
          results df = pd.DataFrame(results)
```

In [513... results_df

Out[513]:		n_clusters	silhouette_score	davies_bouldin_index	calinski_harabasz_index
	0	3	0.078284	2.029176	648.675525
	1	5	0.138328	1.888306	558.849108
	2	6	0.168462	1.878533	550.503589
	3	8	0.196052	2.048123	524.217370

0.206415

0.213882

Trade-off at K=6:

9

10

4

5

This gives us the lowest Davies-Bouldin Index (1.878), indicating the best balance of compactness and separation. The Silhouette Score is also reasonably good for this dataset (0.168), although not the absolute highest. The Calinski-Harabasz index is still relatively high compared to higher K values, suggesting it retains some overall cluster density.

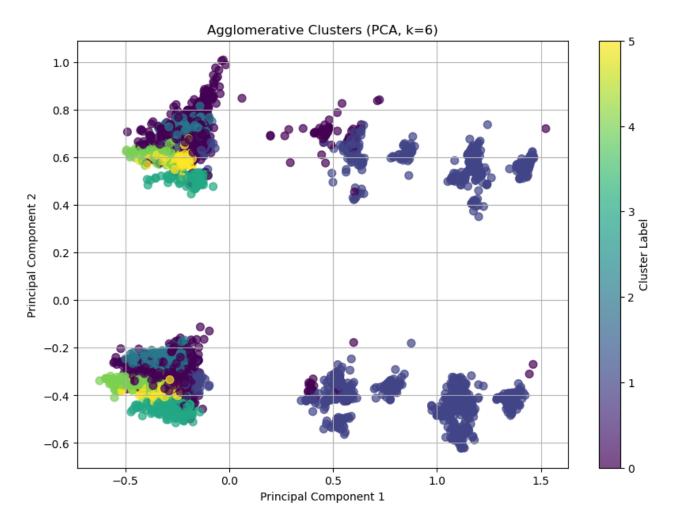
1.951481

1.965713

514.261610

510.894984

```
In [514...] n clusters = 6
         base model = AgglomerativeClustering(n clusters=n clusters, metric='euclidea
          base model.fit(X)
          labels = base_model.labels_
          silhouette_avg = silhouette_score(X, labels)
          davies_bouldin_idx = davies_bouldin_score(X, labels)
          calinski_harabasz_idx = calinski_harabasz_score(X, labels)
          print(f"Cluster Evaluation for K = {n clusters}:")
          print(f"Silhouette Score: {silhouette_avg:.3f} (Higher is better, range -1 t
          print(f"Davies-Bouldin Index: {davies_bouldin_idx:.3f} (Lower is better, min
         print(f"Calinski-Harabasz Index: {calinski_harabasz_idx:.3f} (Higher is bett
         Cluster Evaluation for K = 6:
         Silhouette Score: 0.168 (Higher is better, range -1 to 1)
         Davies-Bouldin Index: 1.879 (Lower is better, minimum 0)
         Calinski-Harabasz Index: 550.504 (Higher is better)
In [515... | pca = PCA(n_components=2, random_state=1)
         pca_components = pca.fit_transform(X)
          plt.figure(figsize=(10, 7))
         plt.scatter(pca_components[:, 0], pca_components[:, 1], c=labels, cmap='viri
         plt.title(f'Agglomerative Clusters (PCA, k={n_clusters})')
          plt.xlabel('Principal Component 1')
         plt.ylabel('Principal Component 2')
          plt.colorbar(label='Cluster Label')
         plt.grid(True)
```



The k=6 plot reveals a slightly finer granularity on the left side, where the yellow and green clusters appear to differentiate further, indicating the additional cluster has likely refined the groupings within this dense region.

This re-segmentation on the left contrasts with the largely unchanged distribution of the dominant right-side cluster across both visualizations.