

Data Science Bootcamp

Project 2 Transaction Fraud Detection

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Project Overview



Identify potential fraudulent activity (transactions) using ML based on existing card transaction data



Anonymized credit card transactions labeled as fraudulent or genuine
Transformed using PCA
2 Features were not transformed using PCA which are Time & Amount



Due to nature classes are highly unbalanced.

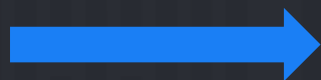
0.17% vs 99.8%
Class Balance



Transaction Fraud Detection

WHY?

1B+



11K+

Transactions per Day

Transactions per Second
~19 Fraudulent/sec

\$2-3

Cost of each dollar lost
to fraud

\$ 29B



\$ 35B

Fraud Losses 2019

Expected Fraud Losses 2022

Impacts

Individuals | Businesses |
Financial Institutions

<https://fortunly.com/statistics/cash-versus-credit-card-spending-statistics/#gref>

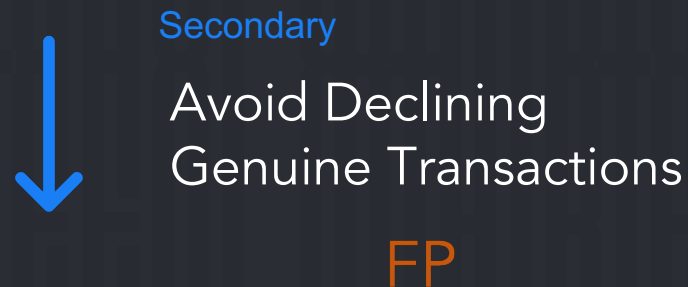
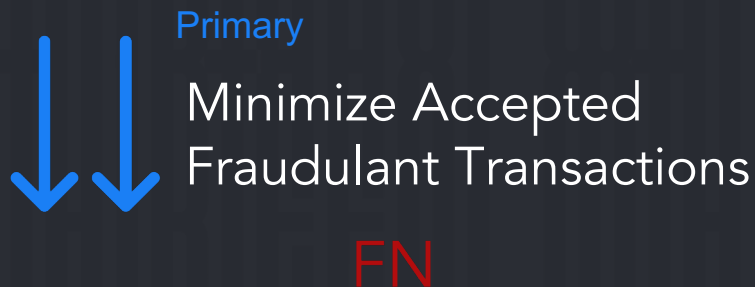
<https://www.ncr.com/blogs/payments/credit-card-fraud-detection>



Objectives

Identify potentially fraudulent activity

Detecting fraudulent activity before those transactions are even completed



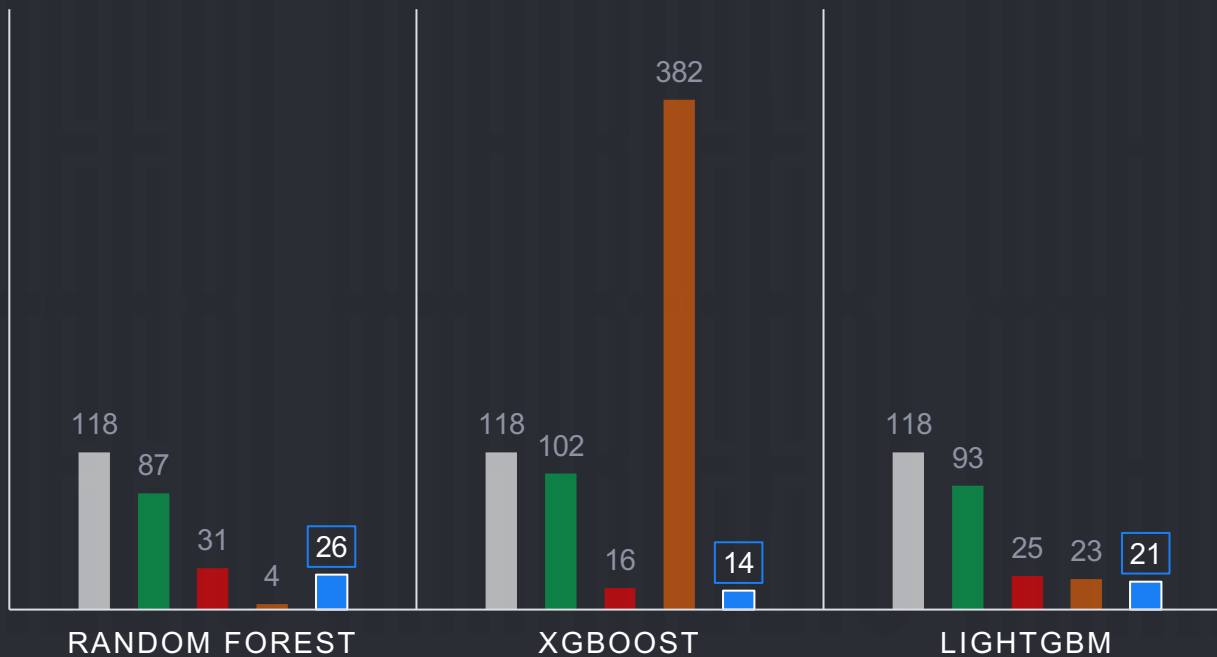


Outcome

MODEL COMPARISON

■ Actual Fraud ■ Caught ■ Missed ■ Genuine Blocked ■ %Missed

~71k
#Transactions
Tested



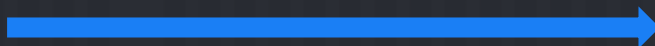


Conclusion & Next Step

Full Dataset

Fraud: \$ 60K
Genuine: \$ 25M

@86% Detection Rate



Fraud: \$ 9K
Genuine: \$ 25M

Example based cost-sensitive learning & Cost-dependant Classification

	Actual Fraud $y_{\text{true}} = 1$	Actual Legitimate $y_{\text{true}} = 0$
Predicted Fraud $y_{\text{pred}} = 1$	True Positive $\text{cost}_{\text{TP}} = \text{Admin}$	False Positive $\text{cost}_{\text{FP}} = \text{Admin}$
Predicted Legitimate $y_{\text{pred}} = 0$	False Negative $\text{cost}_{\text{FN}} = \text{Transaction}$	True Negative $\text{cost}_{\text{TN}} = \0

<https://towardsdatascience.com/fraud-detection-with-cost-sensitive-machine-learning-24b8760d35d9>



Challenges

- Anonymization of Data
- Diversity of Data
- Time
- Compute Resources



Technical Outcome Summary



Outcome Summary

	Model	precision	recall	f1-score
0 Genuine	Random Forest	1	1	1
	XGBoost	1	0.99	1
	LightGBM	1	1	1
1 Fraud	Random Forest	0.96	<u>0.74</u>	0.83
	XGBoost	0.21	<u>0.86</u>	0.33
	LightGBM	0.83	<u>0.80</u>	0.81



Confusion Matrix

74%

Recall

96%

Precision

True Label	0 Genuine	70809	5	70814
	1 Fraud	31	87	118
		0 Genuine	1 Fraud	
		Predicted Label		

Random Forest



Confusion Matrix

86%

Recall

21%

Precision

XGBoost

True Label	0 Genuine	70424	390	70814
	1 Fraud	16	102	118
		0 Genuine	1 Fraud	
		Predicted Label		



Confusion Matrix

79%

Recall

80%

Precision

LightGBM

True Label	0 Genuine	70795	19	70814
	1 Fraud	24	94	118
		0 Genuine	1 Fraud	
		Predicted Label		



Project Description

- In this project we were initially tasked with selecting a couple of datasets for analysis that meet the following rules:
 - Available to use
 - Suitable for use in a professional environment
 - Does not contain any personal information
 - Not used for any assignment, lecture or task from this environment
- My Proposed Sets: Credit Card Transaction Data & Financial Sales Data. Former was approved.
- So far, the project covers the following progress:
 - Data Cleaning & EDA
 - Evaluating & Tuning 3 Different Models (RandomForest, XGBoost, LightGBM)
 - Testing Impact of example-based cost sensitive learning
 - Model performance comparison



Data Description



Anonymized credit card transactions labeled as fraudulent or genuine
Transformed using PCA
Contains transactions made by European credit card holders in Sep 2013
2 Features were not transformed using PCA which are Time & Amount



Data source is kaggle.



Due to nature classes are highly unbalanced.



Data Shape is:

- 28 Components, 2 Features & 1 Label
- 284807 Rows (Observations)



Data Types:

All features are
Integers of type int64



ML Problem Type is:
Classification



Classification Target:

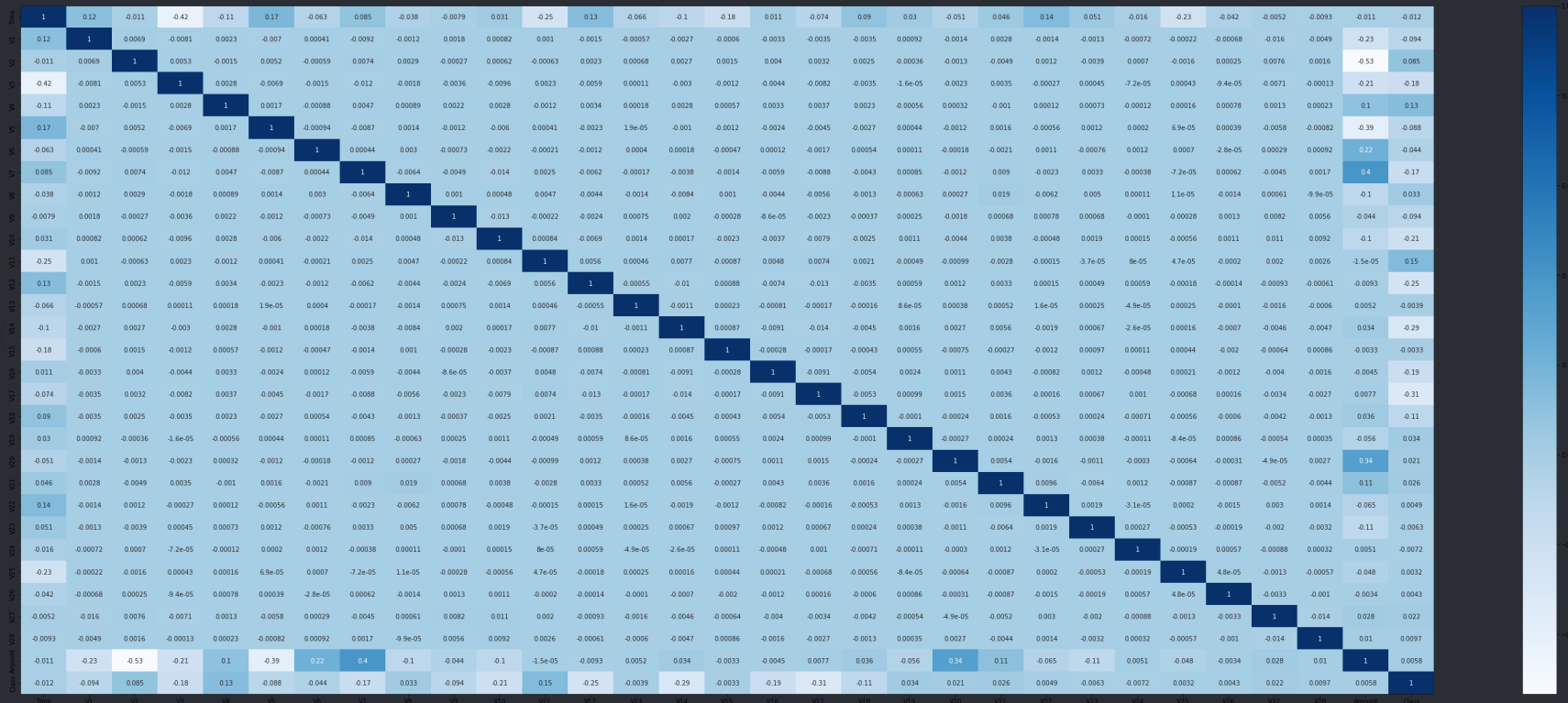
Feature 'Class' is the response variable, and it takes value 1 in case of fraud and 0 otherwise.



Data Cleaning

- Due to PCA preprocessing Data Cleaning needed was very limited.
- No Nulls found
- No Data Type Inconcistencies
- No Categorical Inconsistencies would exist
- No Illogical Values
- A Number of Duplicates were there (~1000 rows) which were dropped

Visuals





Outcome

MODEL COMPARISON

■ True Positives ■ False Negatives ■ False Positives ■ % True Missed
(1 - Recall) * 100

~71k
#Transactions
Tested

