DHIS 2 Documentation Guide



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Chapter 1. DHIS 2 Documentation Guide

1.1. DHIS 2 Documentation System Overview

DHIS 2 is a web-based information management system under very active development with typically four releases per year. Each release typically includes a number of new features and additional functionality. Given the fast pace of development, the system's wide user base and distributed, global nature of development, a comprehensive documentation system is required. An in-depth discussion of the need for documentation of DHIS 2 has been considered previously.[Store2007] DocBook is a comprehensive, standard XML based markup language for the creation of books, papers and other technical documents maintained by OASIS. In this chapter, we will describe the documentation system of DHIS 2 and how you can contribute.

1.2. Introduction

One of the main advantages of <u>DocBook</u> is that there is complete separation between the content and presentation. DocBook is a pure XML markup format used for technical documentation. In spite of the hundreds of tags which DocBook supports, only a very small subset of its features are currently used for the DHIS 2 documentation. Since DocBook can be transformed into a wide variety of formats (HTML, PDF, etc) and is a text-based format, it serves as an ideal format for documentation of the system.

One of the key concepts to keep in mind when authoring documentation in DocBook, or other presentation neutral formats, is that the content of the document should be considered first. The presentation of the document will take place in a separate transformation step, whereby the source XML will be rendered into different formats, such as HTML and PDF. It is therefore important that the document is will organised and structured, with appropriate tags and structural elements being considered.

It is good practice to break your document in to various sections using the <code>sect</code> tag. It is easy to make use of the modular nature of DocBook, and split very complex chapters into smaller, more manageable pieces. This concept is essentially the same as Microsoft Word® or other word processing programs. DocBook will automatically take care of numbering the sections for you when the document is produced.

Two other important elements are the itemizedlist and numberedlist. These are quite similar, but an itemised list corresponds to a bulleted list, which a numbered list will be rendered with each element being numbered sequentially. Other key elements are screenshot and table which should be self-explanatory.

The reader is referered to the DocBook documentation for a more in-depth description of the exact elements which are availbale to be used. Currently, the DHIS 2 documentation is using version 5.0 of DocBook.

1.3. Getting started with GitHub

The DHIS2 documentation system is managed at <u>GitHub</u> in its own source code repository. GitHub is a collaborative platform that enables multiple people to work on software projects collaboratively. In order for this to be possible, a version control system is necessary in order to manage all the changes that multiple users may make. GitHub uses the git source control system. While it is beyond the scope of this document to describe the functionality of git, users who wish to create documentation will need to gain at least a basic understanding of how the system works. A basic guide is provided in the next section. The reader is referred to the <u>git manual</u> for futher more detailed information.

In order to start adding or editing the documentation, you should first perform a checkout of the source code. If you do not already have a GitHub account, you will need to get one. This can be done here. Once you register with GitHub, you will need to request access to the dhis2-documenters group if you wish to modify the source code of the documentation. Login to GitHub, and then file an issue here. Your request will need to be approved by the group administrators. Once you have been granted access to the group, you can commit changes to the documentation branch and send and receive notifications if you wish. Alternatively, you can clone the documentation, commit your changes to your own fork, and request that your changes be merged with the source of the documenation with a pull request here.

1.4. Getting the document source

In order to edit the documentation, you will need to download the source of the documentation to your computer. GitHub uses a version control system known as git . There are different methods for getting Git working on your system, depending on which operating system you are using. A good step-by-step guide for Microsoft® operating systems can be viewed here. Alternatively, if you are comfortable using the command line, you can download git from this page If you are using Linux, you will need to install git on your system through your package manager, or from source code. A very thorough reference for how git is used is available in a number of different formats here.

Once you have installed git on your system, you will need to download the document source. Just follow this procedure:

- 1. Make sure you have git installed.
- On Windows® systems, visit https://github.com/dhis2/dhis2docs and press "Clone in Desktop". If you are using the command line, just type git clone git@github.com:dhis2/dhis2docs.git
- 3. The download process should start and all the documentation source files will be downloaded to the folder that you specified.
- 4. The DHIS 2 documents depend on other branches for their documentation. Be sure to keep these these up to date as well. When you build the documentation, the necessary submodules will be downloaded automatically as part of the build process ,if you have not already done so.
- 5. Once you have the source, be sure to create your own branch for editing. Simply execute git checkout -b mybranch where mybranch is the name of the branch you wish to create.

1.5. Editing the documentation

Once you have downloaded the source, you should have a series of folders inside of the dhis2docs directory. All documents should be placed in the dhis2docs/src/docbkx/xx folder. Note that the xx represents the ISO 639-1 (two-letter) language code of the documentation.

If you are developing English language documentation, place it inside the /dhis2docs/src/docbkx/en/folder. Place any image files that may be linked to your document in the /dhis2docs/src/docbkx/xx/resources/images folder and link these inside your DocBook document using a relative file link. When the documentation is built, in a separate step, the images will be automatically copied over to the correct directory during the build process.

1.6. DHIS 2 Bibliography

DHIS 2 has a rich set of academic literature which can serve as useful resources during implementations, project proposals and more detailed reading than what is appropriate for a general user manual. A specialized bibliography has been added to the source code of the application. BibTeX is a specialized language which is widely used in the academic world to handle bibliographic databases. A large number of free and open source tools are capable of working with BibTeX. Currently, the recommended tool of choice for manipulating the DHIS 2 bibliography is JabRef.

To get started with the bibliography, download a copy of JabRef and open the $/src/bibliography/dhis2_bibliography.bib$ file. Add some new references, then export the bibliography back to the $/src/docbkx/en/dhis2_bibliography.xml$ file, using the DocBook 4.4 export format. The updated bibliography will automatically be included in the documentation after you commit your changes.

1.7. Using images

Screen shots are very useful for providing information to users on how particular actions should be performed. DocBook has no intrinsic mechanisms to know exactly how an image should be rendered in the final document. Therefore, it is necessary to provide instructions through element attributes. The following XML code fragment demonstrates how an image can be specified to occupy 80% of the available page width. For screen shots in landscape format, this seems to be an appropriate amount. You may need to experiment a bit to obtain a proper width for your image. Alternatively, you can edit the resolution of the image itself, in order to obtain a proper size during rendering.

For other images, depending on their size, a different value may be necessary. If you do not specify a width for you image, and its intrinsic size is larger than the available screen width, the image may overflow in certain document types with a fixed width, such as PDF.

1.8. Linking documents together

DocBook provides a modular framework where many separate documents can be linked together into a master document. Fragments from different documents can also be reused in different contexts. It is therefore important to consider whether your document should be constructed as an article or a chapter. Chapters are essentially portions of a book, and can therefore be linked together into a larger document very easily. Articles are essentially standalone documents, but they can also be assembled together into a larger document at the component level.

Should you wish to link several articles together into a book, DocBook provides a mechanism to assign an id to a section. In the example below, a section has been assigned an id. This id must be unique within the document.

```
<section xml:id="mod2_1">
<title>Getting started with DHIS 2</title> ....
```

In order to include an article into a book, an Xinclude statement must be used. The following example shows how.

```
<chapter>
<title>Getting started with DHIS 2</title>
<xi:include xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude" href="dhis2_user_man_mod2.xml"
    xpointer="mod2_1" encoding="UTF-8"/>
...
```

Note that the file name and id have been assigned in the parent document, referring to the actual file (href) and particular fragment of the child document that should be referenced in the parent document (xpointer).

Including chapters in a book is very simple. The example below illustrates how:

```
<xi:include xmlns:xi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XInclude" href="dhis2_user_man_
mod1.xml" encoding="UTF-8"/>
```

In this case, there is no need to explicitly reference a part of the document, unless you only want to include a portion of the chapter. If you want to use a section of the chapter, you can assign an id to that section, and then reference that section through an xpointer.

1.9. Handling multilingual documentation

The directory structure of the documentation has been created in order to facilitate the creation of documents in any language. If you want to create a new set of documents in a given language, simply create a new directory in the dhis2-docbook-docs/src/docbkx/ directory. Be sure to use the ISO 639-1 code for the language you are going to create documents in. A complete list of these codes can be found here. Add a new folder for images in a sub-directory, replacing XX with the actual ISO 639-1 code for the language you will create documents in. You will also need to edit the pom.xml file in the main dhis2docs directory. If you are unsure of what changes need to be made to this file, ask on the mailing list first, as this file controls the generation of all the documentation.

1.10. Building the documentation

One of the key advantages of the DocBook format is that the source documentation can be transformed into a wide variety of formats, including HTML, chunked HTML, XHTML, PDF, and a number of other formats. There are a wide variety of tools that are capable of performing this task. Basically the XML source of the document is transformed using the standard DocBook XSL style sheets into the desired format. The complete list of tools capable of transforming DocBook will not be listed here, but a few examples are provided below.

Latest builds of the documentation are available from the <u>DHIS 2 website</u>. The latest snapshot builds are available through the continuous integration server located <u>here</u>.

1.10.1. Building the documentation with Apache maven

In order to transform the documentation source files to different formats, such as HTML or PDF, you will need to install the Apache Maven program. You can get a copy here or by installing

it through your package manager if you are using Linux. Just execute the command mvn clean package on Windows or on Linux from the /dhis2-docbook-docs directory. Maven will start to download the necessary components to transform the documents into HMTL,PDF and RTF. Once the process has completed (be patient the first time, as there are a number of components that must be downloaded), all of the target document types will be generated in the /dhis2docs/target/docbkx directory in respective sub-directories.

1.10.2. Building with xmlto

xmlto is a useful utility available on Linux platforms for transforming DocBook documents into many different formats. More information on the package can be found here. If you do not want to use Apache Maven for some reason, you can install xmlto through your package manager. Once you have installed xmlto you can just execute

xmlto [htmlfile_to_transform]

where the file_to_transform parameter is the name of the file you wish to transform. There are many other formats available, such as PDF, PS, JavaHelp and others.

1.11. Committing your changes back to GitHub

Once you have finished editing your document, you will need to commit your changes back to GitHub. Open up a command prompt on Windows or a shell on Linux, and navigate to the folder where you have placed your documentation. If you have added any new files or folders to your local repository, you will need to add them to the source tree with the git add command, followed by the folder or file name(s) that you have added. Be sure to include a descriptive comment with your commit.

git commit [-m] ["Improved documentation on organisation unit imports with CSV."] Finally, you should push the changes back to the repository with git push origin mybranch. In order to do this, you will need the necessary permissions to commit to the repository. When you have committed your changes, you can issue a pull request to have them merged with the master branch. You changes will be reviewed by the core documentation team and tested to ensure they do not break the build. As mentioned previously, you can also push your changes to your own GitHub repo, if you do not have access to the main repo, and submit a pull request for your changes to be merged.

If you have any questions, or cannot find that you can get started, just send an email with your problem to cdhis2-documenters@lists.launchpad.net>.