Lab: Big Data on the Cloud – Analyzing NYC Taxi Data from S3 using EC2

Objective

This lab demonstrates the power of cloud computing by processing a large public dataset directly from AWS S3 using an EC2 instance. Students will:

- Launch an EC2 instance with proper IAM permissions
- Access the NYC Taxi public dataset hosted on Amazon S3
- Read and analyze the data using Python (pandas & Boto3)

Section 1: Launching the EC2 Instance

- 1. Go to Amazon EC2 > Instances > Launch Instance
- 2. Name your instance: nyc-taxi-lab
- 3. Choose an AMI: Amazon Linux 2
- 4. Choose an instance type:
 - o For demo: t3.micro (free tier)
 - o For performance comparison: t3.large (if available in sandbox)
- 5. Under **Key pair**, choose vockey
- 6. Under **Network Settings**:
 - o Allow **SSH** from your IP
- 7. Under **Advanced Settings**:
 - o IAM Role: choose LabRole
- 8. Click Launch Instance

Section 2: Connect to EC2 and Set Up Environment

Connect using **Session Manager** or SSH.

Update and install dependencies:

```
bash
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sudo yum update -y
sudo yum install -y python3 pip
pip3 install boto3 pandas
```

Section 3: Python Script to Load Data from Public S3 Bucket

Use this script to load and analyze the NYC Yellow Taxi data:

```
import boto3
import pandas as pd
from io import BytesIO
# S3 client
s3 = boto3.client('s3')
# Download CSV file from public dataset
bucket = 'nyc-tlc'
key = 'trip\_data\_yellow\_csv/yellow_tripdata_2019-01.csv' # Choose a single
month to avoid memory issues
response = s3.get object(Bucket=bucket, Key=key)
df = pd.read csv(BytesIO(response['Body'].read()))
# Display sample and analysis
print("Sample rows:")
print(df.head())
print("\nTrip Distance Statistics:")
print(df['trip distance'].describe())
print("\nAverage trip distance by hour:")
df['tpep pickup datetime'] = pd.to datetime(df['tpep pickup datetime'])
df['hour'] = df['tpep pickup datetime'].dt.hour
print(df.groupby('hour')['trip distance'].mean())
```

Section 4: Teaching Points

- **Dataset size**: Show how large datasets can be accessed directly from S3 without downloading.
- **Power of EC2**: Compare performance on a micro vs. larger instance (if allowed).
- IAM Roles: Explain how the Labrole allows EC2 to access S3 securely without managing credentials.
- **Cost optimization**: Show how to spin up resources only when needed and shut them down after.

Cleanup

After the lab:

- 1. Stop or terminate the EC2 instance.
- 2. Revoke any additional permissions if created.
- 3. Remind students that sandbox resources will auto-delete when time expires.