

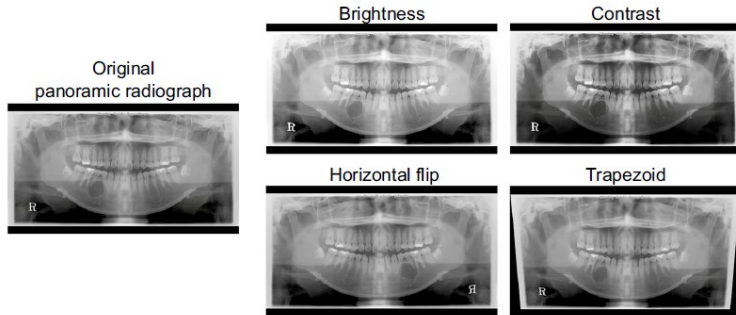
Attention-Guided Jaw Bone Lesion Diagnosis in Panoramic Radiography Using Minimal Labeling Effort

Background and Objective

Medical imaging, particularly panoramic radiography, plays a critical role in the early detection of jaw bone pathologies. This research aims to **provide both clinical convenience and fine-grained classification performance** by guiding model's attention map with a small portion of attention labels and tailored augmentation technique for panoramic radiography data. The proposed method significantly improves the diagnostic performance using only a small amount expert-provided attention labels.

Methods

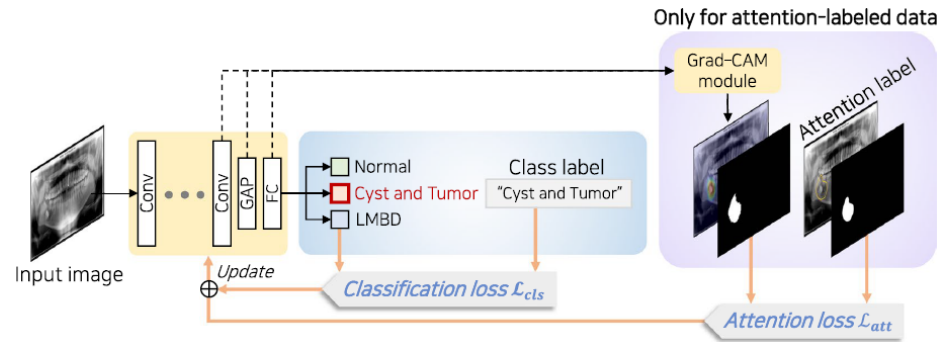
- Trapezoid augmentation for better generalization across various maxilla-mandible ratios
- Attention-guiding loss between attention labels and soft attention masks from activation maps



In addition to traditional augmentations centered on brightness adjustments, we employ a horizontal warping strategy to enhance data diversity.

Results

- Improved diagnosis performance (92.41% → 97.50% (+loss) → 99.17% (+aug))
- Efficient development workflow with minimal data labeling (5-10%)
- Enhanced clinical interpretation through assistive visualizations



$$\mathcal{L} = \alpha_{cls} \mathcal{L}_{cls} + \alpha_{att} \mathcal{L}_{att},$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{att} = \begin{cases} 1 - \text{IoU}(\tilde{H}, Y), & \text{if } Y \text{ exists} \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}, \quad \tilde{H} = s(\omega(\bar{H} - \theta J_{m \times n})),$$

