

# Gamilton-Cayley theorem

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Assume  $K$  is algebraically closed, but it isn't necessary.

**Th. 1.**  $\chi_A(A) = 0$

$e$  — Jordan basis for  $A$ ,  $J = [A]_e^e$  (i.e.  $A$  in  $e$ ). Want to show that  $\chi_A(J) = 0$  as a matrix, and it's enough to show that each Jordan block is annihilated.

$$\chi_A(t) = \pm \prod (t - \lambda_i)^{\alpha_i}$$

Note that  $\alpha_i$  is the sum of blocks sizes with  $\lambda_i$  eigenvalue, so it's not less than any of them. Now consider a block with size  $k$  and eigenvalue  $\lambda_i$ :

$$\chi_A(J_k(\lambda_i)) = (J_k(\lambda_i) - \lambda_i)^{\alpha_i} \prod (\dots) = 0$$