

BIG-O NOTATION

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THIS EXPRESSES THE COMPLEXITY OF AN ALGORITHM

AN ALGORITHM WHOSE
COMPLEXITY DOES NOT CHANGE
WITH THE INPUT SIZE IS $O(1)$

THE ALGORITHM IS SAID TO
HAVE CONSTANT TIME
COMPLEXITY

IT TAKES THE SAME AMOUNT OF TIME EVEN IF THE
INPUT SIZE IS DOUBLED, TRIPIED OR INCREASED TO ANY
LEVEL

IF "N" IS THE SIZE OF THE INPUT....

THE COMPLEXITY OF AN
ALGORITHM IS $O(N)$ IF THE
TIME TAKEN BY THE
ALGORITHM INCREASES
LINEARLY WHEN N
INCREASES

THE COMPLEXITY OF AN
ALGORITHM IS $O(N^2)$ IF THE
TIME TAKEN BY THE
ALGORITHM INCREASES
QUADRATICALLY WHEN N
INCREASES

WHAT IS THE COMPLEXITY OF COMMON OPERATIONS?

THE COMPLEXITY OF AN ALGORITHM IS $O(N)$ IF THE TIME TAKEN BY THE ALGORITHM INCREASES LINEARLY WHEN N INCREASES

THE COMPLEXITY OF AN ALGORITHM IS $O(N^2)$ IF THE TIME TAKEN BY THE ALGORITHM INCREASES QUADRATICALLY WHEN N INCREASES

LOWER ORDER TERMS AND CONSTANTS DO NOT MATTER WHILE EXPRESSING COMPLEXITY, THE ASSUMPTION IS THAT N IS VERY LARGE

$O(N^2 + 1000)$ IS EQUIVALENT TO $O(N^2)$

$O(N^2 + N)$ IS EQUIVALENT TO $O(N^2)$

WHICH ALGORITHMS ARE FASTER?

TIME TAKEN

$$O(1) < O(N) < O(N^2) < O(N^3)$$

FASTEST

SLOWEST