THE DECORATOR PATTERN

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ALL INPUT STREAMS DERIVE FROM A COMMON ABSTRACT CLASS **InputStream**

WHICH CONTAINS STANDARD OPERATIONS SHARED BY ALL STREAMS
- CLOSE()
- READ()
- RESET()

THEN, FOR EACH TYPE OF INPUT STREAM (I.E. EACH INDEPENDENT VARIABLE), THERE IS A SEPARATE CLASS DERIVING FROM INPUTSTREAM

FileInputStream
ObjectInputStream
AudioInputStream
GZIPInputStream
ByteArrayInputStream

NOW HERE IS THE CRUCIAL, SUPER-IMPORTANT BIT: EVERY ONE OF THESE OBJECTS CAN BE CONSTRUCTED FROM AN OBJECT OF TYPE **InputStream**

INPUTSTREAM OBJECTS
CAN BE CHAINED TO GET
YET MORE INPUTSTREAM
OBJECTS

THIS CHAINING OF OBJECTS - ALL OF WHICH
DESCEND FROM THE SAME INTERFACE OR
ABSTRACT BASE CLASS -

TO GET MORE OBJECTS OF THE
SAME BASE CLASS -

IS THE HALLMARK OF THE

DECORATOR PATTERN

FOR INSTANCE - CONSIDER THAT WE WROTE SOME CODE THAT SAVES OBJECTS TO A FILE, AND THEN ZIPS THAT FILE

SAVING OBJECTS TO FILES IS A STANDARD OPERATION CALLED

SERIALIZATION

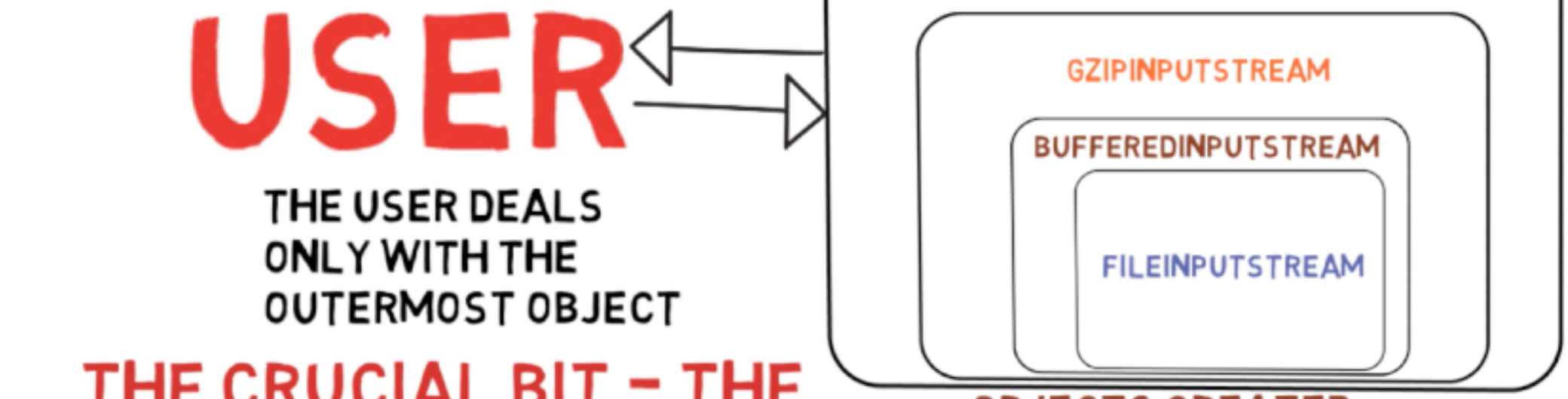
NOW, WHEN TIME COMES TO USE THESE OBJECTS - WE NEED TO UNZIP THE FILE, READ IN THE OBJECTS AND THEN USE THEM

WE CREATE A CHAIN OF INPUTSTREAM OBJECTS

```
ObjectInputStream ois = new ObjectInputStream(
    new GZIPInputStream(
            new BufferedInputStream(
                    new FileInputStream("/serializedObject.gz")
            )
    )
);
```

THIS DIAGRAM SUMS UP THE DECORATOR PATTERN

A BUNCH OF OBJECTS, EACH IMPLEMENTING THE INPUTSTREAM INTERFACE



THE USER DEALS ONLY WITH THE OUTERMOST OBJECT

OBJECTS CREATED IN A CHAIN, FROM 1 PRECEDING OBJECT

THE CRUCIAL BIT - THE CHAINED OBJECTS ARE INDEPENDENT OF ONE ANOTHER