

# Parents Voices Matter: A Mixed-Method Study on the Dyslexia Diagnosis Process

## Select data

```
library(stringr)
```

```
Q49 <- dp_tbl_text %>%  
  select(id, state, Q49_text) %>%  
  filter(str_detect(Q49_text, "")) %>%  
  mutate(participant = row_number())
```

```
Q51 <- dp_tbl_text %>%  
  select(id, state, Q51_text) %>%  
  filter(str_detect(Q51_text, ""))
```

```
Q53 <- dp_tbl_text %>%  
  select(id, state, Q53_text) %>%  
  filter(str_detect(Q53_text, ""))
```

```
Q55 <- dp_tbl_text %>%  
  select(id, state, Q55_text) %>%  
  filter(str_detect(Q55_text, ""))
```

```
Q57 <- dp_tbl_text %>%  
  select(id, state, Q57_text) %>%  
  filter(str_detect(Q57_text, ""))
```

```
Q78 <- dp_tbl_text %>%  
  select(id, state, Q78_text) %>%  
  filter(str_detect(Q78_text, ""))
```

```
library(tidyr)  
library(stringr)
```

```
united_tbl <- dp_tbl_text %>%  
  unite(united_texts, Q49_text, Q51_text, Q53_text, Q55_text, Q57_text, Q78_text, sep = "", remove = F)
```

```
united_tbl_clean <- united_tbl %>%  
  select(id, state, united_texts) %>%  
  filter(str_detect(united_texts, "")) %>%  
  mutate(participant = row_number())
```

```
write.csv(united_tbl_clean, "../data/united_tbl_clean.csv")
```

```
library(stringr)

united_tbl_clean_tk <- united_tbl_clean

united_tbl_clean_tk$united_texts <- united_tbl_clean$united_texts %>%
  str_extract_all(pattern = "[[:alpha:]]'+--?[[:alpha:]]'+|[:alpha:]{1}") %>%
  str_to_lower()
```

```
library(quanteda)
library(textminingR)
process.data <- united_tbl_clean_tk %>%
  preprocess_texts(text_field = "united_texts", remove_hyphens = FALSE) %>%
  tokens_wordstem() %>%
  tokens_select(min_nchar=3L,
                verbose = TRUE)
```

```
library(quanteda)
dfm_output <- dfm(process.data)
dfm_output@docvars$document <- dfm_output@docvars$docname_
```

```
library(tidytext)
dfm_td_init <- tidy(dfm_output)
dfm_td <- dfm_td_init %>% left_join(dfm_output@docvars, "document")
dfm_td
```

```
## # A tibble: 8,592 x 9
##   document term   count docname_ docid_ segid_ id      state participant
##   <chr>   <chr> <dbl> <chr>   <fct>   <int> <chr>   <chr>         <int>
## 1 text1    forc     1 text1    text1     1 R_3qqwNjMuDX~ SC             1
## 2 text29   forc     1 text29   text29     1 R_2D7zezWo9w~ WA            29
## 3 text59   forc     1 text59   text59     1 R_1m14boLfUC~ FL            59
## 4 text82   forc     1 text82   text82     1 R_3EXbZr8T1k~ IN            82
## 5 text284  forc     1 text284  text284     1 R_3CWnyUiRIU~ SC           284
## 6 text315  forc     1 text315  text315     1 R_1L0wDftKTv~ TX           315
## 7 text1    school   1 text1    text1     1 R_3qqwNjMuDX~ SC             1
## 8 text4    school   2 text4    text4     1 R_1mLBLyBBGm~ TX             4
## 9 text7    school   1 text7    text7     1 R_1jersRUTbm~ TX             7
## 10 text10  school   6 text10   text10     1 R_3oF8rNi5Et~ VA            10
## # ... with 8,582 more rows
```

```
dfm_td$word <- dfm_td$term
```

## Term frequency-inverse document frequency (tf-idf) of participants' responses

```
dfm_td_tf_idf <- dfm_td %>%
  bind_tf_idf(word, participant, count)
dfm_td_tf_idf
```

```
## # A tibble: 8,592 x 13
##   document term    count docname_ docid_ segid_ id      state participant word
##   <chr>    <chr> <dbl> <chr>    <fct>    <int> <chr>    <chr>          <int> <chr>
## 1 text1    forc      1 text1    text1      1 R_3qqw~ SC              1 forc
## 2 text29   forc      1 text29   text29      1 R_2D7z~ WA             29 forc
## 3 text59   forc      1 text59   text59      1 R_1ml4~ FL             59 forc
## 4 text82   forc      1 text82   text82      1 R_3EXb~ IN             82 forc
## 5 text284  forc      1 text284  text284      1 R_3CWn~ SC            284 forc
## 6 text315  forc      1 text315  text315      1 R_1LOw~ TX            315 forc
## 7 text1    school    1 text1    text1      1 R_3qqw~ SC              1 scho~
## 8 text4    school    2 text4    text4      1 R_1mLB~ TX              4 scho~
## 9 text7    school    1 text7    text7      1 R_1jer~ TX              7 scho~
## 10 text10  school    6 text10   text10      1 R_3oF8~ VA             10 scho~
## # ... with 8,582 more rows, and 3 more variables: tf <dbl>, idf <dbl>,
## #   tf_idf <dbl>
```

## Positive and negative words

```
word_counts_sentiments <- dfm_td_tf_idf %>%
  inner_join(get_sentiments("bing"))

word_counts_sentiments_selected <- word_counts_sentiments %>%
  dplyr::select(document, participant, id, state, word, count, sentiment, tf, idf, tf_idf)
word_counts_sentiments_selected
```

```
## # A tibble: 827 x 10
##   document participant id      state word count sentiment      tf      idf tf_idf
##   <chr>          <int> <chr>    <chr> <chr> <dbl> <chr>    <dbl> <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 text3              3 R_1gGf~ TX    susp~    1 negative 0.167    3.16 0.526
## 2 text62             62 R_2R9x~ MN    susp~    2 negative 0.0769   3.16 0.243
## 3 text68             68 R_ysjz~ TX    susp~    1 negative 0.5      3.16 1.58
## 4 text95            95 R_1r0v~ TX    susp~    1 negative 0.0556   3.16 0.175
## 5 text98            98 R_bsgc~ AZ    susp~    1 negative 0.0217   3.16 0.0686
## 6 text164           164 R_puFr~ TX    susp~    1 negative 0.0204   3.16 0.0644
## 7 text169           169 R_1jev~ TX    susp~    1 negative 0.1      3.16 0.316
## 8 text204           204 R_28HV~ VA    susp~    1 negative 0.00980  3.16 0.0310
## 9 text240           240 R_2tDp~ TX    susp~    1 negative 0.0556   3.16 0.175
## 10 text245          245 R_1ilp~ MA    susp~    1 negative 0.0179   3.16 0.0564
## # ... with 817 more rows
```

```
word_tf_idf <- word_counts_sentiments_selected %>%
  count(word, sentiment, tf_idf, sort = TRUE) %>%
  ungroup()

word_tf_idf
```

```
## # A tibble: 760 x 4
##   word      sentiment tf_idf      n
##   <chr>    <chr>      <dbl> <int>
## 1 work    positive  0.0651     6
```

```
## 2 better positive 0.0490 3
## 3 right positive 0.0745 3
## 4 succeed positive 0.150 3
## 5 success positive 0.150 3
## 6 support positive 0.0389 3
## 7 support positive 0.112 3
## 8 well positive 0.0609 3
## 9 work positive 0.0363 3
## 10 work positive 0.0459 3
## # ... with 750 more rows
```

```
library(ggplot2)
sliced_sentiment <- word_tf_idf %>%
  filter(sentiment == "negative" & tf_idf >= 0.3 | sentiment == "positive" & tf_idf >= 0.3) %>%
  arrange(desc(tf_idf), word) %>%
  group_by(sentiment) %>%
  ungroup()

sliced_sentiment$word <- as.factor(sliced_sentiment$word)
sliced_sentiment$sentiment <- as.factor(sliced_sentiment$sentiment)
sliced_sentiment
```

```
## # A tibble: 56 x 4
##   word      sentiment tf_idf      n
##   <fct>    <fct>      <dbl> <int>
## 1 suspect negative    1.58     1
## 2 super   positive    1.17     1
## 3 genius  positive    1.16     1
## 4 nervous negative    1.10     1
## 5 benefit positive    1.02     1
## 6 hard    negative    0.969    1
## 7 doubt   negative    0.828    1
## 8 fail     negative    0.770    1
## 9 nervous negative    0.630    1
## 10 regard positive    0.598    1
## # ... with 46 more rows
```

```
library(forcats)
library(tidytext)

sliced_sentiment_group_by <- sliced_sentiment %>%
  ungroup() %>%
  group_by(word, sentiment, n) %>%
  summarise(tf_idf = sum(tf_idf), .groups = 'drop') %>%
  ungroup()

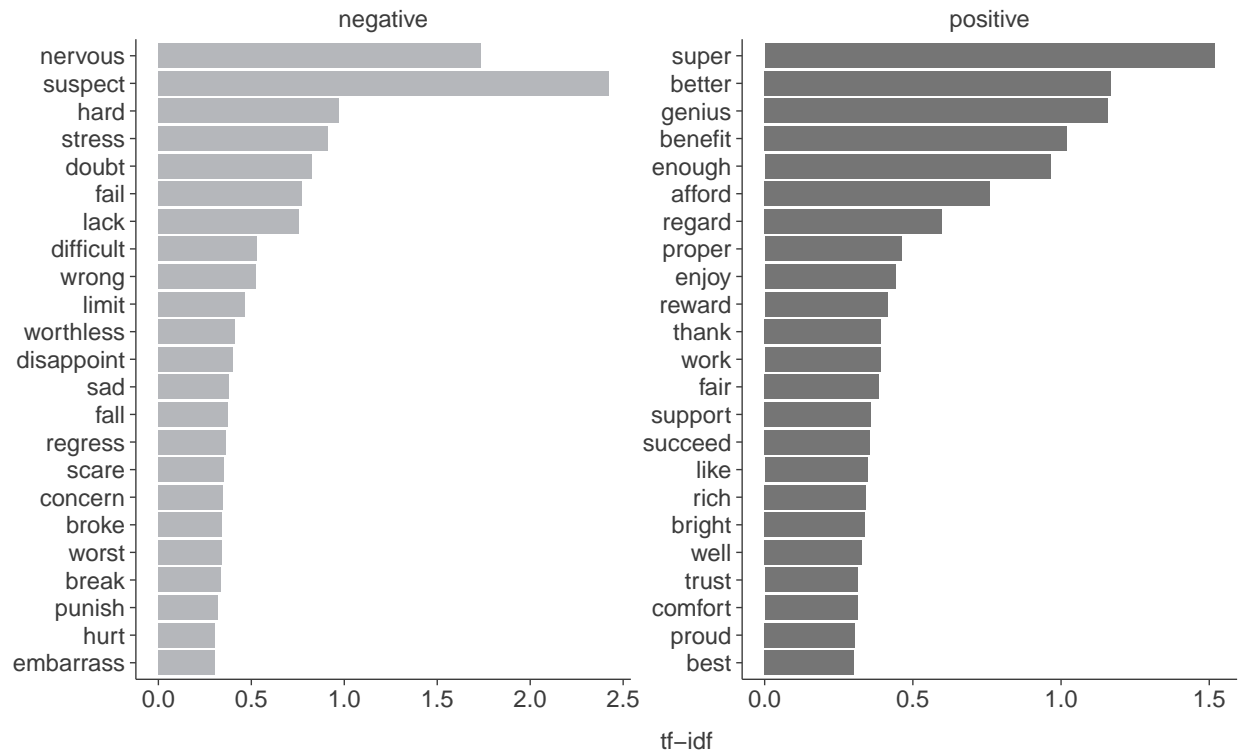
sliced_sentiment_group_by
```

```
## # A tibble: 47 x 4
##   word      sentiment      n tf_idf
##   <fct>    <fct>      <int> <dbl>
## 1 afford   positive      1 0.760
## 2 benefit  positive      1 1.02
```

```
## 3 best      positive      1 0.301
## 4 better    positive      1 1.17
## 5 break     negative      1 0.336
## 6 bright    positive      1 0.338
## 7 broke     negative      1 0.341
## 8 comfort   positive      1 0.313
## 9 concern   negative      1 0.347
## 10 difficult negative      1 0.531
## # ... with 37 more rows
```

```
plot_sentiment <- sliced_sentiment_group_by %>%
  mutate(word=as.character(word), word=reorder_within(word,tf_idf, sentiment)) %>%
  ggplot(aes(x = tf_idf, y = word, fill = sentiment)) +
  scale_fill_manual(values=c("#B5B7BB", "#757575")) +
  geom_col(show.legend = FALSE)+
  facet_wrap(~ sentiment, scales = "free") +
  scale_y_reordered()+
  labs(x = "tf-idf",
       y = NULL,
       size = 11) +
  theme_minimal(base_size = 11) +
  theme(
    panel.grid.major = element_blank(),
    panel.grid.minor = element_blank(),
    axis.line = element_line(color = "#3B3B3B", size = 0.3),
    axis.ticks = element_line(color = "#3B3B3B", size = 0.3),
    strip.text.x = element_text(size = 11, color = "#3B3B3B"),
    axis.text.x = element_text(size = 11, color = "#3B3B3B"),
    axis.text.y = element_text(size = 11, color = "#3B3B3B"),
    axis.title = element_text(size = 11, color = "#3B3B3B"),
    axis.title.x = element_text(margin = margin(t = 9)),
    axis.title.y = element_text(margin = margin(r = 9)))

plot_sentiment
```



```
library(widyr)
word_neg <- dfm_td %>%
  inner_join(get_sentiments("bing")) %>%
  filter(sentiment == "negative") %>%
  pairwise_count(word, participant, sort = TRUE, upper = FALSE) %>%
  tibble() %>%
  ungroup()

word_neg$item1 <- dplyr::case_when(
  word_neg$item1 == "sever" ~ "sever(ity)",
  TRUE ~ as.character(word_neg$item1)
)

word_neg$item2 <- dplyr::case_when(
  word_neg$item2 == "sever" ~ "sever(ity)",
  TRUE ~ as.character(word_neg$item2)
)

word_neg
```

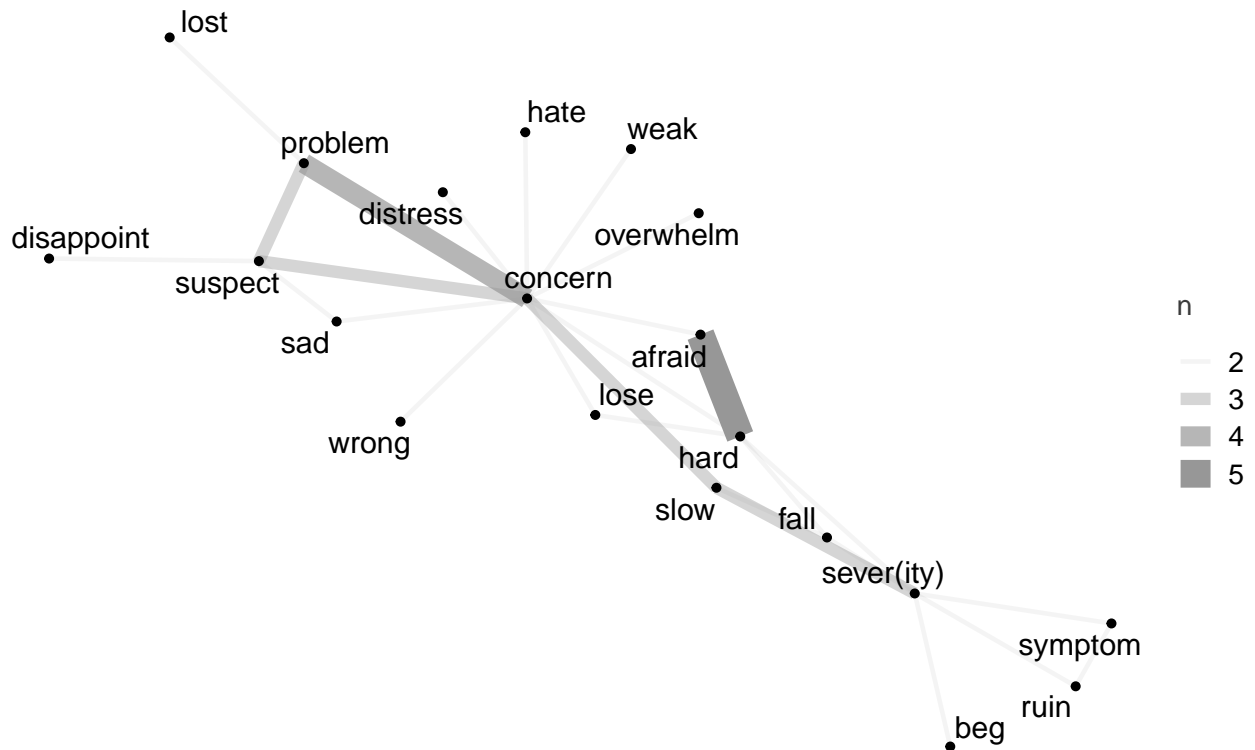
```
## # A tibble: 264 x 3
##   item1    item2      n
##   <chr>   <chr>   <dbl>
## 1 hard    afraid     5
```

```
## 2 concern    problem      4
## 3 suspect    concern      3
## 4 concern    slow         3
## 5 slow       sever(ity)    3
## 6 suspect    problem      3
## 7 hard       concern      2
## 8 afraid     concern      2
## 9 overwhelm  concern      2
## 10 weak      concern      2
## # ... with 254 more rows
```

```
library(igraph)
library(ggraph)

set.seed(1234)
plot_cor_neg <- word_neg %>%
  filter(n >= 2) %>%
  graph_from_data_frame() %>%
  ggraph(layout = "fr") +
  geom_edge_link(aes(edge_alpha = n, edge_width = n), edge_colour = "#979797") +
  geom_node_point(size = 1.5) +
  geom_node_text(aes(label = name),
                size = 5,
                repel = TRUE,
                point.padding = unit(0.2, "lines")) +
  theme_void(base_size = 13) +
  theme(legend.text=element_text(size = 13),
        legend.title = element_text(size = 13, margin = margin(b = 5), color = "#3B3B3B"))

plot_cor_neg
```



```
word_pos <- dfm_td %>%
  inner_join(get_sentiments("bing")) %>%
  filter(sentiment == "positive") %>%
  pairwise_count(word, participant, sort = TRUE, upper = FALSE) %>%
  ungroup()
```

```
word_pos
```

```
## # A tibble: 375 x 3
##   item1   item2     n
##   <chr>  <chr>  <dbl>
## 1 work    support   21
## 2 work    better   11
## 3 better  support   11
## 4 work    success  10
## 5 work    well     10
## 6 work    like      9
## 7 better  proper    7
## 8 work    best      7
## 9 like    support    6
## 10 success support    6
## # ... with 365 more rows
```

```
set.seed(1234)
plot_cor_pos <- word_pos %>%
  filter(n >= 2) %>%
  graph_from_data_frame() %>%
  ggraph(layout = "fr") +
```



```

geom_edge_link(aes(edge_alpha = n,
                  edge_width = n),
              edge_colour = "#979797") +
geom_node_point(size = 1.5) +
geom_node_text(aes(label = name),
              size = 5,
              repel = TRUE,
              point.padding = unit(0.2, "lines")) +
theme_void(base_size = 13) +
theme(legend.text=element_text(size = 13),
      legend.title = element_text(size = 13, margin = margin(b = 5), color = "#3B3B3B"))

plot_cor_pos

```

