## CS 1233 - Fall 2014 Object Oriented and Design

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Preliminary Grammar for the Compiler P := \operatorname{program} \ D \ \operatorname{begin} \ S \ \operatorname{end}. D := \operatorname{IL} : AR \ D \ | \ \operatorname{IL} : \operatorname{integer} \ D \ | \ \epsilon AR := \operatorname{array} \ | \ \operatorname{array}(AR) \operatorname{IL} := \operatorname{ID} \ \operatorname{IL} \ | \ , \ \operatorname{ID} \ \operatorname{IL} \ | \ \epsilon \operatorname{ID} := \operatorname{id} \ | \ \operatorname{id}(SB) \operatorname{SB} := \operatorname{cons} \ \operatorname{SB} \ | \ \operatorname{id} \ \operatorname{SB} \ | \ , \ \operatorname{cons} \ \operatorname{SB} \ | \ , \ \operatorname{id} \ \operatorname{SB} \ \operatorname{mid} \ \epsilon \operatorname{S} := \operatorname{do} \ \operatorname{S} \ \operatorname{unless} \ \operatorname{C} \ ; \ \operatorname{S} \ | \ \operatorname{do} \ \operatorname{S} \ \operatorname{when} \ \operatorname{C} \ \operatorname{else} \ \operatorname{S} \ ; \ \operatorname{S} \ | \ (\operatorname{IL}) \ \operatorname{in} \ ; \ \operatorname{S} \ | \ (\operatorname{IL}) \ \operatorname{out} \ ; \ \operatorname{S} \ | \ \operatorname{assign} \ \operatorname{E} \ \operatorname{to} \ \operatorname{ID} \ ; \ \operatorname{S} \ | \ \epsilon \operatorname{E} := \operatorname{id} \ | \ \operatorname{cons} \ | \ + \ \operatorname{EE} \ | \ -\operatorname{EE} \ | \ + \ \operatorname{EE} \ | \ / \ \operatorname{EE} \ | \ \operatorname{C} := \ \operatorname{iEE} \ | \ \operatorname{ind} \ \operatorname{CC} \ | \ \operatorname{or} \ \operatorname{CC} \ | \ \operatorname{not} \ \operatorname{C}
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