

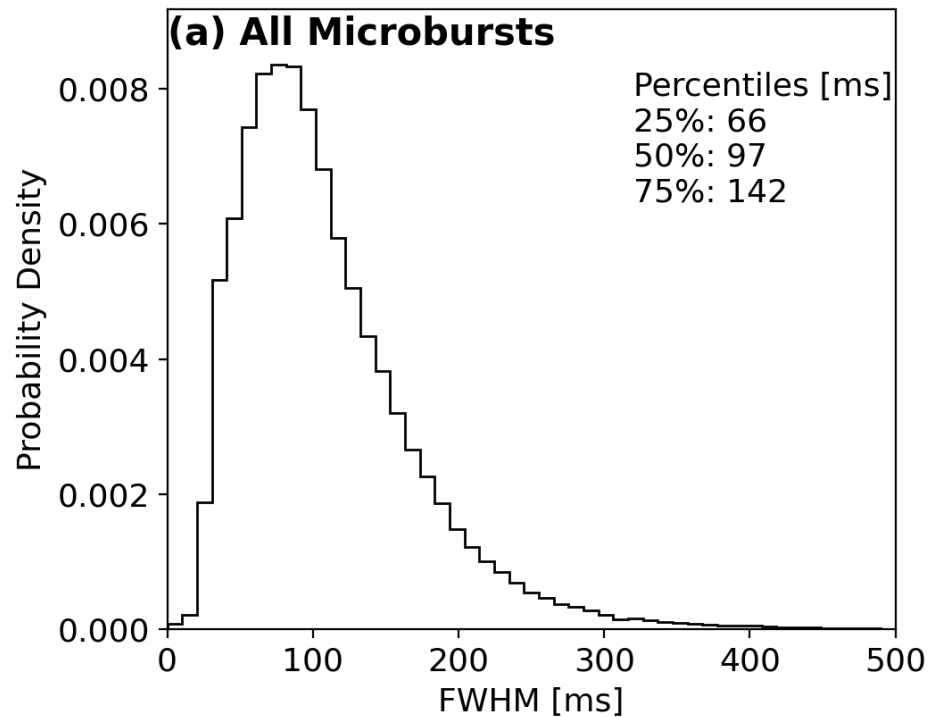
Microburst duration distributions using FIREBIRD-II

Mykhaylo Shumko

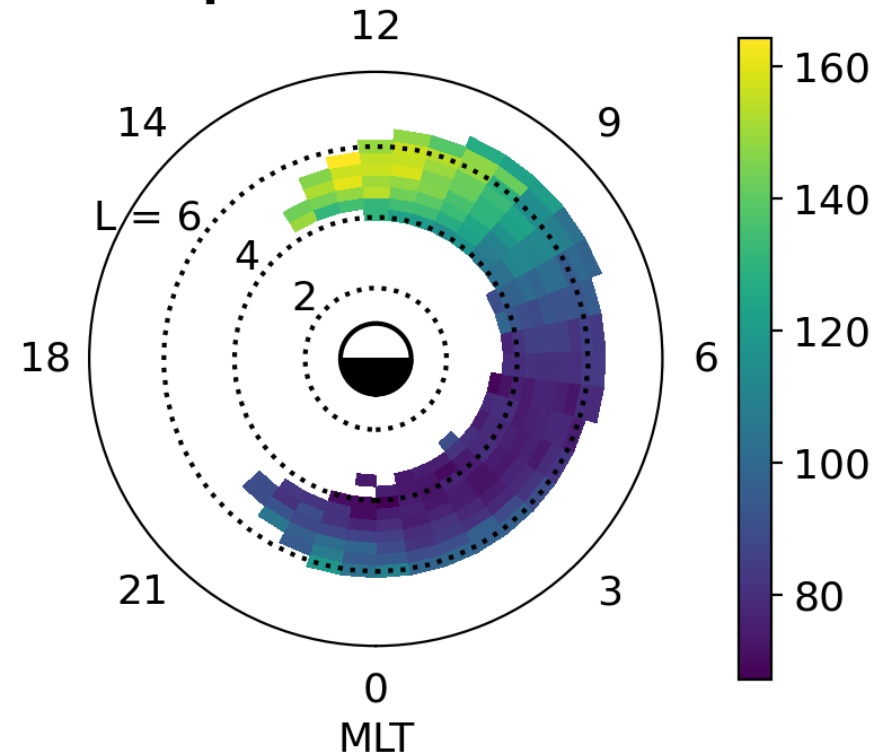
2023-01-30

Background: a follow-on study from the [Shumko et al., \(2021\)](#) SAMPEX study

- > 1 MeV microbursts have a \sim 100 ms duration.
- Doubles in MLT.

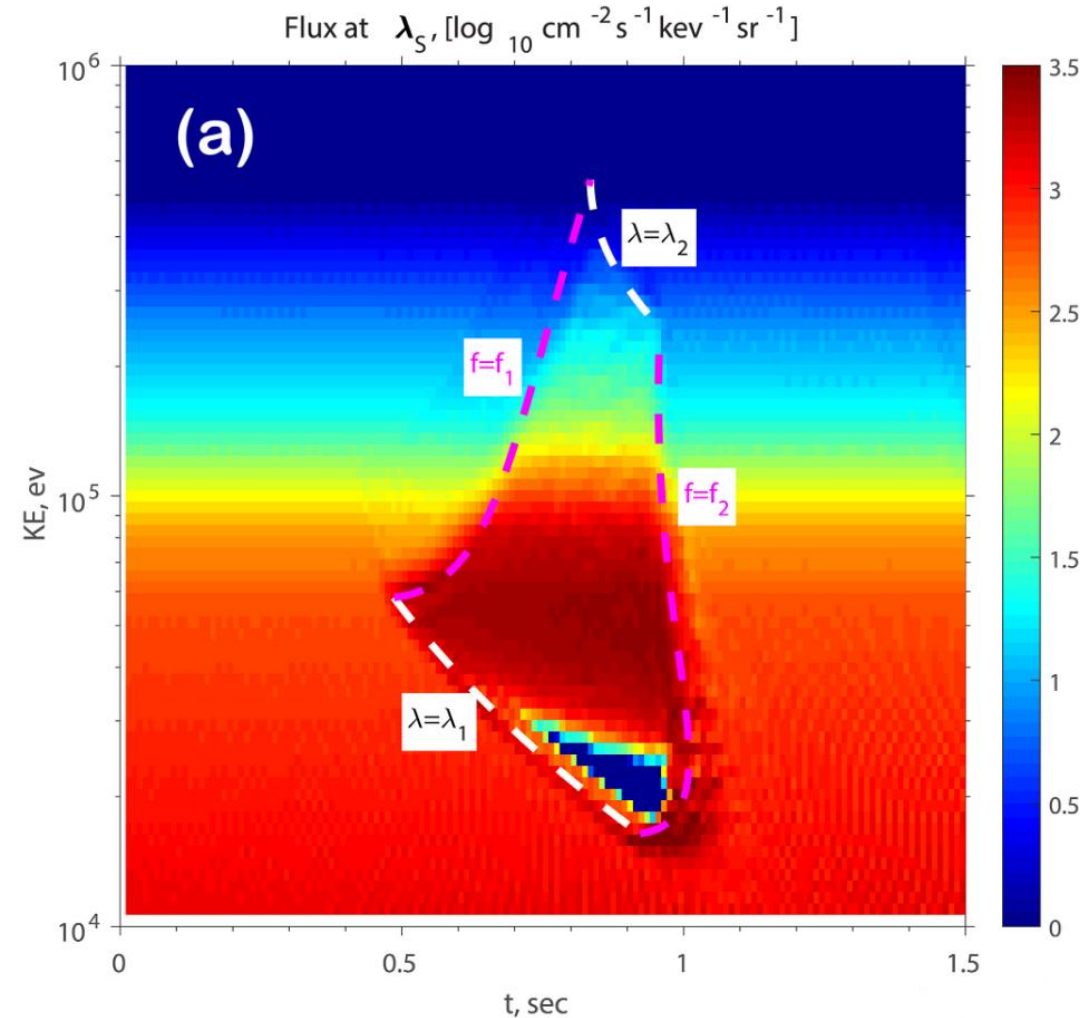


(a) 50th percentile



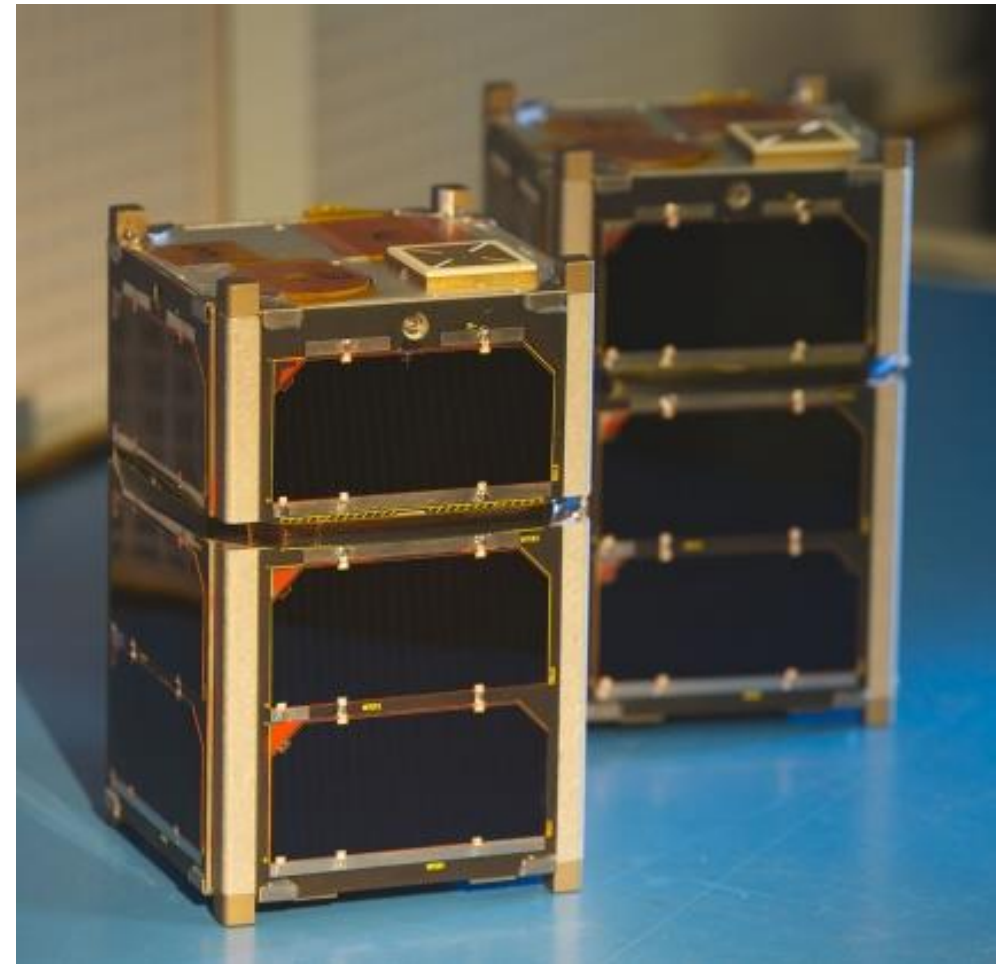
Background: a follow-on study from the Shumko et al., (2021) SAMPEX study

- What about as a function of energy?
- [Chen et al., \(2020\)](#) shows that the duration of the increased microburst flux has an energy dependence.
- Our hypothesis: microburst duration decreases for > 100 keV microbursts
- Will we see this in the FIREBIRD-II data?



Present study: microbursts observed by FIREBIRD-II.

- Pair of 1.5-U CubeSats launched in 2015.
- Collimated detector sensitive to 200 keV - > 1 MeV electrons in 6 energy channels
- Geometric factor $\sim 5 \text{ cm}^2 \text{ sr}$
- Programmable cadence from 12.5 to 50 ms.
- See [Johnson et al., \(2020\)](#) paper for more information



Fitting microbursts

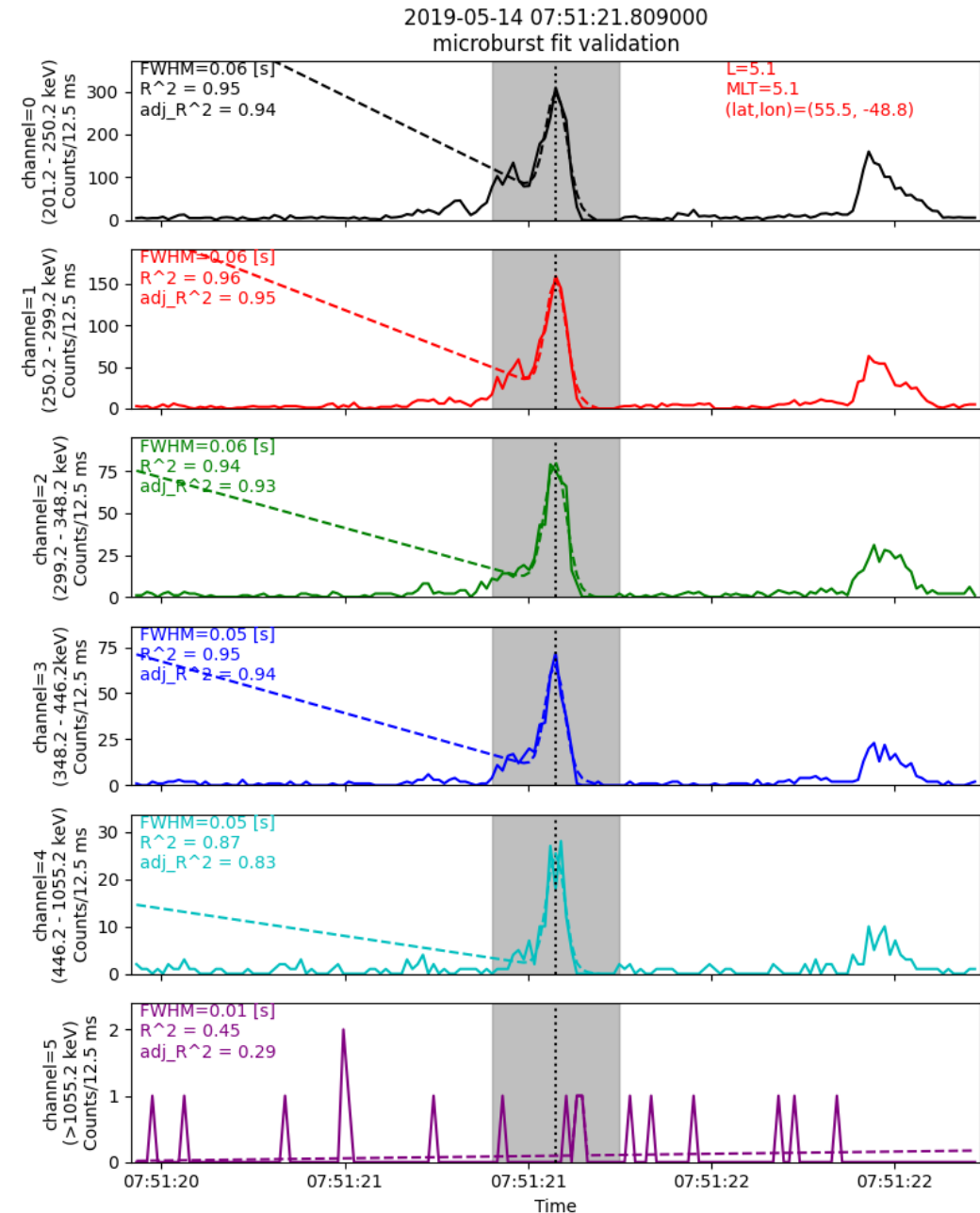
- Use only microbursts taken at a < 50 ms cadence
 - Including 18.75 & 12.50 ms cadence
 - Refer to [Johnson et al., \(2020\)](#) for cadence and campaign details (table 4)
- Identified via the burst parameter with > 10 threshold
- Resulting 1710 microbursts were fit with a Gaussian + linear trend

$$c(t|A, t_0, \sigma, c_0, c_1) = A e^{-\frac{(t-t_0)^2}{2\sigma^2}} + c_0 + c_1 t$$

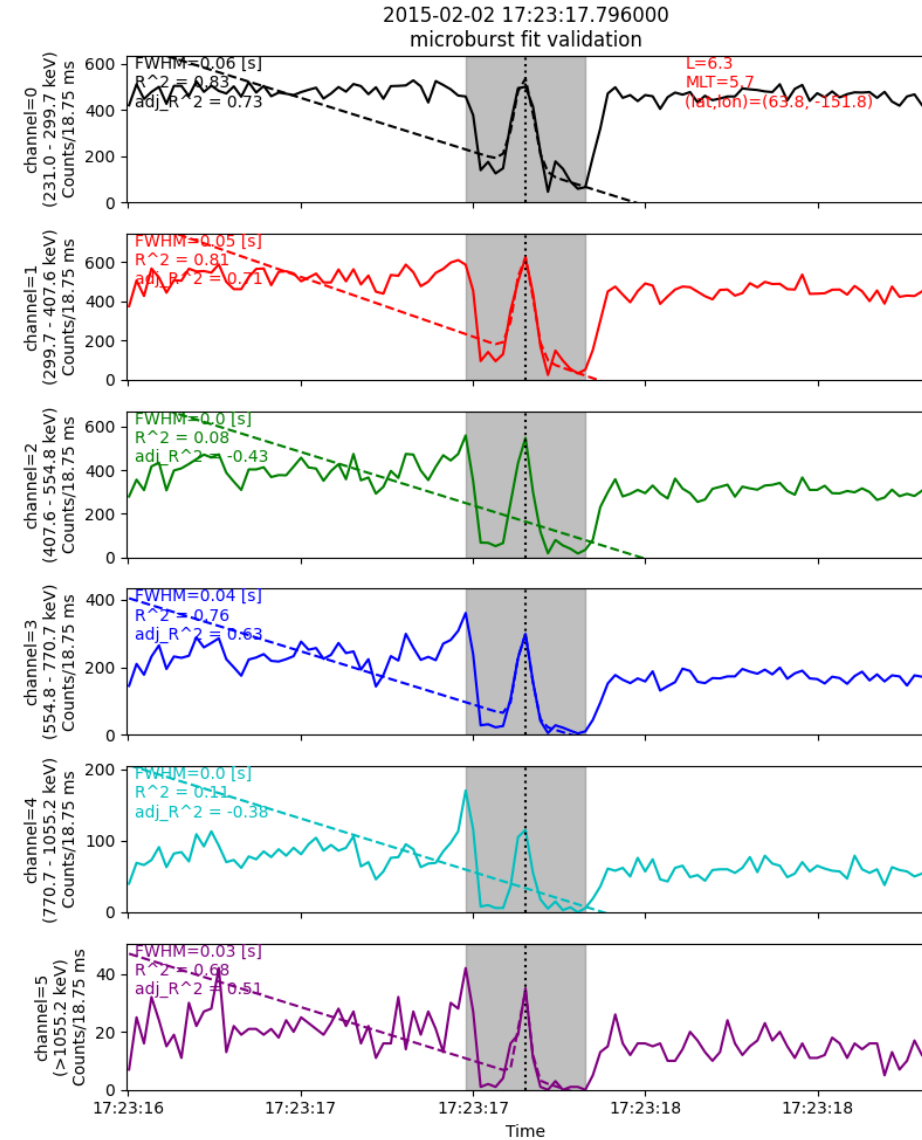
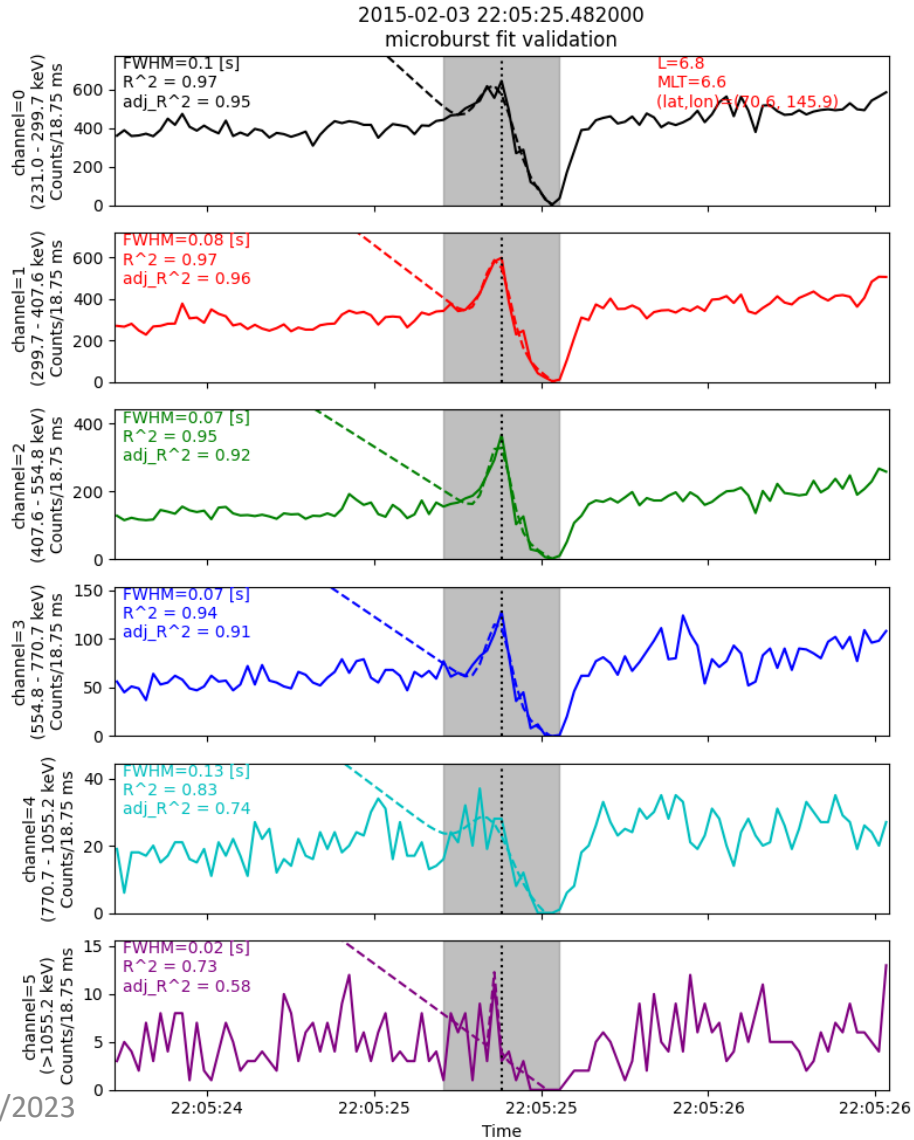
- Duration quantified by FWHM of the Gaussian
- Version 0 of the fit parameters:
 - Fit 0.3-seconds of data
 - Initial FWHM guess = 0.1-seconds
- Goodness of fit quantified by the R² and adjusted R² metrics.
- 650 microbursts with max(r²) > 0.9 across the 6 energy channels.

Good Examples

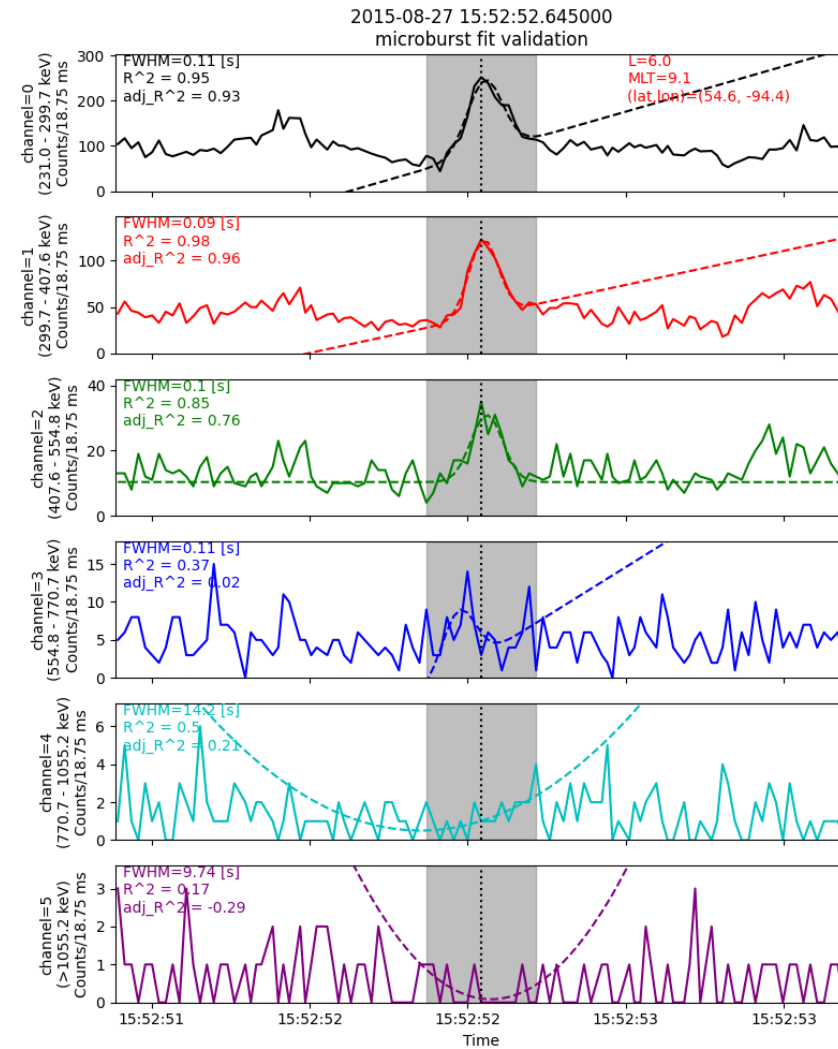
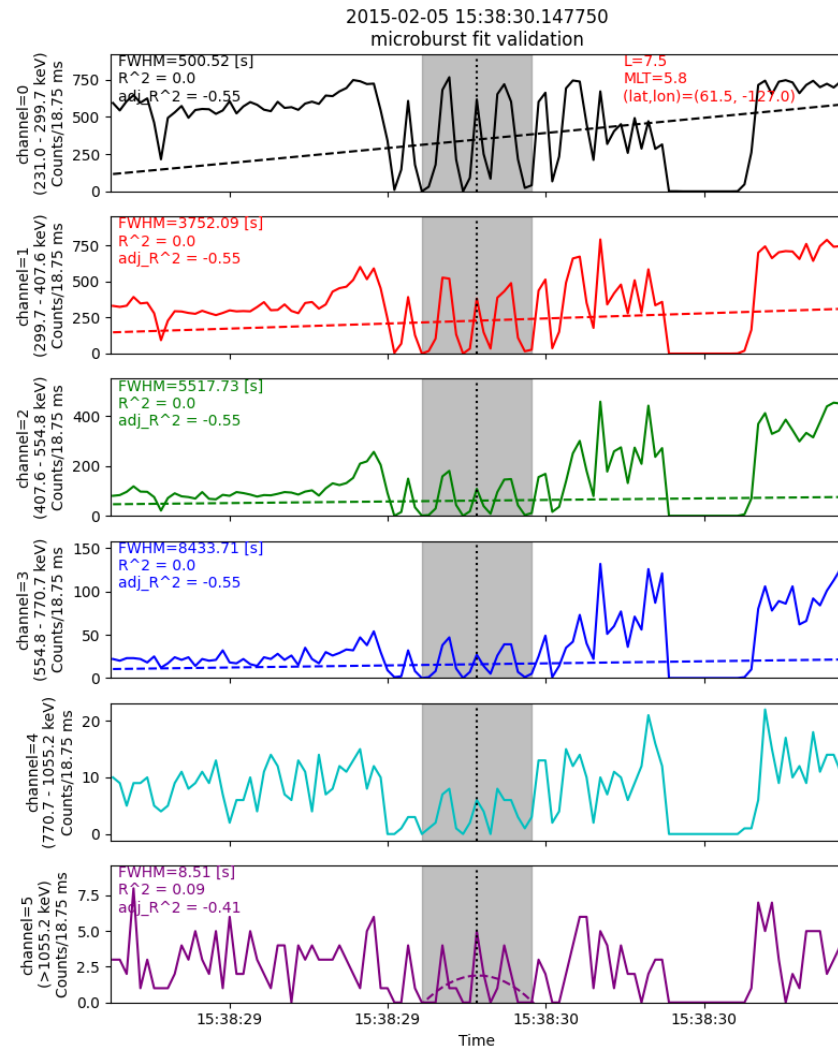
- Collimated counts vs time for all energy channels
- Solid lines show the data, dashed lines show the fit
- Fit duration shown by the grey bar
- Peak time in the 200 keV channel shown by the dotted black line
- Fit parameters for each channel shown on the left of each panel
- FIREBIRD location shown in the upper-right corner



Good Examples



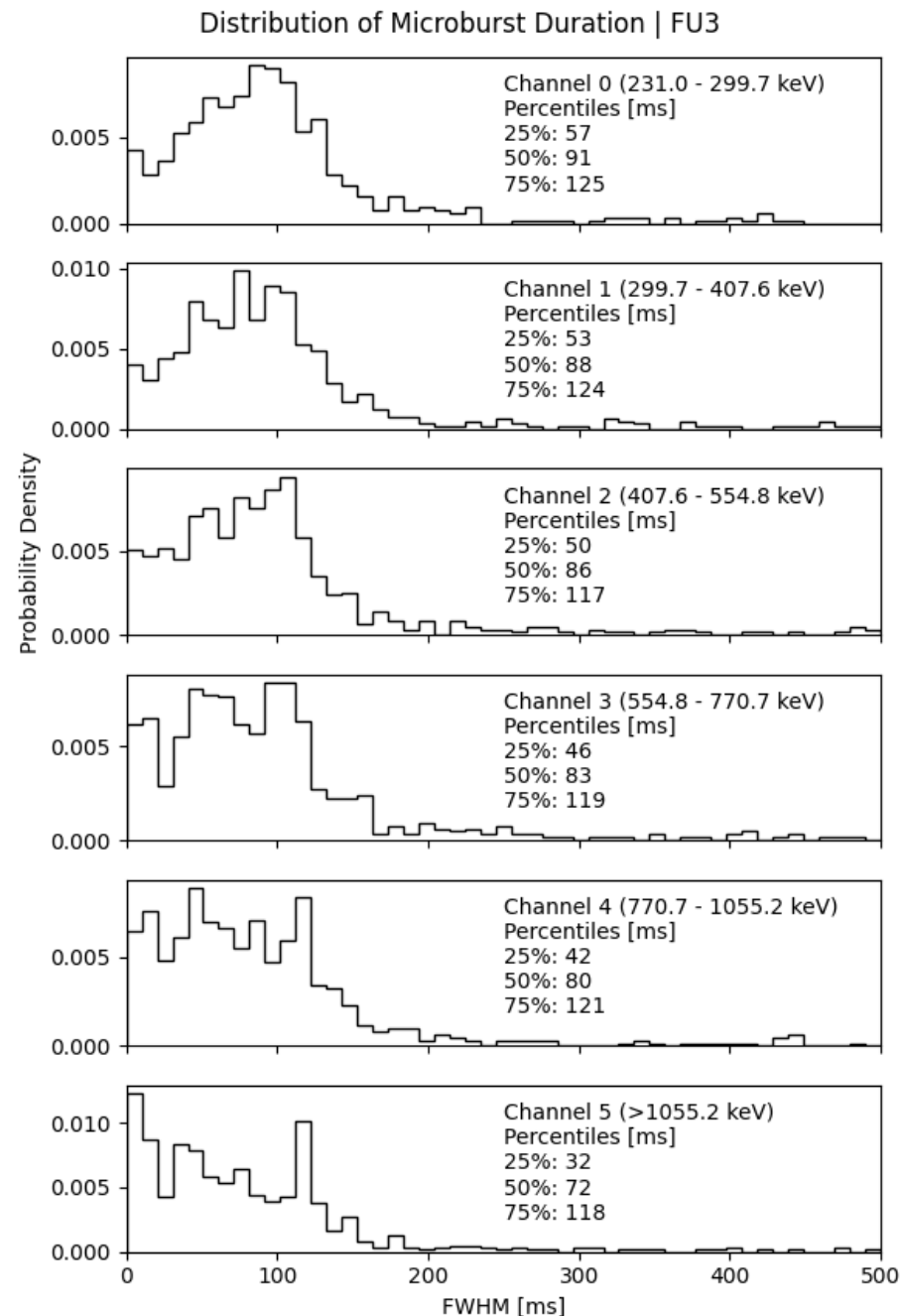
Bad fits



Duration Distributions

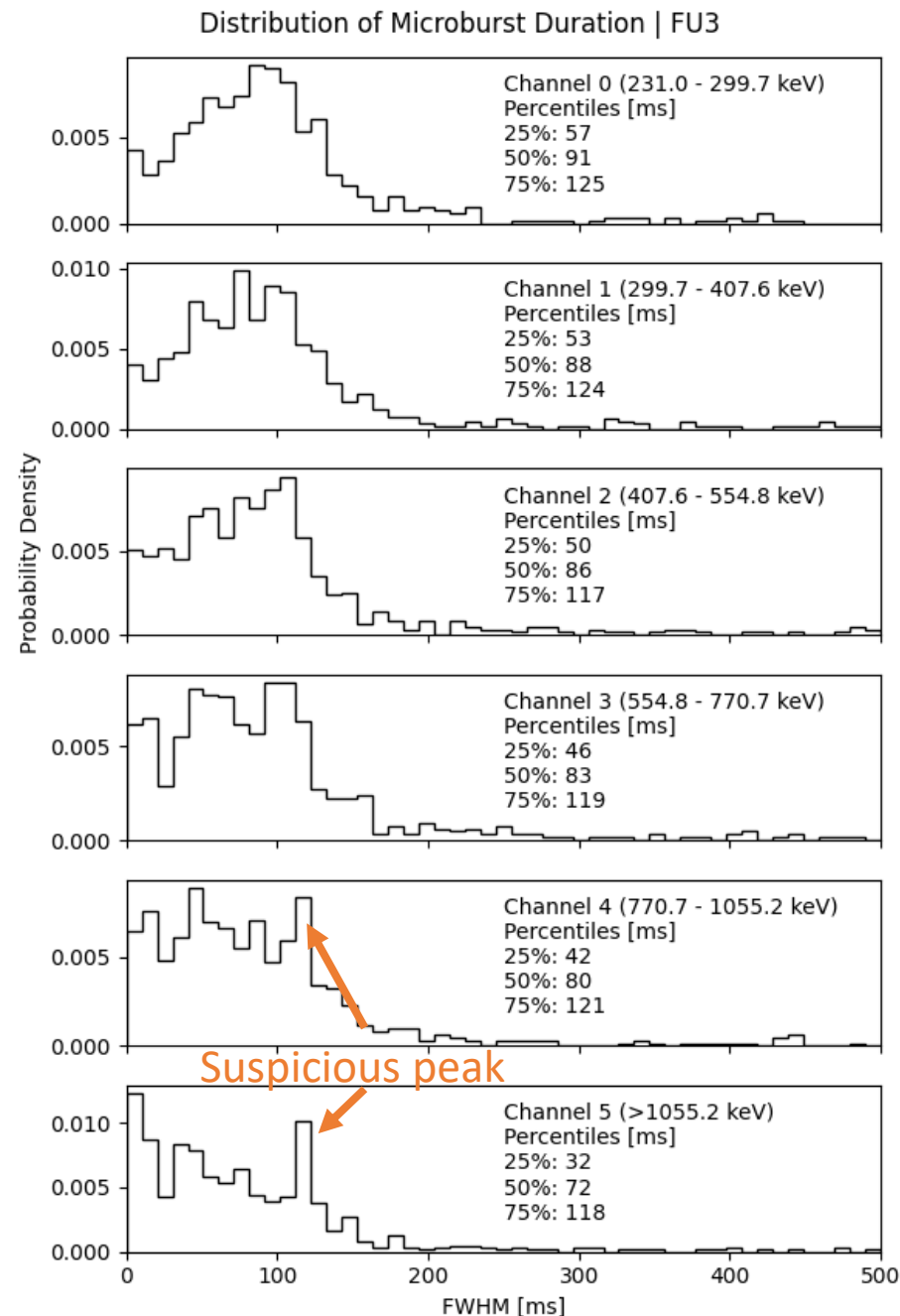
- Microburst fits were filtered
 - Each microburst $\max(R^2) > 0.9$ in all energy channels
- Distributions in channels 0-2 look believable
 - Durations slightly decrease in energy and are already narrower than SAMPEX.
 - Perhaps this can be attributed to the drastically different geometric factors of FIREBIRD-II and SAMPEX?
- Channels 3-5 don't look as nice.
- A suspicious peak around 120 ms. Most evident in 4th and 5th energy channel.
- Possible fit filtering modifications
 - Ensure that the 6 channel FWHMs are within X% of the mean FWHM
 - Check that the amplitudes are all positive
 - Use a 0s filter to remove dead time saturation

1/30/2023



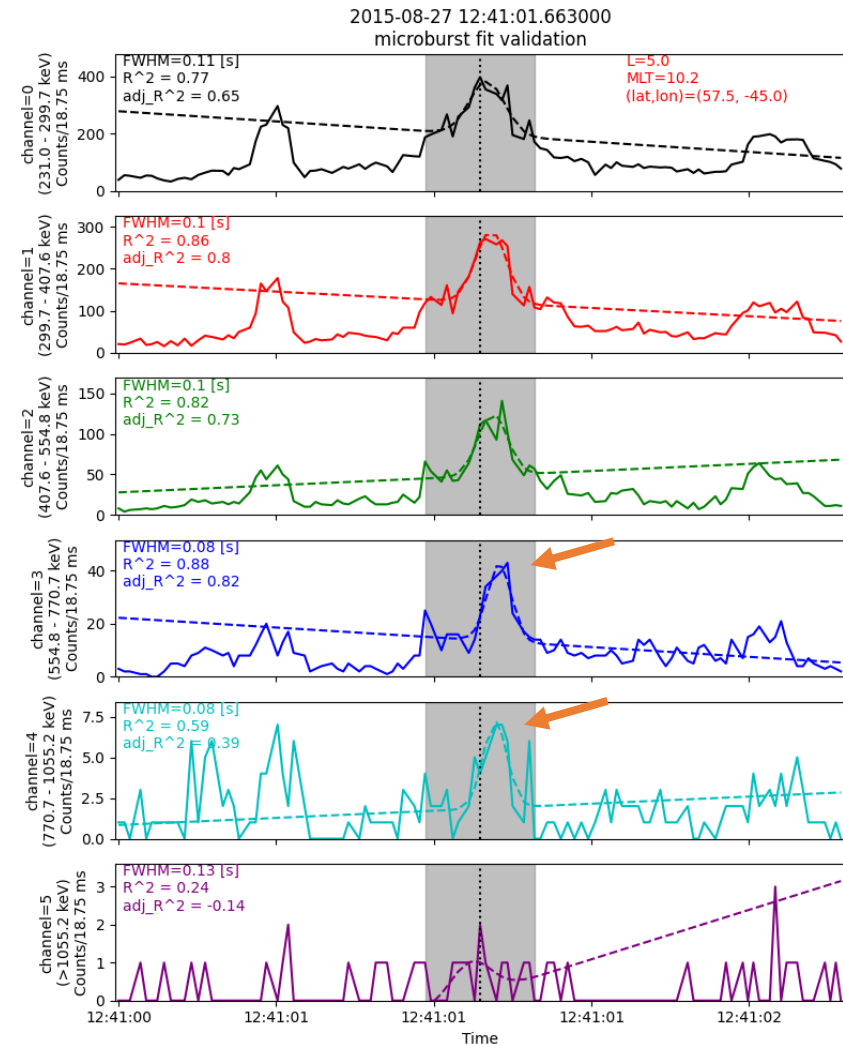
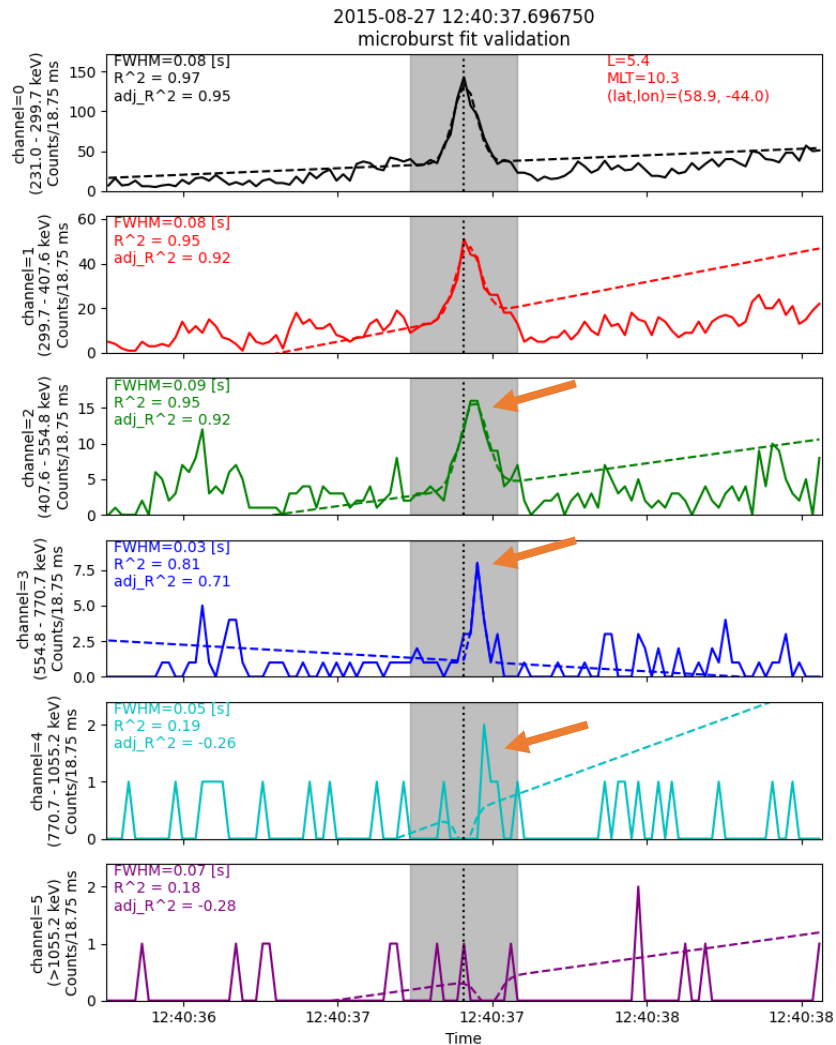
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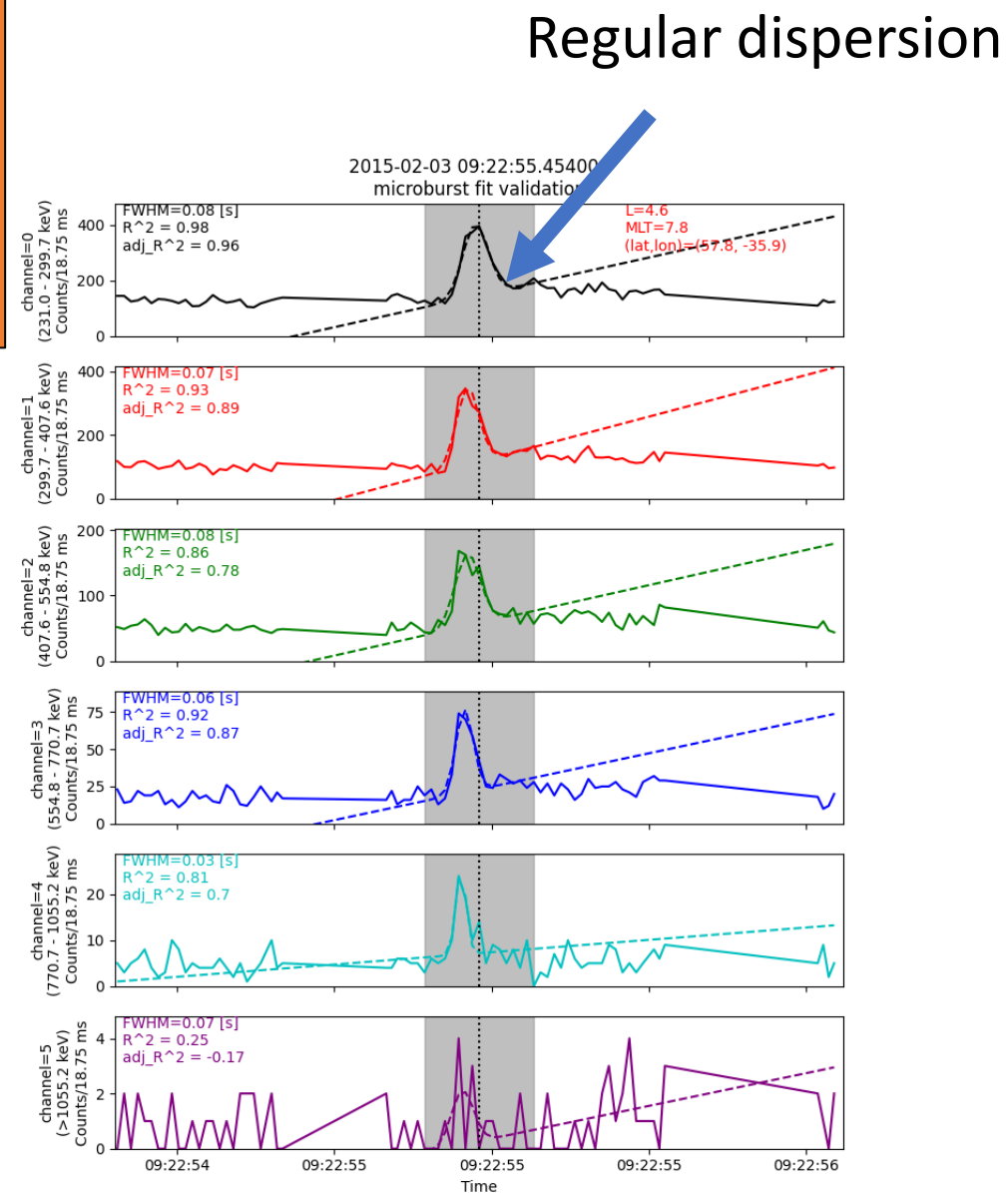
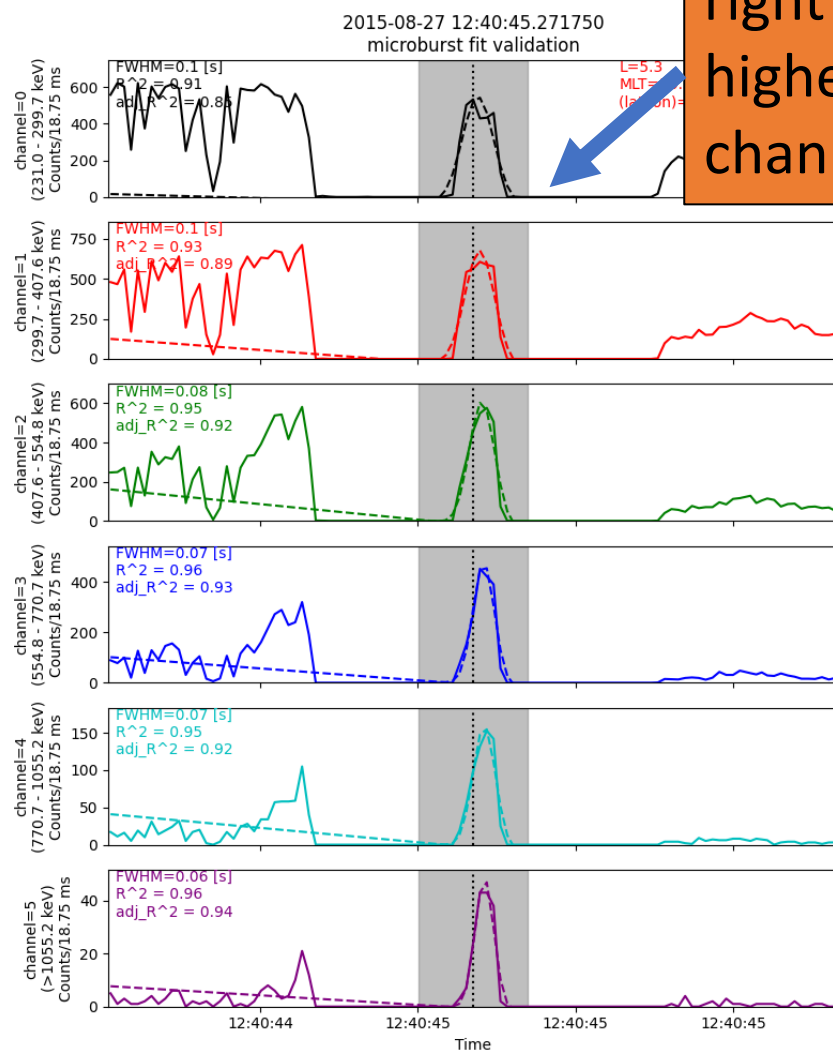
Inverse Dispersion?

I don't see saturation and I'm surprised that I didn't catch them earlier.



Dispersion?

Saturation?
Lower energy
channels dip
right as the
higher energy
channel peaks.



Impressions & Improvements

- Impressions
 - The 200-500 keV durations look nice and surprisingly don't change much in energy.
 - The > 1 MeV microburst durations should have been close to 100 ms, but the distribution looks wrong
- Improvements
 - Use my “number of 0's” based saturation filter to remove bad events.
 - Closely inspect the fits
 - Try out different fit initial guesses such as initial fwhm
 - Maybe could try this using the BARREL data?
- This presentation and code is on github:
https://github.com/mshumko/fbrbsp/tree/main/fbrbsp/microburst_durations & <https://github.com/mshumko/fbrbsp/tree/main/presentations>