Sample 5-5

周波数解析多変量量み込み

画像処理特論

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動作確認: MATLAB R2020a

Fourier analysis

Multivariate convolution

Advanced Topics in Image Processing

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Verified: MATLAB R2020a

準備

(Preparation)

close all

サンプル画像 $\{u[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$ の準備

(Preparation of sample image $\{u[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$)

```
% Reading original image
u = im2double(imread('cameraman.tif'));
figure(1)
imshow(u)
title('Original')
```



線形シフト不変システムのインパルス応答 $\{h[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$

(Impulse response of a linear shift-invariant system $\{h[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$

```
% Impulse response h[n]
ftype = "gaussian";
h = rot90(fspecial(ftype),2);
```

線形シフト不変システムの出力応答 $\{v[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$

(The linear shift-invariant system response $\{v[n]\}_n$)

畳み込み演算 (Convolution)

$$\{v[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}} = \{h[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}} * \{u[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}} = \sum_{\mathbf{k} \in \Omega \subset \mathbb{Z}^2} u[\mathbf{k}] \{h[\mathbf{n} - \mathbf{k}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$$

```
% Output v[n]
v = imfilter(u,h,'conv','full');
```

入力信号 $\{u[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$ のスペクトル

(Spectrum of input signal $\{u[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$)

$$U(e^{\mathbf{j}\boldsymbol{\omega}^T}) = \sum_{\mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^2} u[\mathbf{n}] e^{-\mathbf{j}\boldsymbol{\omega}^T n}, \ \boldsymbol{\omega} \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

DFT(FFT)によるDSFTの周波数サンプル計算 (Frequency sampling of DSFT by DFT (FFT))

$$U[\mathbf{k}] = U(e^{j\omega^T})|_{\omega = 2\pi \mathbf{Q}^{-T}\mathbf{k}}, \ \mathbf{k} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}^T)$$

関数FFTNを利用. (The function FFTN is used.)

```
% Setting the number of frequency sample points in [0,2\pi)^2 nPoints = pow2(nextpow2(size(u)+size(h)-1)); % The least power of two that matches the normal of Spectrum of u[n] U = fftn(u,nPoints);
```

フィルタ $\{h[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$ の周波数応答

(Frequency response of filter $\{h[n]\}_n$)

$$H(e^{j\omega^T}) = \sum_{\mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^2} h[\mathbf{n}] e^{-j\omega^T n}, \ \mathbf{\omega} \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

DFT(FFT)によるDSFTの周波数サンプル計算 (Frequency sampling of DSFT by DFT (FFT))

$$H[\mathbf{k}] = H^{\left(e^{j\omega^T}\right)}|_{\omega = 2\pi \mathbf{Q}^{-T}\mathbf{k}}, \ \mathbf{k} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}^T)$$

% Frequency response of h[n]

```
H = fftn(h,nPoints);
```

出力信号 $\{v[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$ のスペクトル

(Spectrum of input signal $\{v[n]\}_n$)

$$V(e^{j\omega^T}) = \sum_{\mathbf{n} \in \mathbb{Z}^2} v[\mathbf{n}] e^{-j\omega^T n}, \ \mathbf{\omega} \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

DFT(FFT)によるDSFTの周波数サンプル計算 (Frequency sampling of DSFT by DFT (FFT))

$$V[\mathbf{k}] = V\left(e^{j\omega^T}\right)\big|_{\omega = 2\pi\mathbf{Q}^{-T}\mathbf{k}}, \ \mathbf{k} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}^T)$$

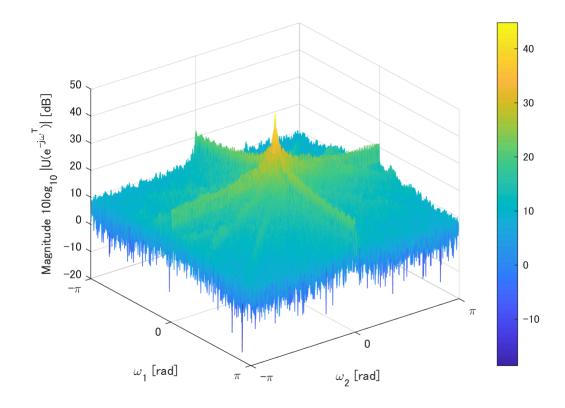
```
% Frequency response of v[n]
V = fftn(v,nPoints);
```

スペクトルと周波数応答の表示

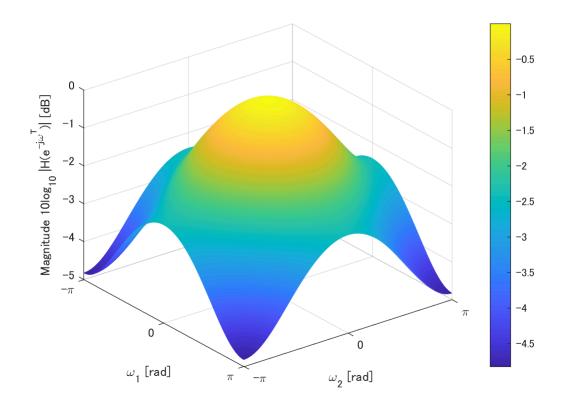
(Display of spectra and frequency response)

$$V(e^{j\omega^T}) = H(e^{j\omega^T})U(e^{j\omega^T})$$

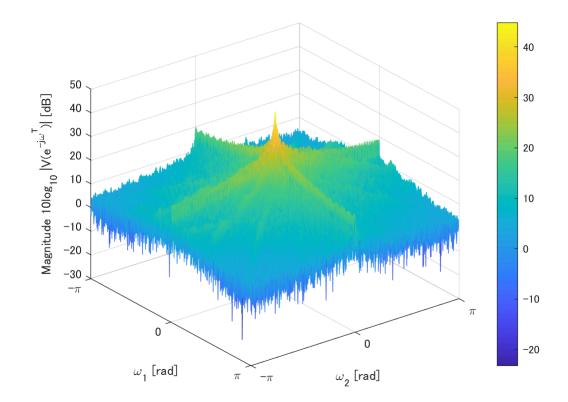
```
% Frequency sample points
[w1,w2] = meshgrid(-pi:2*pi/nPoints(1):pi-2*pi/nPoints(1),-pi:2*pi/nPoints(2):pi-2*pi/nPoints(2)
% Display of spectrum U
figure(2)
mesh(w1,w2,10*log10(abs(fftshift(U))))
ax = gca;
xlabel('\omega_2 [rad]')
ylabel('\omega_1 [rad]')
zlabel('Magnitude 10\log_{10} |U(e^{-j\omega^T})| [dB]')
axis ij
ax.XLim = [-pi pi];
ax.XTick = [ -pi 0 pi ];
ax.XTickLabel = { '-\pi', '0', '\pi'};
ax.YLim = [-pi pi];
ax.YTick = [ -pi 0 pi ];
ax.YTickLabel = { '-\pi', '0', '\pi'};
colorbar(ax)
```



```
% Display of Freq. response H
figure(3)
mesh(w1,w2,10*log10(abs(fftshift(H))))
ax = gca;
xlabel('\omega_2 [rad]')
ylabel('\omega_1 [rad]')
zlabel('Magnitude 10log_{10} | H(e^{-j\omega^T})| [dB]')
axis ij
ax.XLim = [-pi pi];
ax.XTick = [ -pi 0 pi ];
ax.XTickLabel = { '-\pi', '0', '\pi'};
ax.YLim = [-pi pi];
ax.YLim = [-pi pi];
ax.YTick = [ -pi 0 pi ];
ax.YTickLabel = { '-\pi', '0', '\pi'};
colorbar(ax)
```



```
% Display of Freq. response V
figure(4)
mesh(w1,w2,10*log10(abs(fftshift(V))))
ax = gca;
xlabel('\omega_2 [rad]')
ylabel('\omega_1 [rad]')
zlabel('Magnitude 10log_{10} |V(e^{-j\omega^T})| [dB]')
axis ij
ax.XLim = [-pi pi];
ax.XTick = [ -pi 0 pi ];
ax.XTickLabel = { '-\pi', '0', '\pi'};
ax.YLim = [-pi pi];
ax.YTick = [ -pi 0 pi ];
ax.YTickLabel = { '-\pi', '0', '\pi'};
colorbar(ax)
```



線形シフト不変システムの解析

(Analysis of linear shift-invariant systems)

周波数応答(Frequency response)の表示

$$H^{\left(e^{\mathbf{j}\boldsymbol{\omega}^T}\right)} = H(\mathbf{z})\big|_{\mathbf{z}=e^{\mathbf{j}\boldsymbol{\omega}^T}}, \ \boldsymbol{\omega} \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

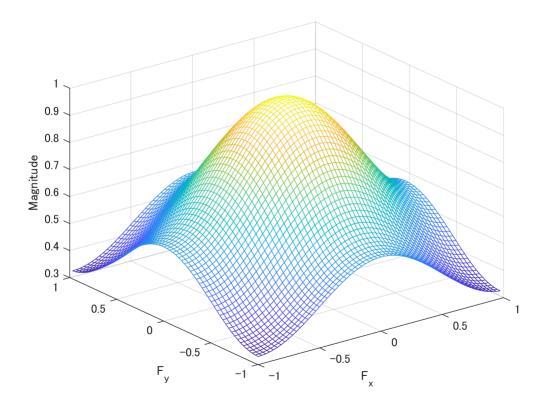
• 振幅応答 (Magnitude response): $|H^{\left(e^{\mathbf{j}\omega^{T}}\right)}|$

• 位相応答 (Phase response): $\angle H^{\left(e^{\mathbf{j}\omega^T}\right)}$

2変量周波数振幅応答の表示関数FREQZ2を利用. (Using FREQZ2, a display function for bivariate frequency magnitude responses.)

figure(5)

freqz2(h)



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