Sample 8-5

離散コサイン変換

DFTとの関係

画像処理特論

村松 正吾

動作確認: MATLAB R2020a

Discrete cosine transform

Relation to DFT

Advanced Topics in Image Processing

Shogo MURAMATSU

Verified: MATLAB R2020a

準備

(Preparation)

close all

DCT 行列

(DCT matrix)

$$[\mathbf{C}_{M}]_{k,n} = \sqrt{\frac{2}{M}} \alpha_{k} \cos \frac{k(n+1/2)\pi}{M}, \ k, n = 0, 1, \dots, M-1$$

$$\alpha_k = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} & k = 0\\ 1 & k = 1, 2, \dots, M - 1 \end{cases}$$

```
% DCT points
nPoints = 4;
C = dctmtx(nPoints)
```

```
C = 4 \times 4
   0.5000
             0.5000
                     0.5000
                                0.5000
                    -0.2706
   0.6533
            0.2706
                              -0.6533
                    -0.5000
   0.5000
           -0.5000
                               0.5000
   0.2706
           -0.6533
                     0.6533
                              -0.2706
```

OTDFT行列

(OTDFT matrix)

OTDFTはDCTと深い関係にある。(OTDFT is closely related to DCT.)

OTDFT: Odd-time discrete Fourier transform (GDFT w/ a = 0, b = 1/2)

• 一般化DFT (GDFT: generalized DFT)

$$X_N^{(a,b)}[k] = \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} x[n]W_N^{(k+a)(n+b)}, \ k = 0, 1, \dots, N-1$$

• OTDFT行列 (OTDFT matrix)

$$\left[\mathbf{W}_{N}^{\left(0,\frac{1}{2}\right)}\right]_{k,n} = e^{-j\frac{\pi}{N}k} e^{-j\frac{2\pi}{N}kn}$$

```
% DFT points
nPointsDft = 2 * nPoints;

% OTDFT matrix
k=0:nPointsDft-1;
Wdft = dftmtx(nPointsDft);
Lambda = diag(exp(-1j*pi/nPointsDft*k));
Wotdft = Lambda * Wdft
```

OTDFT によるDCT

(DCT through OTDFT)

OTDFTとDCTの関係 (Relation between OTDFT and DCT)

$$\left[\mathbf{C}_{M}\right]_{k,n} = \frac{\alpha_{k}}{\sqrt{2M}} \left[\mathbf{W}_{2M}^{\left(0,\frac{1}{2}\right)} \mathbf{E}_{M}\right]_{k,n}, \ k, n = 0, 1, \cdots, M - 1$$

ただし、 \mathbf{E}_{M} は対称拡張行列 (where \mathbf{E}_{M} is the symmetric extension matrix defined by)

$$\mathbf{E}_{M} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \cdots & 0 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & \cdots & 1 \\ \vdots & \vdots & \ddots & \vdots \\ 0 & 1 & \cdots & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & \cdots & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

である。

```
% Symmetric extension matrix
E = [ eye(nPoints) ; fliplr(eye(nPoints)) ]
E = 8 \times 4
              0
                   0
    1
         0
    0
         1
             0
                  0
    0
        0 1
                  0
    0
      0 0
                 1
      0 0
    0
      0 1 0
         1
            0
                  0
                   0
% DCT matrix through OTDFT
D = 1/sqrt(2*nPoints)*...
    diag([1/sqrt(2) ones(1,nPoints-1) ])*...
    Wotdft(1:nPoints,:)*E
D = 4 \times 4 complex
  0.5000 + 0.0000i 0.5000 + 0.0000i 0.5000 + 0.0000i 0.5000 + 0.0000i
```

誤差の評価 (Evaluation of error)

```
norm(D-C, 'Fro')
```

```
ans = 4.8552e-16
```

Wdft による変換(DFT)には、高速フーリエ変換(FFT)を適用できる。(The Fast Fourier Transform (FFT) can be applied to the transform with Wdft (DFT).)

© Copyright, Shogo MURAMATSU, All rights reserved.