

Sample 10-5

冗長変換

ℓ_0 -ノルム最小化

画像処理特論

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動作確認: MATLAB R2023a

Redundant transforms

ℓ_0 -norm minimization

Advanced Topics in Image Processing

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Verified: MATLAB R2023a

準備

(Preparation)

```
close all
```

非線形近似の設定

(Settings of non-linear approximation)

```
% # of Coefs.  
K = 32;  
  
% 直交マッチング追跡(OMP)法／マッチング追跡(MP)法  
isOmp = true;
```

入力信号の生成

(Generation of input sequence)

```
% # of input samples  
nSamples = 128;  
  
% Random process in AR(1) model  
rng('default');  
w = 0.1*randn(nSamples,1);  
w(floor(end/2)) = 1;  
u = filter(1,[1 -0.95],w);
```

合成辞書

(Synthesis dictionary)

$$\begin{aligned} f_0 &= [1 \ 1]/2; \\ f_1 &= [-1 \ 1]/2; \end{aligned}$$

```
nF = max(length(f0),length(f1));
X = [zeros(nF-1,nSamples-nF+1) eye(nF-1); eye(nSamples)]; % Circular extension
matrix
C = [zeros(nSamples,nF-1) eye(nSamples) zeros(nSamples,nF-1)]; % Clipping matrix

% Atoms in (circular) convolution matrix
d0 = C*convmtx(f0.',nSamples+nF-1)*X;
d1 = C*convmtx(f1.',nSamples+1)*X;
```

辞書 (Dictionary) D

```
D = zeros(nSamples,2*nSamples);
D(:,1:2:end) = d0;
D(:,2:2:end) = d1;
disp(D)
```

[illegible]

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

ℓ_0 -擬ノルム最小化による非線形近似

(Non-linear approximation with ℓ_0 -pseudo-norm minimization)

$$\hat{s} = \arg \min_{s \in \mathbb{R}^L} \|s\|_0 \quad \text{s.t.} \quad \mathbf{v} = \mathbf{D}s$$

貪欲法による分析処理と係数選択 (Analysis process and coefficient selection by a greedy algorithm)

- マッチング追跡法 (Matching Pursuit; MP)
- 直交マッチング追跡法 (Orthogonal MP; OMP)

```
% Initializaton
M = size(D,2);
e = ones(M,1);
a = zeros(M,1);
g = zeros(M,1);
s = zeros(M,1);
v = zeros(nSamples,1);
r = u - v;
supp = [];
k = 0;
while k < K
    % Matching process
    rr = r.'*r;
    for m = 1:M %setdiff(1:M,supp)
        d = D(:,m);
        g(m) = d.'*r; % ym=<dm,r>
        a(m) = g(m)/(d.'*d); % Normalize am=ym/||dm||^2
        e(m) = rr - a(m); % <r-dm/||dm||^2,r> %
    end

    % Minimum value search (pursuit)
    [~,mmin]= min(e);
    % Update the support
    supp = union(supp,mmin);
    if isOmp % Orthogonal Matching Pursuit
        Ds = D(:,supp);
        s(supp) = pinv(Ds) * u;
        k = k + 1;
    else % Matching Pursuit
        s(mmin) = s(mmin) + a(mmin);
        k = length(supp);
    end
end
% Synthesis process
v = D*s;
```

```

    % Residual
    r = u - v;
end

```

近似結果 (Approximation result)

```
v = D*s;
```

近似誤差 (Residual)

```
r = u - v;
```

グラフ描画

(Graph plot)

```

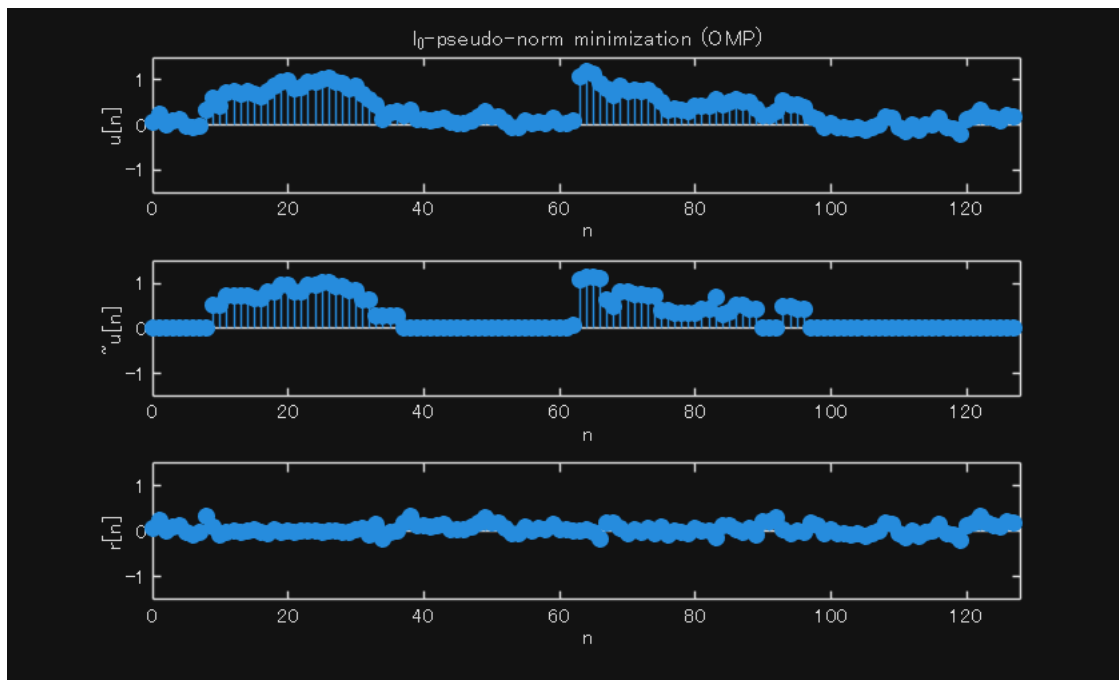
figure(1)

% Input
subplot(3,1,1)
stem(0:nSamples-1,u,'filled')
axis([0 nSamples -1.5 1.5])
xlabel('n')
ylabel('u[n]')
if isOmp
    method = '(OMP)';
else
    method = '(MP)';
end
title(['l_0-pseudo-norm minimization ' method])

% NLA
subplot(3,1,2)
stem(0:nSamples-1,v,'filled')
axis([0 nSamples -1.5 1.5])
xlabel('n')
ylabel('~u[n]')

% Residual
subplot(3,1,3)
stem(0:nSamples-1,r,'filled')
axis([0 nSamples -1.5 1.5])
xlabel('n')
ylabel('r[n]')

```



MSE 評価 (MSE evaluation)

```
mymse = @(x,y) mean((x(:)-y(:)).^2);
fprintf('mse = %f\n',mymse(u,v));
```

```
mse = 0.013168
```

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