Sample 5-6

周波数解析

多変量循環畳み込み

画像処理特論

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動作確認: MATLAB R2020a

Fourier analysis

Multivariate circular convolution

Advanced Topics in Image Processing

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Verified: MATLAB R2020a

準備

(Preparation)

close all

サンプル画像 $\{u[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$ の準備

(Preparation of sample image $\{u[n]\}_n$)

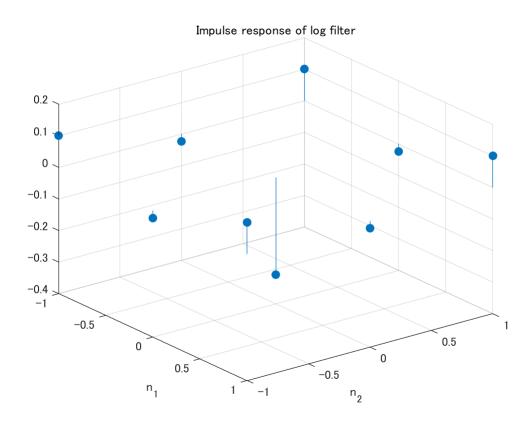
```
% Reading original image
u = im2double(imread('cameraman.tif'));
figure(1)
imshow(u)
title('Original')
```



線形シフト不変システムのインパルス応答 $\{h[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$

(Impulse response of a linear shift-invariant system $\{h[n]\}_n$

```
% Impulse response h[n]
hsize1 = 3;
hsize2 = 3;
sigma = 1;
ftype = "log";
h = rot90(fspecial(ftype,[hsize1 hsize2],sigma),2);
figure(2)
[n1,n2] = meshgrid(-floor((hsize2-1)/2):ceil((hsize2-1)/2),-floor((hsize1-1)/2):ceil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):teil((hsize1-1)/2):t
```



周期行列 \mathbf{Q} の循環畳み込みの出力応答 $\{v[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$

(Output response $\{v[n]\}_n$ of circular convolution with period Q)

循環畳み込み演算 (Circular convolution)

$$\{\nu[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}} = \{h[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}} \bigcirc \{u[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}} = \sum_{\mathbf{k} \in \Omega \subset \mathbb{Z}^2} u[\mathbf{k}] \{h[((\mathbf{n} - \mathbf{k}))_{\mathbf{Q}}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$$

% Setting the period N

```
nPeriod1 =258;
nPeriod2 =258;
nPeriod = [nPeriod1 nPeriod2];
nZeroPadding = [nPeriod1 nPeriod2] - size(u);

% Zero padding
uzpd = padarray(u,nZeroPadding,0,'post');
figure(3)
imshow(uzpd)
```



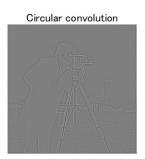
```
% Output v[n]
v = imfilter(uzpd,h,'conv','circ');
```

畳み込み演算との比較

(Comparison with convolution)

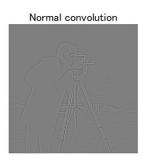
```
% Normal convolution
w = imfilter(u,h,'conv','full');

% v[n]
figure(4)
imshow(v+(min(v(:))<0)/2)
title('Circular convolution')</pre>
```



```
% w[n]
```

figure(5) imshow(w+(min(w(:))<0)/2) title('Normal convolution')</pre>



通常の畳み込みと循環畳み込みが一致する条件

(The condition that normal convolution and circular convolution match)

$$\exists \mathbf{m} \in \mathbb{Z}^D \text{ s.t. } \{\mathbf{n} + \mathbf{m} | \mathbf{n} \in \Omega_{\mathbf{v}}\} \subseteq \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q})$$

$$\Omega_{v} = \{\mathbf{n} + \mathbf{k} | \mathbf{n} \in \Omega_{u}, \mathbf{k} \in \Omega_{h}\}\$$

ただし、(where)

- Ω_v: 出力のサポート領域 (Output support region)
- Ω_h: インパルス応答のサポート領域 (Support region of impulse response)
- Ω_u: 入力のサポート領域 (Input support region)

以下では周期行列 ${f Q}$ を対角行列 (In the following, the periodic matrix ${f Q}$ is set to a diagonal matrix)

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} N_1 & 0 \\ 0 & N_2 \end{pmatrix}$$

に設定する. すなわち, (That is,)

$$\mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}) = \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}^T) = \{0, 1, 2, \dots, N_1 - 1\} \times \{0, 1, 2, \dots, N_2 - 1\}$$

$$N = |\mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q})| = |\det(\mathbf{Q})| = N_1 N_2$$

ただし、 $\Omega_u \subseteq \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q})$ を仮定する. (and $\Omega_u \subseteq \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q})$ is assumed.)

【Example】もし、(If)

$$\Omega_{\rm u} = \{0, 1, 2, \cdots, L_{\rm u1} - 1\} \times \{0, 1, 2, \cdots, L_{\rm u2} - 1\}$$

$$\Omega_{\rm h} = \{-1, 0, 1\} \times \{-1, 0, 1\}$$

ならば, (then,)

$$\Omega_{v} = \{\,-1,0,1,2,\cdots,L_{u1}\} \times \{\,-1,0,1,2,\cdots,L_{u2}\}.$$

```
よって、(Therefore, from) \left\{\mathbf{n} + (1,1)^T | \mathbf{n} \in \Omega_v \right\} = \{0,1,2,\cdots,L_{u1}+1\} \times \{0,1,2,\cdots,L_{u2}+1\}, より、N_1 \geq L_{u1}+2, \ N_2 \geq L_{u2}+2,
```

ならば、通常と畳み込みと循環畳み込みの結果が一致する. (then, the results of normal, convolution and circular convolution are consistent.)

```
% Adjusting the sizes for evaluation
dsz = size(v) - size(w);
if dsz(1) > 0
    vc = v;
    wc = padarray(w,[dsz(1) 0],0,'post');
else
    WC = W;
    vc = padarray(v,[-dsz(1) 0],0,'post');
end
if dsz(2) > 0
    wc = padarray(wc, [0 dsz(2)], 0, 'post');
else
    vc = padarray(vc, [0 - dsz(2)], 0, 'post');
end
% Compensate the circular shift
wc = circshift(wc,-ceil((size(h)-1)/2));
% Sizes and MSE
mymse = @(x,y) mean((double(x)-double(y)).^2, 'all');
                         N1 = %d, N2 = %d',nPeriod1,nPeriod2);
fprintf('Period:
```

```
Period: N1 = 258, N2 = 258
```

```
fprintf('Size of image: Lu1 = %d, Lu2 = %d',size(u,1),size(u,2));
```

Size of image: Lu1 = 256, Lu2 = 256

```
fprintf('Size of filter: Lh1 = %d, Lh2 = %d',size(h,1),size(h,2));
```

Size of filter: Lh1 = 3, Lh2 = 3

```
fprintf('MSE: %f', mymse(vc,wc))
```

MSE: 0.000000

入力信号 $\{u[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$ の DFT

(DFT of input signal $\{u[n]\}_n$)

$$U[\mathbf{k}] = \sum_{\mathbf{n} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q})} u[\mathbf{n}] e^{-j2\pi \mathbf{k}^T \mathbf{Q}^{-1} \mathbf{n}}, \ \mathbf{k} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}^T)$$

```
% DFT of u[n]
U = fftn(u,nPeriod);
```

フィルタ $\{h[\mathbf{n}]\}_{\mathbf{n}}$ の DFT

(DFT of impulse response $\{h[n]\}_n$)

$$H[\mathbf{k}] = \sum_{\mathbf{n} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q})} h[\mathbf{n}] e^{-j2\pi \mathbf{k}^T \mathbf{Q}^{-1} \mathbf{n}}, \ \mathbf{k} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}^T)$$

```
% DFT of h[n]
H = fftn(h,nPeriod);
```

出力信号 $\{v[n]\}_n$ の DFT

(DFT of output signal $\{v[n]\}_n$)

$$V[\mathbf{k}] = \sum_{\mathbf{n} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q})} v[\mathbf{n}] e^{-j2\pi \mathbf{k}^T \mathbf{Q}^{-1} \mathbf{n}}, \ \mathbf{k} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}^T)$$

```
% Frequency response of v[n]
V = fftn(v,nPeriod);
```

DFT 積

(DFT product)

 $V[\mathbf{k}] = H[\mathbf{k}]U[\mathbf{k}], \ \mathbf{k} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q})$

循環畳み込みとの比較 (Comparison with circular convolution)

```
% IDFT of DFT product
y = ifftn(H.*U);
% Compensate the circular shift
y = circshift(y,-ceil((size(h)-1)/2));
% MSE with the cconv result 'v'
fprintf('MSE: %f', mymse(v,y))
```

MSE: 0.000000

循環畳み込みのスペクトルノルム

(Spectral norm of the circular convolution)

$$\|\mathbf{T}\|_2 = \sigma_1(\mathbf{T}) = \max_{\mathbf{k} \in \mathcal{N}(\mathbf{Q}^T)} |H[\mathbf{k}]|$$

ただし、(where)

• σ₁(T): Τの最大特異値. (Maximum singular value of T)

```
% Definition of map T as a circular convolution with h[n]
mapT = @(x) imfilter(x,h,'conv','circ');
```

2変量循環畳み込みの行列表現

(Matrix representation of the bivariate circular convolution)

```
% Redefining the period
N1 = 8;
N2 = 8;
% Find the matrix representation of the circular convolution
N = N1*N2;
T = zeros(N);
for idx = 1:N
    % Generating a standard basis vector
    e = zeros(N1,N2);
    e(idx) = 1;
    % Response to the standard basis vector
    T(:,idx) = reshape(mapT(e),[N 1]);
end
% Matrix representation of the circular convolution
Τ
T = 64 \times 64
  -0.3079
                                                                -0.0234 • • •
           -0.0234
                         0
                                  0
```

```
-0.0234
-0.0234
       -0.3079
                              0
                                       0
                                               0
                                                       0
                                                                0
    0
       -0.0234 -0.3079
                       -0.0234
                                       0
                                               0
                                                       0
                                                                0
    0
             0
               -0.0234 -0.3079 -0.0234
                                               0
                                                                0
                    0 -0.0234 -0.3079 -0.0234
    0
             0
                                                       0
                                                                0
    0
             0
                     0
                            0 -0.0234 -0.3079 -0.0234
                                                                0
    0
             0
                     0
                              0
                                     0 -0.0234 -0.3079
                                                           -0.0234
-0.0234
                             0
                                            0 -0.0234
                                                           -0.3079
             0
                     0
                                      0
-0.0234
       0.1004
                              0
                                      0
                                                       0
                                                            0.1004
                     0
                                               0
       -0.0234
                              0
                                                       0
0.1004
                 0.1004
                                      0
                                               0
                                                                0
```

スペクトルノルム

(Spectral norm)

```
% Function NORM evaluates the operator norm for a matrix
opnorm = norm(T,2)
```

```
opnorm = 0.7096
```

最大特異値

(Maximum singular value)

```
sigma1 = max(svd(T))
```

sigma1 = 0.7096

最大振幅応答

(Maximum magnitude response)

```
H = fftn(h,[N1 N2]);
maxmgn = max(abs(H(:)))
```

maxmgn = 0.7096

関数 NORM に関する注意

(Notes on the Function NORM)

行列に関するノルムを評価する際には引数の渡し方、オプションの指定に注意すること. (When evaluating the entorywise norm of a matrix, pay attention to the way of passing the arguments and options.)

```
% Froubenius norm
norm(T,'fro')
```

ans = 2.9649

```
% Entrywise 2-norm, which is identical to the Frobenius norm
norm(T(:),2)
```

ans = 2.9649

```
% Operator 1-norm
norm(T,1)
```

ans = 0.8033

```
% Entrywise 1-norm
norm(T(:),1)
```

ans = 51.4119

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