AgileROHFinder and AgileROHFilterer

Command line applications for the detection of autozygous regions from Exome or Affymetrix microarray SNP data.

Data format

AgileROHFinder identifies autozygous regions using genotype data formatted as either VCF files or older Affymetrix xls or birdseed text files. Similarly, AgileROHFilterer will process a VCF file (but not microarray genotype data), creating a second VCF that only contains variants within the autozygous regions. The format and required fields of the VCF and microarray input files is described here.

Note:

These programs will only analyse one patient per file, if a file contains data on multiple individuals only one person will be analysed.

Creating the programs

The source code can be compiled on both Linux and Windows computers as described here.

Prebuild programs

Both programs have been prebuilt for Linux and Windows and placed in the Program folder. Select the appropriate OS version and download the programs (Linux or Windows). Due to the security policies of some organisations, downloading programs on a Windows computer may not be straight forward, however this guide may help.

Running the programs

These programs are console applications and so do not have a user interface. They run within a terminal environment. On Linux this will typically be in a bash terminal while on windows it will be a "Command Prompt" or "PowerShell" terminal. If the analysis is preformed on a remote server the application would typically be run from the inbuilt bash terminal on Linux or Mac or on windows via a third party terminal such as Putty. In both cases they connected to the remote server via an SSH connection.

The examples below use the Linux file structure were /data/in.vcf refers to a file in the "data" folder, the equivalent on Windows would be "C:\data\in.vcf".

Helpful scripts

The Program > scripts page contains a python and bash scripts that may be helpful.

Commands

Both programs require very similar commands, the structure of the commands to run AgileROHFinder and AgileROHFilterer are shown below and described in greater detail in the table.

AgileROHFinder

/path/AgileROHFinder.exe /data/in.vcf /data/out.txt -t

AgileROHFilterer

/path/AgileROHFilterer.exe /data/in.vcf /data/out.vcf /data/out.txt 500000 -t

Note

If a folder or file name contains a space the file name and its location must be placed in speech marks i.e /my data/my file.vcf should be entered as "/my data/my file.vcf"

Table 1: Description of command parameters and options

Command fragment	Description	Note
/path/AgileROHFinder.exe or /path/AgileROHFilterer.exe	Name of the program with it's location	
/data/in.vcf	The name (with location) of the data file to process.	AgileROHFilterer will only process vcf files while AgileROHFinder will process vcf files and Affymetrix microarray genotype files
/data/out.vcf	Name of a file to save the filtered variant data too.	This option is only present in AgileROHFilterer While it will create this file, it will not create any directories, so the path to the location most exist before the program is run.
/data/out.txt	The name with location of the file to save the list of autozygous regions too	While it will create this file, it will not create any directories, so the path to the location most exist before the program is run.
Any whole positive number	The reported regions are be extended by this number of bases when AgileROHFilterer filters the variants by position, such that variants just outside a region are also retained	This option is only present in AgileROHFilterer
Export format options -t, -b or -a	Sets the format of the data results file	See Tables 2 to 4 for examples

Command fragment	Description	Note	
Process all variants: -Y	By default only variants with an RS ID are processed, if -Y is set then all SNPs (with one alternative allele) will be used	Optional: only affects analysis of VCF data	
Use genotypes in VCF file: -V	By default a variants genotype is calculated by the program, if -V is set the genotype in the VCF file is used (The file most have the 'GT' field)	Optional: only affects analysis of VCF data	

Table 2

Autozygous regions output file format: Option -t (columns separated by tab character)

Chr	omosome	Start	End Le	ength
2	25656880	290	92679	3435799
2	17942169	4 180	835792	1414098
2	18237453	4 189	875421	7500887
11	48367050	551	11584	6744534
17	21318629	266	91321	5372692

Table 3

Autozygous regions output file format: Option -b (Each line can be entered in to the UCSC genome browser)

chr2:25656880-29092679 chr2:179421694-180835792 chr2:182374534-189875421 chr11:48367050-55111584 chr17:21318629-26691321

Table 4

Autozygous regions output file format: Option -a (Contains both formats)

	ular data		
Chr	omosome Sta	art End Lei	ngth
2	25656880	29092679	3435799
2	179421694	180835792	1414098
2	182374534	189875421	7500887
11	48367050	55111584	6744534
17	21318629	26691321	5372692
Con	ome browser		
E-3/17			
chr	2:25656880-	29092679	
chr	2:179421694	-180835792	
chr	2:182374534	-189875421	
chr	11:48367050-	-55111584	
chr	17:21318629	-26691321	

Feedback

As the programs run, the current status will be shown in the terminal window.

A successful analysis:

Figure 1: AgileROHFiinder

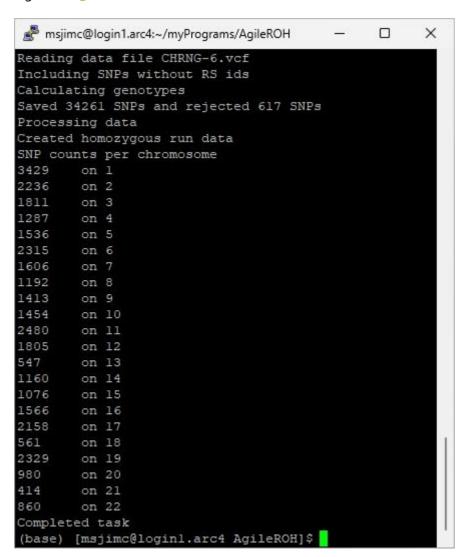


Figure 2: AgileROHFilterer

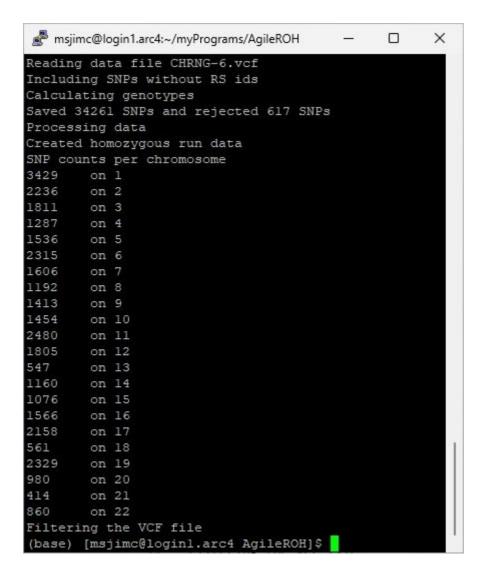


Figure 1

Figures 1 and 2 show a typical status report of the analysis of a exome vcf file by AgileROHFinder and AgileROHFilterer respectively where only variants with an RS id were used and their genotypes were calculated by the programs.

Output description:

- Initially, the program states which file is being process.
- Next it states whether it will process variants without an RS ID. "*Including SNP without RS ids*" indicates it will process all variants, while "*Ignoring SNP without RS IDs*" indicates unnamed variants will be excluded.
- The program that declares whether it is calculating the genotypes from the allele read depths (Calculating genotypes)or using those in the VCF file (Using genotypes in VCF file (No validated in paper)): Using genotypes in the VCF file was not validated in the linked paper.
- Once the file has been read, the program displays the number of SNPs saved and the number rejected.
 Only single base SNPs on the autosomal chromosomes are counted with the main reasons for a variant being rejected are low total read count or skewed allele read ratios.
 (Issues with the file format may also cause the SNPs to be rejected, in this case an excessive number or all the SNPs may be rejected.)
- Next the program states that it is analysing the SNP data to find autozygous regions ("Processing data and finding autozygous regions") followed by "Created homozygous run data" when the analysis is

completed.

The next 23 lines form a table of the number of SNPs analysed on each autosomal chromosome.
 Typically, the number of variants depends on the length of the chromosome and for exome data the number of genes on the chromosome.

• Finally, AgileROHFilterer will state "Filtering the VCF file" indicating it is creating the results files. Since AgileROHFinder does not filter the variants, it just states "Completed task".

Failed analysis

Wrong input file name

Figure 3: Wrong input file

```
msjimc@login1.arc4:~/myPrograms/AgileROH — X

/CHRNG-10.vcf: No such file or directory

Can not open the 'input file'
(base) [msjimc@login1.arc4 AgileROH]$
```

Figure 3: Feedback if the input file is incorrectly entered. A similar message will be displayed if the program can not open the file because it is open for editing in another program or you don't have permission to write to the file.

Trying to export data to a folder that doesn't exist

Figure 4: Folder does not exist

```
msjimc@login1.arc4:~/myPrograms/AgileROH — 
/new_folder/CHRNG-6.txt: No such file or directory
Can not create the 'output file'
(base) [msjimc@login1.arc4 AgileROH]$
```

Figure 4: Feedback if the folder the export file is to be saved in does not exist. The programs can create results files, but will not create folders/directories.

The input data file's extension is not recognised

Figure 5: Unrecongised file extension

```
msjimc@login1.arc4:~/myPrograms/AgileROH — X

Reading data file CHRNG-6.doc

File names must have '.vcf', '.txt' or '.xls' file extensions
(base) [msjimc@login1.arc4 AgileROH]$
```

Figure 5: Feedback if the input file does not recognise the file extension. While Linux itself does not use file extensions, these programs do use them to decide what type of data file is being used. If the file extension is not '.vcf', '.txt' or '.xls' the program will not process them.

The input data file's extension does not match the data type

Figure 6: Wrong file extension

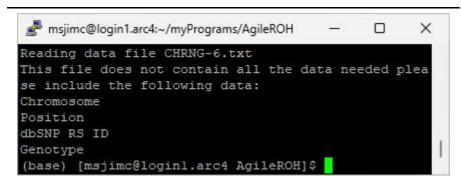


Figure 6: Feedback if the input file's extension does not match it's format. In this case the file is a vcf file, but its extension has been changed to txt. Consequently, the program tries to processed it as a microarray file and found that it does not contain the expected data fields/columns.

The input data file does not contain all the required data fields/columns

Figure 7: Missing data fields

```
msjimc@login1.arc4:~/myPrograms/AgileROH — X

Reading data file VCF_Sample_File.vcf

This file does not contain all the data needed plea se include the following data:

Allele depth (AD)

(base) [msjimc@login1.arc4 AgileROH]$
```

Figure 7 shows the program feedback if input file does not contain the expected data fields/columns. In this case the vcf file contains the total read depth value for each variant, but not the read depths for each allele.

The input data file's format is completely wrong

Figure 8: Wrong totally file format

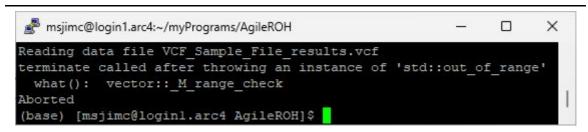


Figure 8: Feedback if the input file format is totally wrong and the program crashes reading it. In this case a results text file was given a vcf file extension and then entered as a vcf data file. The program as attempted to read data that does not exist and crashed. This will create a cryptic error message, if the problem persists after checking the files format, you may need to contact me.

Note

There are many ways in which the input data or command line arguments lead the analysis to fail. While the commonest reasons have been listed above its possible that some combinations of input data format and

command options will result in unexpected behaviour. In these cases always check that the file format matches the expected format as listed on the data format page.

Identifying regions in VCF files without read depth data

While many VCF files include read depth data for each variant, some VCF files do not. To allow the processing of this data, it is possible to instruct the programs to ignore read depth data and use the genotypes in the VCF file. In these cases the VCF file must contain the '**GT**' field and have have the genotypes declared as 0/0, 0/1, 1/0 or 1/1. Figure 9 shows the feedback of the analysis by AgileROHFinder with the optional -**V** used to set this behaviour.

Figure 9: Use of genotypes in VCF file

```
msjimc@login1.arc4:~/myPrograms/AgileROH
                                                X
Reading data file CHRNG-6.vcf
Including SNPs without RS ids
Using genotypes in VCF file (No validated in paper)
Saved 34815 SNPs and rejected 63 SNPs
Processing data
Created homozygous run data
SNP counts per chromosome
3480
        on 1
2266
        on 2
1847
        on 3
1318
        on 4
1558
        on 5
2377
        on 6
1643
1217
        on 8
1437
        on 9
1490
        on 11
2498
1837
        on 12
557
        on 13
1176
        on 14
        on 15
1090
1584
        on 16
2194
        on 17
568
        on 18
2361
        on 19
990
        on 20
420
        on 21
875
        on 22
Completed task
(base) [msjimc@loginl.arc4 AgileROH]$
```

The results from this type of analysis was not investigated in the paper and so it is not supported. The quality of the results is highly likely to be dependent on the variant calling software and parameters used in its operation.