Remember using render with the collection option inside the add_to_cart template? It set the variable cort_item inside the partial. It turns out we can do the same when we invoke a partial directly. The :object parameter to render takes an object that is assigned to a local variable with the same name as the partial. So, in the layout we could call

```
<%= render(:partial => "cart", :object => @cart) %>
```

and in the _cart.rhtml template, we can refer to the cart via the variable cart.

Let's do that wiring now. First, we'll create the _cart.rhtml template. This is basically our add_to_cart template but using cart instead of @cart. (Note that it's OK for a partial to invoke other partials.)

```
Download depot_j/app/views/store/_cart.rhtml
<div class="cart-title">Your Cart</div>
<%= render(:partial => "cart_item", :collection => cart.items) %>
 Total
   <%= number_to_currency(cart.total_price) %>
<%= button_to "Empty cart", :action => :empty_cart %>
```

Now we'll change the store layout to include this new partial in the sidebar.

```
Download depot_j/app/views/layouts/store.rhtml
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0 Transitional//EN"</pre>
                        "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-transitional.dtd">
<html>
<head>
  <title>Pragprog Books Online Store</title>
  <%= stylesheet_link_tag "depot", :media => "all" %>
</head>
<body id="store">
  <div id="banner">
    <%= image_tag("logo.png") %>
    <%= @page_title || "Pragmatic Bookshelf" %>
  </div>
  <div id="columns">
```