

CubeLib 4.8 | Tools Guide

Description of Cube Command Line Tools

March 2024 The Scalasca Development Team scalasca@fz-juelich.de



Attention

The Cube Tool Developer Guide is currently being rewritten and still incomplete. However, it should already contain enough information to get you started and avoid the most common pitfalls.

Contents

1	Cuk	pe Command Line Tools	3
	1.1	Abstract	3
	1.2	Performance Algebra and Tools	3
		1.2.1 Difference	3
		1.2.2 Merge	4
		1.2.3 Mean	5
		1.2.4 Compare	6
	1.3	Cube Remapping tool	6
		1.3.1 Tool Usage	6
		1.3.2 Remapping algorithm	7
		1.3.3 Syntax of a .spec file	8
		1.3.4 Optimization of the remapping	10
	1.4	Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools	10
		1.4.1 Cube Server cube_server	10
		1.4.2 Sanity Check	11
		1.4.3 Insertion of of derived metric into the .cubex	11
		1.4.4 Inspection of a call tree	12
		1.4.5 System tree partition	13
		1.4.6 Region information	14
		1.4.7 Cube Information	20
		1.4.8 Tester	23
		1.4.9 Canonizer	24
		1.4.10Clean	25
		1.4.11Reroot, Prune	26
		1.4.12Statistics	27
		1.4.13from TAU to CUBE	28
		1.4.14Common Calltree	29
		1.4.15Topology Assistant	30
		1.4.16Dump	
Bi	blio	graphy	41

Copyright © 1998-2022 Forschungszentrum Jülich GmbH, Germany

All rights reserved.

Redistribution and use in source and binary forms, with or without modification, are permitted provided that the following conditions are met:

- Redistributions of source code must retain the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer.
- Redistributions in binary form must reproduce the above copyright notice, this list of conditions and the following disclaimer in the documentation and/or other materials provided with the distribution.
- Neither the names of Forschungszentrum Jülich GmbH or German Research School for Simulation Sciences GmbH, Jülich/Aachen, nor the names of their contributors may be used to endorse or promote products derived from this software without specific prior written permission.

THIS SOFTWARE IS PROVIDED BY THE COPYRIGHT HOLDERS AND CONTRIBUTORS "AS IS" AND ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE ARE DISCLAIMED. IN NO EVENT SHALL THE COPYRIGHT OWNER OR CONTRIBUTORS BE LIABLE FOR ANY DIRECT, INDIRECT, INCIDENTAL, SPECIAL, EXEMPLARY, OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES (INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, PROCUREMENT OF SUBSTITUTE GOODS OR SERVICES; LOSS OF USE, DATA, OR PROFITS; OR BUSINESS INTERRUPTION) HOWEVER CAUSED AND ON ANY THEORY OF LIABILITY, WHETHER IN CONTRACT, STRICT LIABILITY, OR TORT (INCLUDING NEGLIGENCE OR OTHERWISE) ARISING IN ANY WAY OUT OF THE USE OF THIS SOFTWARE, EVEN IF ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGE.

1 Cube Command Line Tools

1.1 Abstract

CUBE provides a set of various command line tools for different purposes.

1.2 Performance Algebra and Tools

As performance tuning of parallel applications usually involves multiple experiments to compare the effects of certain optimization strategies, CUBE offers a mechanism called performance algebra that can be used to merge, subtract, and average the data from different experiments and view the results in the form of a single "derived" experiment. Using the same representation for derived experiments and original experiments provides access to the derived behavior based on familiar metaphors and tools in addition to an arbitrary and easy composition of operations. The algebra is an ideal tool to verify and locate performance improvements and degradations likewise. The algebra includes three operators—diff, merge, and mean—provided as command-line utilities which take two or more CUBE files as input and generate another CUBE file as output. The operations are closed in the sense that the operators can be applied to the results of previous operations. Note that although all operators are defined for any valid CUBE data sets, not all possible operations make actually sense. For example, whereas it can be very helpful to compare two versions of the same code, computing the difference between entirely different programs is unlikely to yield any useful results.

1.2.1 Difference

Changing a program can alter its performance behavior. Altering the performance behavior means that different results are achieved for different metrics. Some might increase while others might decrease. Some might rise in certain parts of the program only, while they drop off in other parts. Finding the reason for a gain or loss in overall performance often requires considering the performance change as a multidimensional structure. With CUBE's difference operator, a user can view this structure by computing the difference between two experiments and rendering the derived result experiment like an original one. The difference operator takes two experiments and computes a derived experiment whose severity function reflects the difference between the minuend's severity and the subtrahend's severity.

The possible output is presented below.

user@host: cube_diff scout.cube remapped.cube -o result.cube

Usage: cube_diff [-o output] [-c|-C] [-h] <minuend> <subtrahend>

- -o Name of the output file (default: diff.cube)
- -c Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- -C Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- **-h** Help; Output a brief help message.

1.2.2 Merge

The merge operator's purpose is the integration of performance data from different sources. Often a certain combination of performance metrics cannot be measured during a single run. For example, certain combinations of hardware events cannot be counted simultaneously due to hardware resource limits. Or the combination of performance metrics requires using different monitoring tools that cannot be deployed during the same run. The merge operator takes an arbitrary number of CUBE experiments with a different or overlapping set of metrics and yields a derived CUBE experiment with a joint set of metrics.

The possible output is presented below.

Usage: cube merge [-o output] [-c] [-h] < cube experiment>

- -o Name of the output file (default: merge.cube)
- -c Reduce dimension, if experiments are incompatible
- -C Collapse system dimension!
- -h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.2.3 Mean

The mean operator is intended to smooth the effects of random errors introduced by unrelated system activity during an experiment or to summarize across a range of execution parameters. You can conduct several experiments and create a single average experiment from the whole series. The mean operator takes an arbitrary number of arguments.

The possible output is presented below.

```
user@host: cube_mean scout1.cube scout2.cube scout3.cube scout4.cube -o mean.cube
Reading scout1.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout2.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout3.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
Reading scout4.cube ... done.
INFO::Merging metric dimension... done.
INFO::Merging program dimension... done.
INFO::Merging system dimension... done.
INFO::Mapping severities... done.
INFO::Adding topologies... done.
INFO::Mean operation... done.
+++++++ Mean operation ends successfully +++++++++++++++
Writing mean.cube ... done.
```

Usage: cube_mean [-o output] [-c] [-C] [-h] <cube experiment>

- -o Name of the output file (default: mean.cube)
- ${f -c}$ Do not collapse system dimension, if experiments are incompatible
- -C Collapse system dimension
- -h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.2.4 Compare

Compares two experiments and prints out if they are equal or not. Two experiments are equal if they have same dimensions hierarchy and the equal values of the severities.

An example of the output is below.

Usage: cube_cmp [-h] <cube experiment 1> <cube experiment 2>

-h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.3 Cube Remapping tool

CUBE provides an universal flexible tool, which allows to transform metric tree of an input .cubex into an arbitrary metric hierarchy according to user defined flexible rules. This can be used by performance analysis tools, such as Score-P or Scalasca. In particularly one classifies different call paths according to some user defined rules.

As well one can use this tool to convert derived metrics into the data (if possible) or to add an additional metric into the current .cubex file.

1.3.1 Tool Usage

Usage: ./cube_remap2 -r <remap specification file> [-o output] [-d] [-s] [-h] <cube experiment>

- **-r** Name of the remapping specification file. By omitting this option the specification file from the cube experiment is taken if present.
- -c Create output file with the same structure as an input file. It overrides option "-r"
- **-o** Name of the output file (default: remap)
- -d Convert all prederived metrics into usual metrics, calculate and store their values as a data.
- -s Add hardcoded SCALASCA metrics "Idle threads" and "Limited parallelizm"

-h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.3.2 Remapping algorithm

The main idea behind the working way of the remapping tool is simple: user formulates the target hierarchy of the metrics in an external file (.spec) and defines rules how they are calculated using CubePL syntax. Remapping tool creates then an output cube with this metric hierarchy.

In particularly remapping tool performs following steps:

- Is command-line option -c specified, remapping tool works in "Copy" mode: it creates output cube with identical metrics hierarhy. One combines it usual with the options -d and -s. Otherwise...
- 2. Is command-line option r omit, remapping tool looks for the .spec file within the input .cubex file. Score-P starting with version v5 stores its .spec file within *profile.cubex*. Otherwise...
- 3. Is command-line option -r specified, remapping tools looks for .spec file and creates the new (working) cube object with the metric hierarchy as metric dimension specified in .spec file
- 4. Then it merges metric hierarchy of the input file into the current metric hierarchy. All metrics from the input file which present in .spec hierarchy gets mapped to them. All missing metrics will be added as additional metrics.
- 5. Is the command-line option -s specified, tool adds additional SCALASCA metrics "Idle threads" and "Limited parallelism"
- Other dimensions and elements of the input .cubex file (topologies, mirrors and similar) get merged into the new cube object one-to-one (as the freshly created cube object doesn't have any)
- 7. If the command-line option -d is omit, remapping tool saves created cube on disk as it is. All derived metrics in .spec file will stay as derived metrics and will be executed only while working with the stored .cubex file in GUI or with command-line tools.
- 8. Did user specified command-line option -d, the second phase of the remapping is executed: calculation of derived metrics and converting them into the data. Note, that no all metrics are *convertible* (such as rates or similar) into data and should stay derived in the target file. To do so remapping tool creates an additional cube object with the identical structure (only convertible derived metrics are turned into the regular data metrics) of the intermediate working cube and copies metric-by-metric its data. As result, derived metrics are calculated and their value is stored as a data into the target cube.
- 9. Resulting cube object is saved on disk.

As one can see user can use remapping tool for different purposes:

1. Convert derived metrics of the current .cubex file into the data metrics. For that it is enough to execube remapping tool as:

./cube_remap2 -d <input>

- 2. Add an additional derived metric into the current .cubex cube
- 3. Create a new .cubex with the user specified metrics hierarchy. (standard usage)

1.3.3 Syntax of a .spec file

Examples for .spec files are shipped with the CUBE package ans stored in the directory [prefix]/share/doc/cubelib/examples

Here we provide some commented examples of .spec files.

1. In first case we add an additional metric IPC into the cube file

Here the whole hierarchy consist of only one metric IPC, which is "non convertible" into data as it is a POSTDERIVED metric and usual aggregation rules are not applicable. This metric has a data type FLOAT and requires, that input file contains metrics PAPI_TOT_CYC and PAPI_TOT_INS. Otherwise this metric will be always evaluated to 0.

2. In second case we add two sub metrics to the metric "Time", in order to classify time spend in "MPI" regions and "Other"

```
1 <metrics>
          <!-- This metric is copied from the trace analysis -->
3
          <disp_name>Time</disp_name>
5
          <uniq_name>time</uniq_name>
6
          <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
7
          <uom>sec</uom>
8
          <url>@mirror@scalasca_patterns-2.1.html#time</url>
          <descr>Total CPU allocation time
                  (includes time allocated for idle threads)
10
11
          </descr>
           <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
12
13
               <disp_name>MPI regions</disp_name>
14
               <uniq_name>mpiregions</uniq_name>
15
               <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
16
               <uom>sec</uom>
17
               <url></url>
18
               <descr> Time spend in MPI regions </descr>
19
               <cubepl>
20
21
                   if (\{cube::region::name\}[\{calculation::region::id\}] =~ /^MPI_/)
22
23
                   ${a}=metric::time();
24
25
                   return ${a};
26
27
               </cubepl>
28
           </metric>
```

```
<metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
               <disp_name>0ther regions</disp_name>
               <uniq_name>nonmpi</uniq_name>
               <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
               <uom>sec</uom>
35
               <url></url>
               <descr>Time spend in non-MPI regions</descr>
38
39
40
                   if (not(${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^MPI_/))
41
42
                       ${a}=metric::time();
43
44
                   return ${a};
45
46
               </cubepl>
47
           </metric>
48
       </metric>
49 </metrics>
```

Here target hierarchy consist of the top metric "Time" and two sub metrics "MPI regions" and "Other regions". Clearly that they both will sum up to the total "Time" metric. Hence one expects that expanded metric "Time" will be always zero. Note that sub metrics are defined as PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE as their value is valid only for the one call path and not their children.

3. In third case we would like to split the time metric into two metrics and to hide the metric itself. For that we declare it as "GHOST" metric and declare sub metrics as root metrics.

```
1 <metrics>
      <metric viztype="GHOST">
          <!-- This metric is copied from the trace analysis -->
          <disp_name>Time</disp_name>
5
          <uniq_name>time</uniq_name>
          <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
          <uom>sec</uom>
8
          <url>@mirror@scalasca_patterns-2.1.html#time</url>
9
          <descr>Total CPU allocation time
10
                  (includes time allocated for idle threads)
11
           </descr>
12
       </metric>
13
       <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
14
           <disp_name>MPI regions</disp_name>
15
           <uniq_name>mpiregions</uniq_name>
16
           <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
17
           <uom>sec</uom>
18
           <url></url>
19
           <descr> Time spend in MPI regions </descr>
20
           <cubepl>
21
           {
22
               ${a}=0:
23
               if (\{cube::region::name\}[\{calculation::region::id\}] =~ /^MPI_/)
24
25
               ${a}=metric::time();
26
               };
27
               return ${a};
28
           </cubepl>
29
30
       </metric>
       <metric type="PREDERIVED_EXCLUSIVE">
31
32
           <disp_name>Other regions</disp_name>
33
           -
<uniq_name>nonmpi</uniq_name>
           <dtype>FLOAT</dtype>
34
35
           <uom>sec</uom>
36
           <url></url>
37
           <descr>Time spend in non-MPI regions</descr>
38
           <cubepl>
39
```

As result, the target .cubex file will have only two new root metrics, "MPI regions" and "Other regions". Metric "Time" will be not visible in GUI and command line tools.

1.3.4 Optimization of the remapping.

As remapping process is defined in very general way, naive approach in .spec file formulation might take significant calculation time. Using advanced technics in CubePL one can optimize remapping process. For example one can:

- Using CubePL variables in order to avoid string comparison by every calculation step
- Using CubePL initialization step in order to perform some calculation only once
- Use bitmask multiplication for the evaluation of values along the system tree

Great example of usage of the optimization technics are the .spec files provided with Score-P or Scalasca.

1.4 Supplementary utilities and helping Cube command line tools

Besides of the remapping utility and the algebra tools CUBE provides various tool for different testing, checking, inspection tasks.

1.4.1 Cube Server cube server

This tool starts a server and provide cube reports "as they are" for clients without needing to copy them to the client machine. The cube_server performs also all required calculations, so one uses computational power of the HPC system and not of the client system (which might be unsufficient).

```
user@host: cube_server
[12044] Cube Server: CubeLib-4.7.0 (e15c4008) [POSIX]
```

Usage: cube_server [options]

-h, -? Print this help message.

-p N Bind socket on port N (default port: 3300)

Many hosts don't allow ports to be accessed from the outside. You may use SSH tunneling (also referred to as SSH port forwarding) to route the local network traffic throught SSH to

the remote host.

In the following example, cube_server is started with the default port 3300 on the remote server server.example.com. The traffic, which is sent to localhost:3000, will be forwarded to server.example.com on the same port.

```
[client]$ ssh -L 3300:server.example.com:3300 server.example.com
[server.example.com]$ cube_server
Cube Server: CubeLib-4.7.0 (external) [POSIX]
cube_server[5247] Waiting for connections on port 3300.
```

1.4.2 Sanity Check

This tool performs series of checks to confirm that stored data has a semantic sense, e.g. "non-negative time" and similar. It is being used as a correctness tool for the Score-P and Scalasca measurements.

```
user@host: cube_sanity profile.cubex

Name not empty or UNKNOWN ... 71 / 71 OK

No ANONYMOUS functions ... 71 / 71 OK

No TRUNCATED functions ... 71 / 71 OK

File name not empty ... 71 / 71 OK

Proper line numbers ... 0 / 71 OK

No TRACING outside Init and Finalize ... 123 / 123 OK

No negative inclusive metrics ... 409344 / 440832 OK

No negative exclusive metrics ... 409344 / 440832 OK
```

Usage: cube sanity [flags] < cube experiment>

- -h Help; Output a brief help message.
- -n Disables the (time consuming) check for negative inclusive metric values.
- -x Disables the (time consuming) check for negative exclusive metric values.
- -I Disables checks for line numbers.
- -f <file.filt> Checks whether a node's name is matched by a pattern in file.filt.
- -o <output_file> Path of the output file. If no output file is given, detailed output will be suppressed. A summary will always be printed out to stdout.
- -v < 0|1|2|3> Verbosity level of output

1.4.3 Insertion of of derived metric into the .cubex

One small tool, which does nothing but adding an additional user-defined derived metric into the input .cubex file. Functionality of this tool is provided by remapping tool 1.3 tool as well, but from historical reasons we still deliver this tool.

- **-h** Help; Output a brief help message.
- **-t prederived** | **postderived** | Specifies, whether derived metric is PREDERIVED or POST-DERIVED
- **-r exclusive** | **inclusive** Specifies, whether derived metric is EXCLUSIVE or INCLUSIVE (has no effect for POSTDERIVED metrics)
- -e CubePL expression of the derived metric
- -p New metric will be added as a child of this metric. "root" is possible

Name of the created metric. It should not clash with the existing metric.

Name of the input file

-o Name of the output file. Default "derived.cubex"

1.4.4 Inspection of a call tree

A small tool to inspect aggregated values in call tree of a specific metric. Functionality of this tool is reproduced in one of another way by cube_dump 1.4.16 utiluty.

```
user@host:cube_calltree -m time -a -t 1 -i -p -c ~/Studies/Cube/Adviser/4n_256_/scorep_casino_1n_29
Reading /home/zam/psaviank/Studies/Cube/Adviser/4n_256_/scorep_casino_1n_256x1_sum_br/profile.cubex...
355599 (100%)
                               MAIN__
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__
353588 (99.435%)
                                 + monte_carlo_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
8941.95 (2.515%)
                                     + monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
5980.68 (1.682%)
                                        + MPI_Bcast
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
343175 (96.506%)
                                     + monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
                                 - 1
4657.85 (1.31%)
                                        + MPI_Ssend
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
                                 -
                                     303193 (85.263%)
                                         + dmcdmc_main.move_config_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
                                 -
21668.4 (6.093%)
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
                                            + wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
19722.3 (5.546%)
                                           | + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
28878.5 (8.121%)
                                        | + wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
6907.92 (1.943%)
                                            | + slater.wfn_ratio_slater_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
                                 1
19721.7 (5.546%)
                                                 + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
                                 1
                                     -
                                         241626 (67.949%)
                                            + energy_utils.eval_local_energy_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
                                 -
                                     20785.6 (5.845%)
                                                 + wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
                                 1
                                     -
20298.1 (5.708%)
                                                    + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
                                                                                        USR:/MAIN__/r
```

```
211484 (59.473%)
                                                 + non_local.calc_nl_projection_
208516 (58.638%)
                                                     + wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_
                                             8588.87 (2.415%)
                                                         + slater.wfn_ratio_slater_
                                                     1
                                             1
                                                 -
                                                    - [
176779 (49.713%)
                                                         + pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
                                             - 1
                                                 -
                                                        + scratch.get_eevecs1_ch_
14252.4 (4.008%)
                                     1
                                         -
                                             Τ
                                                     34390.8 (9.671%)
                                         + parallel.qmpi_reduce_d1_
34384.3 (9.669%)
                                             + MPI_Reduce
```

USR:/MAIN__/mont USR:/MAIN__/mont USR:/MAIN__/mont USR:/MAIN__/mont USR:/MAIN__/mont USR:/MAIN__/mont

USR:/MAIN__/mont

Usage: cube calltree -a -m metricname -t threashold -c -i -u -h [-f] filename

- -m metricname print out values for the metric <metricname>;
- -a annotate call path;
- **-t treashold** print out only call path with a value, which is larger than <treashold>% of the total metric value. 0<=treashold<=100;
- -i calculate inclusive values instead of exclusive.
- -f open <filename>;
- -p diplay percent value;
- -c diplay callpath for every region;
- -h display this help.

1.4.5 System tree partition

Is one interested on performance profile of a PART of the system, e.g. only nodeplane 0, or ranks from 0 to N, one can set other locations to VOID and create a .cubex file, which has only data for the remaining part.

Partition some of system tree (processes) and void the remainder

Usage: cube_part [-h] [-I] [-R ranks] [-o output] <cubefile>

- -I Invert sense of partition
- **-R** List of process ranks for partition (e.g., "0-3,7,13-")
- -o Name of the output file (default: part)
- -h Help; Show this brief help message and exit.

1.4.6 Region information

This tool displays a flat profile for the selected metrics and with the classification of regions. Similar functionality is provide by the tool 1.4.16

Short call displays an overview across types of regions.

```
user@host:cube_regioninfo -m time,visits profile.cubex
done.
bl type
                                                     % region
                   time
                                       visits
                 355599
                         100.00
      ANY
                                    664724749 100.00 (summary) ALL
      MPI
                      0
                           0.00
                                            0
                                                 0.00 (summary) MPI
      USR
                 355599
                         100.00
                                    664724749 100.00 (summary) USR
      COM
                           0.00
                                            0
                                                 0.00 (summary) COM
```

If one wants a detailed view of the flat profile, one uses -r command line option. Note that can provide list of regions for filtering (file filter.txt)

```
user@host:cube_regioninfo -l filter.txt -m time,visits -r profile.cubex
 done.
bl type
                    time
                                         visits
                                                      % region
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                                   0.00 MEASUREMENT OFF
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 TRACE BUFFER FLUSH
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 THREADS
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Accumulate
                                           6912
                      68
                                                   0.00 MPI_Allgather
      USR
                            0.02
      USR
                            0.00
                                                   0.00 MPI_Allgatherv
                       0
                                              0
                            0.00
      USR
                      10
                                            256
                                                   0.00 MPI_Allreduce
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Alltoall
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Alltoallv
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                                   0.00 MPI_Alltoallw
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                                   0.00 MPI_Attr_delete
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Attr_get
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Attr_put
                    2843
                            0.80
                                          7168
      USR
                                                   0.00 MPI_Barrier
                                          51072
      USR
                    6392
                            1.80
                                                   0.01~\text{MPI\_Bcast}
      USR
                            0.00
                                                   0.00 MPI_Bsend
                       0
                                              0
                            0.00
      USR
                       0
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Bsend_init
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Buffer_attach
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Buffer_detach
      USR
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Cancel
                       0
      USR
                            0.00
                                                   0.00 MPI_Cart_coords
                       0
                                              0
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Cart_create
                                                   0.00 MPI_Cart_get
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Cart_map
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Cart_rank
                                                   0.00~MPI\_Cart\_shift
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Cart_sub
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Cartdim_get
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                              0
                                                   0.00 MPI_Comm_call_errhandler
      USR
                       0
                            0.00
                                                   0.00 MPI_Comm_compare
      USR
                     113
                            0.03
                                           1792
                                                   0.00 MPI_Comm_create
```

USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_create_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_create_group
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	<pre>MPI_Comm_create_keyval</pre>
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_delete_attr
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_dup
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_dup_with_info
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_free
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_free_keyval
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Comm_get_attr
USR	Θ	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_get_errhandler
USR	Θ	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_get_info
USR	Θ	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_get_name
USR	Θ	0.00	1024		MPI_Comm_group
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_idup
USR	0	0.00	512		MPI_Comm_rank
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_remote_group
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_remote_size
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_set_attr
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_set_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_set_info
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_set_name
USR	0	0.00	512		MPI_Comm_size
USR	55	0.02	256		MPI_Comm_split
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_split_type
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Comm_test_inter
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Compare_and_swap
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Dims_create
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Dist_graph_create
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Dist_graph_create_adjacent
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Dist_graph_neighbors
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Dist_graph_neighbors_count
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Exscan
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Fetch_and_op
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_File_c2f
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_File_call_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_close
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_create_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_delete
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_f2c
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_amode
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_atomicity
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_byte_offset
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_group
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_info
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_File_get_position
USR	Θ	0.00	Θ		MPI_File_get_position_shared
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_File_get_size
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_File_get_type_extent
USR	0	0.00	9		MPI_File_get_view
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_File_iread
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_File_iread_all
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_File_iread_at
0310	U	0.00	U	5.00	<u>1</u> 10_1/00_0

USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_iread_at_all
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_iread_shared
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_iwrite
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_iwrite_all
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_iwrite_at
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_iwrite_at_all
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_iwrite_shared
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_open
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_preallocate
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_all
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_all_begin
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_all_end
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_at
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_at_all
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_at_all_begin
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_at_all_end
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_ordered
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_ordered_begin
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_read_ordered_end
					MPI_File_read_shared
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_seek
USR	0	0.00			
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_seek_shared
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_set_atomicity
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_set_errhandler
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_set_info
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_set_size
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_set_view
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_sync
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_write
USR	0	0.00			MPI_File_write_all
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_all_begin
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_all_end
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_at
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_at_all
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_at_all_begin
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_at_all_end
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_ordered
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_ordered_begin
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_ordered_end
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_File_write_shared
USR	349	0.10	256 0.0	00	MPI_Finalize
USR	0	0.00	0 0.0	00	MPI_Finalized
USR	0	0.00	25 0.0	00	MPI_Gather
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Gatherv
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Get
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Get_accumulate
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Get_library_version
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Graph_create
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Graph_get
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Graph_map
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Graph_neighbors
USR	0	0.00			MPI_Graph_neighbors_count
USN	U	0.00	0 0.0	00	rii 1_01 apii_lie1yilbul 5_cuulit

USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Graphdims_get
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_compare
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_difference
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_excl
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_free
USR	0	0.00	1792	0.00	MPI_Group_incl
USR	Θ	0.00	Θ	0.00	MPI_Group_intersection
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_range_excl
USR	Θ	0.00	0		MPI_Group_range_incl
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Group_rank
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Group_size
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Group_translate_ranks
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Group_union
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Iallgather
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Iallgatherv
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Iallreduce
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ialltoall
USR	9	0.00	0		MPI_Ialltoallv
USR	9	0.00	0		MPI_Ialltoallw
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ibarrier
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ibcast
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ibsend
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Iexscan
	0	0.00			
USR			0		MPI_Igather
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Igatherv
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Improbe
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Imrecv
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ineighbor_allgather
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ineighbor_allgatherv
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ineighbor_alltoall
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ineighbor_alltoallv
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ineighbor_alltoallw
USR	1411	0.40	256		MPI_Init
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Init_thread
USR	0	0.00	0		$MPI_{-}Initialized$
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Intercomm_create
USR	0	0.00	0		$ exttt{MPI_Intercomm_merge}$
USR	0	0.00	0		$MPI_{-}Iprobe$
USR	0	0.00	14337		$\mathtt{MPI}_{-}\mathtt{Irecv}$
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Ireduce
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	$MPI_Ireduce_scatter$
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ireduce_scatter_block
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Irsend
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Is_thread_main
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iscan
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Iscatter
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	$MPI_{-}Iscatterv$
USR	1	0.00	14337	0.00	$MPI_{-}Isend$
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	$MPI_{-}Issend$
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Keyval_create
USR	Θ	0.00	0		MPI_Keyval_free
USR	Θ	0.00	0		MPI_Mprobe
USR	Θ	0.00	0		MPI_Mrecv

USR	0	0.00	0		$ exttt{MPI_Neighbor_allgather}$
USR	0	0.00	0		$ exttt{MPI_Neighbor_allgatherv}$
USR	0	0.00	0		$ exttt{MPI_Neighbor_alltoall}$
USR	0	0.00	0		$ exttt{MPI_Neighbor_alltoallv}$
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	$ exttt{MPI} exttt{Neighbor} ext{alltoallw}$
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Probe
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Put
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	$ exttt{MPI_Query_thread}$
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Raccumulate
USR	302	0.08	24728	0.00	MPI_Recv
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Recv_init
USR	34384	9.67	6400	0.00	MPI_Reduce
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Reduce_local
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Reduce_scatter
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Reduce_scatter_block
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Register_datarep
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Request_free
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rget
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rget_accumulate
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rput
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rsend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Rsend_init
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Scan
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Scatter
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Scatterv
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Send
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Send_init
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Sendrecv
USR	Θ	0.00	0		MPI_Sendrecv_replace
USR	4695	1.32	24728		MPI_Ssend
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Ssend_init
USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Start
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Startall
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Test
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Test_cancelled
USR	0	0.00	0	0.00	MPI_Testall
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Testany
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Testsome
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Topo_test
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Wait
USR	0	0.00	2982		MPI_Waitall
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Waitany
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Waitsome
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_allocate
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_allocate_shared
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_attach
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_call_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_complete
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_create
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_create_dynamic
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_create_errhandler
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_create_keyval
USR	0	0.00	0		MPI_Win_delete_attr
5511	U	3.00	O	3.00	

	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_detach
	USR	Θ	0.00	Θ	0.00 MPI_Win_fence
	USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_flush
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_flush_all
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_flush_local
	USR	0	0.00	0	<pre>0.00 MPI_Win_flush_local_all</pre>
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_free
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_free_keyval
	USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_get_attr
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_get_errhandler
	USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_get_group
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_get_info
	USR	Θ	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_get_name
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_lock
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_lock_all
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_post
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_set_attr
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_set_errhandler
	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_set_info
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_set_name
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_shared_query
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_start
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_sync
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_test
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_unlock
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_unlock_all
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 MPI_Win_wait
*	USR	0	0.00	0	0.00 PARALLEL
*	USR	155	0.04	256	0.00 MAIN
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00 get_nnpsmp_
*	USR	1	0.00	126669	0.00 gct_mpsmp_ 0.02 run_control.check_alloc_
*	USR	8	0.00	256	0.00 get_smp_list_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00 set_shm_numablock
*	USR	401	0.00	256	0.00 set_shiii_hallabtock 0.00 monte_carlo_
	USR	0	0.11	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_set_defaults_
*	USR	124	0.00	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_set_input_parameters_
*	USR	10	0.00	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_read_particles_
*	USR	3	0.00	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_read_custom_spindep_
*	USR	6	0.00	256	
•	USR	2	0.00	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_assign_spin_deps_
*					<pre>0.00 monte_carlo_IP_check_input_parameters_ 0.00 monte_carlo_IP_input_setup_</pre>
*	USR	0	0.00 0.00	256	·
*	USR	0		1	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_print_input_parameters_
*	USR	0	0.00	62	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_wout_iparam_
*	USR	0	0.00	1	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_print_particles_
*	USR	107	0.03	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function_
*	USR	2	0.00	256	0.00 alloc_shm_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00 alloc_shm_sysv
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_flag_missing_dets_
*	USR	0	0.00	1	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_check_wave_function_
*	USR	36	0.01	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_calculate_geometry_
*	USR	27	0.01	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_read_pseudopotentials_
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00 monte_carlo_IP_geometry_printout_
*	USR	1	0.00	256	<pre>0.00 monte_carlo_IP_orbital_setup_</pre>

*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	<pre>monte_carlo_IP_check_orbital_derivatives_</pre>
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	<pre>monte_carlo_IP_setup_expectation_values_</pre>
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	<pre>monte_carlo_IP_setup_interactions_</pre>
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_check_nn_
*	USR	98	0.03	256	0.00	<pre>monte_carlo_IP_read_jastrow_function_</pre>
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_read_backflow_
*	USR	8	0.00	256	0.00	<pre>monte_carlo_IP_init_vcpp_</pre>
*	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_print_part_title_
*	USR	281	0.08	256	0.00	monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_
*	USR	11021	3.10	25041	0.00	<pre>dmcdmc_main.move_config_</pre>
	USR	2434	0.68	45059225	6.78	wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
	USR	236521	66.51	175964383	26.47	pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
	USR	9886	2.78	144014658	21.67	wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_
	USR	15497	4.36	144014658	21.67	slater.wfn_ratio_slater_
	USR	15512	4.36	144014658	21.67	scratch.get_eevecs1_ch_
	USR	9356	2.63	25041	0.00	<pre>energy_utils.eval_local_energy_</pre>
	USR	2967	0.83	11268450	1.70	non_local.calc_nl_projection_
	USR	7	0.00	6400	0.00	parallel.qmpi_reduce_d1_
	USR	0	0.00	6400	0.00	parallel.qmpi_bcast_d1_
	USR	0	0.00	12800	0.00	parallel.qmpi_bcast_d_
	USR	16	0.00	9382	0.00	<pre>dmc.branch_and_redist_</pre>
	USR	39	0.01	6144	0.00	<pre>dmc.branch_and_redist_send_</pre>
	USR	1	0.00	2982	0.00	<pre>dmc.branch_and_redist_recv_</pre>
	USR	4	0.00	256	0.00	<pre>dmc.branch_and_redist_sendrecv_</pre>
	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	dealloc_shm_
	USR	445	0.13	256	0.00	dealloc_shm_sysv
	USR	0	0.00	256	0.00	clean_shm_
	ANY	355599	100.00	664724749	100.00	(summary) ALL
	MPI	0	0.00	0	0.00	(summary) MPI
	USR	355599	100.00	664724749	100.00	(summary) USR
	COM	0	0.00	0	0.00	(summary) COM
	BL	12291	3.46	159199	0.02	(summary) BL
	ANY	343308	96.54	664565550	99.98	(summary) ALL-BL
	MPI	0	0.00	0	0.00	(summary) MPI-BL
	USR	343308	96.54	664565550	99.98	(summary) USR-BL
	COM	0	0.00	0	0.00	(summary) COM-BL

Usage: cube_regioninfo [-l filename] [-m filename] [-h] [-s] cubefile

- -h Help; Output this help message
- **-r** be verbose, print info about any region
- -I Specify a list of regions for the blacklist
- -m Specify a list of metrics, the list has to be comma-seperated, no spaces allowed

1.4.7 Cube Information

Another tool which allows to examine performance data along the call tree with ability to filter accordingly to user defined criteria. Partially same functionality is implemented by 1.4.16 and call tree.

user@host:	cube_inf	o -t -m bytes_sent	profile.cubex
1	Time	bytes_sent	Diff-Calltree
1	355598	14204637004	* MAIN
1	1411	0	* MPI_Init
1	0	0	* MPI_Comm_size
1	0	0	* MPI_Comm_rank
1	0	0	* get_nnpsmp_
	0	0	* run_control.check_alloc_
ĺ	69	917504	* get_smp_list_
ĺ	0	0	* MPI_Comm_rank
ĺ	0	0	* MPI_Comm_size
ĺ	9	262144	* MPI_Allreduce
ĺ	0	0	* set_shm_numablock
ĺ	27	655360	* MPI_Allgather
İ	0	0	* MPI_Comm_group
İ	0	0	* MPI_Group_incl
i	25	0	* MPI_Comm_create
i	0	0	* MPI_Comm_group
i	0	0	* MPI_Group_incl
i	24 I	0	* MPI_Comm_create
i	353588 I	14203719500	* monte_carlo_
i	0	0	* monte_carlo_IP_set_defaults_
i	142	0	* monte_carlo_IP_set_input_parameters_
i	0 i	0	* run_control.check_alloc_
i	10	0	
i	0	0	
i	3	0	
i	5	0	* monte_carlo_IP_assign_spin_deps_
i	0 1	0	* run_control.check_alloc_
i	174 l	1024	* monte_carlo_IP_check_input_parameters_
i	172	1024	
i	0	0	* monte_carlo_IP_input_setup_
i	0	0	* monte_carlo_IP_print_input_parameters_
i	0	0	* monte_carlo_IP_wout_iparam_
i	0 1	0	* monte_carlo_IP_print_particles_
i	68 I	12288	* MPI_Bcast
i	0	0	* run_control.check_alloc_
i	0	0	* MPI_Comm_group
i	0 1	0	* MPI_Group_incl
i	23	0	* MPI_Comm_create
i	8941	12811606784	<pre>. ' * monte_carlo_IP_read_wave_function_</pre>
i	2792	0	
i	55 I	0	
i	5980		* MPI_Bcast
i	0	0	
i	5 I	1024	
i	4	1024	* alloc_shm_sysv
i	3	1024	
i	0	0	
İ	0	0	
İ	0	0	* run_control.check_alloc_
İ	0	0	* monte_carlo_IP_check_wave_function_
İ	36	0	* monte_carlo_IP_calculate_geometry_
•			•

```
0 |
                                      * run_control.check_alloc_
    27 |
                                     monte_carlo_IP_read_pseudopotentials_
     0
                        0
                                      * run_control.check_alloc_
     0
                        0
                                     monte_carlo_IP_geometry_printout_
     0
                        0
                                      * run_control.check_alloc_
     0
                        0
                                   * monte_carlo_IP_orbital_setup_
     0
                        0
                                      * run_control.check_alloc_
                                   * monte_carlo_IP_check_orbital_derivatives_
     0 |
                        Θ
     0 |
                        0
                                   * monte_carlo_IP_setup_expectation_values_
     0 |
                        0 |
                                     monte_carlo_IP_setup_interactions_
     0 |
                        0 |
                                      * run_control.check_alloc_
    46 |
                     2048 |
                                     monte_carlo_IP_check_nn_
     0 |
                        0 1
                                      * run_control.check_alloc_
    46 |
                     2048 |
                                      * MPI_Bcast
    97 I
                        0 |
                                   * monte_carlo_IP_read_jastrow_function_
     0 |
                                   | * run_control.check_alloc_
                        0 |
                                   * monte_carlo_IP_read_backflow_
     0
                        0
     7
                        0
                                   * monte_carlo_IP_init_vcpp_
     0 |
                                     monte_carlo_IP_print_part_title_
                        0
              1392097356
343175 |
                                     monte_carlo_IP_run_dmc_
     0 |
                        0
                                      * run_control.check_alloc_
     0
                        0
                                      * MPI_Comm_group
     0
                        0
                                      * MPI_Group_incl
    38
                                      * MPI_Comm_create
    64 I
                  747520
                                      * MPI_Bcast
  4657 I
                11140276
                                      * MPI_Ssend
303193 |
                                      * dmcdmc_main.move_config_
                        0
                        0
     0 |
                                          * run_control.check_alloc_
 21668 |
                        0
                                          * wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
 19722 |
                        0
                                           * pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
 28878 |
                        0
                                          * wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_
  6907 |
                        0
                                            * slater.wfn_ratio_slater_
  1259 |
                        0 |
                                             * scratch.get_eevecs1_ch_
 19721 |
                        0
                                            * pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
241625 |
                        0
                                           energy_utils.eval_local_energy_
 20785 |
                        0 |
                                             * wfn_utils.wfn_loggrad_
20298 |
                        0
                                             Ι
                                               * pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
211483 I
                        0
                                             * non_local.calc_nl_projection_
208516 |
                       0
                                               * wfn_utils.wfn_ratio_
  8588 I
                       0
                                                  * slater.wfn_ratio_slater_
                                             Т
176779 I
                        0
                                                   * pjastrow.oneelec_jastrow_
                                             Ι
                                               14252 |
                        0
                                                  * scratch.get_eevecs1_ch_
                                             1
                                               34390 I
                  819200
                                        parallel.gmpi_reduce_d1_
 34384 |
                  819200
                                         * MPI_Reduce
    56 I
                        0 |
                                      * MPI_Recv
                                      * MPI_Gather
     0 |
                     800 1
    21 |
                  102400 I
                                      * parallel.qmpi_bcast_d1_
    21 |
                  102400 |
                                      | * MPI_Bcast
    34 |
                  102400
                                      * parallel.qmpi_bcast_d_
    34 |
                  102400 |
                                      | * MPI_Bcast
   429 |
              1378922616
                                      * dmc.branch_and_redist_
                                   379 |
              1319421620
                                   1
                                      | * dmc.branch_and_redist_send_
     0 |
                        0 |
                                         | * run_control.check_alloc_
```

	25	6291456		- 1	* MPI_Allgather
Ì	230	0	1 1	ĺ	
Ì	33	152036	1 1	ĺ	* MPI_Ssend
Ì	50	0	1 1	ĺ	* MPI_Barrier
İ	Θ	1312978128	İİ	Ĺ	* MPI_Isend
i	Θ	. 0	i i	i	
ĺ	1	0		ĺ	<pre> * dmc.branch_and_redist_recv_</pre>
	Θ	0	1 1	- 1	
Ì	Θ	0	1 1	ĺ	
	32	59500996	1 1	- 1	* dmc.branch_and_redist_sendrecv_
Ì	0	0	1 1	ĺ	* run_control.check_alloc_
İ	8	262144	Ιİ	Ĺ	* MPI_Allgather
Ì	14	0	1 1	ĺ	* MPI_Recv
Ì	4	59238852	1 1	ĺ	* MPI_Ssend
Ì	6	262144	1 1	ĺ	* MPI_Allgather
İ	444	0	Ιİ	Ĺ	* dealloc_shm_
Ì	444	0	1 1	ĺ	* dealloc_shm_sysv
İ	Θ	0	Ιİ	*	clean_shm_
ĺ	348	. 0	i i	*	MPI_Finalize

Usage: cube_info [flags] <cube experiments>

- -h Help; Output a brief help message.
- **-t** Shows the metric "time" (inclusive, aggregated over all threads.)
- -v Shows the metric "visits" (exclusive, aggregated over all threads.)
- **-w** Shows the number of visitors for each Cnode, i.e. the number of threads that have a visits counter of 1 or higher.
- **-m met** Shows the metric described by the string met.
- -I Lists all available metrics.
- **-b** Shows some basic information about the cube file.
- -a met,thrh Checks whether a node's value for a certain metric is below a given threshold with respect to the node's absolute value. Affected nodes are aggregated to a single node and output of their children is suppressed.
- **-r met,thrh** Like –absolute, but based on a percentage of the root's value.
- -x met,thrh Like -absolute, but based on selecting most relevant children of a node at each level.

 ${f met}$ must have the following form: $unique_metric_name:[incl|excl]:process_number.thread_number$ It is allowed to omit anything except for the metric's unique name, so "time" would compute the inclusive time aggregated over all threads or "time:excl:2" would compute the exclusive time aggregated over all threads that belong to the process with the id 2.

1.4.8 Tester

With the tool cube_test one can perform various test on .cubex file such as range test on metric values and similar. This is used usually in the correctness tests of Score-P and

SCALASCA.

Usage: cube_test [flags] <cube1> <cube2>

- -? Help; Output a brief help message.
- -h Help; Output a long help message.
- **-o** Set the output file. If omitted, STDOUT is used.
- -c tree1[,tree2] Create a new copy of the tree "tree2" that is called "tree1". If "tree2" is omitted, "tree1" will be a copy of the "ALL"
- **-e metric[,tree]** Checks whether the metric described by the string "metric" is equal for all provided CUBE files and for all nodes of the tree "tree". If tree is omitted, all nodes are checked.
- -s metric,type,tol[,tree] Checks whether the metric described by the string "metric" is sufficiently similar for all CUBE files, according to the qualifiers type and "tol". "tol" specifies the tolerance which is given as a real number. The meaning of the tolerance value depends on the "type". "type" is either ABS or REL. If "type" is ABS than the nodes are similar if the difference between all values for that metric is below "tol". If "type" is REL than the nodes are similar if the difference between all values for that metric is below: $\sum_{i=1}^n tol * v_i^m \text{ , where n is the number of CUBE files, i-th file and V is value of metric If "tree" is omitted, all nodes are checked.}$
- -a metric,thrh[,tree] Removes all nodes from the tree "tree" whose values are below "thrh" for the metric "metric". If tree is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.
- -r metric,thrh[,tree] Removes all nodes from the tree "tree" whose values are below "thrh" percent of the sum of all roots values. "thrh" is supposed to be a value between 0 and 1. If "tree" is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.
- -x metric,thrh[,tree] For each node of the tree tree we consider all children N of that node. Let vi be the value for the given metric and the node i in N. Then we select a maximal subset M (smaller than N) with the property $\sum_{i \in N} v_i \leq thrh \times \sum_{i \in M} v_i$ and remove all nodes from M. If tree is omitted, nodes are removed from the default tree ALL.
- -v [0,1,2,3] Verbosity level: 0 silent, 1 report only summary, 2 report only errors, 3 report status of all tests

WARNING: The order of the options matters.

1.4.9 Canonizer

With this tool user can convert all regions into canonical form, names into lower case, removing lines and filenames, in order to be able to compare measurements results.

Here is an example of execution

```
cube_canonize -p -m 10 -c -f -l profile.cubex canonized.cubex
cube_dump -w profile.cubex
....
```

```
MEASUREMENT OFF: MEASUREMENT OFF
                                               ( id=0, -1, -1, paradigm=user, role=artificial, url=, d
                                                    ( id=1, -1, -1, paradigm=measurement, role=artifi
       TRACE BUFFER FLUSH: TRACE BUFFER FLUSH
                                ( id=2, -1, -1, paradigm=measurement, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mo
       THREADS: THREADS
                                             ( id=3, -1, -1, paradigm=mpi, role=atomic, url=, descr=,
       MPI_Accumulate:MPI_Accumulate
       PARALLEL: PARALLEL
                                  ( id=270, -1, -1, paradigm=mpi, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
                              ( id=271, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=/ma
       MAIN__:MAIN__
                                        ( id=272, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr
       get_nnpsmp_:get_nnpsmp_
       run_control.check_alloc_:run_control.check_alloc_
                                                                ( id=273, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler,
       get_smp_list_:get_smp_list_
                                           (id=274, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, d
       set_shm_numablock:set_shm_numablock
                                                   ( id=275, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function,
       monte_carlo_:monte_carlo_
                                          ( id=276, -1, -1, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, des
cube_dump -w canonized.cubex
       ------LIST OF REGIONS ----------
                                    ( id=0, 0, 0, paradigm=user, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
       off:MEASUREMENT OFF
       flush:TRACE BUFFER FLUSH
                                         ( id=1, 0, 0, paradigm=measurement, role=artificial, url=, des
       threads:THREADS
                                ( id=2, 0, 0, paradigm=measurement, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=
       mpi_accumu:MPI_Accumulate
                                          (id=3, 0, 0, paradigm=mpi, role=atomic, url=, descr=, mod=)
                                  ( id=270, 0, 0, paradigm=mpi, role=artificial, url=, descr=, mod=)
       parallel:PARALLEL
       main:MAIN__
                            ( id=271, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=, mod=)
                                       (id=272, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=,
       aet_nnpsmp:aet_nnpsmp_
       run_contro:run_control.check_alloc_
                                                   ( id=273, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, u
                                        (id=274, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=
       get_smp_li:get_smp_list_
                                            (id=275, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, de
       set_shm_nu:set_shm_numablock
                                        (id=276, 0, 0, paradigm=compiler, role=function, url=, descr=,
       monte_carl:monte_carlo_
```

Usage: cube_canonize [flags] <input> <output>

- -h Print this help
- -p Use PDT format
- -m <num> Maximum length
- -c Lower case
- -f Remove file names
- -I Remove line numbers

1.4.10 Clean

CUBE files may contain more data in the definition part than absolutely necessary. The cube_clean utility creates a new CUBE file with an identical structure as the input experiment, but with the definition part cleaned up.

An example of the output is presented below.

user@host: cube_clean remapped.cube -o cleaned.cube

Usage: cube_clean [-o output] [-c|-C] [-h] < cube experiment>

- **-o** Name of the output file (default: clean.cube|.gz)
- -c Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- **-C** Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- -h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.4.11 Reroot, Prune

For the detailed study of some part of the execution, the CUBE file can be modified based on a given call-tree node. Two different operations are possible:

- The call tree may be re-rooted, i.e., only sub-trees with the given call-tree node as root are retained in the experiment.
- An entire sub-tree may be pruned, i.e., removed from the experiment. In this case, all metric values for that sub-tree will be attributed to it's parent call-tree node (= "inlined").

One can have multiple $-\mathbf{p}$ and $-\mathbf{r}$ options, none of regions (in $-\mathbf{p}$ and in $-\mathbf{r}$ separately) should have eachother as parents and wrong regions names are ignored.

An example of the output is presented below.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Usage:} & cube_cut [-h] [-c|-C] [-r \ nodename] [-p \ nodename] [-o \ output] < cube \ experiment \\ & & \\ & & \\ \end{tabular}$

- **-r** Re-root calltree at named node(s)
- -p Prune calltree from named node(s) (= "inline")
- -o Name of the output file (default: cut)
- -c Reduce system dimension, if experiments are incompatible.
- **-C** Collapse system dimension! Overrides option -c.
- -h Help; Output a brief help message.

1.4.12 Statistics

Extracts statistical information from the CUBE files.

user@host	:: ./cube_sta [.]	t	-m time,mpi	-p remappe	d.cube -%		
MetricRou	ıtine Cou	nt	Sum	Mean	Variance	Minimum	 Maximum
time INCL	(MAIN)	4	143.199101	35.799775	0.001783	35.759769	 35.839160
time EX	(CL(MAIN) 4	4	0.078037	0.019509	0.000441	0.001156	 0.037711
time ta	sk_init_ 4	4	0.568882	0.142221	0.001802	0.102174	 0.181852
time re	ead_input_ 4	4	0.101781	0.025445	0.000622	0.000703	 0.051980
time de	ecomp_ 4	4	0.000005	0.000001	0.000000	0.000001	 0.000002
time ir	ner_auto_ 4	4	142.361593	35.590398	0.000609	35.566589	 35.612125
time ta	isk_end_ 4	4	0.088803	0.022201	0.000473	0.000468	 0.043699
mpi INCL	(MAIN)	4	62.530811	15.632703	2.190396	13.607989	 17.162466
mpi EX	(CL(MAIN) 4	4	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	 0.000000
mpi ta	sk_init_ 4	4	0.304931	0.076233	0.001438	0.040472	 0.113223
mpi re	ead_input_ 4	4	0.101017	0.025254	0.000633	0.000034	 0.051952
mpi de	ecomp_ 4	4	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	 0.000000
pi inr	ner_auto_ 4	4	62.037503	15.509376	2.194255	13.478049	 17.031288
mpi ta	isk_end_ 4	4	0.087360	0.021840	0.000473	0.000108	 0.043333

user@host: ./cube						
Region Num		clusiveTime I		time	mpi	visits
sweep_	48	76.438435	130.972847	76.438435	0.000000	48
MPI_Recv	39936	36.632249	36.632249	36.632249	36.632249	39936
MPI_Send	39936	17.684986	17.684986	17.684986	17.684986	39936
$MPI_Allreduce$	128	7.383530	7.383530	7.383530	7.383530	128
source_	48	3.059890	3.059890	3.059890	0.000000	48
$\mathtt{MPI}_{-}Barrier$	12	0.382902	0.382902	0.382902	0.382902	12
flux_err_	48	0.380047	1.754759	0.380047	0.000000	48
TRACING	8	0.251017	0.251017	0.251017	0.000000	8
MPI_Bcast	16	0.189381	0.189381	0.189381	0.189381	16
MPI_Init	4	0.170402	0.419989	0.170402	0.170402	4
snd_real_	39936	0.139266	17.824251	0.139266	0.000000	39936
$MPI_{-}Finalize$	4	0.087360	0.088790	0.087360	0.087360	4
initialize	4	0.084858	0.168192	0.084858	0.000000	4
initxs_	4	0.083242	0.083242	0.083242	0.000000	4
MAIN	4	0.078037	143.199101	0.078037	0.000000	4
rcv_real_	39936	0.077341	36.709590	0.077341	0.000000	39936
inner_	4	0.034985	142.337220	0.034985	0.000000	4
inner_auto_	4	0.024373	142.361593	0.024373	0.000000	4
task_init_	4	0.014327	0.568882	0.014327	0.000000	4
$read_input$	4	0.000716	0.101781	0.000716	0.000000	4
$octant_{-}$	416	0.000581	0.000581	0.000581	0.000000	416
global_real_max_	48	0.000441	1.374712	0.000441	0.000000	48
${\sf global_int_sum_}$	48	0.000298	5.978850	0.000298	0.000000	48
global_real_sum_	32	0.000108	0.030815	0.000108	0.000000	32
barrier_sync_	12	0.000105	0.383007	0.000105	0.000000	12
bcast_int_	12	0.000068	0.189395	0.000068	0.000000	12
timers	2	0.000044	0.000044	0.000044	0.000000	2

4 4	0.000042 0.000038	0.000042 0.000050	0.000042 0.000038	0.000000 0.000000	4 4
4	0.000013	0.088803	0.000013	0.000000	4
4	0.000010	0.000065	0.000010	0.000000	4
4	0.000005	0.000005	0.000005	0.000000	4
2	0.000004	0.000048	0.000004	0.000000	2
	4	4 0.000038 4 0.000013 4 0.000010 4 0.000005	4 0.000038 0.000050 4 0.000013 0.088803 4 0.000010 0.000065 4 0.000005 0.000005	4 0.000038 0.000050 0.000038 4 0.000013 0.088803 0.000013 4 0.000010 0.000065 0.000010 4 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	4 0.000038 0.000050 0.000038 0.000000 4 0.000013 0.088803 0.000013 0.000000 4 0.000010 0.000065 0.000010 0.000000 4 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000000

```
OR

[-t \<topN\>] \<cubefile\>
-t topN cubefile</dd>
```

- -h Display this help message
- -p Pretty-print statistics (instead of CSV output)
- -% Provide statistics about process/thread metric values
- -m List of metrics (default: time)
- -r List of routines (default: main). Use mangeled name, if available.
- -t Number for topN regions flat profile

Output of the tool 1.4.16 as

```
cube_dump -w profile.cubex>
```

lists next to the display name of the region its mangeled name as well.

1.4.13 from TAU to CUBE

Converts a profile generated by the TAU Performance System into the CUBE format. Currently, only 1-level, 2-level and full call-path profiles are supported.

An example of the output is presented below.

```
Number of call paths : 5
ChildsomeC void (void)
Number of call paths : 5
ChildsomeD void (void)
Path to Parents : 5
Path to Child: 1
Number of roots : 5
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
Call-tree node created
value time :: 8.0151
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 8.01506
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 5.00815
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 0.000287
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 11.0138
value ncalls :: 1
value time :: 0
value ncalls :: 0
value time :: 9.00879
value ncalls :: 1
done.
```

Usage: tau2cube [tau-profile-dir][-o cube]

1.4.14 Common Calltree

Common Calltree is a tool to reduce call trees of a set of cube files to the common part.

Usage: cube_commoncalltree [-h] < cube experiment> ...

-h Help; Output a brief help message.

The tool cube_commoncalltree takes set of input cubefiles

(cubefile1 cubefile2 ... cubefileN)

and creates corresponding set of cube files

(cubefile1 commoncalltree cubefile2 commoncalltree ... cubefileN commoncalltree).

Output cube files *cubefileX_commoncalltree* do have the equal system and metric dimensions like corresponding *cubefileX* file.

Call trees among *cubefileX_commoncalltree* files are reduced to the maximal (up to a special case in region naming scheme) common part. Inclusive value of the "missing" part is added as a exclusive value to its parent (which is a part of common part of call tree)

This tool is particulary useful for comparison of exprerimens with the different recursion depth or with the additional sub call trees depending on some loop iteration index.

1.4.15 Topology Assistant

Topology assistant is a tool to handle topologies in cube files. It is able to add or edit a topology.

Usage: cube_topoassist [opts] < cube experiment>

The current available options are:

- · To create a new topology in an existing cube file,
- · To [re]name an existing virtual topology, and
- To [re]name the dimensions of a virtual topology.

The command-line switches for this utility are:

- -c: creates a new topology in the existing cube file.
- -n: [re]name an existing topology
- -d: name dimensions of a topology

The output is a topo.cube[.gz] file in the current directory.

As mentioned abot, when using the -d or -n command-line options, a numbered list of the current topologies will appear, showing the topology names, its dimension names (when existing), and the number of coordinates in each dimension, as well as the total number of threads. This is an example of the usage:

```
$ cube_topoassist topo.cube.gz -n
Reading topo.cube.gz . Please wait... Done.
Processes are ordered by rank. For more information about this file,
use cube_info -S <cube experiment>

This CUBE has 3 topologie(s).
0. <Unnamed topology>, 3 dimensions: x: 3, y: 1, z: 4. Total = 12 threads.
1. Test topology, 1 dimensions: dim_x: 12. Total = 12 threads.
2. <Unnamed topology>, 3 dimensions: 3, 1, 4. Total = 12 threads. <Dimensions are not named>

Topology to [re]name?
1
New name:
Hardware topology
Topology successfully [re]named.

Writing topo.cube.gz ... done.
```

The process is similar for [re]naming dimensions within a topology. One characteristic is that either all dimensions are named, or none.

One could easily create a script to generate the coordinates according to some algorithm/equation, and feed this to the assistant as an input. The only requirement is to answer the questions in the order they appear, and after that, feed the coordinates. Coordinates are asked for in rank order, and inside every rank, in thread order.

The sequence of questions made by the assistant when creating a new topology (the -c switch) is:

- · New topology's name
- · Number of dimensions
- Will the above dimensions be named? (Y/N)
- If yes, asks the name. Empty is not valid.
- Number of coordinates in that dimension
- Asks if this dimension is either periodic or not (Y/N)
- · Repeat the previous three steps for every dimension
- After that, it expects the coordinates for each thread in this topology, separated by spaces, in the order described above.

This is a sample session of the assistant:

```
$ cube_topoassist -c experiment.cube.gz
Reading experiment.cube.gz. Please wait... Done.
Processes are ordered by rank. For more information about this file, use cube_info -S <cube experiment>
So far, only cartesian topologies are accepted.
Name for new topology?
Test topology
Number of Dimensions?
Do you want to name the dimensions (axis) of this topology? (Y/N)
Name for dimension 0
torque
Number of elements for dimension \theta
2000
Is dimension 0 periodic?
Name for dimension 1
rotation
Number of elements for dimension 1
1500
Is dimension 1 periodic?
n
Name for dimension 2
Number of elements for dimension 2
Is dimension 2 periodic?
```

```
Alert: The number of possible coordinates (150000000) is bigger than the number of threads on the specified cube file (12). Some positions will stay empty.

Topology on THREAD level.

Thread 0's (rank 0) coordinates in 3 dimensions, separated by spaces
0 0 0
0 1
0 0 2
...

Writing topo.cube.gz ... done.

$
```

So, a possible input file for this cube experiment could be:

```
Test topology
3
y
torque
2000
y
rotation
1500
n
period
50
n
0 0 0
0 0 1
0 0 2
... (the remaining coordinates)
```

And then call the assistant: cube topoassist -c cubefile.cube < input.txt

1.4.16 Dump

To export values from the cube report into another tool or to examine internal structure of the cube report CUBE framework provedes a tool cube_dump tool, which prints out different values. It calculates inclusive and exclusive values along metric tree and call tree, agregates over system tree or displays values for every thread separately. In addition it provides user to define new metrics(see file CubeDerivedMetrics.pdf). Results are calculated and shown. For convenience user can invoke defined metrics along with new once in any order. For doing so one lists unique names of metrics separated by commas. For access to more than one callpaths, user can specify the ids or a range of them like "2-9". This also can be done for threads. Additionally provides a calculation of the flat profile values.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{Usage:} & cube_dump [-m < metrics > | < metrics > | all | < filename >] [-c < cnode ids > | all | leafs | roots | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X | level > X$

- -m <metrics>|<new metrics>|all|<filename> Select one or more of metrics (unique names) for data dump.
- By giving a CubePL expression one can define one or more new metrics by giving correspond formula. If the expression prefixed with "<name>:", <name> is used as a unique name for the new metric.
- $<\!$ filename> takes a CubePL expression from file $<\!$ filename> and defines a derived metric with it
- all all metrics will be printed.

Combination of these three is possible.

-c <cnode ids>|all|leafs|roots|level>X|level=X|level<X|name=/regexp/|<filename>

Select one or more call paths to be printed out .

<cnode ids> - list or range of call path ids: 0,3,5-10,25

all - all call paths are printed

leafs - only call paths without children are printed

roots - only root cnodes are printed

level<X, level=X or level>X - only cnodes of the level more, equal or less than N are printed

name=/regexp/- only cnodes of with the name matching to the regular expression 'regexp'

<filename> - takes a CubePL expression from file <filename> and evaluates it for every callpath.

If the result is non-zero - call path is included into the output.

-x incl|**excl** Selects, if the data along the metric tree should be calculated as an inclusive or an exclusive value.

(Default value: incl).

-z incl|**excl**|**stored** Selects, if the data along the call tree should be calculated as an inclusive or an exclusive value.

(Default value: excl).

- -t <thread id>|aggr Show data for one or more selected threads or aggregated over system tree.
- $\hbox{\bf -r} \quad \hbox{Prints aggregated values for every region (flat profile), sorted by id. }$
- **-f** < **name** > Selects a stored data with the name < name > to display
- -d Shows the coordinates for every topology as well.
- -y Disables expansion of clusters and shows bare stored meta structure.
- **-w** Prints out the information about structure of the cube.
- **-g** Show ghost metrics (only in combination with -w).
- $\textbf{-o} < \textbf{filename} > |\textbf{-} \quad \text{Uses a device or STDOUT for the output. If omit, STDOUT is used.}$

- -s human|gnuplot|gnuplot2|csv|csv2|(R) Uses either human readable form, GNUPLOT or CSV (two different layouts) format or binary R matrix (in case R is installed) for data export.
- -h|-? Help; Output a brief help message.

This is examples of the usage.

```
Example 1:
```

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 0 \
  -z incl -s gnuplot profile.cubex
# ======= DATA ========
# Print out the data of the metric time
#main(id=0)
       80.549003343
0
   0
       44.115097986
0
   1
0
   2
       43.486614165
       43.940738098
0
   3
0
   4
       80.539393011
0
   5
       42.723353088
0
   6
       42.61159706
0
   7
       43.108220977
0
   8
       80.635220741
0
   9
       43.788284208
0
   10 43.831524441
0
   11 43.652044759
0
   12 80.629776666
0
   13 42.692885677
0
   14 42.719330066
   15 42.732487708
# Print out the data of the metric New Metric1
#main(id=0)
       80.549003343
0
   0
       1.79769313486e+308
0
   1
0
   2
       1.79769313486e+308
0
   3
      1.79769313486e+308
0
   4
       80.539393011
   5
0
       1.79769313486e+308
0
   6
       1.79769313486e+308
0
   7
       1.79769313486e+308
0
       80.635220741
0
   9
       1.79769313486e+308
0
   10 1.79769313486e+308
0
   11 1.79769313486e+308
0
   12 80.629776666
0
   13 1.79769313486e+308
0
   14 1.79769313486e+308
0
   15 1.79769313486e+308
# Print out the data of the metric New Metric2
#main(id=0)
```

```
0
   0
       1
0
   1
        0
        0
        0
       1
   5
        0
0
   6
        0
        Θ
Θ
Θ
   8
       1
0
   9
        0
0
   10 0
0
   11 0
   12 1
   13 0
   14 0
   15 0
```

Example 2:

```
$cube_dump -m time -s gnuplot2 profile.cubex
# ========== CONFIGURE GNUPLOT ==========
set logscal x ; set logscal y ; set grid ; set xrange [16:300000]
; set terminal png size "600,400"
# ======== DATA ==========
# Print out the data of the metric time
;set output "0.png"
; plot 6.4e-18*x**(5.0/2.0) + 5.2e-05 t "setPrecision(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=18)" ,
1.2e-17*x**(7.0/3.0) + 3.6e-05 t "setRoundNr(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=19)",
2.1e-17*x**(9.0/4.0) + 3.1e-05 t "setUpperExpNr(int, PrecisionFormat)(id=20)",
7.1e-19*x**(5.0/2.0) + 8.8e-06 t "getInstance()(id=21)",
2.8e-18*x**(2.0/1.0)*log(x) + 3.3e-06 t "getCubePluginCount()(id=24)"
;set output "1.png"
; plot 1.3e-20*x**(5.0/2.0)*log(x) + 4.2e-06 t "PluginList()(id=25)"
9.7e-18*x**(7.0/3.0) + 1.1e-05 t "loadContextFreePlugin(PluginData&)(id=28)",
1e-17*x**(9.0/4.0) + 8.8e-06 t "loadCubePlugin(PluginData&)(id=29)",
1e-18*x**(9.0/4.0) + 1.1e-06 t "name() const(id=35)",
2.6e-18*x**(2.0/1.0)*log(x) + 3.7e-06 t "getCubePlugin(int)(id=44)"
```

Example 3:

All threads

```
main(id=0) 841.755571994
Print out the data of the metric New Metricl
          All threads
-----
main(id=0) 210.438892999
Print out the data of the metric New Metric2
          All threads
main(id=0) 4
Example 4:
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 20 \
 -z incl -s csv profile.cubex
20,0,8.9812e-05
20,1,0
20,2,0
20,3,0
20,4,9.7463e-05
20,5,0
20,6,0
20,7,0
20,8,0.000132327
20,9,0
20,10,0
20,11,0
20,12,7.2788e-05
20,13,0
20,14,0
20,15,0
20,0,8.9812e-05
20,1,-1.79769313486e+308
20,2,-1.79769313486e+308
20,3,-1.79769313486e+308
20,4,9.7463e-05
20,5,-1.79769313486e+308
20,6,-1.79769313486e+308
20,7,-1.79769313486e+308
20,8,0.000132327
20,9,-1.79769313486e+308
20,10,-1.79769313486e+308
20,11,-1.79769313486e+308
20,12,7.2788e-05
20,13,-1.79769313486e+308
20,14,-1.79769313486e+308
20,15,-1.79769313486e+308
20,0,1
```

```
20,1,0

20,2,0

20,3,0

20,4,1

20,5,0

20,6,0

20,7,0

20,8,1

20,9,0

20,10,0

20,11,0

20,12,1

20,13,0

20,14,0

20,15,0
```

Example 5:

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 1 \
  -z incl -s csv2 profile.cubex
Cnode ID, Thread ID,time,New Metric1,New Metric2
1,0,80.548967177,80.548967177,1
1,1,44.115097986,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,2,43.486614165,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,3,43.940738098,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,4,80.539359524,80.539359524,1
1,5,42.723353088,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,6,42.61159706,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,7,43.108220977,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,8,80.635176341,80.635176341,1
1,9,43.788284208,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,10,43.831524441,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,11,43.652044759,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,12,80.629742485,80.629742485,1
1,13,42.692885677,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,14,42.719330066,1.79769313486e+308,0
1,15,42.732487708,1.79769313486e+308,0
```

Example 6:

```
$cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c 1 \
  -z incl -s R profile.cubex -o output_file
```

This will generate binary file "output_file" which can be loaded in R. In consists of three matrices, each one corresponding to one metric. Each matrix is named after the metric and it contains values for all threads and nodes.

Example 7: We select only call path names, starting with "main" using the CubePL expression (stored in file name "selection.cubepl"):

```
${a}=0;
if (${cube::region::name}[${calculation::region::id}] =~ /^main/ )
{ ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
Then:
cube_dump -m time,"metric::visits(e)","metric::time(i)/metric::visits(e)" -c selection.cubepl \
-z incl -t aggr profile.cubex
=========== DATA ==========
Print out the data of the metric time
               All threads
main(id=0) 841.755571994
main_loop(id=12) 840.73706946
Print out the data of the metric New Metric1
              All threads
-----
main(id=0) 210.438892999
main_loop(id=12) 0.210184267365
Print out the data of the metric New Metric2
               All threads
main(id=0)
main_loop(id=12) 4000
Options "leafs", "roots", "level=", "level<", "level>" and "name=/regexp/" are shortcuts for
a build-in CubePL expression, which is used to select a call path.
   • "leafs" : stands for:
    ${a}=0;
    if (${cube::callpath::#children}[${calculation::callpath::id}] == 0 )
    { ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
   • "roots" : stands for:
    {
    ${a}=0;
    if (${cube::callpath::parent::id}[${calculation::callpath::id}] == -1 )
    { ${a}=1; }; return ${a};
   • "level=N" : stands for:
    ${level}=N;
    ${index}=0;
```

```
$\{i\}=\{calculation::callpath::id\};
while (\{cube::callpath::parent::id\}[\$\{i\}] != -1 )
{ \$\{i\}= \$\{cube::callpath::parent::id\}[\$\{i\}]; \$\{index\}=\$\{index\}+1; \};
$\{a\}=0;
if (\$\{index\} == \$\{level\})
{\$\{a\}=1; \};
return \$\{a\};
}

• "name=/regexp/": stands for:
{
 \$\{a\}=0;
  if (\$\{cube::region::name\}[\$\{calculation::region::id\}] =~ /regexp/ )
  \{\$\{a\}=1; \}; return \$\{a\};
};
```

"level<N" and "level>N" differ from "level=N" in the boolean operation in the line 8. For detailed documentation of the syntax of CubePL please see.

```
==== BASE ==== BASE ====
==== BASE ==== BASE ====
```



