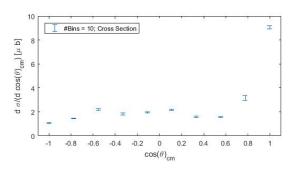
## **Omega Cross-Section**

Martin Sobotzik

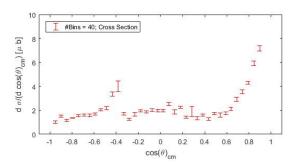
Mainz, March 2019

Institute for Nuclear Physics Johannes Gutenberg University of Mainz



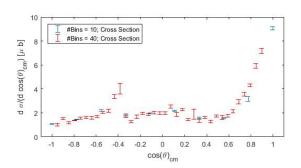


Olis Cross Section; Dip at about  $\cos(\theta) = -0.3$ 

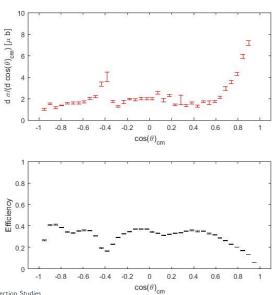


Increased number of bins to 40; now there is still a dip at  $\cos(\theta) = -0.3$  but also a peak at  $\cos(\theta) = -0.5$ 





Both Cross Sections are shown.



## Taking a closer Look

Bachelor Photon



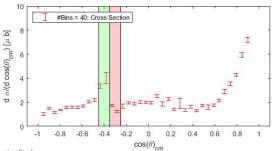
$$\gamma p \rightarrow \qquad \qquad \omega \qquad p$$

Closer look at:

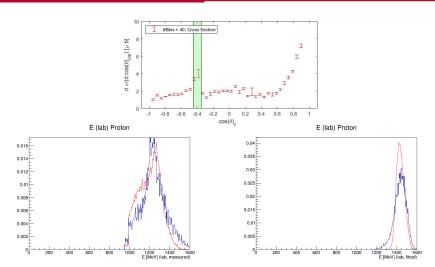
ω

- π<sup>0</sup>
  - $\gamma$

• Proton

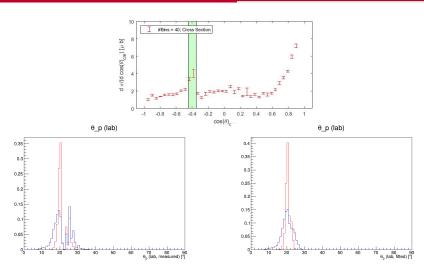






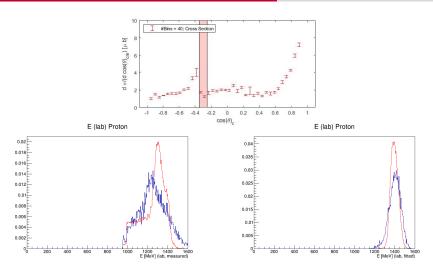
Energy of protons for  $\cos(\theta\omega) = [-0.45, -0.35]$ . Red are MC and blue are beamtime data. Left side is just measured, right side is after KFit.





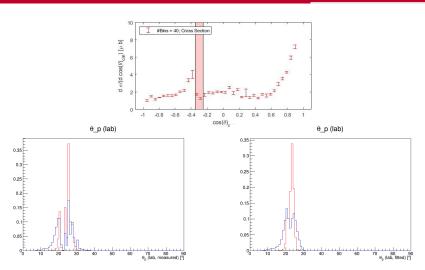
 $\theta$  of protons for  $\cos(\theta\omega) = [-0.45, -0.35]$ . Red are MC and blue are beamtime data. Left side is just measured, right side is after KFit.



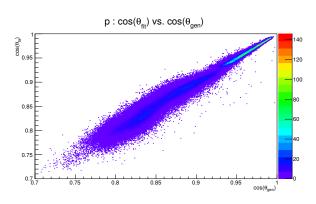


Energy of protons for  $\cos(\theta\omega) = [-0.35, -0.25]$ . Red are MC and blue are beamtime data. Left side is just measured, right side is after KFit.

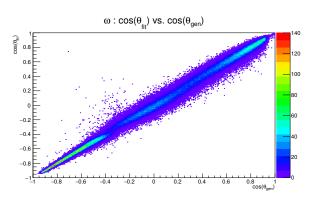




 $\theta$  of protons for  $\cos(\theta\omega) = [-0.35, -0.25]$ . Red are MC and blue are beamtime data. Left side is just measured, right side is after KFit.



 $\cos(\theta_{\mathit{fit}})$  vs.  $\cos(\theta_{\mathit{gen}})$  for all protons.



 $\cos(\theta_{\it fit})$  vs.  $\cos(\theta_{\it gen})$  for all  $\omega$ .

## Unfolding

## **Motivation**



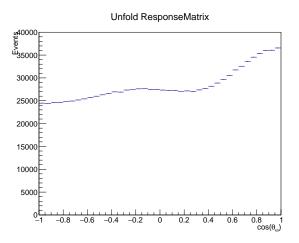
- $\bullet$   $\mu$  is the *true* distribution given by nature
- detector effects are then described by the response function R. (inefficiencies, bias and smearing)
- This results in the distribution  $\nu$ .

$$\nu_i = \sum_{j=1}^M R_{ij} \mu_j$$

 With infinite statistics, it would be possible to recover the original distribution by inverting the response matrix

$$\mu = R^{-1}\nu$$





Flat  $\omega$  was used. MC fitted data were unfolded.