

# Streaming Systems for Real-Time Analytics

**RJ Nowling** 

Memphis.dev

MadPy Meetup

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## Introducing Myself



- Developer Advocate at Memphis.dev
- Associate Professor of Computer Science at the Milwaukee School of Engineering (5 years)
- ML engineer in industry (4 years)



## BigPetStore





#### Simulated Transactions

```
"transaction id": 1107316,
"customer id": 69770,
"timestamp": "2023-01-01T05:59:40.799777",
"line items":
  { "item id": 10, "quantity": 1 },
  { "item id": 5, "quantity": 2 }
                                  1.5 million transactions
                                  1 year of time
```

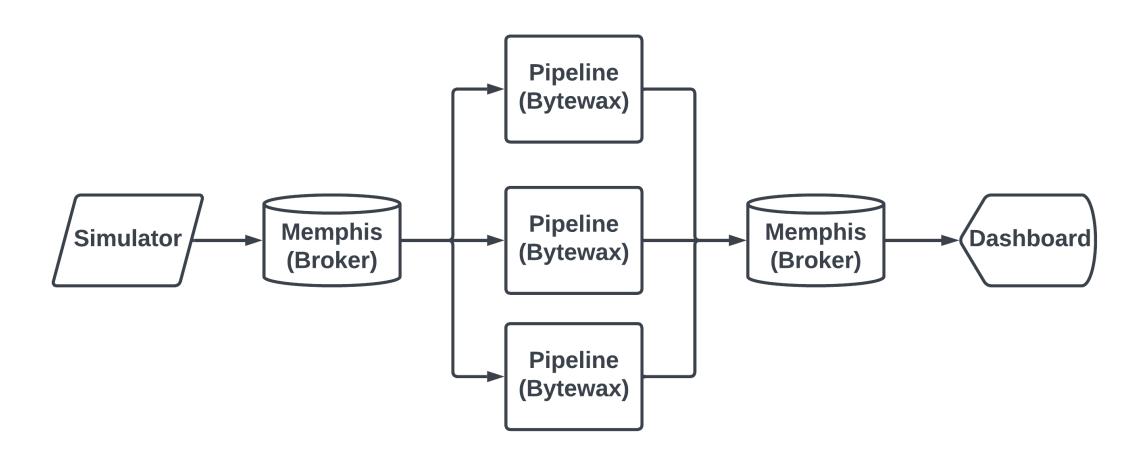


## Analyses

- Weekly transaction volume (tumbling window)
- Week-over-week change in transaction volume (sliding window)
- Week-over-week change in product sales volume (sliding window, group by key)



#### Architecture





## Agenda

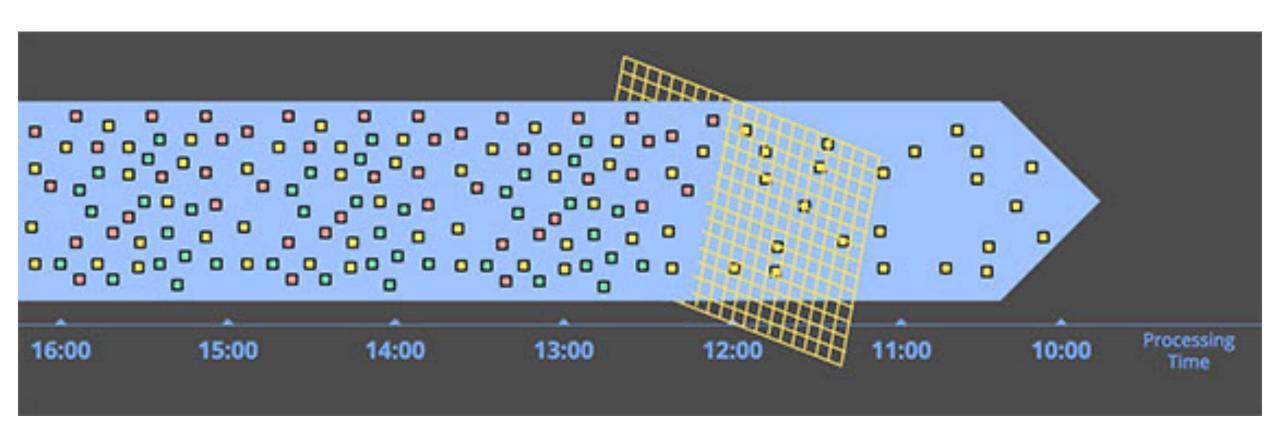
- Introduce message brokers
- Introduce stream processing engines
- Demo our transaction analysis system



# Message Brokers

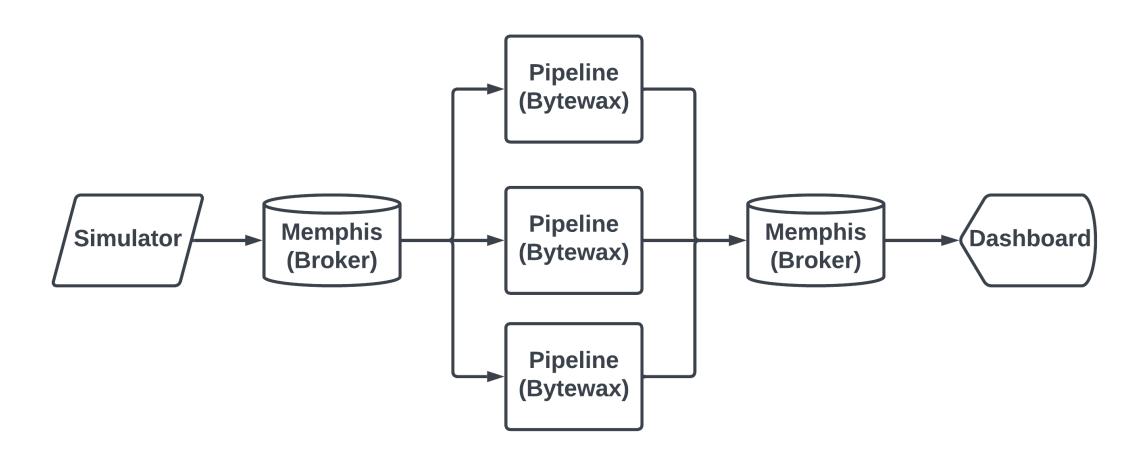


## Streaming Data



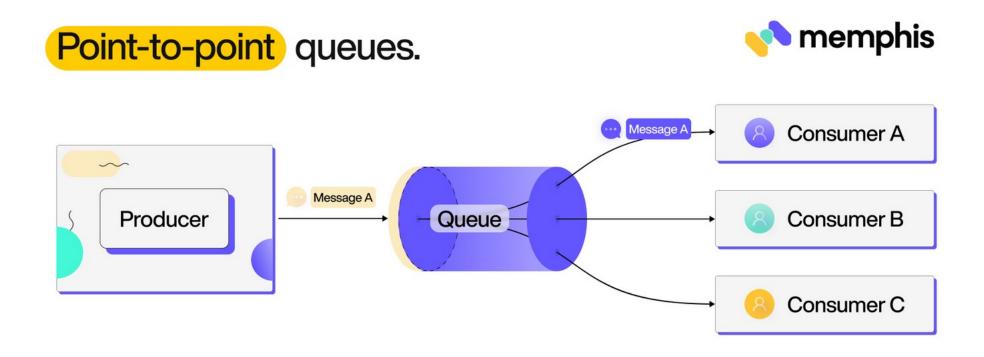


#### Architecture





## Message Queue Pattern

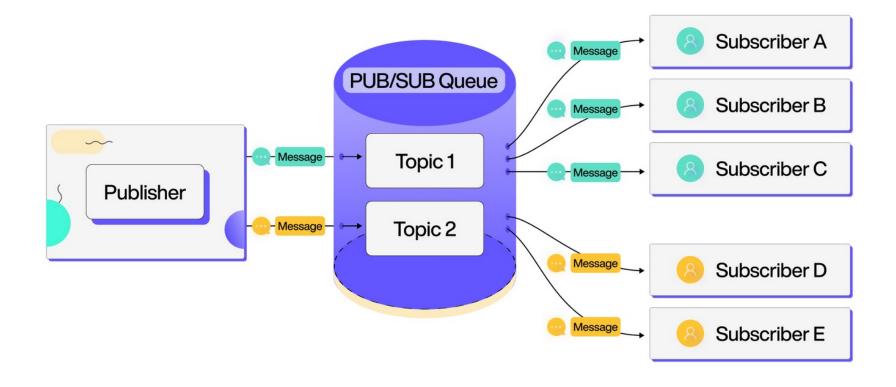




## Publish / Subscribe Pattern









## Architectural Advantages

- Decouples routing
- Decouples availability
- Enables asynchronous communication
- Rate limiting / buffering



#### Producer Code

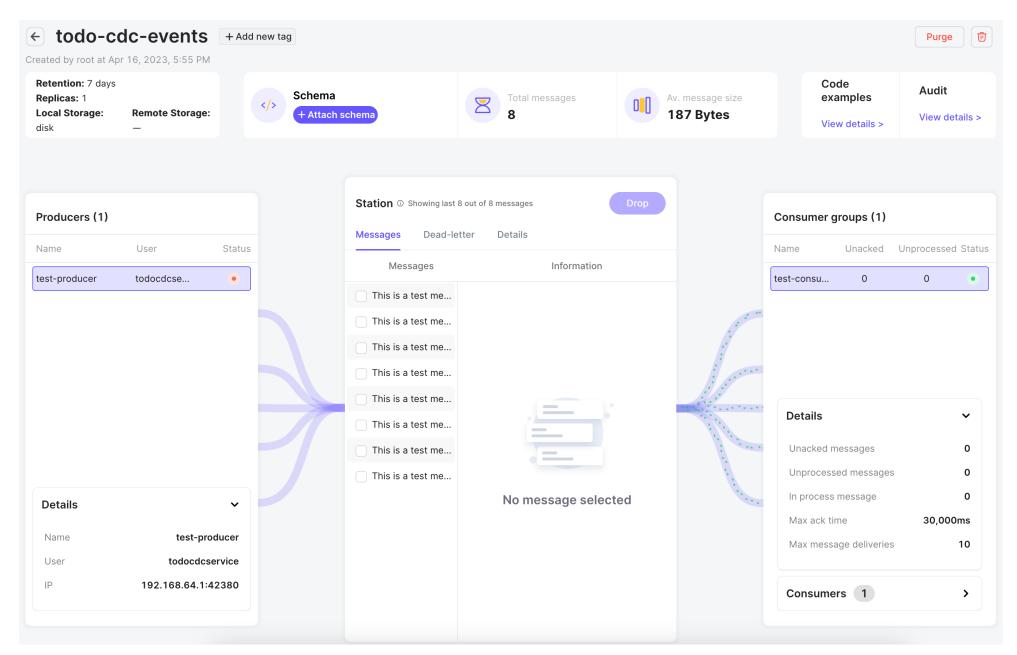
```
memphis = Memphis()
await memphis.connect(host=HOST, username=USERNAME,
                       password=PASSWORD)
producer = await memphis.producer(
                   station name=STATION,
                   producer name="test-producer")
msg id = 0
while True:
    msg = f"This is test message {msg id}."
    await producer.produce(bytearray(msg, "utf-8"))
```



#### Consumer Code

```
consumer = await memphis.consumer(
                 station name=STATION,
                 consumer name="test-consumer")
while True:
    batch = await consumer.fetch()
    for msg in batch:
         s = msg.get data().decode("utf-8")
         print(s)
        msg.ack()
```







## "Classic" Message Brokers

- Apache ActiveMQ
- Apache RocketMQ
- BlazingMQ
- IBM MQ
- NATS
- Oracle Advanced Queuing
- RabbitMQ



## "Modern" Message Brokers

- Apache Kafka
- Apache Pulsar
- Memphis
- NATS Jetstream
- Redpanda



#### Architectural Features

- Partitioning: enables parallelism
- Message retention: turns message broker into a database
- Consumer can rewind: message replay (time travel)



# Stream Processing Engines



## Stream Processing Engines

- Provide a programming model
- "Automatic" parallelization
- State management
- Recovery

- Apache Flink
- Apache Samza
- Apache Spark
- Apache Storm
- Bytewax
- Faust



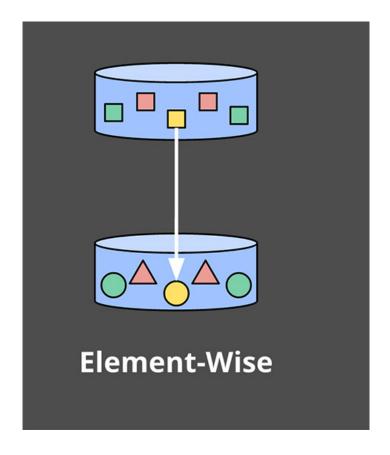


```
flow = Dataflow()
flow.input("memphis-consumer", memphis_src)
# bytearray to UTF-8 string
flow.map(lambda m: m.decode("utf-8"))
# deserialize JSON document
flow.map(json.loads)
# grab customer id
flow.map(lambda r: r["customer id"])
# convert to bytearray
flow.map(lambda s: bytearray(s, "utf-8"))
# print customer id
flow.output("console-output", StdOutput())
```

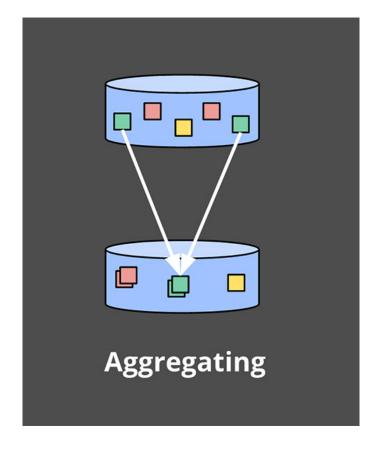


#### Transformations

#### Map

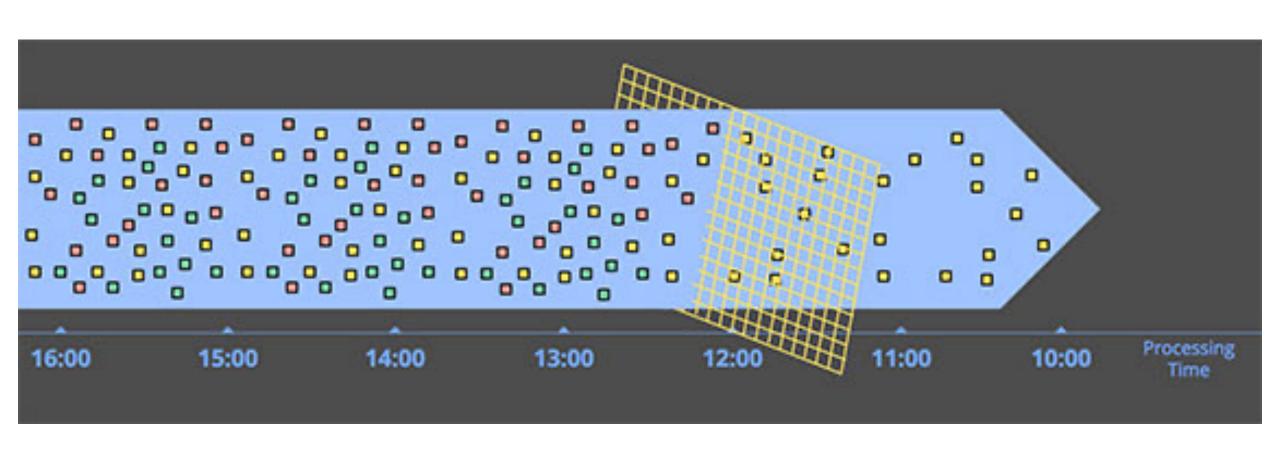


#### Reduce / Fold



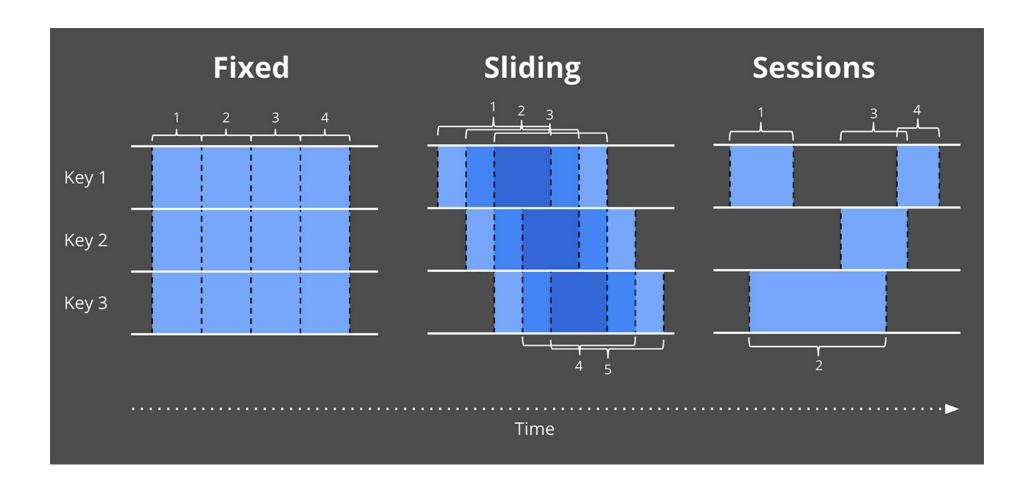


## Filter





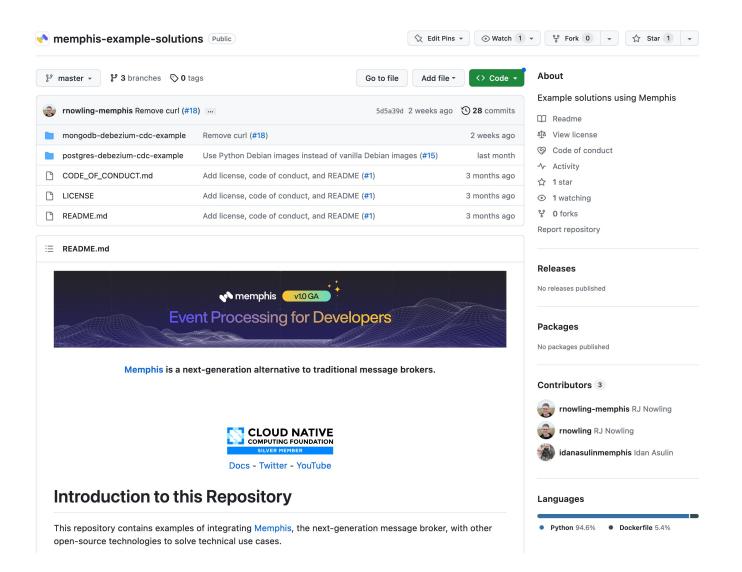
## Windowing





#### Demo

• Let's switch to our live demo...



nemphis.dev

https://github.com/memphisdev/memphis-example-solutions



## Thanks!