

MZUZU DIOCESE**2019 MALAWI SCHOOL CERTIFICATE OF EDUCATION MOCK EXAMINATION****CHEMISTRY
PAPER I
(100 marks)****DATE: 3 APRIL 2019****Time Allowed: 2hrs
07:30 – 09:30 am****Instructions:**

- 1. This paper contains 14 pages. Please check.**
- 2. Fill in your Name at the top of each page.**
- 3. This paper contains two sections A and B. In section A there are ten short answer questions while in section B there are three restricted Essay questions..**
- 4. Answer all the thirteen questions in the spaces provided.**
- 5. Use of electronic calculators are allowed**
- 6. The maximum number of marks for each answer is indicated against each question.**
- 7. In the table provided on this page, tick against the question number you have answered.**
- 8. Hand in your paper to the invigilator when time is called to stop writing.**

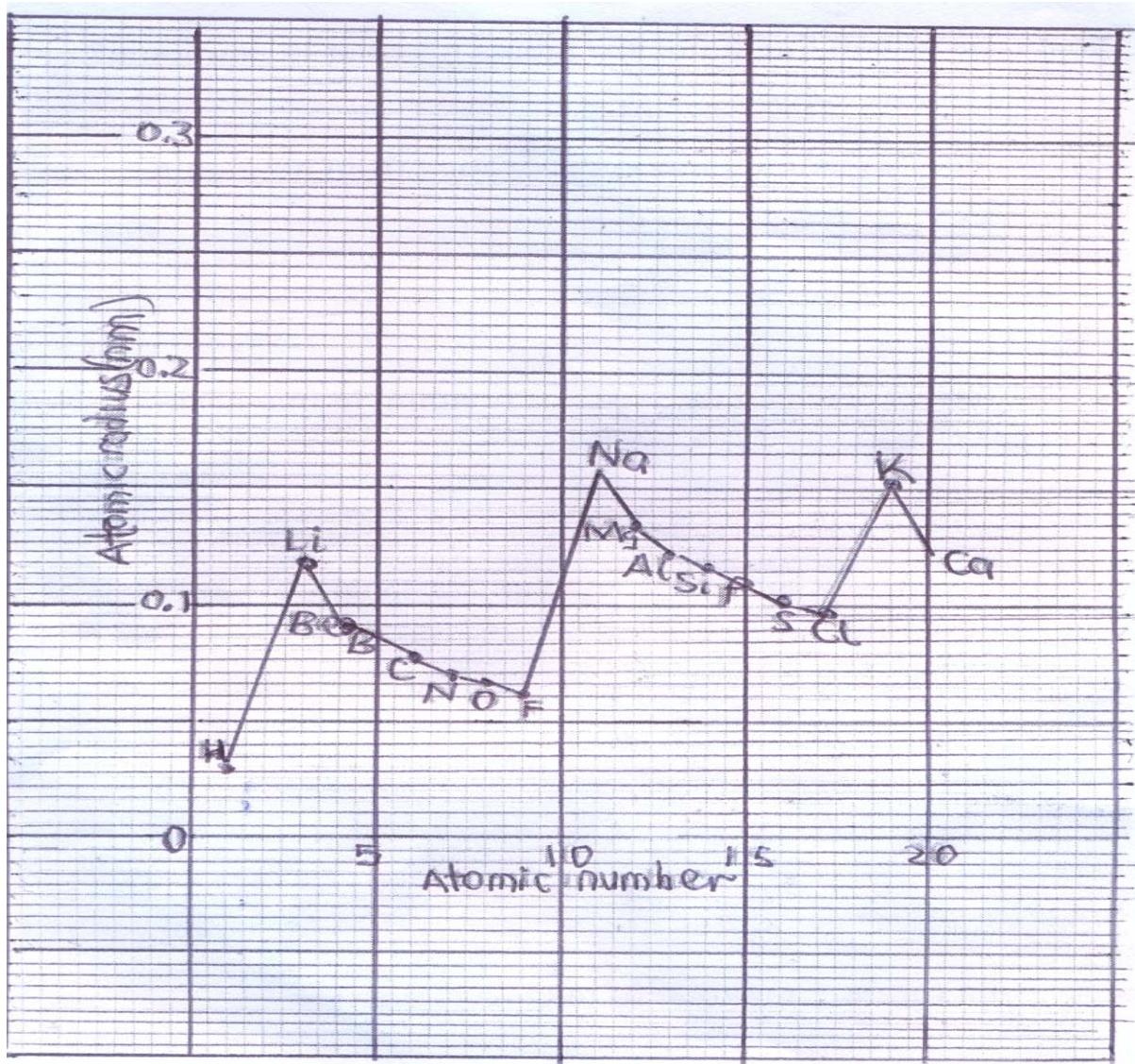
Question Number	Tick if Answered	Do not write in these columns
1		
2		
3		
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11		
12		
13		

SECTION 70 MARKS**Answer all the 10 questions in this section in the spaces provided below**

1. a. State any one branch of chemistry.

(1 mark)

- b.
- Figure 1**
- is a graph of atomic radius across the periods against atomic number for the first 20 element in the periodic table

**Figure 1**

- (i) Identify the atomic radius of Cl

1 mark

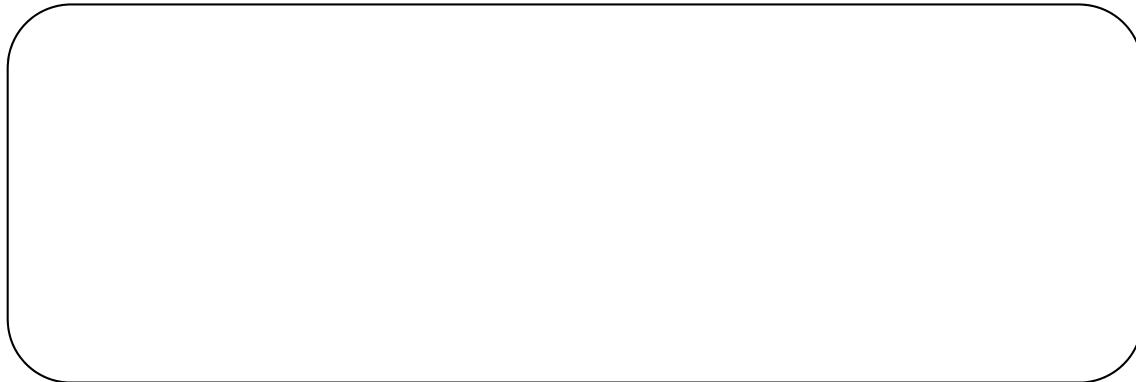
- (ii) Why is there a sudden increase in atomic radius from Cl to K?

(1 mark)

- (iii) In terms of the periodic table explain why an atomic radius is different from an ionic size of the same element

(1marks)

- c. Neon has natural isotopes with relative masses of 20amu, 21amu and 22amu and percentage abundances of 90.51%, 0.28% and 9.21%.



3 marks

- d. Element X has a mass number of 24amu and atomic number 12.

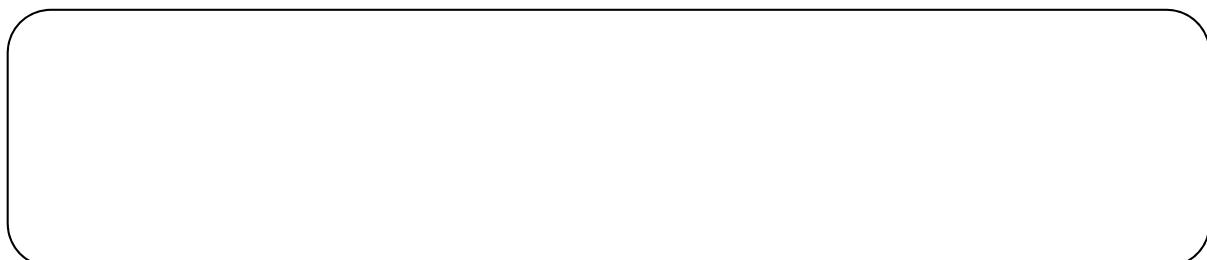
- i. To which group does element X belong

(1 mark)

- ii. Identify element X in the periodic table

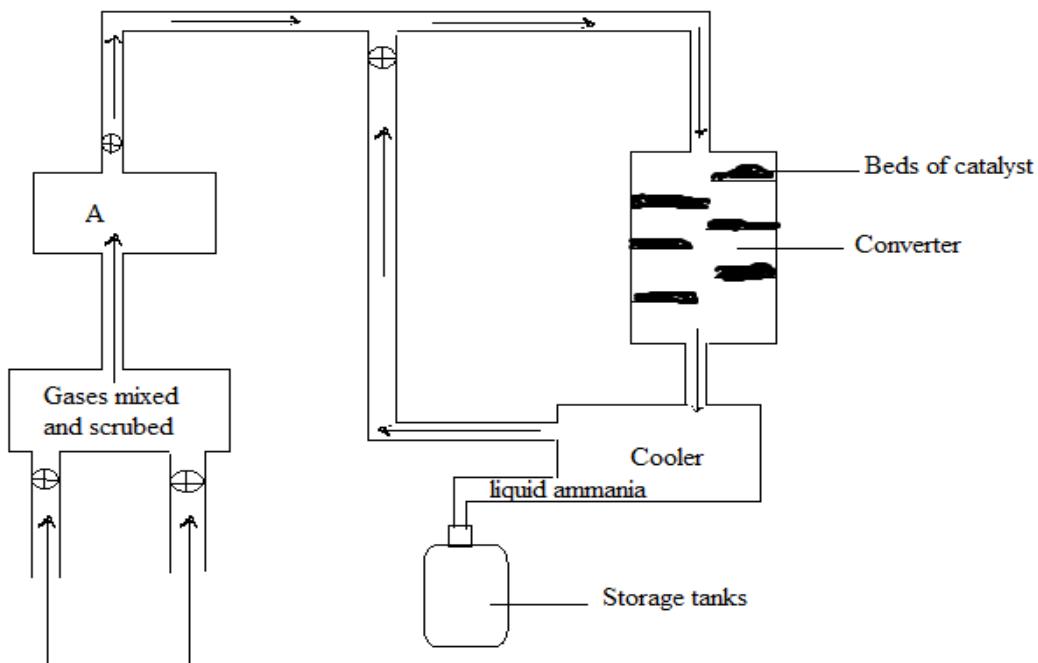
(1 mark)

- iii. Derive a chemical formula of compound formed between element X and oxygen atom



(2 mark)

2. Figure 2 below shows production of ammonia



a. i. Identify the process in figure 2 above.

(1 mark)

ii. List the **two** gases which are pumped into the system

_____ (2 marks)

b. i. Give **any one** source of phosphorous

(1 mark)

c. State any **one** product that is manufactured using phosphorous apart from fertilisers.

_____ (1 mark)

d. Diamond and graphite are allotropes of carbon; explain why graphite conducts electricity while diamond does not.

_____ (2 marks)

3. a.i. Give any **two** metals used to form stainless steel

_____ (2 marks)

Continued: /...

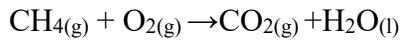
- ii. Why is stainless steel used to make surgical instruments?

(1 marks)

- b. **Table 1** below shows bond energies of some elements. Use it to answer the questions below.

bond	Energy(kj/mol)
C-H	413
O=O	498
O-H	464
C=O	805

Methane reacts with oxygen to produce carbon dioxide and water according to the equation below.



- i. Use the table of bond enthalpies to calculate bond breaking energy and bond making energy.



(3 marks)

- ii. Identify the type of reaction

(1 mark)

4. a. In a titration, 25cm³ of hydrochloric acid (HCl) of an unknown concentration was titrated against 20cm³ of 2M sodium hydroxide (2M NaOH) to which phenolphthalein was added.

- i. Name the standard solution in the titration.



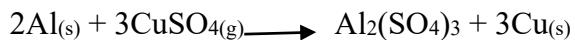
(1 mark)

ii. Give a reason for the answer in 4a(i)



(1 mark)

- b. When 2.34g of aluminium reacted with excess copper (II) sulphate solution 3.89g of copper were formed according to the equation



Calculate the percentage yield of copper in the reaction ,(Al = 27, Cu = 63.5)

(4 marks)

5. a. A 300 mg tablet of a drug was completely dissolved in 10ml of water. The molecular formula of the drug is C₉H₈O₄

- i. Calculate the number of moles in the tablet (RAM: C 12, H = 1 and O = 16)

(3 marks)

ii. Calculate the molarity of the solution.

(2 marks)

6. a. Given below are formulae of some organic compounds A, B, C and D.

- A. $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OH}$ B. C_3H_6 C. $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{COOH}$ D. CH_3CHO

i. What kind of reaction process occurs between compound A and C.

_____ (1 mark)

ii. Name the product formed from the reaction in a. (i).

_____ (1 mark)

iii. Which compound has a general formula of RCHO?

_____ (1 mark)

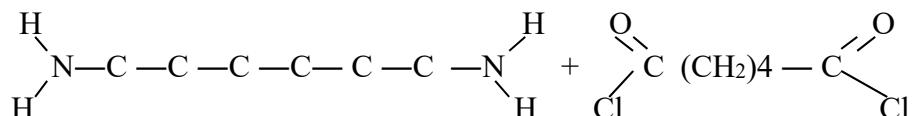
b. i. Draw any two isomers of butene (C_4H_8)

(2 marks)

ii. Name the isomers in 6.b.i above

(2 marks)

c. Polymerization of 1 – 6 diaminohexane and hexane 1 – 6 dioyl – dichloride takes place as follows



1 – 6 diamino hexane

1 – 6 dioyl - dichloride

- i. Identify the type of polymerization in the reaction

1 mark

- ii. Name the polymer

(1 mark)

7. a. i. Describe any **two** social and economic benefits of recycling plastic wastes.

b. List down any two common pollutants of air.

(2 marks)

- c. Explain the term '**ion exchange**' in relation to the removal of permanent water hardness.

(3 marks)

- d. State any **two** mitigation measures taken to reduce CFCs

(2 marks)

8. Ammonia is an example of a strong base.

- a. What is a “strong base”

(1 mark)

- b. Write a chemical equation to show the ionisation of ammonia in water

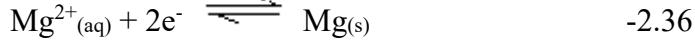
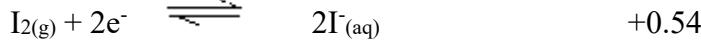
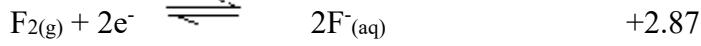
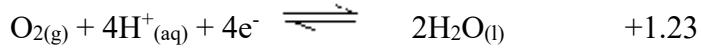
(2 marks)

- c. Identify one conjugate acid – base pair from the equation in 8.b.

(1 mark)

9. Given the following information, use it to answer the questions that follows

E^o/Volts



- i. Show whether the reaction of Magnesium metal with copper nitrate solution will occur or not

(2 marks)

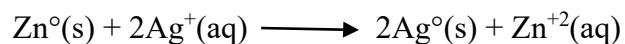
ii. Write the overall equation for the cell between magnesium and silver.

_____ (1 mark)

10. a. Work out the oxidation number of Mn in KMnO_4

(2 marks)

b. The following is an overall equation for the reaction of zinc metal and silver ions



i. Identify

1) An oxidizing agent

_____ (1 mark)

2) A reducing agent

_____ (1 mark)

ii. What is the meaning of (+2) on $\text{Zn}^{+2}(\text{aq})$

_____ (1 mark)

SECTION B 30 MARKS

Answer all the three questions in this section using the spaces provided

11. With the aid of a well labelled diagram explain how a mixture of ink or dye can be separated using chromatography.

(10 marks)

12. With the aid of a well labelled diagram explain how the electrolysis of dilute sodium chloride solution occurs. (**hint:** the explanation should include type of reaction and discharge on each electrode and half equations)

CANDIDATE NAME _____ CLASS _____

CLASS _____

13. Describe an experiment that you would conduct to determine the rate of a reaction by change in mass using calcium carbonate chips and hydrochloric acid solution.

CANDIDATE NAME _____ CLASS _____

(10 marks)

End of question!