

# Modern Web Development for Java Programmers

Unit 4. TDD for JavaScript.  
Testing AngularJS components. AJAX, JSON, REST



# Unit 4 Timeline

- |   |        |
|---|--------|
| • Code Quality Tools (jshint, tslint)   | 15 min |
| • Test Driven Development   | 10 min |
| • Jasmine   | 10 min |
| • Hands-on: Using Jasmine   | 10 min |
| • Test Runners: Karma   | 10 min |
| • Hands-on: Initializing Karma project, run tests, IDE integration                          | 20 min |
| • AngularJS specific testing  | 20 min |
| • Hands-on: TDD with AngularJS  | 20 min |
| • Break   | 10 min |
| • AJAX, JSON, REST, HATEOAS, CORS   | 40 min |
| • Angular Components: AngularResource, RestAngular  | 15 min |
| • Hands-on: Consuming JSON services from a fake server - apiary                             | 20 min |
| • Home work: cover components with tests, consuming JSON from the server via HTTP protocol. |        |



# Code Quality Tools

# Code Quality Tools

- JavaScript is dynamic and interpreted. There is no compiler to help, for instance, like in Java
- Maintaining team-wide code style
- Apply the best practices from community to make your code better



- JSHint <http://www.jshint.com/docs/>
- TSLint <https://github.com/palantir/tslint>

# Further reading

- «Selected Productivity Tools for Enterprise Developers» chapter, [http://enterprisewebbook.com/ch5\\_tools.html#\\_using-grunt-to-run-jshint-checks](http://enterprisewebbook.com/ch5_tools.html#_using-grunt-to-run-jshint-checks)
- <http://www.jshint.com/docs/>

# Testing for JavaScript

# Why to test ?

- Maintain code quality
- Prevent regressing and implementing new features without breaking the existing ones
- Testable systems overall have better design and understandable code





# Types of testing

- Unit testing
- Integration testing
- Functional testing
- Load (a.k.a. stress) testing

We're going to talk about  
**unit testing**



# What is TDD

- TDD meant writing tests before or inline with the actual implementation
- Mock complex dependencies
- Tests help track previously-fixed bugs
- Run the tests automatically and receive feedback from your code



# Mocks vs Spies vs Stubs

- Mocks replace entire objects/interfaces to control data flow
- Spies replace/patch existing functions to intercept behavior
- Stubs hijack the return value of a function to control program flow
- AngularJS has mocks built-in. Spies and Stubs can be used with JavaScript



# «Test first»

- Write the test and make it fail
- Make the test pass
- Refactor
- Repeat

RED

# GREEN

# REFACTOR



# Jasmine

Behavior-driven framework for JavaScript



# Behavior-driven development (BDD)

- used the natural language constructs to describe what you think your code should be doing
- specifications should be sentences
- help you to easy identify the failed test by simply reading this sentence in the resulting report

# Walkthrough 1

Jasmine



- Folder walkthroughs/w1
- Use *bower install* to download required dependencies
- Open *test.html* file in a browser
- Examine test/spec folder and make yourself familiar with Jasmine specs syntax

# Walkthrough recap

- Basic concepts (Specs, Suites)
- Matchers
- Setup and Teardown
- Jasmine HTML-runner
- Jasmine support in IntelliJ IDEA (add jasmine library support, generate suite, spec, beforeEach, afterEach)



# Run the tests

with Karma

# What is Karma

- Designed to run simple tests very fast
- Works with multiple browsers simultaneously
- Collects and displays total results
- Works great with AngularJS
- Can watch for changed files and execute tests automatically



# debugging your tests

- `console.log()`
- `alert()`
- `dump()`
- `debugger;`



# Walkthrough 2

Jasmine, Karma and IntelliJ IDEA



- Folder walkthroughs/w2
- Use *npm install* & *bower install* to download required dependencies
- Run `karma start`
- Watch how karma will start all mentioned browsers
- Configure karma in IntelliJ IDEA
- Demonstrate debugging options
- **Optional:** Connect to karma server from other browsers, e.g. IE, iOS, etc

# Testing the AngularJS components



# angular-mocks.js

- mocking tools to easily test AngularJS modules
- `angular.mock.module()`
- `angular.mock.inject()`



# angular.mock.inject

```
angular.module('walkthroughModule', [])  
  .value('mode', 'app')  
  .value('version', 'v0.0.4');
```

```
describe('walkthrough module', function () {  
  beforeEach(module('walkthroughModule'));  
  
  it("version should be v0.0.4", inject(function (version) {  
    expect(version).toBe('v0.0.4');  
  }));  
  
  it("mode should be app", inject(function (mode) {  
    expect(mode).toBe('app');  
  }));  
});
```

# Testing a directive

```
app.directive('waPanel', function () {  
    return function (scope, element) {  
        element.addClass('wa-panel');  
    }  
});
```

```
describe("testing a directive", function () {  
    var element;  
    beforeEach(angular.inject(function ($compile, $rootScope) {  
        element = angular.element('<div wa-panel></div>');  
        element = $compile(element)($rootScope);  
    }));  
    it("should have a class panel", function () {  
        expect(element.hasClass('wa-panel')).toBe(true);  
    });  
});
```

# Testing a controller

```
app.controller("AppCtrl", function () {  
    this.greeting = "Hi there";  
});
```

```
describe("testing a controller", function () {  
    var appController;  
  
    beforeEach(inject(function ($controller) {  
        appController = $controller("AppCtrl");  
    }));  
  
    it("should have greeting Hi there", function () {  
        expect(appController.greeting).toBe("Hi there");  
    });  
});
```

# Testing a service

```
describe('testing a service', function () {  
  it('location should be empty', inject(function ($location) {  
    expect($location.path()).toBe('');  
  }));  
});
```



# Testing the routes

```
app.config(['$routeProvider', function ($routeProvider) {  
    $routeProvider  
        .when('/', {  
            templateUrl: 'views/main.html',  
            controller: 'MainCtrl'  
        })  
        .when('/search', {  
            templateUrl: 'views/search.html',  
            controller: 'SearchCtrl'  
        });  
}]);
```

```
describe('testing a route', function () {  
    describe('main route', function () {  
        it('should use main.html view ', inject(function ($route) {  
            expect($route.routes['/'].templateUrl).toEqual('views/main.html');  
        }));  
        it('should handled by MainCtrl', inject(function ($route) {  
            expect($route.routes['/'].controller).toEqual('MainCtrl');  
        }));  
    });  
    describe('search route', function () {  
        it('should use search.html view', inject(function ($route) {  
            expect($route.routes['/search'].templateUrl).toEqual('views/search.html');  
        }));  
        it('should handled by SearchCtrl', inject(function ($route) {  
            expect($route.routes['/search'].controller).toEqual('SearchCtrl');  
        }));  
    });  
});
```

# Walkthrough 3

Testing an AngularJS components



- Folder walkthroughs/w3
- Use *npm install* & *bower install* to download required dependencies
- Run karma test with command line or via IntelliJ IDEA
- Examine test/spec folder and make yourself familiar with AngularJS specifics in testing

# Additional resources

- <http://docs.angularjs.org/guide/unit-testing>



# Additional resources

- «Test-Driven Development with JavaScript» chapter [http://enterprisewebbook.com/ch7\\_testdriven\\_js.html](http://enterprisewebbook.com/ch7_testdriven_js.html)
- «Growing Object-Oriented Software, Guided by Tests» <http://www.amazon.com/Growing-Object-Oriented-Software-Guided-Tests/dp/0321503627>
- Test-Driven JavaScript Development <http://www.amazon.com/Test-Driven-JavaScript-Development-Developers-Library-ebook/dp/B004519O02>
- «Testable JavaScript» <http://www.amazon.com/Testable-JavaScript-Mark-Ethan-Trostler-ebook/dp/B00B1WLE92>



# AJAX. JSON. REST.

# AJAX

- Asynchronous
- JavaScript
- and
- ~~XML, JSON, text...~~
- ...whatever!

# XMLHttpRequest

```
var xhr = new XMLHttpRequest();

xhr.open("GET", "http://webauctionv1.apiary-mock.com/product/featured");

xhr.onreadystatechange = function () {
    if (this.readyState == 4) {
        alert('Status: ' + this.status + '\nHeaders: ' +
JSON.stringify(this.getAllResponseHeaders()) + '\nBody: ' + this.responseText);
    }
};

xhr.send(null);
```





# REST

- REpresentational State Transfer
- Addressable resources
- Representation-oriented
- Communicate statelessly
- “Hypermedia As The Engine Of Application State (HATEOAS)”

# Using fake server

<http://webauctionv1.apiary-mock.com/>

<http://docs.webauctionv1.apiary.io/>



# Walkthrough 4

Consuming JSON services with IntelliJ IDEA



# Additional reading

- [http://enterprisewebbook.com/ch2\\_ajax\\_json.html](http://enterprisewebbook.com/ch2_ajax_json.html)
- <http://www.ng-newsletter.com/posts/restangular.html>
- [http://docs.angularjs.org/api/ngResource/service/\\$resource](http://docs.angularjs.org/api/ngResource/service/$resource)

# Homework 4

- Implement the tests for application developed in Homework 3
- Test the application components using AngularJS support for Jasmine
- Refactor the application to use a fake server

