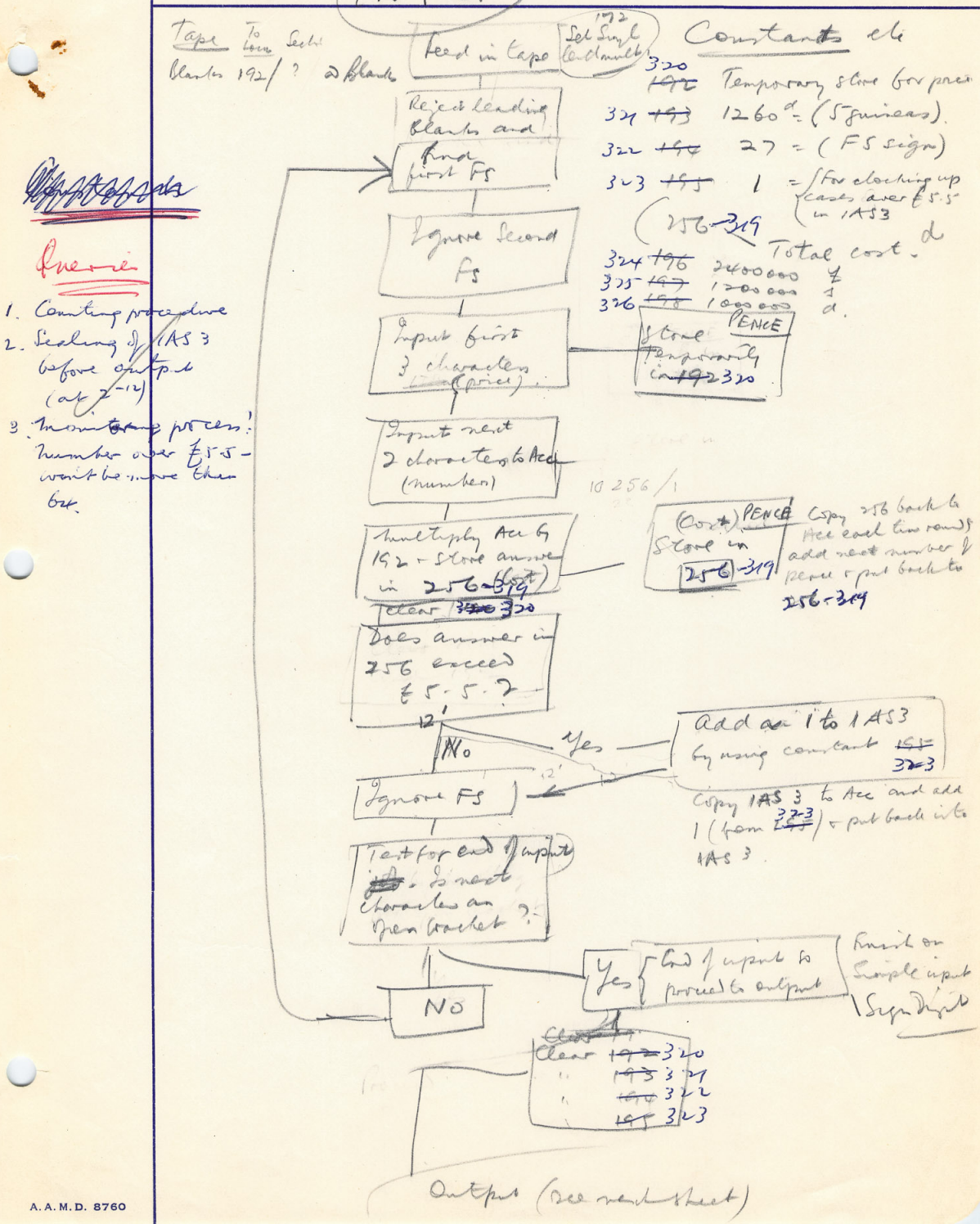
CASE..... DATE..... SHEET No.....

IN Put

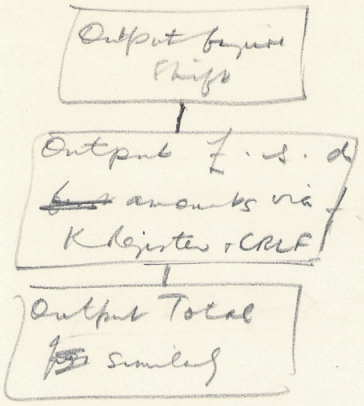


Queries

1. Counting procedure
2. Clearing of IAS 3 before output (at 7-14)
3. Monitoring process: Number over £5.5 - won't be more than 64.

A.A.M.D. 8760

Output



256 – 319 = Pence

Total in 319 = Pence

CASE..... DATE..... SHEET No. .....

Assume :-

Two groups :

Groups 1 Nuts

Price Pence			Quantity	
~~1~~	~~1~~	~~Sp~~	1	2

11d 12

Groups 2 Bolts

Price Pence			Quantity	
1	6	8	~~8~~ 0	~~Sp~~ 8

14/- 8

Total 11/-

Total £5-12-

~~Before inputting give 105 (Start Prog) a second loop~~
~~input decimal integer.~~
~~; Use simple input in last location (107)~~ 103 $ R3=

~~Tape unknown length. Input entire tape first before outputting~~
~~Test if the a group ship or is it an open basket~~

~~Input all data test for closed basket~~

Use imset minus sign to word counter. Copy down by Blank when negative - skip. Before output test check:

Blank	FS	FS	0	1	Sp	1	2	FS	FS	1	6	8	0	8	FS	End of Job	
----			×	×	×	×	×			×	×	×	×	×			

Blank will be ignored by

1 Cost per groups. £s/ Multiply prices by quantity 11d × 12 = 11/-

for . . . . . 14/- × 8 = £5.12 -

2 Total Cost of all groups

Reset,

Print Out

£	s	d
	11	-
5	12	-
£ 6	3	-

→ Exceeds £5.5.. = 1

Say 5 £ digits

2.12
1A53

A.A.M.D. 8760

CASE..... DATE..... SHEET No. .....

Order
105
100

Requirements
1. ~~Test parity~~
2. ~~Reject blanks, find figure shift~~
3. ? ~~Ignore next figure shift~~
4. Store
(# ~~Count input or Simple Input ?~~
~~Store info. away as arranged~~

~~Program output pounds in £.s.d~~
(e.g. 5 digits of £.s.d)
(~~Output No over £5.5 we say 114~~ ~~output 2 decimal~~ integers (can't be more than 6+).

999d × 99
99
8991
8991
89901
64
395604
593406
6132966
2

Input side only. ~~Prg Start 128~~

105
100 ~~Test parity~~
~~Reject leading blanks~~ ? (Count down ? IAS1 add 1) 24
~~Find £5 from here~~
~~Ignore record if £5~~
101
102 3 ~~Input~~ 3 characters (103 3) (Price in pence)
~~Store these 3 characters~~ → 11d
here 192 ~~Store in~~ 24 ~~or 24~~
102 2 (Input 2 next characters (quantity) (103 2)
~~Store these 2 characters~~ → 12
6' ~~Multiply 11d × 12 and store answer~~ → 11/-
~~Clear 192~~
~~If the answer exceeds £5.5 record a 1 in IAS 3 (2nd)~~
~~Test for end of job (£5.5 Bracket) if so~~ ~~Stop~~ of ends
~~Go back to~~ Price) 0
Output

Output side
Monitor IAS3 content by B Comp 3 prior to printing out.
Rona

Queries.
1. Counting procedure
2. ? Scaling of IAS3 (before output (? × 2 - 12)
3. ? Monitoring of IAS3. ? procedure. Number of over £5.5 won't be more than 64. (two decimal integers).

£5.5 - 5
= 540 -
1200 +
60
1260d

100

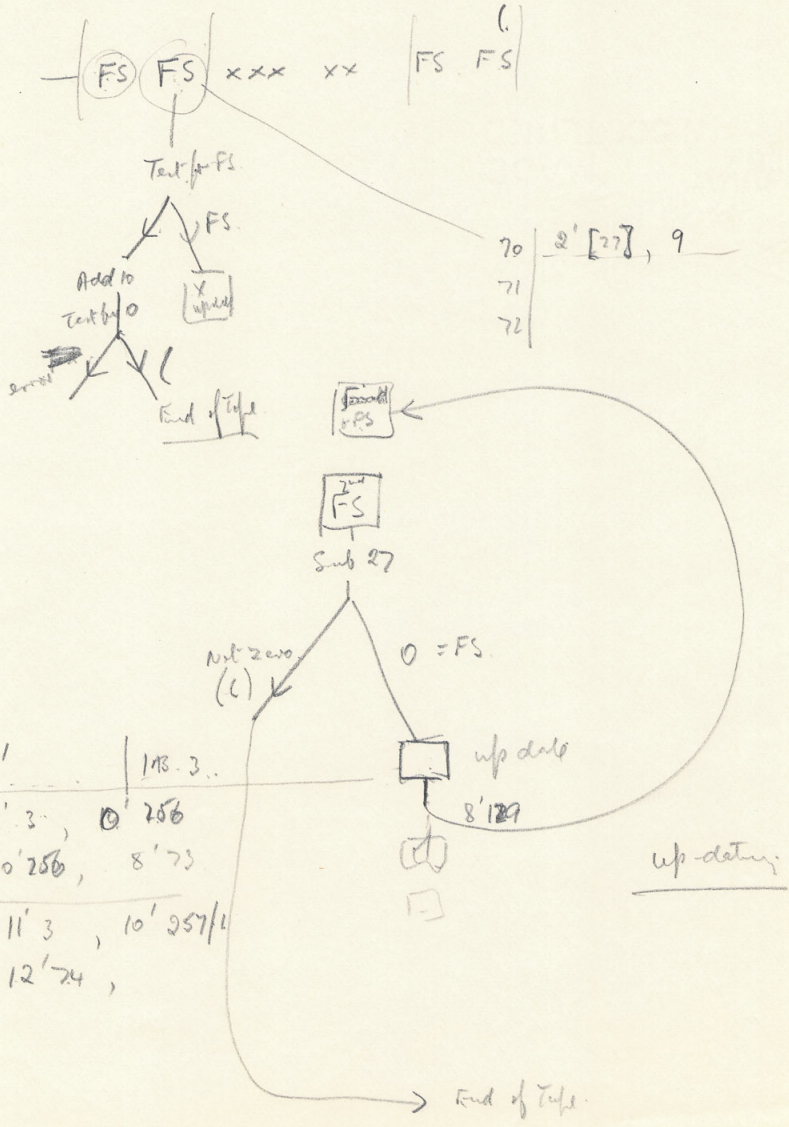
A.A.M.D. 8760

Output

Position at output stage.

Aim: output card amount = £ s. d
redeemed card other.

~~256~~ Total Card in pence



CASE..... DATE..... SHEET No. .....

Output.

Aim : Output each amount in £.s.d underneath each other

Position.

256 – 319 = Pence
Total is 319 = Pence

Output say 5 digits of £s. ∴
Base 240

Setting for £s (5 digit) : $10^4 \times 240 \times 2^{-31}$ = 2,400,000

Setting for slops (2 digit) : $10^1 \times 12 \times 2^{-31}$ × 10^4 to line up with £s. = 1200,000

Setting for pence (2 digit) : $10^1 \times 1 \times 2^{-31}$ × 10^5 to line up with £s = 1,000,000

CASE..... DATE..... SHEET No. .....

→ Set up count in IAS I to bring down 40 sectors to
→ (Bring down disc sectors 11 – 50
((One at a time) to 128 – 191
(ie 64 words

Take each word ~~then~~ (wd in 128 first)
Set count to 64 words (128-191 ~~sects~~)
feed a tape, & up-date 128 – 191 by

Sector & Sect (Grp & Grp

	Dept No	Item Code	Item Quantity	Unit Cost Pence	Unit Cost Pounds	End of Dept Words	End of Input
Blanks	(xx sp	xx sp	xxxx sp	xxx sp	xxx sp	.88 sp	99 sp --