Plasticity Models

This repository contains supplementary <u>TerraFERMA</u> model files to accompany the paper

Spiegelman, M, David May and Cian R Wilson, *On the solvability of incompressible viscoplastic rheologies in geodynamics*, GCubed, 2016

Contents

This repo contains the directories

- **solver_strategies:** Directories containing input files for describing and running three different models and producing Figures 2,3,5 and 7 in the paper
 - successive_substitution: Picard iteration/Approximate Newton methods (Figure 2)
 - **newton-convergence**: (Figure 3)
 - newton: Hybrid Picard-Newton schemes (Figure 5 and data for Figure 6)
 - alpha-continuation: Newton with continuation in the α parameter (Figure 7 and data for Figure 8)
- **one_layer:** A simplified version of this problem with just a single visco-plastic layer and a free-stress bottom. Just includes hybrid Newton-Picard schemes.
- meshes: gmsh input files and Dolfin Meshes used in the models
- paraview: Paraview State files for assisting visualization of model results

Running the Models

- Install TerraFERMA: To view and run these models you will need to build and install the open source
 code <u>TerraFERMA</u> (which can take some time, but is currently <u>supported</u> on most flavors of linux and Mac
 OSX). Detailed instructions can be found on the <u>Wiki</u>. We suggest using our <u>Dorsal Scripts</u> for installation.
- Running Models: Once the software is installed models can be run from within each subdirectory using

```
$ tfsimulationharness --test <filename>.shml
```

where <filename>.shml is the name of the *simulation harness* file that controls parameter sweeps, organizes multiple runs, collects data and produces PDF plots of the results. The actual models are described in the *TerraFERMA* markup language files with suffix .tfml.

• Viewing Input files: both .tfml and .shml files can be viewed and manipulated using the SPUD
gui diamond i.e

\$ diamond <filename>.tfml

Questions and Comments

Please address any questions or comments through the issue tracker