A Glimpse into Quantum-enhanced Machine Learning Solutions

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Amadeus Knowledge Sharing Session

Who are we?

Three Computer Engineering and Data Science students interested in Machine Learning and fascinated by Quantum Computing

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Introduction

Why Quantum?

Imagine you want to seat 10 fussy people at a dinner party, where there is only one optimal seating plan out of all the different possible combinations. How many different combinations would you have to explore to find the optimal?

Can you guess how many combinations?

Why Quantum?

For 2 people

2 Total combination.

For 5 people

120 Total combination.

For 10 people

Over 3 Million of total combination!!!

- Supercomputers don't have the working memory to hold the myriad combinations of real world problems.
- Supercomputers have to analyze each combination one after another, which can take a long time.

Quantum Computers

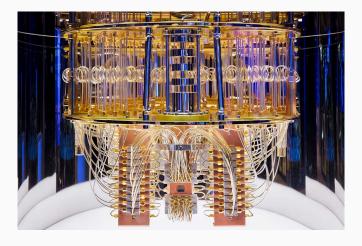


Figure 1: Quantum Computer

Metropolis

The **metropolis** theme is a Beamer theme with minimal visual noise inspired by the HSRM Beamer Theme by Benjamin Weiss.

Enable the theme by loading

\documentclass{beamer}
\usetheme{metropolis}

Note, that you have to have Mozilla's *Fira Sans* font and XeTeX installed to enjoy this wonderful typography.

Sections

Sections group slides of the same topic

\section{Elements}

for which $\boldsymbol{metropolis}$ provides a nice progress indicator \dots

Quantum Computing

Foundations

Bra-ket notation

Useful for representing quantum systems

$$Bra = Row$$

$$\langle A| = \begin{bmatrix} a_0 & a_1 & a_2 & \cdots \end{bmatrix}$$

$$Ket = Column$$

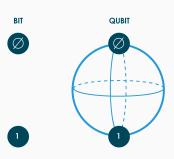
$$|B
angle = egin{bmatrix} b_0 \ b_1 \ b_2 \ dots \end{bmatrix}$$

Properties & operations:

- Scalar product = $\langle A|B\rangle = [a_0, a_1, a_2, \cdots] \cdot [b_0, b_1, b_2, \cdots]^T$
- Norm = $\langle A|A\rangle = |A|^2$

What is a qubit?

- Building block for quantum computers
- 2-state quantum system (photon, electron, Schrodinger's cat, ...)
- 0, 1, both at the same time (superposition)
- Can be manipulated (quantum circuits)
- Can form more complex quantum systems (multi-quibit systems)
- Can be observed causing its collapse (measurement)



What is a qubit?

- What does it mean to be 0 and 1 simultaneously?
 It's a matter of probability during measurement
- Bra-ket qubit representation:

$$|0\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad |1\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \qquad \qquad |\psi\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} \psi_0 \\ \psi_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

• Probability measurement:

$$P(|\psi\rangle=0)=|\psi_0|^2$$

$$P(|\psi\rangle = 1) = |\psi_1|^2$$

• Probability distribution: $\langle \psi | \psi \rangle = |\psi|^2 = 1 \ \forall \ \psi$

Multi-qubit system and entanglement

How can we represent 2 or more qubits with bra-kets?

With tensor products and longer vectors

$$|AB\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \end{bmatrix} \otimes \begin{bmatrix} b_0 \\ b_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} a_0 b_0 \\ a_0 b_1 \\ a_1 b_0 \\ a_1 b_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

By stacking n qubits we can represent 2^n infinite precision numbers

$$P(A = 0, B = 1) = |a_0 b_1|^2$$

Multi-qubit system and entanglement

How can we represent state $|00\rangle + |11\rangle$ with a tensor product?

We can't as there is no set of values for a_0, a_1, b_0, b_1 that allows it.

$$|AB\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} a_0b_0 \\ a_0b_1 \\ a_1b_0 \\ a_1b_1 \end{bmatrix}$$

However, we can still create this state with quantum circuits. The resulting state is said to be entangled as measuring one qubit immediately tells us the state of the other.

$$|00\rangle + |11\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 1/\sqrt{2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Titleformats

Metropolis titleformats

metropolis supports 4 different titleformats:

- Regular
- Smallcaps
- ALLSMALLCAPS
- ALLCAPS

They can either be set at once for every title type or individually.

Small caps

This frame uses the smallcaps titleformat.

Potential Problems

Be aware, that not every font supports small caps. If for example you typeset your presentation with pdfTeX and the Computer Modern Sans Serif font, every text in smallcaps will be typeset with the Computer Modern Serif font instead.

all small caps

This frame uses the allsmallcaps titleformat.

Potential problems

As this titleformat also uses smallcaps you face the same problems as with the smallcaps titleformat. Additionally this format can cause some other problems. Please refer to the documentation if you consider using it.

As a rule of thumb: Just use it for plaintext-only titles.

ALL CAPS

This frame uses the allcaps titleformat.

Potential Problems

This titleformat is not as problematic as the allsmallcaps format, but basically suffers from the same deficiencies. So please have a look at the documentation if you want to use it.

Elements

Typography

The theme provides sensible defaults to \emph{emphasize} text, \alert{accent} parts or show \textbf{bold} results.

becomes

The theme provides sensible defaults to *emphasize* text, accent parts or show **bold** results.

Font feature test

- Regular
- Italic
- SmallCaps
- Bold
- Bold Italic
- Bold SmallCaps
- Monospace
- Monospace Italic
- Monospace Bold
- Monospace Bold Italic

Lists

Items

- Milk
- Eggs
- Potatos

Enumerations

- 1. First,
- 2. Second and
- 3. Last.

Descriptions

PowerPoint Meeh.

Beamer Yeeeha.

• This is important

- This is important
- Now this

- This is important
- Now this
- And now this

- This is really important
- Now this
- And now this

Figures

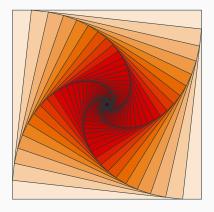


Figure 2: Rotated square from texample.net.

Tables

Table 1: Largest cities in the world (source: Wikipedia)

City	Population
Mexico City	20,116,842
Shanghai	19,210,000
Peking	15,796,450
Istanbul	14,160,467

Blocks

Three different block environments are pre-defined and may be styled with an optional background color.

Default

Block content.

Alert

Block content.

Example

Block content.

Default

Block content.

Alert

Block content.

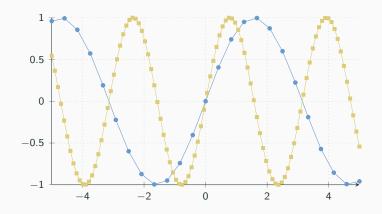
Example

Block content.

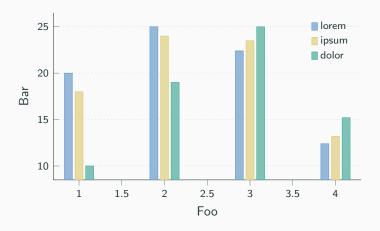
Math

$$e = \lim_{n \to \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{n} \right)^n$$

Line plots



Bar charts



Quotes

Veni, Vidi, Vici

Frame footer

metropolis defines a custom beamer template to add a text to the footer. It can be set via

\setbeamertemplate{frame footer}{My custom footer}

My custom footer 28

References

Some references to showcase [allowframebreaks] [4, 2, 5, 1, 3]

Conclusion

Summary

All the material used for this presentation is available at the following link:

https://github.com/mspronesti/talk-qml-amadeus



Thanks for you attention! Any Question ?

References i



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