lab-1

October 14, 2023

0.0.1 Write a program that inputs a list of numbers and returns the cumulative sum that is, a new list where the (i+1)th ts element is the sum of the first i elements from the original list. For example, the cumulative sum of [1, 2, 3] is [1, 3, 6]

1 Method 1

Deducing subsets and then calculating their sum

```
[1]: def method_1_1(orig:list[int]) -> list[int]:
    new = []

    for i in range(len(orig)):
        sublist = orig[:i+1]
        total = 0
        for j in sublist:
            total += j
            new.append(total)

    return new

inp = input('Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): ')
lis = [int(i) for i in inp.split()]
print(method_1_1(lis))
```

Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): 5 4 1 6 7 0

[5, 9, 10, 16, 23, 23]

```
[2]: def method_1_2(orig:list[int]) -> list[int]:
    new = []

    for i in range(len(orig)):
        new.append(sum(orig[:i+1]))

    return new

inp = input('Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): ')
lis = [int(i) for i in inp.split()]
print(method_1_2(lis))
```

```
Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): 5 4 1 6 7 0 [5, 9, 10, 16, 23, 23]
```

```
[3]: def method_1_3(orig:list[int]) -> list[int]:
    return [sum(orig[:i+1]) for i in range(len(orig))]

inp = input('Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): ')
lis = [int(i) for i in inp.split()]
print(method_1_3(lis))
```

```
Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): 5 4 1 6 7 0 [5, 9, 10, 16, 23, 23]
```

$2 \mod 2$

Looping through list and keep adding its elements to total

```
[4]: def method_2_1(orig:list[int]) -> list[int]:
    new = []

    total = 0
    for i in orig:
        total += i
        new.append(total)

    return new

inp = input('Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): ')
lis = [int(i) for i in inp.split()]
print(method_2_1(lis))
```

Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): 5 4 1 6 7 0 [5, 9, 10, 16, 23, 23]

```
[5]: def method_2_2(orig:list[int]) -> list[int]:
    total = 0
    return [total := total + i for i in orig]

inp = input('Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): ')
lis = [int(i) for i in inp.split()]
print(method_2_2(lis))
```

Enter some numbers (seperated by spaces): 5 4 1 6 7 0 [5, 9, 10, 16, 23, 23]

3 Measuring performance

```
[10]: from timeit import timeit
      from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
      from tqdm.notebook import tqdm
      plt.style.use('https://raw.githubusercontent.com/msr8/ml-projects/main/

dark-style.mplstyle')
      # Defining some test cases
      test_cases = (
          [],
          [0],
          [1e15],
          [6,3,1,2,4,5],
          [503149456575707, 698190489612148, 262893250928604, 985693658244293, __
       -364476413630717, 315322894666451, 292126514133492, 874664968170142, II
       →322712291159343, 521874145074084, 833380799698255, 773124210043604, ⊔
       434661640333613, 575944562284168, 144283476465546, 671745438905059, 1144283476465546, 671745438905059
       4652599455691104, 336162157170910, 484337474145459, 806846215192169, u
       4575437151523392, 935704724135717, 427587999182304, 386337989260336, 11
       4743258853037425, 30813046494702, 594263893099356, 612718005149846, I
       417718224335653, 692264032548908, 722430656854243, 658789827504406, L
       4767317170907344, 633902191010845, 957813117789863, 430505225258070, L
       4240064153342101, 192212248872267, 846097171645015, 714544756359176, U
       $29484344328201, 217514101102462, 120577680407660, 110311737582538, L
       4739840361796381, 677697689001483, 585937666418406, 99741531009288, u
       434240628783121, 368181442705016, 457236808984299, 527943112292478, L
       →24632196996650]
      N ITERS = int(1e6) # How many times to run a function
      funcs = ['method_1_1', 'method_1_2', 'method_1_3', 'method_2_1', 'method_2_2']
      # Finding runtimes
      times = {}
      for func_name in tqdm(funcs):
                          = timeit(f'for i in test_cases: {func_name}(i)',__
          time_used
       setup=f'from __main__ import test_cases, {func_name}', number=N_ITERS)
                           = time used / N ITERS * 1000 # Did 1000 to convert it to ms
          times[func_name] = avg_time
      # Plotting our findings
      plt.title(f'Average runtime of a function (for {N_ITERS:,} runs)')
      plt.xlabel('Runtime (ms)')
      plt.ylabel('Functions')
      plt.barh(
          [f'\{k\}\setminus n(\{round(v,5)\})' \text{ for } k,v \text{ in } list(times.items())[::-1]],
```

```
list(times.values())[::-1],
)
plt.show()
```

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