



Charging Infrastructure Guidelines

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Decarbonizing the Indian Transport sector



13% of CO2 emission from transport sector in India

Road transport accounts for 90% of the total emissions

70% of diesel and 99.6% petrol is consumed by transport sector

Total Fuel Consumption more than doubled in ten years

Highest CAGR of 6.7% between 2000 to 2018

Import dependency of crude oil at 84% and 36% of natural gas in FY19

2W constitutes ~74% of all vehicles

EVs contributes less than 1% in total vehicles

Target of 30% of new vehicle sales from EVs by 2030

Total Cost of Ownership

ICE 4W - INR 6 / km

EV 4W – **INR 0.88 / km**

Number of operational PCS is ~1630







Challenges for installation of EVCS



Challenges in installation of PCS

Upper capping for **Open Access**

Centralized dashboard and mobile application

High demand / fixed charges for PCS

Land Facilitation by **States for PCS**

Deployment of Public EV Charging **Stations**

Single Window Clearance and no timeline for PCS connection

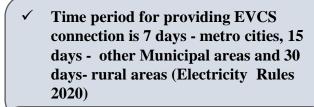
No uniformity in EV Charging Tariff across **States**

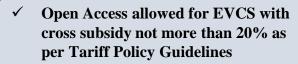
No incentive for upstream <u>infrastructure</u>

(50 to 60%)

Lower threshold for LT connection

Revised Consolidated MoP Guidelines issued on 14th Jan, 2022







- Tariff for PCS shall be single part and not to exceed ACoS till 31st March 2025
- **Government / Public Entity land** provision for setting up PCS (Rs. 1/kWh for Govt. entity and Rs.1/kWh (floor price) for private entity
- Funding for upstream infra can be leveraged from RDSS











BEE's initiatives to promote Electric Mobility





Web Portal and Mobile **Application for EVCS**

- Central web based portal for Public EV Charging stations installed across India
- Mobile Application for providing real time info to users like its GPS coordinates, types of chargers installed in the station, availability of charging slots, etc.



Standard & Labeling for EVs and **EVSEs**

- Energy performance benchmarking for EVs, EVSEs and **Battery Swapping Stations**
- Define average efficiency of EV, EVSE, BSS and other performance related parameters

"Go Electric" **Awareness** Campaign



Impact assessment of EVs on grid

- Impact assessment of EV charging on grid infrastructure
- Pilot demonstration for V2G technology in India
- Software tool for planning and identifying feasible locations for deployment of Public EV chargers



Standard & Labeling for traction batteries

- BEE launched S&L program (voluntary) for high energy Li-ion traction battery packs and system
- The program rates performance of High-energy Li-ion Battery packs and systems on like cycle life, specific energy (Wh/kg), and energy efficiency of the battery packs

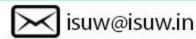




Recommendations for faster deployment of PCS in India



- Prioritize electrification of 2W & 3W (commercial segment) and public transport with target of electrifying 100% 2Ws, 3Ws and Buses
- * Encourage deployment of Battery Swapping at Fuel Retail Outlets with interoperability among OEMs.
- **Saturate 9 Mega cities with public EV charging stations to support e-mobility adoption**
- * Create EV Accelerator Cells in 9 mega cities to create awareness on EVs and implement technology demonstrators.
- * Reduce GST rate for public EV charging services from 18% to 5%.
- ❖ Implement pilot demonstrations for managed charging of EVs in 9 mega cities to establish techno commercial viability of V2G technologies.
- SERCs may examine DSM regulations to include V2G enabling EVs to be used for grid support services and Demand Response.







Thank You

For discussions/suggestions/queries email: www.indiasmartgrid.org www.isgw.in Links/References (If any)

India Smart Grid Forum

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Website: www.indiasmartgrid.org

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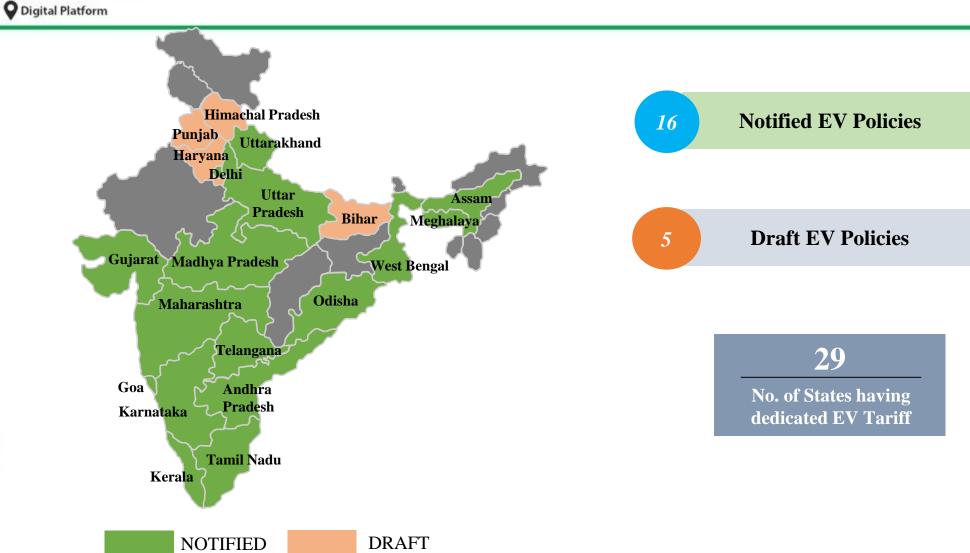




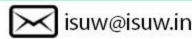


Electric Mobility – Status













LT Load Limit – 9 Cities



S No.	Cities	DISCOM	LT load limit
1	Ahmedabad	Torrent Power	100 kW
2	Surat	Torrent Power DGVNL	100 kW
3	Bengaluru	BESCOM	150 kW
4	Chennai	TANGEDCO	150 kW
5	Delhi	BSES Rajdhani Power Limited BSES Yamuna Power Limited Tata Power New Delhi Municipal Corporation	150 kW
6	Hyderabad	Southern Power Distribution Company Of Telangana Limited	75 kW
7	Kolkata	WBSEDCL	160 kW
8	Mumbai	MSEDCL BEST Adani Electricity Tata Power	150 kW
9	Pune	MSEDCL	150 kW



