

Parent/Guardian :
Signature

Eddy

Wednesday, March 20th, 2013

Name: Uni Lee

SNC2D : Chemistry Test

| Knowledge/Understanding | Communication | Thinking/Investigation | Application |
|-------------------------|---------------|------------------------|-------------|
| 15 20 | 18 20 | 9.5 12 | 19 22 |

Part A: Multiple Choice [20 marks]

Circle the BEST answer and shade it on the SCANTRON card.

- Which of the following elements forms a **cation**?
 a) nitrogen d) oxygen
 b) sulfur e) fluorine
 c) boron
- Which observation provides information about the **chemical properties** of a substance?
 a) it is a liquid at 25°C
 b) it has a density of 2.50g/cm³
 c) it reacts with oxygen
 d) it will not dissolve in water
- Which of the following is **NOT** evidence of a **chemical change**?
 a) Sound is released
 b) Heat is absorbed
 c) A precipitate forms
 d) A liquid evaporates into gas
 e) Smoke is produced
- Which is a diagram for an O²⁻ ion?

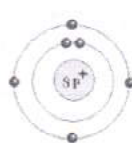
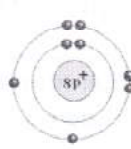
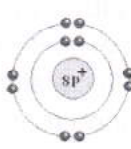
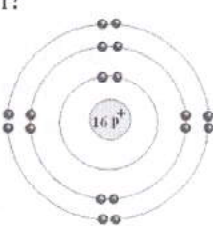






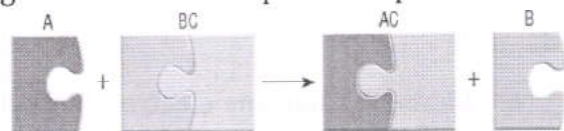
Diagram A Diagram B Diagram C Diagram D
- Which would have the same number of electrons as Cl¹⁻?
 a) Mg²⁺ d) P³⁻
 b) F¹⁻ e) S
 c) Si
- Element X has one electron in its outer orbit and element Y has six electrons in its outer orbit. What is the correct formula for the compound formed by X and Y?
 a) XY d) X₂Y
 b) XY₆ e) X₆Y
 c) XY₂
- What is the correct chemical formula for the compound **tin (IV) oxide**?
 a) Sn₂O₄ d) SnO₂
 b) SnO e) Sn₂O
 c) Sn₄O₂
- This diagram best represents a(n):


a) polyatomic ion c) ionic compound
 b) molecule d) none of the above
- What is the correct **name** for the compound **NH₄NO₃**?
 a) tetrahydrogendinitrogen trioxide
 b) ammonium nitride
 c) ammonium nitrate
 d) dinitrogenhydronitrate
- Which of the following is **NOT** a **diatomic element**?
 a) nitrogen d) hydrogen
 b) carbon e) chlorine
 c) bromine

11. Which of the following is NOT an example of a **molecular compound**?

- a) Methane gas
- b) PCl_5
- c) Carbon dioxide
- d) N_2O_4
- e) NaF

12. What type of chemical reaction does this general chemical equation represent?



- a) Synthesis
- b) ☒ Single displacement
- c) Double displacement
- d) Decomposition
- e) Combustion

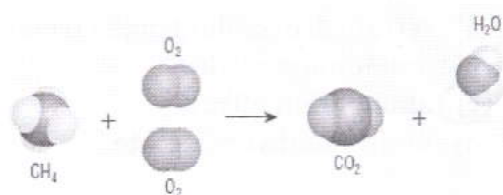
13. The word "**energy**" will be included on the left side of a chemical equation in a reaction that

- a) ☒ absorbs energy
- b) is exothermic
- c) releases energy
- d) gives off light
- e) involves combustion

14. What would be the **products** of the following reaction: $\text{Zn} + \text{NaCl} \rightarrow$

- a) ☒ $\text{ZnCl}_2 + \text{Na}$
- b) $\text{ZnCl} + \text{Na}$
- c) $\text{ZnNa} + \text{Cl}_2$
- d) $\text{ZnCl}_2 + \text{Ni}$
- e) No reaction would occur

15. What would you do to **balance** the equation?



- a) ☒ Add another water to the right side
- b) Add another carbon dioxide to the right side
- c) Add another oxygen to the left side
- d) Add 2 carbon dioxides to the right side
- e) Leave it alone, it's balanced!

16. Which of the following is NOT a product of an **incomplete combustion** reaction:

- a) Carbon dioxide gas
- b) Water
- c) Carbon monoxide gas
- d) Carbon soot
- e) ☒ Oxygen gas

17. Which of the following is an example of **preventing** metal from **corroding**?

- a) Keeping metal away from water
- b) Applying paint
- c) Galvanized steel
- d) Applying a plastic coating
- e) ☒ All of the above are strategies to prevent corrosion

18. Which of the following is NOT a **source** of **acid precipitation**?

- a) sulfur dioxide
- b) ☒ carbon dioxide
- c) NO_2
- d) Combustion of fossil fuels
- e) smog

19. Which of the following is a **base**?

- a) ☒ NH_4OH
- b) Na_3P
- c) HOH
- d) H_2S
- e) LiH

20. Lemon juice has a pH of 2.0 and tomatoes have a pH of 4.0. _____ is/are more acidic because it has more _____ ions.

- a) Lemon juice, hydroxide
- b) Lemon juice, hydrogen
- c) Tomatoes, hydroxide
- d) ☒ Tomatoes, hydrogen
- e) Tomatoes, oxygen

SUBJECTIVE SCORE INSTRUCTOR USE ONLY

| | | | | |
|-----|----|----|----|----|
| 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 |
| 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 |
| 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
| 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |

PART 1

IMPORTANT

USE NO. 2 PENCIL ONLY

- MAKE DARK MARKS
- ERASE COMPLETELY TO CHANGE
- EXAMPLE: A B C D E

TO USE SUBJECTIVE SCORE FEATURE:
 • Mark total possible subjective points
 • Only one mark per line on key
 • 153 points maximum

| | | | | | |
|---------------------------|-----|----|----|----|----|
| EXAMPLE OF STUDENT SCORE: | 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 |
| | 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 |
| | 9 | 8 | 7 | 6 | 5 |
| | 4 | 3 | 2 | 1 | 0 |
| | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |

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| NAME | Uni Lee |
| SUBJECT | Science |
| DATE | 03/20/13 |
| TEST NO. | Chem |
| PERIOD | 2 |

| | |
|-------------|--|
| TEST RECORD | |
| PART 1 | |
| PART 2 | |
| TOTAL | |

KEY

(T) (F) % 2 3 5

| | | | | | |
|----|---|---|---|---|---|
| 1 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 2 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 3 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 4 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 5 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 6 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 7 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 8 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 9 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 10 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 11 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 12 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 13 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 14 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 15 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 16 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 17 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 18 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 19 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 20 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 21 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 22 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 23 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 24 | A | B | C | D | E |
| 25 | A | B | C | D | E |

15/75%

Part B: Communication [20 marks]

1. Name the following Compounds: [8 marks]

| | | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| FeI_3 | iron (III) iodide ✓ | $\text{H}_2\text{CrO}_4(\text{aq})$ | chromic acid ✓ |
| P_2O_5 | diphosphorus pentoxide ✓ | SF_4 | sulphur tetrafluoride ✓ |
| $\text{N}_2(\text{g})$ | Nitrogen gas ✓ | K_3PO_4 | potassium phosphate ✓ |
| H_2S | dihydrogen monosulfide ✓ | AsBr_3 | arsenic (III) bromide ✓ |

2. Write the chemical formulas for the following compounds: [8 marks]

| | | | |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|
| PbSO_4 ✓ | lead (II) sulfate | SO_3 ✓ | sulfur trioxide |
| $\text{HI}(\text{aq})$ ✓ | hydroiodic acid | Zn_2C ✓ | zinc carbide |
| $\text{Al}(\text{ClO}_3)_3$ ✓ | aluminum chlorate | CCl_4 ✓ | carbon tetrachloride |
| $\text{Ca}(\text{NO}_3)_2$ ✓ | calcium nitrate | $\text{HCH}_3\text{COO}(\text{aq})$ ✓ | acetic acid |

3. CHOOSE 1 of the options below and use the chart to compare them:

OPTIONS: Acids vs. Bases OR Ionic Compounds vs. Molecular Compounds

List the 4 properties or characteristics being compared and list these properties or characteristics for each term. [4 marks]

| Characteristic or Property being compared | Acids | Bases |
|---|-------|----------|
| taste | sour | bitter ✓ |
| conducts electricity | Yes | Yes ✓ |
| corrosive | Yes | Yes ✓ |
| dissolves in water | Yes | Yes ✓ |
| | | |

Part C: Thinking and Inquiry [12 marks]

1. In class, a student burned 5g of magnesium and obtained 5.7 g of a white powdered product.

a) Write the skeleton equation for the chemical reaction. [1 mark]



b) If the student concluded that the law of conservation of mass did not apply to this chemical reaction. Is the student correct or incorrect? Justify your answer by referring to law of conservation of mass. [3 marks]

the student is incorrect. you don't know if anything in the air joined in and is in the weight. the law of conservation of mass applies to everything. ~~the~~ the 0.7g of matter wasn't created. it was just rearranged

where did it come from?

1.5

2. A chemical truck carrying barrels of concentrated sulfuric acid crashed causing the acid to spill on the highway and into the surrounding ecosystem.

a) List 1 impact this spill could have on the surrounding ecosystem? [1 mark]

It would spill into the lake and kill the fish

how?

0.5

b) Describe a method you could use to clean up the spill and explain how it works. [2 marks]

Add some base into the lake. like limestone
then, it would be neutral again

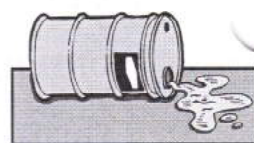
1.5

c) Suggest one way you could safely test that your method has now made the area free of the sulfuric acid. [1 mark]

scoop up a bit of lake water and test it with universal indicator.

4

5.5



3. Write the **word equation** and **skeleton equation** for the following reaction: [4 marks]

When you open a bottle of pop, you release the pressure inside the bottle. This causes some of the carbonic acid in the pop to undergo a decomposition reaction turning into bubbles of carbon dioxide gas and liquid water.

Word Equation: carbonic acid \longrightarrow carbon dioxide + dihydrogen monoxide

Skeleton Equation: $\text{H}_2\text{CO}_3(\text{aq}) \longrightarrow \text{CO}_2(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2\text{O}(\text{l})$

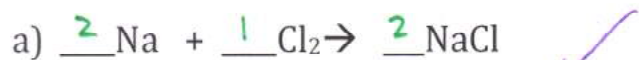
4.

Part D: Application [22 marks]

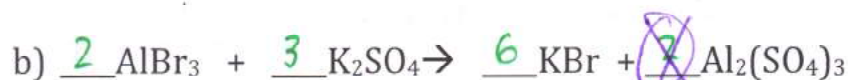
1. Balance the following reactions and indicate the type of reaction: [16 marks]

For balancing, be sure to write a "1" where necessary.
[1 mark each]

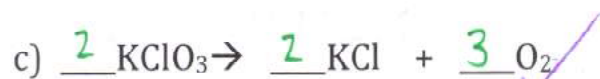
Type of reaction
[1 mark each]



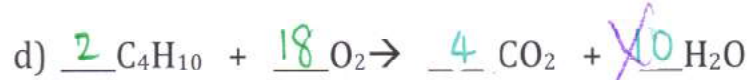
synthesis



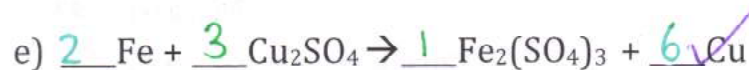
double displacement



decomposition



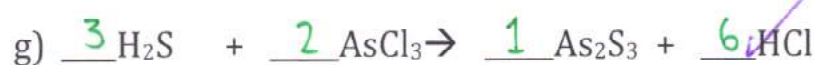
combustion



single displacement



synthesis



double displacement



reduce - 0.5

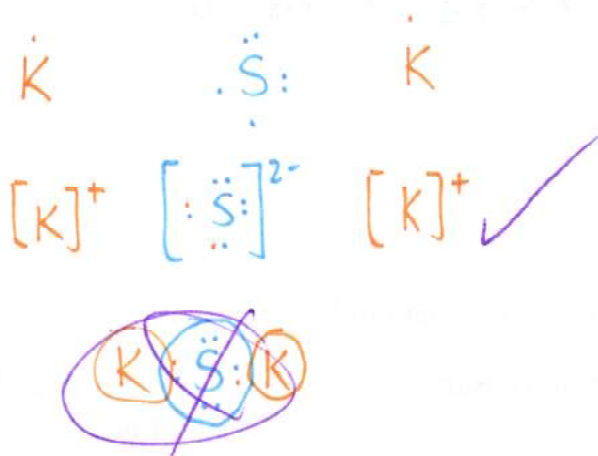
decomposition

13.5

13, 5

2. Draw the **Lewis dot diagrams** for the following elements and show how the compounds form between them. Name the compound and write the chemical formula. **[6 marks]**

a) **potassium and sulfur**



Final Diagram



Chemical Name: potassium sulfide

Chemical Formula: K_2S ✓

b) **nitrogen and nitrogen**



Final Diagram



Chemical Name:

Nitrogen gas ✓

Chemical Formula:

N_2 ✓

3

THE END!

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