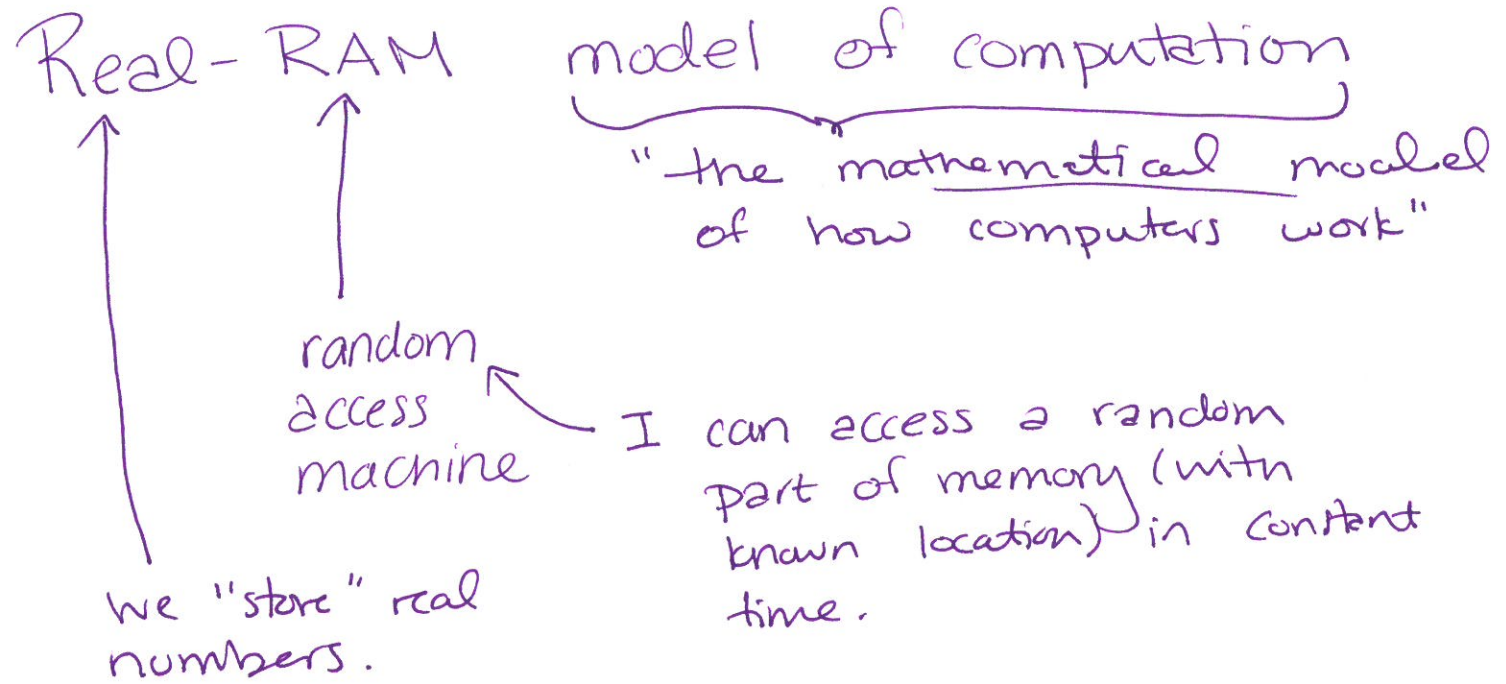


9 Sept 2022



Quick Sort (A) ← unsorted array

pick a random pivot  $p \in A$

L ← run Quick Sort on things  $< p$  in A

R ← run Quick Sort on things  $> p$  in A

return  $L \parallel \{p\} \parallel R$

Inplace sorting: just run the sorting algo on the input itself w/out creating aux. data structures (other than  $\Theta(1)$  temp variables maybe)

EXERCISE: Pseudocode for inplace quicksort

example :

index

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
e	h	b	c	a	f	d	g	i

My pivot

↓ goal: prep for recursive calls

Diagram illustrating the partitioning step of Quick Sort. The array is divided into three regions relative to the pivot element 'd':

- Elements less than the pivot (< pivot): `b`, `c`, `a`
- Pivot element: `d` (labeled "My pivot")
- Elements greater than the pivot (> pivot): `e`, `h`, `f`, `g`, `i`

e h b d a f c g i