

Voronoi Diagrams - Fortune's Algorithm

Recap -

$P = \{p_1, \dots, p_n\}$ - sites

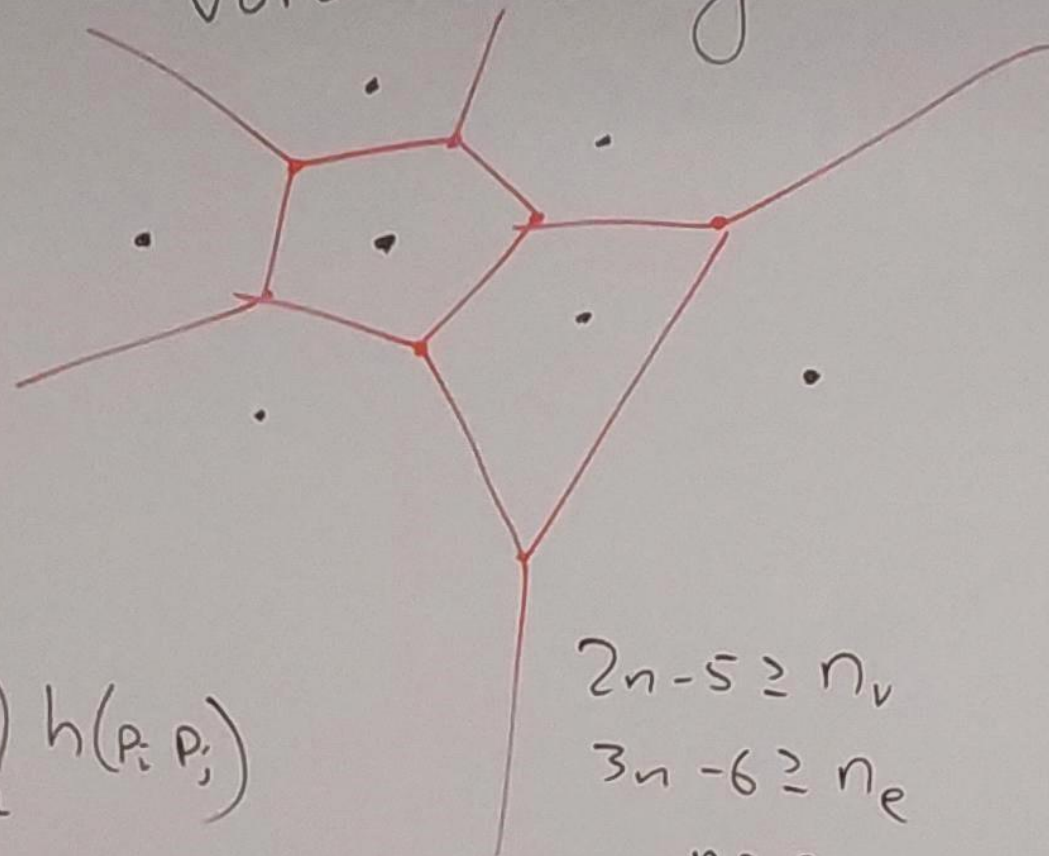
$$V(p_i) = \{q \in \mathbb{R}^2 \mid p_i \text{ closest site to } q\}$$

Voronoi cells

- faces are convex

- $\forall v \in \text{Voronoi}$ $\deg(v) = 3$

- (unbounded cell \Rightarrow on convex hull)



vertices at center of empty circumcircles

All subsets of 3 points

check each other point
to see if in circumcircle

if empty

\Rightarrow vertex in Voronoi

$$V(p_i) = \bigcap_{j \neq i} h(p_i, p_j)$$

\Rightarrow

$O(n^2 \log n)$ or $O(n^2)$
deterministic expected

$$2n - 5 \geq n_v$$

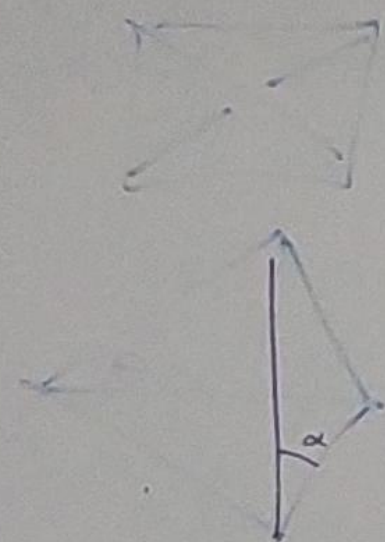
$$3n - 6 \geq n_e$$

$$n = n_f$$

$$O(n^4)$$

Delaunay triangulation

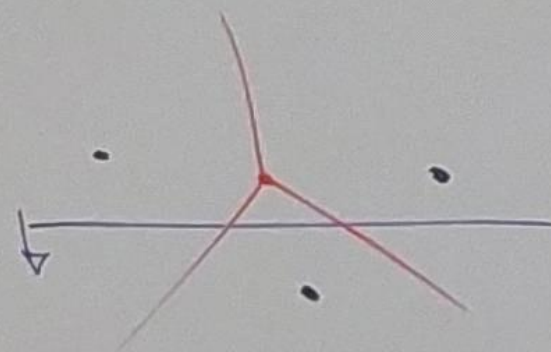
- Best - max min angle



Fortune's Algo.

Sweep line

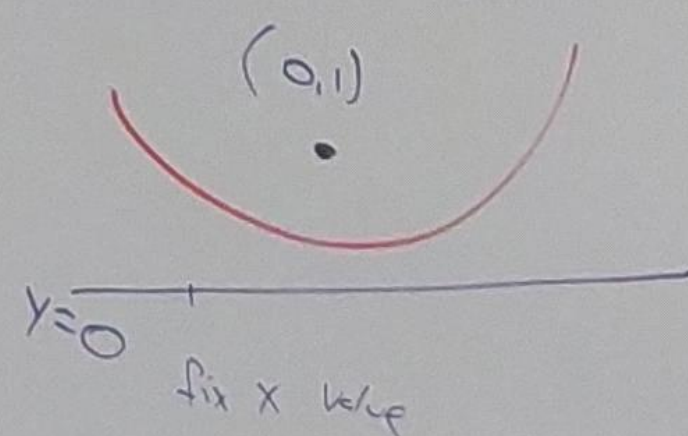
Problem: Sites below the sweep line may generate a vertex above the sweep line.



Solution: Add another line
beach line.

Beach line - records points that are equal distance to site above sweep line + the sweep line.

What is the shape



$$(x-0)^2 + (y-1)^2 = (x-x)^2 + (y-0)^2$$

$$x^2 + \cancel{x^2} - 2y + 1 = \cancel{y^2}$$

$$\frac{x^2 + 1}{2} = y$$

Get parabola!

3 parts of a Sweep line

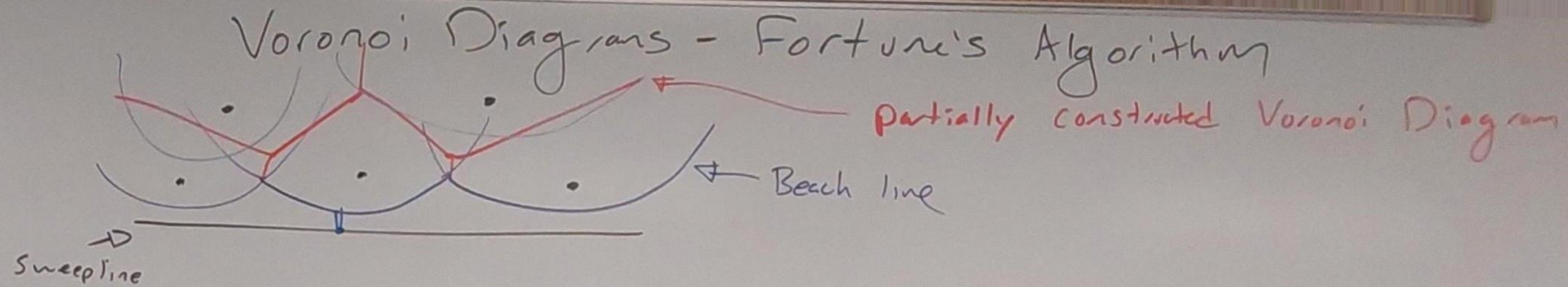
- Sweep line Status - y-coordinate.
Here: Beach line status

- Events

Here: site event - site

Vertex event - add vertex to Voronoi diagram.

- Update Rules



Above beach line - "safe"
Don't need to update

Intersection of parabolas on beach line are on Voronoi edges.

beach line x-monotone
(passes vertical line test)
lower envelope of parabolas

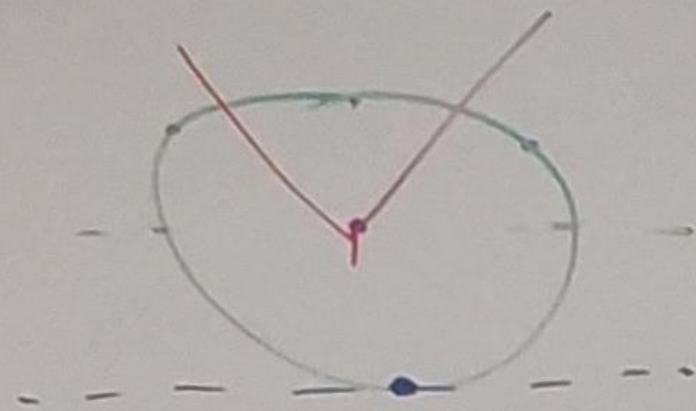
Data structure for Beach line
- Only need to store sites in order by x-value
Dictionaries or binary search tree.
(Balanced)

Events

Site event

pass new site
 \Rightarrow add new parabola
to beach line.

known a head of time
Sort by y-value put
in priority Queue.



Fortune's Algo.

vertex event

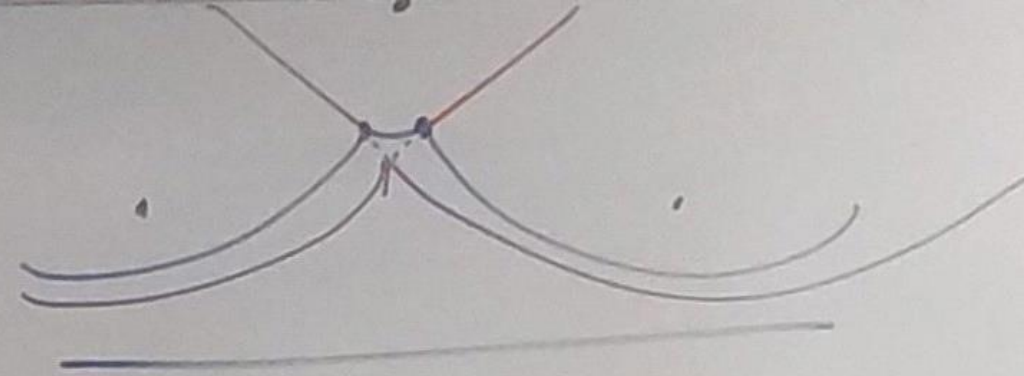
parabola shrinks to \circ

\Rightarrow Add new vertex
to Voronoi diagram

P_i, P_j, P_k on beach line

Consider circumcircle bottom
see if empty

if yes y-value of circle bottom
is vertex event.



Operations -

- determine parabola above x-value
Add arc to beach line.
(find break points of beach line.)

remove arc from beach line

- predecessor + Successor
on beach line.

All $O(\log n)$

Site events

Add parabola

⇒ split an arc

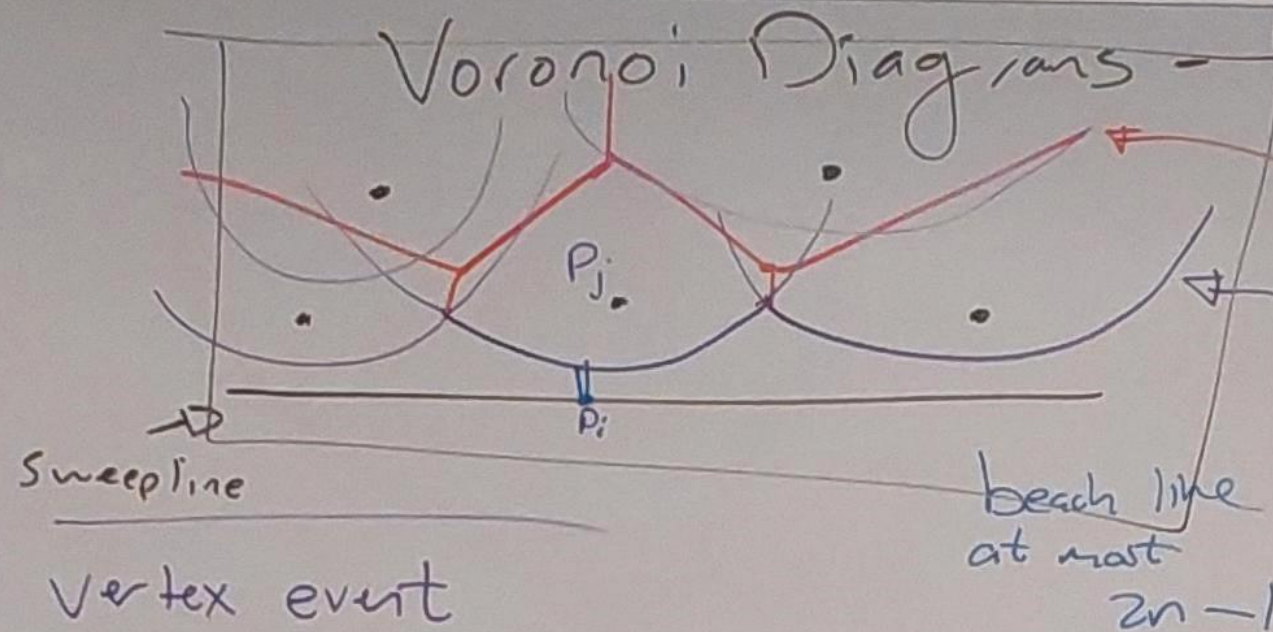
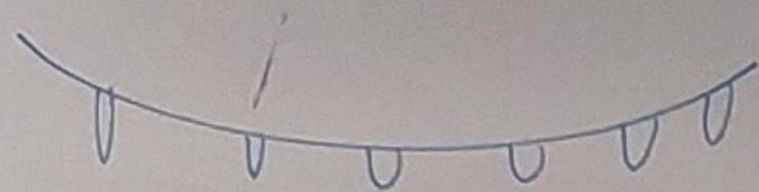
$\langle P_1 P_2 P_i P_3 P_4 \rangle \rightarrow \langle P_1 P_2 P_i' P_i'' P_3 P_4 \rangle$

Delete event $P_2 P_i P_3$

Add 2 events

$P_2 P_i' P_i'' + P_i' P_i'' P_3$

Don't need
 $P_i' P_i'' P_i''$



Partially constructed Voronoi Diagram

Beach line $O(n \log n)$ Sort by y-value

$O(n)$ events

⇒ $O(n)$ - parabolas.

$O(\log n)$ work at each event

$\langle P_1 P_i P_i' P_i'' P_4 P_2 \rangle \rightarrow \langle P_1 P_i' P_i'' P_4 P_2 \rangle$

Delete events

$P_1 P_i P_i'$ $P_i' P_i'' P_4$ $P_i'' P_4 P_2$

Add events

$P_1 P_i' P_i'' + P_i' P_i'' P_4$

⇒ $\Theta(n \log n)$

runtime.

Can we do better?

No. unbounded cells in $\text{conv}(P)$.

Voronoi \rightarrow convex hull \rightarrow Sorting

$\sqrt{n \log n}$